

### (Abstract)

Scheme and Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics - Programme in tune with KU-FYUGP Regulations 2024 with effect from 2024 Admission onwards- Approved- Subject to ratification by the Academic Council- Implemented- Orders Issued

#### FYUGP Spl.cell

ACAD/FYSC-III/17591/2024

Dated: 04.09.2024

Read:-1. U.O. No. FYUGPSC/FYSC-I/5074/2024, dated: 18/04/2024

- 2. The FYUGP Syllabus in B.Sc. Physics submitted by Chairperson, Board of Studies in Physics(UG) on 08.06.2024
- 3. The Minutes of the Meeting of the Scrutiny Committee held on 19.06.2024
- 4. E-mail of the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Physics (UG), dated 23.06.2024
- 5. The Orders of the Vice Chancellor on 24.06.2024
- 6. The Minutes of the Academic Council meeting held on 25.06.2024

#### **ORDER**

- 1.The Regulations of the Kannur University Four Year UG Programmes (KU-FYUGP Regulations 2024) for affiliated Colleges was implemented with effect from 2024 admission onwards, vide paper read as(1) above.
- 2. Subsequently, the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Physics(UG) vide paper read as (2) above, submitted the Scheme and Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics programme in tune with KUFYUGP Regulations 2024 with effect from 2024 admission onwards.
- 3. Thereafter, the Scrutiny Committee, which included the Dean, Faculty of Science vide paper read as (3) above, scrutinized the Syllabus and recommended suggestions.
- 4. Accordingly, vide paper read as (4) above, the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Physics(UG) forwarded the modified Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics programme for approval.
- 5. Subsequently, the Vice Chancellor ordered to place the Syllabus before the Academic Council for consideration, as per the paper read (5) above.
- 6. Accordingly, the Scheme and Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics programme in tune with KU-FYUGP Regulations 2024 was approved by the meeting of the Academic Council held on 25-06-2024 and granted permission to publish the same, as and when it is ready, after making the necessary modifications, as per paper read as (6) above.
- 7.Considering the matter in detail, the Vice Chancellor approved the Minutes of the aforesaid Academic Council meeting and the Scheme and Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics programme in tune with KU-FYUGP Regulations 2024 was approved consequently.
- 8. The approved Syllabus of the B.Sc. Physics programme is appended herewith.

Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

For REGISTRAR

To: The Principals of Arts and Science Colleges

Copy To: 1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE)

- 2. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Physics(UG)
- 3. PS to VC/PA to R
- 4. DR/AR (Academic)
- 5. The Web Manager(For uploading in the website)
- 6. SF/DF/FC

Forwarded / By Order

SECTION OFFICER

# **KANNUR UNIVERSITY**

# കണ്ണൂർസർവ്വകലാശാല

Re-accredited by NAAC with 'B++' Grade

# KUFYUGP B.Sc. PHYSICS HONOURS CURRICULUM & SYLLABUS

Effective from 2024 Admission Onwards



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### **PREFACE**

The undergraduate program in Physics leading to a Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) in Physics Honours or B.Sc. in Physics Honours with Research is designed to cultivate a profound understanding of the fundamental principles governing the natural world. This comprehensive four-year curriculum is tailored to nurture inquisitive minds, fostering a deep-seated appreciation for both the theoretical and experimental facets of physics.

The curriculum spans over four years, divided into eight semesters. Each semester is carefully crafted to build upon the knowledge acquired in the previous ones, creating a coherent and cumulative learning experience. The discipline specific courses cover essential topics such as Classical Mechanics, Electromagnetism, Thermodynamics, Quantum Mechanics, Statistical Physics, and Modern Physics. Advanced topics in specialized areas such as Condensed Matter Physics, Nuclear Physics, Astrophysics, and Particle Physics is also included, catering to students' diverse interests and career aspirations.

The BSc Physics Honours program emphasizes a strong theoretical foundation complemented by extensive laboratory experience. Students will engage in hands-on experiments that reinforce classroom learning and develop critical technical skills. Through practical work, they will learn to design experiments, utilize sophisticated instruments, and analyse data, thus bridging the gap between theory and practice.

For those opting for the BSc Physics Honours with Research track, the program offers an enriched experience with a significant focus on independent research. This track is designed for students who wish to delve deeper into specific areas of interest, culminating in a research thesis. Under the mentorship of faculty members, students will undertake original research projects, honing their ability to conduct scientific inquiries, think critically, and contribute to the body of knowledge in physics. This rigorous training prepares graduates for careers in academia, research institutions, and industry.

In an era where technological advancements and scientific discoveries are pivotal to societal progress, a degree in physics equips students with problem-solving abilities, analytical skills, and a methodical approach to addressing complex challenges. Whether you aspire to unravel the mysteries of the cosmos, develop cutting-edge technologies, or contribute to interdisciplinary

scientific endeavours, the BSc Physics Honours and BSc Physics Honours with Research programs provide a solid foundation for a rewarding and impactful career.

We are delighted to present the revised curriculum and syllabus for the four-year UG Physics Programme of affiliated colleges of Kannur University, which will be effective from the 2024 academic year onwards.

The successful revision of this curriculum would not have been possible without the collective efforts and inputs from the BOS members, Ad hoc committee members, Physics academic council member, resource persons and the unwavering support of Physics faculty members from the affiliated colleges. Their dedication and expertise have played an instrumental role in shaping a curriculum that is relevant, up-to-date, and consistent with international scholarly criteria.

We welcome all students embarking on this exciting journey and look forward to their future achievements in the field of physics.

Dr. Lisha Damodaran
Chairperson
Board of Studies (UG), Physics
Kannur University

### **INTRODUCTION**

# Kannur University - Four-Year Undergraduate Programme: Backdrop and Context

The implementation of the Four-Year Undergraduate Programme (FYUGP) has been driven by the pressing need to address contemporary challenges ensuring responsive changes to the evolving needs of students, industry, and society at large. Recognizing the curriculum as the cornerstone of any education system, it requires regular refinement to align with evolving socioeconomic factors. Higher education must provide students with practical and technical skills relevant to their fields of interest, necessitating the development of a job-oriented curriculum. Despite significant increases in access and expansion of higher education over the years, concerns persist regarding the quality and relevance of educational outcomes, particularly in terms of employability skills. As the world becomes increasingly interconnected, our education system must evolve to instil 21st-century skills, enabling students not only to survive but to thrive in this dynamic environment. Moreover, there is a growing need for higher education institutions to embrace social responsibility and contribute to the development of a knowledge society capable of driving sustainable development through innovation. With the central objective of fostering a robust knowledge society to support a knowledge economy, the Government of Kerala has initiated steps to reform higher education. Accordingly, three commissions were established to suggest reforms in higher education policy, legal and regulatory mechanisms, and evaluation and examination systems. It is within this context that a comprehensive reform of the undergraduate curriculum has been proposed, leading to the restructuring of the Four-Year Undergraduate Programme (FYUGP).

### VISION AND MISSION OF KANNUR UNIVERSITY

### Vision:

To establish a teaching, residential and affiliating University and to provide equitable and just access to quality higher education involving the generation, dissemination and a critical application of knowledge with special focus on the development of higher education in Kasargod and Kannur Revenue Districts and the Manandavady Taluk of Wayanad Revenue District.

### Mission:

- To produce and disseminate new knowledge and to find novel avenues for application of such knowledge.
- To adopt critical pedagogic practices which uphold scientific temper, the uncompromised spirit of enquiry and the right to dissent.
- To uphold democratic, multicultural, secular, environmental and gender sensitive values as the foundational principles of higher education and to cater to the modern notions of equity, social justice, and merit in all educational endeavours.
- To affiliate colleges and other institutions of higher learning and to monitor academic, ethical, administrative, and infrastructural standards in such institutions.
- To build stronger community networks based on the values and principles of higher education and to ensure the region's intellectual integration with national vision and international standards.
- To associate with the local self-governing bodies and other statutory as well as non-governmental organizations for continuing education and also for building public awareness on important social, cultural and other policy issues.

### **PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)**

Program Outcomes (POs) serve as a foundational framework defining the skills, knowledge, and attributes that students at Kannur University are expected to acquire upon completion of a specific academic program. Tailored to the unique goals of each program, POs articulate the overarching learning objectives that guide curriculum design and assessment. These outcomes encompass a diverse range of competencies, including critical thinking, problem-solving, effective communication, and discipline-specific expertise. POs play a crucial role in shaping educational experiences, ensuring alignment with academic standards and industry expectations. By articulating clear and measurable expectations, POs contribute to the continuous improvement of academic programs and provide a roadmap for students to develop into well-rounded, competent professionals within their chosen fields.

**PO1:** Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving-Apply critical thinking skills to analyse information and develop effective problem-solving strategies for tackling complex challenges.

**PO2: Effective Communication and Social Interaction-**Proficiently express ideas and engage in collaborative practices, fostering effective interpersonal connections.

**PO3:** Holistic Understanding-Demonstrate a multidisciplinary approach by integrating knowledge across various domains for a comprehensive understanding of complex issues.

**PO4:** Citizenship and Leadership-Exhibit a sense of responsibility, actively contribute to the community, and showcase leadership qualities to shape a just and inclusive society.

**PO5:** Global Perspective-Develop a broad awareness of global issues and an understanding of diverse perspectives, preparing for active participation in a globalized world.

**PO6:** Ethics, Integrity and Environmental Sustainability-Uphold high ethical standards in academic and professional endeavours, demonstrating integrity and ethical decision-making. Also acquire an understanding of environmental issues and sustainable practices, promoting responsibility towards ecological well-being.

**PO7: Lifelong Learning and Adaptability**-Cultivate a commitment to continuous self-directed learning, adapting to evolving challenges, and acquiring knowledge throughout life.

# PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

### **PSO1.** Comprehensive Knowledge in Core Physics Concepts:

Graduates will demonstrate a thorough understanding of fundamental physics principles, including Mechanics, Electromagnetism, Thermodynamics, Quantum Mechanics, and Statistical Physics. This knowledge will form the basis for solving complex problems and conducting research in Physics.

### **PSO2.** Proficiency in Mathematical and Computational Techniques:

Graduates will be skilled in applying advanced mathematical methods and computational tools to model and solve physical problems. They will be proficient in using software and programming languages relevant to physics, such as MATLAB, Python, and others.

### **PSO3.** Experimental and Laboratory Skills:

Graduates will possess strong experimental skills, including the ability to design, conduct, and analyse experiments. They will be adept at using modern laboratory equipment and techniques, and will understand the principles of measurement, data acquisition, and error analysis.

### **PSO4.** Research and Analytical Skills:

Graduates will be capable of conducting independent research, including formulating hypotheses, designing experiments or theoretical models, analysing data, and interpreting results. They will be able to critically evaluate scientific literature and present their findings in both written and oral formats.

### **PSO5. Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking:**

Graduates will demonstrate strong problem-solving abilities and critical thinking skills. They will be able to approach complex physical problems systematically, identify the relevant principles and techniques required, and develop effective solutions.

#### **PSO6.** Communication and Collaboration:

Graduates will be effective communicators, able to convey complex physical concepts clearly and concisely to diverse audiences. They will also possess teamwork and collaboration skills, enabling them to work effectively in multidisciplinary and multicultural teams.

#### **PSO7. Ethics and Professionalism:**

Graduates will understand the ethical implications of scientific work and will adhere to high standards of scientific integrity and professionalism. They will be aware of the societal impact of physics and technology, and will be prepared to contribute responsibly to scientific and technological advancements.

These outcomes ensure that graduates not only have a strong foundation in physics but also the skills necessary to apply their knowledge in various professional and academic settings.

### STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME

The Programme of instruction will consist of Lecture courses, Practical courses, comprehensive Viva-voce, Seminar, internship/ industrial visit, and Project work.

- 1. Lecture courses: Courses involving lectures relating to a field or discipline by a faculty member
- **2.** *Tutorial courses*: Courses involving problem-solving and discussions relating to a field or discipline under the guidance of qualified personnel in a field of learning,
- **3.** Laboratory work: A course requiring students to participate in a project or practical or lab activity that applies previously learned/studied principles/theory related to the chosen field of learning, work/vocation, or professional practice under the supervision of an instructor.
- **4.** Comprehensive Viva-voce: This is an essential assessment included in the Programme to evaluate the student's grasp of the subject matter and their ability to apply their knowledge as

defined in the course outcomes. It also provides an opportunity for the student to engage in academic discussions and receive valuable feedback from experts in the field.

- **4.** *Seminar:* A course requiring students to participate in structured discussion/conversation or debate focused on assigned tasks/readings, current or historical events, or shared experiences guided or led by an expert or qualified personnel in a field of learning
- 5. Internship/ Institutional visit: All students shall undergo a Field Trip/Summer Internship/Apprenticeship in a Firm, Industry or Organization; or Training in labs with faculty and researchers or other Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) or research institutions. Departments can actively promote internships that can eventually lead to research project work. Institutional visit Incorporating institutional or industrial visits in the Programme brings immense value to the students, making their learning journey more enriching and preparing them for successful careers in physics-related fields.
- 6. Research Project: These students who have opted for the honours with research should complete a research project under the guidance of the mentor and should submit a research report for evaluation. They need to successfully defend the research project to obtain 12 credits under a faculty member of the University/College. The research shall be in the Major discipline

# **COURSE STRUCTURE**

# **Course and Credit Structure for Different Pathways**

### Course Distribution for Students in Semesters I - VI

- (1) *Single Major*: The 6 courses together in B and C can be in different disciplines.
- (2) Major with Multiple Disciplines: B and C represent two different disciplines.
- (3) Major with Minor: B and C represent the same Minor discipline.

		I SEMESTER		
Sl No	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>
1	AEC1 (English)	4	3	75
2	AEC2 (Additional Language)	3	3	75
3	MDC1	3	3	75
4	DSC A1	5	4	100
5	DSC B1	4/5	4	100
6	DSC C1	4/5	4	100
	Total	23/25	21	525

		II SEMESTER		
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks
1	AEC3 (English)	4	3	75
2	AEC4 (Additional Language)	3	3	75
3	MDC2	3	3	75
4	DSC A2	5	4	100
5	DSC B2	4/5	4	100
6	DSC C2	4/5	4	100
	Total	23/25	21	525

	III SEMESTER					
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks		
1	MDC3 (Kerala Studies)	3	3	75		
2	VAC1	3	3	75		
3	DSC A3	4	4	100		
4	DSC A4	5	4	100		
5	DSC B3	4/5	4	100		
6	DSC C3	4/5	4	100		
	Total	23/25	22	550		

	IV SEMESTER					
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks		
1	SEC1	3	3	75		
2	VAC2	3	3	75		
3	VAC3	3	3	75		
4	DSC A5	5	4	100		
5	DSC A6	5	4	100		
6	DSC A7	5	4	100		
	Total	25	21	550		

V SEMESTER					
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>	
1	SEC2	3	3	75	
2	DSC A8	5	4	100	
3	DSC A9	4	4	100	
4	DSC A10	5	4	100	
5	DSE A11	4	4	100	
6	DSE A12	4	4	100	
	Total	25	23	575	

	VI SEMESTER					
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks		
1	SEC3	3	3	75		
2	DSC A13	5	4	100		
3	DSC A14	5	4	100		
4	DSC A15	4	4	100		
5	DSE A16	4	4	100		
6	DSE A17	4	4	100		
7	Internship		2	50		
	Total	25	23	625		

4) **Double major pathway**: A and B represent the courses offered by the two departments. Students should choose one of the disciplines as their major 1 and the other as major 2

I SEMESTER					
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks	
1	AEC1 (English)	4	3	75	
2	AEC2 (Additional Language)	3	3	75	
3	MDC A/B	3	3	75	
4	DSC A1	5	4	100	
5	DSC A2	5	4	100	
6	DSC B1	4/5	4	100	
	Total	24/25	21	525	

II SEMESTER				
SI No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>
1	AEC2 (English)	4	3	75
2	AEC3 (Additional Language)	3	3	75
3	MDC A/B	3	3	75
4	DSC A3	5	4	100
5	DSC B2	4/5	4	100
6	DSC B3	4/5	4	100
	Total	23/25	21	525

	III SEMESTER								
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks					
1	MDC A/B	3	3	75					
2	VAC A/B	3	3	75					
3	DSC A4	4	4	100					
4	DSC A5	5	4	100					
5	DSC B4	4/5	4	100					
6	DSC B5	4/5	4	100					
	Total	23/25	22	550					

	IV SEMESTER								
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>					
1	SEC A/B	3	3	75					
2	VAC A/B	3	3	75					
3	VAC A/B	3	3	75					
4	DSC A6	5	4	100					
5	DSC A7	5	4	100					
6	DSC B6	4/5	4	100					
	Total	24/25	21	550					

	V SEMESTER								
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>					
1	SEC A/B	3	3	75					
2	DSC A8	4/5	4	100					
3	DSC A9	4/5	4	100					
4	DSE A10	4/5	4	100					
5	DSC B7	4/5	4	100					
6	DSE B8	4/5	4	100					
	Total	23/25	23	575					

	VI SEMESTER								
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks					
1	SEC A/B	3	3	75					
2	DSC A11	4/5	4	100					
3	DSE A12	4/5	4	100					
4	DSC B9	4/5	4	100					
5	DSC B10	4/5	4	100					
6	DSE B11	4/5	4	100					
7	Internship		2	50					
	Total	23/25	23	625					
			23						

On completion of 3-year UG Student will get 68 credits in major A (48 + 18 + 2 = 68 (50% of 133)) and 53 credits in Major B (44 + 9 = 53 (40% of 133))

# STUDENT CAN EXIT WITH UG DEGREE / PROCEED TO FOURTH YEAR WITH MINIMUM 133 CREDITS.

VII SEMESTER							
Sl No.	Course	Hours/Week	Credits	Total Marks			
1	DSC A1	4/5	4	100			
2	DSC A2	4/5	4	100			
3	DSC A3	4/5	4	100			
4	DSC A4	4/5	4	100			
5	DSC A5	4/5	4	100			
	Total	20/25	20	500			

		VIII SEM	ESTER			
Sl No.	Course		Hours/Week	Credits	<b>Total Marks</b>	
1	DSC A6		4	4	75	
2	DSC A7		4	4	100	
3	DSC A8		4	4	100	
		(	)R			
4	KU8RPHPHY401 (	Project for Honours		12	300	
	with Research)					
		OR		1	1	
5	KU8CIPPHY402(P	roject for Honours)		8	200	
6	Any one DSC from	A6-A8	4	4	100	
		OR				
7	KU8CIPPHY403(P	roject for Honours)		12	300	
	Total			12	300	
Progra	mmes. For Honours	ive courses are compul with research Programm	ne one must be K		7401.	
8	DSE A1		4	4	100	
9	DSE A2		4	4	100	
10	DSE A3		4	4	100	
		OR				
11	DSC B1	From any		4	100	
12	DSC B2	discipline/ any		4	100	
13	DSC B3	three disciplines		4	100	
	Two of these course	es can be in the online n	node. These online	e courses ca	n be taken either	
	in semester VII or in	n semester VIII, but the	ir credits shall be	added to the	e student's	
	•	ester VIII. For those stu				
	-	e three courses can be in		or in the in-	person mode	
		where the Project is bei			1	
	Total		12	12	300	

# PHYSICS COURSE DETAILS

	GENERAL FOUNDATION COURSES								
				REDI	ΓS				
SEMESTER	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	TOTAL	HOURS/WEEK	MARKS		
		MDC							
I	KU1MDCPHY101	Physics Around Us	3	0	3	3	75		
II	KU2MDCPHY102	Wonders of the Cosmos	3	0	3	3	75		
		VAC							
III	KU3VACPHY101	Radiation Hazards	3	0	3	3	75		
IV	KU4VACPHY102	Green Energy for Sustainability	3	0	3	3	75		
	KU4VACPHY103	Scientific Ethics	3	0	3	3	75		
		SEC							
IV	KU4SECPHY101	Fundamentals of Data Analytics	2	1	3	4	75		
V	KU5SECPHY102	Essential Physics for Forensic Science	3	0	3	3	75		
VI	KU6SECPHY103	Maintenance of Electro-Optical Devices	3	0	3	3	75		

	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSES									
~				CREDI	TS	ΕK				
SEMESTER	COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	TOTAL	HOURS/WEEK	MARKS			
I	KU1DSCPHY101	Fundamentals Of Physics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU1DSCPHY111	KU1DSCPHY111 Properties of Matter		1	4	5	100			
	KU1DSCPHY112	Basic Mechanics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU1DSCPHY113	Introduction to Astrophysics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU1DSCPHY114	Electricity and Magnetism	3	1	4	5	100			
KU1DSCPHY115		Semiconductor Physics and Electronics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU1DSCPHY116	Introduction to Computational Physics	3	1	4	5	100			
II	KU2DSCPHY102	Physics of Solids and Fluids	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY121	Physics of Atoms and Molecules	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY122	Mathematics for Physical Systems	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY123	Fundamentals of Optics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY124	Heat and Thermodynamics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY125	Digital Electronics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU2DSCPHY126	Introduction to AI Tools	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU3DSCPHY201	Basic Mathematical Physics	4	0	4	4	100			
III	KU3DSCPHY202	Mechanics	3	1	4	5	100			
	KU3DSCPHY211	Elementary Solid State Physics and Spectroscopy	3	1	4	5	100			

	KU3DSCPHY212	Linear vector space, Matrices, and Formulation of Quantum Physics	3	1	4	5	100
	KU3DSCPHY213	Biophysics	3	1	4	5	100
	KU3DSCPHY214	Oscillations and Waves	3	1	4	5	100
	KU3DSCPHY215	Photonics and Communication	3	1	4	5	100
	KU3DSCPHY216	Mathematical and Computational Modelling in Physics	3	1	4	5	100
IV	KU4DSCPHY203	Electromagnetics and Circuit Theory	3	1	4	5	100
	KU4DSCPHY204	Electronics I	3	1	4	5	100
	KU4DSCPHY205	Optics	3	1	4	5	100
V	KU5DSCPHY301	Electronics II	3	1	4	5	100
	KU5DSCPHY302	Thermodynamics And Statistical Mechanics				4	100
	KU5DSCPHY303	Modern Physics	3	1	4	5	100
		ELECTIVE (Any Two)					
	KU5DSEPHY301	Computational Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU5DSEPHY302	Material Science	4	0	4	4	100
	KU5DSEPHY303	Radiation Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU5DSEPHY304	Atmospheric Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU5DSEPHY305	Applied Optics	4	0	4	4	100
VI	KU6DSCPHY304	Electrodynamics I	3	1	4	5	100
	KU6DSCPHY305	Solid State Physics and Spectroscopy	3	1	4	5	100
	KU6DSCPHY306	Quantum Mechanics I	4	0	4	4	100
		ELECTIVE (Any Two)					
	KU6DSEPHY306	Biophotonics	4	0	4	4	100
III I		I					

	KU6DSEPHY307	Nanoscience	4	0	4	4	100
	KU6DSEPHY308	Medical Imaging & Diagnostic Techniques	4	0	4	4	100
	KU6DSEPHY309	Astrophysics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU6DSEPHY310	Plasma and Space Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU6INTPHY307	Internship			2		50
VII	KU7DSCPHY401	Mathematical Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU7DSCPHY402	Classical Mechanics	3	1	4	5	100
	KU7DSCPHY403	Quantum Mechanics II	4	0	4	4	100
	KU7DSCPHY404	Electrodynamics-II	3	1	4	5	100
	KU7DSCPHY405	Statistical Mechanics	4	0	4	4	100
VIII	KU8DSCPHY 405	Advanced Electronics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSCPHY406	Condensed Matter Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSCPHY407	Nuclear and Particle Physics	4	0	4	4	100
		ELECTIVE					
	KU8DSEPHY401	Research Methodology in Physics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSEPHY402	Nonlinear Optics	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSEPHY403	Numerical Techniques and Probability Theory	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSEPHY404	Experimental Techniques	4	0	4	4	100
	KU8DSEPHY405	MOOC/Online Course			4		
	KU8DSEPHY406	MOOC/Online Course			4		
	KU8DSEPHY407	MOOC/Online Course			4		
	KU8RPHPHY401	Research Project(Honours with research)			12		300

KU8CIPPHY402	Research Project(Optional) for Honours		8	200
KU8CIPPHY403	Research Project(Optional) for Honours		12	300

### ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION

- The assessment shall be a combination of Continuous Comprehensive Assessment (CCA) and an End Semester Evaluation (ESE)
- As per the regulation of Kannur University, one credit corresponds to 25 marks. Hence a 3-credit course must be evaluated for 75 marks and 4 credit courses for 100 marks. The ratio of continuous comprehensive assessment (CCA) to End semester examination (ESE) for theory/lecture courses is 30:70 and for the practical courses, it is 40:60.
- The 4-credit courses (Major and Minor courses) and 3 credit (Foundational Courses) are of two types:
  - (i) courses with only theory
  - (ii) courses with 3-credit theory and 1-credit practical.
- In 4-credit courses with only theory component, out of the total 5 modules of the syllabus, one teacher specific module with 20% content is designed by the faculty member teaching that course, and it is internally evaluated.
- In 4-credit courses with 3-credit theory and 1-credit practical components, out of the total 5 modules of the syllabus, 4 modules are for theory and the fifth module is for practical.
- The 3 credit courses (Foundational Courses) are of two types:
  - (i) courses with only theory
  - (ii) courses with 2-credit theory and 1-credit practical.
- In 3-credit courses with only theory component, out of the total 5 modules of the syllabus, one teacher specific module with 20% content is designed by the faculty member teaching that course, and it is internally evaluated.

- In 3-credit courses with 2-credit theory and 1-credit practical components, out of the total 5 modules of the syllabus, 4 modules are for theory and the fifth module is for practical.
- Continuous Evaluation includes assignments, seminars, periodic written examinations, or other measures as proposed in the syllabus and approved by the university.

### **Practical exams**

- The end-semester practical examination and viva-voce, and the evaluation of practical records shall be conducted by the course in-charge and an internal examiner appointed by the Department Council. Duration of ESE may be 2 to 2.5 Hrs.
- There shall be a Continuous Evaluation of practical courses conducted by the Course- In-Charge.
- The process of continuous evaluation of practical courses shall be completed before 10 days from the commencement of the end-semester examination.
- Those who passed in continuous evaluation alone will be permitted to appear for the endsemester examination and viva-voce.

### Mark Distribution for Discipline Specific Courses and Foundation Courses

Course Credit	Credit		Mark		L		P		
	L	P	L	P	CCA (30%)	ESE (70%)	CCA (40%)	ESE (60%)	Total marks
4	4	0	100	0	30	70	0	0	100
	3	1	75	25	25	50	10	15	100
	L	P	L	P	CCA (30%)	ESE (70%)	CCA (60%)	ESE (40%)	Total marks
3	3	0	75	0	25	50	0	0	75
	2	1	50	25	15	35	15	10	75

L – Lecture/Theory, P – Practical/Practicum components, CCA – Continuous Comprehensive Assessment, ESE – End Semester Evaluation

### The detailed distribution table with the components

### • 4 Credit Course (Theory only)

	Evaluation Type			
ESE		70		
CCA		30		
a)	*Test Paper	10		
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10		
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10		
•	Total	100		

### • 4 Credit Course (3 credit theory + 1 credit practical)

	Evaluation Type		Marks	E	valua	tion Type	Marks	Total
		Lecture	75		Pra	actical	25	
a)		ESE	50	a)		ESE	15	
b)		CCA	25	b)		CCA	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

### • 3 Credit Course (Theory only)

	Evaluation Type				
ESE	<u> </u>	50			
CCA	Δ	25			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	75			

### • 3 Credit Course (2 credit theory + 1 credit practical)

	E	valuation Type	Marks	Marks Evaluation Type		Marks	Total	
		Lecture	50		Pra	actical	25	
a)		ESE	35	a)		ESE	10	
b)		CCA	15	b)		CCA	15	
	i	*Test Paper	8		i	Punctuality	5	100
	ii	**Book-Article review/ Assignment	2		ii	Skill	5	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	5	

<sup>\*</sup> Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> Or any other evaluation technique like quiz, open book exam, group activity

### **INTERNSHIP**

- All students should undergo Internship of 2-credits during the first six semesters in a firm, industry or organization, or training in labs with faculty and researchers of their own institution or other Higher Educational Institutions (HEIs) or research institutions.
- Internship can be for enhancing the employability of the student or for developing the research aptitude.
- Internship can involve hands-on training on a particular skill/ equipment/ software. It can be a short project on a specific problem or area. Attending seminars or workshops related to an area of learning or skill can be a component of Internship.
- A faculty member/ scientist/ instructor of the respective institution, where the student does the Internship, should be the supervisor of the Internship.

### **Guidelines for Internship**

- Internship can be in Physics or allied disciplines.
- There should be minimum 60 hrs. of engagement from the student in the Internship.
- Summer vacations and other holidays can be used for completing the Internship.
- In BSc. Physics Honours programme, institute/ industry visit or study tour can be part of Internship. Visit to national research institute, research laboratory and place of scientific importance should be part of the study tour. A brief report of the study tour has to be submitted with photos.
- The students should make regular and detailed entries in to a personal log book through the period of Internship. The log book will be a record of the progress of the Internship and the time spent on the work, and it will be useful in writing the final report. It may contain experimental conditions and results, ideas, mathematical expressions, rough work and calculation, computer file names etc. All entries should be dated. The Internship supervisor should periodically examine and countersign the log book.
- The log book and the report must be submitted at the end of the Internship.
- The institution at which the Internship will be carried out should be prior-approved by the Department Council of the College where the student has enrolled for the UG Honours programme.

### **Evaluation of Internship**

- The evaluation of Internship shall be done internally through continuous assessment mode by a committee internally constituted by the Department Council of the college where the student has enrolled for the UG Honours programme.
- The credits and marks for the Internship will be awarded only at the end of semester 6.

### The scheme of CCA and ESE is given below:

<b>Components of Evaluation</b>	Weightage	Marks for Internship
of Internship		2 Credit/50 Marks
Continuous Comprehensive	30%	15
Assessment (CCA)		
End Semester Evaluation	70%	35

### The detailed distribution table with the components

	Evaluation Type	Marks
ESI	E	35
a)	Acquisition of skill	20
b)	Report	15
CCA	<b>A</b>	15
a)	Punctuality	5
c)	Logbook	10
	Total	75

### PROJECT IN HONOURS PROGRAMME

- In Honours programme, the student has the option to do a Project of 12-credits in Major instead of three major Courses or Project of 8-credits in Major and one major course in semester 8.
- The Project can be done in the same institution/ any other higher educational institution (HEI) / research centre/ training centre.
- The Project in Honours programme can be a short research work or an extended internship or a skill-based training programme.
- A faculty member of the respective institution, where the student does the Project, should be the supervisor of the Project.

### PROJECT IN HONOURS WITH RESEARCH PROGRAMME

- Students who secure 75% marks and above (equivalently, CGPA 7.5 and above) cumulatively in the first six semesters are eligible to get selected to Honours with Research stream in the fourth year.
- In Honours with Research programme, the student has to do a mandatory Research Project of 12-credits instead of three Core Courses in Major in semester 8.
- The number of seats for the Honors with research shall be determined as per the availability of eligible faculty.
- The selection criteria for Honors with research stream shall be in accordance with the guidelines of UGC or as approved by Kannur University.
- Students who have chosen the honours with research stream shall be mentored by a faculty with a PhD.
- The mentor shall prescribe suitable advanced-level courses for a minimum of 20 credits to be taken within the institutions along with the papers on research methodology, research ethics, and research topic-specific courses for a minimum of 12 credits which may be obtained either within the institution or from other recognized institutions, including online and blended modes.

- These students who have opted for the honours with research should complete a research project under the guidance of the mentor and should submit a research report for evaluation. They need to successfully defend the research project to obtain 12 credits under a faculty member of the University/College within the University.
- The research outcomes of their project work may be published in peer-reviewed journals or presented at conferences or seminars or patented.

# **Guidelines for the Project in Honours Programme and Honours with Research Programme**

- Project can be in Physics or allied disciplines.
- Project should be done individually.
- Project work can be of experimental/ theoretical/ computational in nature.
- There should be minimum 360 hrs. of engagement from the student in the Project work in Honours programme as well as in Honours with Research programme.
- There should be minimum 13 hrs./week of engagement (the hours corresponding to the three core courses in Major in semester 8) from the teacher in the guidance of the Poject(s) in Honours programme and Honours with Research programme.
- The various steps in project works are the following:
  - ✓ Review
  - ✓ Investigation on a problem in systematic way.
  - ✓ Systematic recording.
  - ✓ Reporting the results with interpretation in a standard documented form.
  - ✓ Presentation of the results before the examiners.
- The report must be submitted at the end of the Project. A copy of the report should be kept for reference at the department. A soft copy of the report too should be submitted, to be sent to the external examiner in advance.
- The project report shall have an undertaking from the student and a certificate from the research supervisor for originality of the work, stating that there is no plagiarism, and that the work has not been submitted for the award of any other degree/ diploma in the same institution or any other institution.

# **Evaluation of Project**

- The evaluation of Project will be conducted at the end of the eighth semester by both internal and external modes.
- The internal evaluation of the Project work shall be done through continuous assessment mode by a committee internally constituted by the Department Council of the college where the student has enrolled for the UG Honours programme. 30% of the weightage shall be given through this mode.
- The remaining 70% shall be awarded by the external examiner appointed by the University.

### The scheme of evaluation of the Project is given below:

Project type	Maximum	CCA	ESE
	Marks	(30%)	(70%)
Research Project of 12 Credits (UG	300	90	210
Honours with research, mandatory)			
Research Project of 12 Credits (UG	300	90	210
Honours, optional)			
Research Project of 8 Credits (UG	200	60	140
Honours, optional)			

### The detailed distribution table with the components

	CCA				
	Components of Evaluation	Marks for the Project (Honours/Honours with Research) 12 credits	Marks for the Project (Honours/Honours with Research) 8 credits		
1	Skill in doing project work	30	20		
2	Internal Presentation and Viva-Voce	20	15		
3	Punctuality and attendance*	20	15		

4	Organization of Project	20	10
	Report		
	Total Marks	90	60

<sup>\*</sup>Attendance certificate should be produced by the students who have done their projects in any higher educational institution (HEI)/ research centre/ training centre.

	ESE					
		Marks for the	Marks for the			
Sl.	Components of Evaluation of	Project (Honours/	Project (Honours/			
No	Project	Honours with	Honours with			
		Research) 12	Research) 8 Credits			
		credits				
1	Content and relevance of the					
	Project, Methodology, Quality	50	40			
	of analysis, and Innovations of					
	Research					
2	Presentation of the Project	50	30			
3	Project Report	40	20			
4	Viva-Voce	70	50			
	Total Marks	210	140			

### **EXTERNAL EVALUATION**

- Examinations will be conducted at the end of each semester. The students can write the external examinations in physics in both English and Malayalam languages.
- Individual questions are evaluated in marks and the total marks are converted into grades by the University based on 10-point grading system.

Letter Grade	Grade Point (P)
O (Outstanding)	10
A+ (Excellent)	9
A (Very Good)	8
B+ (Good)	7
B (Above Average)	6
C (Average)	5
P (Pass)	4
F (Fail)	0
Ab (Absent)	0

- A minimum of grade point 4 (Grade P) is needed for the successful completion of a Course.
- A student who has failed in a Course can reappear for the End Semester Examination of
  the same Course along with the next batch without taking re-admission or choose another
  Course in the subsequent Semesters of the same programme to acquire the minimum
  credits needed for the completion of the Programme.
- There shall not be provision for improvement of CE and ESE.
- A student who has successfully completed the CE requirements in a subsequent semester can also appear for the ESE subject to the maximum duration permitted.

### **Computation of SGPA and CGPA**

The following method is recommended to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

• The SGPA is the ratio of the sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e. SGPA (Si) = Σ(Ci x Gi) / ΣCi Where Ci is the number of credits of the course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the course.

#### **Example:**

Semester	Course	Credit	Letter Grade	Grade point	Credit Point
					(Credit x Grade)
I	Course 1	3	A	8	3 X 8 = 24
Ι	Course 2	4	B+	7	4 X 7 = 28
I	Course 3	3	В	6	3 X 6 = 18
I	Course 4	3	О	10	3 X 10 = 30
I	Course 5	3	С	5	3 X 5 = 15
I	Course 6	4	В	6	4 X 6 = 24
		20			139
	139/20= <b>6.95</b>				

- The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is also calculated in the same manner taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a programme, i.e. CGPA = Σ(Ci x Si) / Σ Ci Where Si is the SGPA of the semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.
- The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts. Transcript (Format): Based on the above recommendations on Letter grades, grade points and SGPA and CCPA, the HEIs may issue the transcript for each semester and a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

#### **Example:**

Semester I	Semester II	Semester III	Semester IV	Semester V	Semester VI	
Credit: 21	Credit: 21	Credit: 22	Credit: 24	Credit: 23	Credit: 22	
SGPA: 6.9	SGPA: 7.8	SGPA: 5.6	SGPA: 6.0	SGPA: 6.3	SGPA: 8.0	
CGPA= $(21 \times 6.9 + 21 \times 7.8 + 22 \times 5.6 + 24 \times 6.0 + 23 \times 6.3 + 22 \times 8.0) / 133 = 6.74$						

• The SGPA is the ratio of the sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student, i.e. SGPA (Si) = Σ(Ci x Gi) / ΣCi Where Ci is the number of credits of the course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the course.

CGPA	Overall
	letter
	Grade
9.5 and above	0
8.5 and above but less than 9.5	A+
0.5 and doove out less than 7.5	71
7.5 and above but less than 8.5	A
6.5 and above but less than 7.5	B+
5.5 and above but less than 6.5	В
4.5 and above but less than 5.5	С
4.0 and above but less than 4.5	D
Less than 4.0	F

Appearance for Continuous Evaluation (CE) and End Semester Examination (ESE) are compulsory, and no Grade shall be awarded to a candidate if the candidate is absent for CE or ESE or both.

# SYLLABUS FOUNDATION LEVEL COURSES

# **KU1MDCPHY101: Physics Around Us**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
I	MDC	100	KU1MDCPHY101	3	45

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration of
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course Description:**

Physics around us is a descriptive course that deals with the applications of physics to commonly experienced phenomena and machines. This course would enable the students to identify, analyse, and solve problems encountered in everyday situations using principles of physics,

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

#### **Course Outcomes**

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learnin g Domains
1	Understand and apply the principles of physics to several	U,A
	day-to-day phenomena.	
2	Understand heat transfer and the working of common	U
	kitchen appliances	
3	Apply the principles of physics to the sport of soccer.	A
4	Analyse various interesting natural phenomena based on	An
	principles of physics	

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	3	3	1	2	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	1	2	3	1	0
CO3	2	2	0	2	3	1	0
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	2	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
0	U			
D	N	D.F.G.CD.Y.D.T.L.O.Y.	HOUD C	
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
L	T			
E				
	Phy	sics in daily life	9	
	1	You begin your day	2	
1	2	You drive into the city	2	
	3	You go to the doctor	2	
	4	You go to the airport and take a flight	3	
	Cha	pters 1 - 5 of Book 1		
	Phy	sics in Kitchen	9	
	1	Advantages and disadvantages of using LPG and electricity as energy		
		sources in the kitchen – physics of induction cooktop -physics of	3	
2		microwave oven		
	2	2 Smoke detectors – the fresh air fan: things to look out for. Purpose and		
		use of different metals as kitchen utensils	2	

	3	Why cold objects (plastic, metal) break easily—Working of refrigerator	2					
	4	Energy wastage in the kitchen and solutions	2					
	Cha	pters 5, 6 of Book 2						
	Phy	sics in sports-The science of Soccer	10					
3	1	The kick	2					
	2	Forces on the foot – power – the curled kick	2					
	3	The throw-in, goalkeeper's throw, heading, punching, catching,	2					
		receiving, trapping the football	2					
	4	Airflow around the ball – the boundary layer	2					
	5	The Bernoulli effect – speed and range, effect of a wind – the banana	2					
		kick	2					
	Cha	pters 2, 3, 4 of Book 3						
	The	Wonders of Physics	8					
	1	Outside and inside the rainbow-secrets of the rainbow, why sailors	_					
4		wear sunglasses, beyond the rainbow	2					
	2	The harmonies of strings and winds, sound waves in space? -the	2					
		wonders of resonance, the music of the winds, dangerous resonance	2					
	3	The wonders of electricity-static electricity, invisible induction, electric	2					
		fields and sparks, divine sparks	2					
	4	The mysteries of magnetism-wonders of magnetic field, the mystery of						
		electromagnetism, electricity into motion, electromagnetism to the	2					
		rescue						
		Chapters 5, 6, 7 and 8 of Book 4						
	Tea	cher Specific Module	9					
5	Directions:							
	Acti	ivities or simulations designed by the teacher to demonstrate the						
	аррі	oplications of principles of physics in day-to-day phenomena						

- The Physics of everyday things , James Kakalios, Crown Publishers , Newyork,
   2017
- 2. Physics in the Kitchen, George Vekinis, Springer Nature Switzerland, 2023.
- 3. The Science of Soccer, John Wesson, Institute of Physics Publishing, 2002
- 4. For the love of Physics, Walter Lewin, Free Press, 2012

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. https://www.physics.hku.hk/~phys1055/lectures/chap05.html

E	valuation Type	Marks
ESE		50
CCA		25
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	75

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU2MDCPHY102: Wonders of The Cosmos**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
II	MDC	100	KU2MDCPHY102	3	45

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration of
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)	
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

This course offers an introduction to astronomy and provides students a foundational understanding of observational astronomy, celestial objects and basic techniques for amateur stargazing. Students will gain practical skills and theoretical knowledge to explore the wonders of the cosmos through a combination of lectures, demonstrations, and observations

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the historical development of astronomy from ancient models to modern theories	U
2	Analyse the contributions of Ptolemy, Copernicus, Galileo, and Kepler in astronomy	An
3	Understand the fundamental concepts of celestial sphere, celestial coordinates, and motion of celestial bodies	U

4	Apply scientific reasoning to interpret astronomical	A
	observations and phenomena	
5	Interpret the causes and effects of celestial	U,A
	phenomena such as eclipses, apply observational	
	techniques to locate and identify celestial objects in	
	night sky	

# \*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs/POs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	3	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	3	3	3	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
1	Intr	oduction to Astronomy	10

		watching	
		Different? Why Can't We Look at the Sun? What to take eclipse-	2
	2	Solar Eclipse, How Are Eclipse of the Sun and Moon the Same-and	
3		formed, Our sun is born	
		11 A visit to the sun, Power house, Storms on Sun, How the Sun	2
	1	Sun, how seasons happen, Sun paths, Telling time by the Sun 1	
	Sun	and Planets	10
	Cha	pter 1 & 2 of Book 2	
	3	Sightseeing on the moon, Lunar topography, Formation, Lunar Eclipse	2
		Illusion	4
	2	Moon: Phases of Moon, Characteristics, Moonrise, Moonset, Moon	2
2		Protractor, Special Effects, Night Vision, The Milky Way	2
	1	Darkness and Light, Finding Your Way around the Sky, Cosmic	2
	Nigl	nt sky & Moon	6
		Sections 1.1-1.9, 2.1-2.4, 3.1,3.4 Book 1	
		Beginning	
		Large Scale, The Universe of the Very Small, A Conclusion and a	
		Numbers in Astronomy, A Tour of the Universe, The Universe on the	3
		The Nature of Astronomy, The Nature of Science, The Laws of Nature,	
	4	How Telescopes Work, Formation of an Image by a Lens or a Mirror	
		System	
		Observations, Kepler's Laws of Planetary Motion, Orbits in the Solar	J
		Galileo and the Beginning of Modern Science, Galileo's Astronomical	3
	3	The Birth of Modern Astronomy-Copernicus, The Heliocentric Model,	
		Setting of the Sun, Fixed and Wandering Stars, Constellations	2
	2	The Celestial Sphere, Celestial Poles and Celestial Equator, Rising and	2
		Astrology Today	
		and Astronomy, the beginnings of Astrology, the Horoscope,	2
		Roman Cosmology, Ptolemy's Model of the Solar System, Astrology	
	1	Ancient Astronomy- Astronomy around the World, Early Greek and	

	3	Planets: Earth's siblings in the sky, Star or Planet? Sky Wanderer, Roaming around Solar system	2		
	4	Terrestrial & Jovian Planets, Small solar system Bodies, Meet the eight planets	2		
	5 How the Solar System Formed, Comets, Other suns and their Solar Systems				
	Cha	pter 3 and 4 of Book 2			
	Star	rs & Constellations	10		
4	1	Stars and Constellations: How stars move during the night, North star	2		
	2	North & South Using the Stars, The Zodiac, and the Ecliptic, Rasis & Nakshatras	2		
	3	Seasonal Sky gazing Northern Hemisphere - November, December & January Stars. (Constellations Orion, Canis Major, Lepus, Taurus, Gemini, Auriga)	3		
	4	How Stars Are Born, Live, and Die, Meteor Shower. Deep Sky Objects.	3		
	Cha	pter 5 of Book 2 and Chapter 3 & 10 of Book 3			
	Tea	cher Specific Module	9		
5	Dire	ections			
	Der	monstrations using Stellarium or any other sky guide apps –			
	cons	stellations, eclipses, planetary alignment etc.			

- 1. Astronomy 2e by Andrew Fraknoi, David Morrison, and Sidney C. Wolff, OpenStax CNX, 2022. Web version 2024.
- 2. https://open.umn.edu/opentextbooks/textbooks/390
- 3. Sky Gazing- A Guide to the Moon, Sun, Planets, Stars, Eclipses, and Constellations by MegThacher, Storey Publishing, 2020.
- 4. The Joy of Star watching 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn by Biman Basu, National Book Trust, India, 2022.

# **Suggested Readings:**

1. https://www.physics.hku.hk/~phys1055/lectures/chap05.html

E	valuation Type	Marks
ESE		50
CCA		25
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	75

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3VACPHY101: Radiation Hazards and Protection**

Semester	Course Type	Course Type   Course Level   Course Code		Credits	Total Hours
III	VAC	100	KU3VACPHY101	3	45

Learning	Mar	Duration of			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical		ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

## **Course description:**

This comprehensive course, Radiation Hazard, and Protection, provides an in-depth exploration of the principles, units, and effects of radioactivity and radiation. The course is structured to cover the fundamental concepts of radioactivity, the interactions of radiation with matter, and the biological effects of radiation exposure. Emphasis is placed on understanding radiation units and quantities, evaluating radiation exposure from natural and artificial sources, and implementing radiological protection principles based on the recommendations of the International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP). Through this course, students will gain the necessary knowledge to assess and manage radiation risks in various settings, including occupational, medical, and public environments.

**Course Prerequisite:** NIL

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental concept of radioactivity	U
2	Understand and evaluate biological effects of radiation	U, E

3	Mastering radiation units and quantities, Identify and manage natural radiation sources	An
4	Implement the principles of radiological protection,	
	Practise radiological protection in various exposure	A, An
	situations	

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	2	3	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO 5	3	2	2	3	3	2	3

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
О	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
U	I	I DESCRIPTION	
L	Т		
E			
	Rad	ioactivity And Radiation	7
1	1	Radioactivity, specific activity, half-life, X-rays and gamma rays, alpha particles, specific ionization, range of alpha particles, beta particles, range of beta particles,	3
	2	Examples of naturally occurring beta emitters, range of protons, bremsstrahlung radiation, positron emission, emission of gamma rays	2

	3	interaction of radiation with matter	2	
		Book 1, Chapter 2		
	Rad	liation Units and Quantities	8	
	1	Activity, exposure unit, Roentgen, kerma, absorbed dose, protection	2	
		quantities, mean radiation absorbed dose, linear energy transfer (LET)	2	
	2	Radiation weighting factor, equivalent dose, significant new findings,	2	
2		auger electrons, tissue weighting factor, effective dose	2	
2	3	significant new findings in tissue weighting factor, committed	2	
		effective dose,	-	
	4 occupational exposure situation, application of effective dose,		2	
		collective effective dose	2	
	5	Book 1, Chapter 3		
	Effe	ects of Radiation and Exposure from Natural Sources	10	
	1	Effects of Radiation at the cellular level, terminology for bands of	2	
		absorbed dose,	2	
	2	Deterministic effects, acute radiation syndrome, stochastic effects,	2	
		double strand breaks	2	
3	3	Applicability of LNT model for projecting cancer risk, dose and dose		
		rate effectiveness factor, Computation of radiation detriment, the LSS	3	
		for the risk estimates, non-cancer diseases after radiation exposure,	J	
		exposure of the skin,		
	4	Calculation of dose to the skin, exposure to the lens of the eye, natural		
		radioactive sources, exposure to cosmic rays, exposure to natural	3	
		radionuclides of terrestrial origin, background radiation dose levels.		
		Book 1, Chapter 4 & 6		
	Rad	liological Protection	11	
	1	Evolution of ICRP recommendations, ICRP publications	3	
4	2	Identification of the exposed individual, occupational worker,		
		members of the public, representative person, pregnant and	2	
		breastfeeding workers, embryo, and foetus tissue,		

	3	Patients undergoing radiological investigation/treatment, aviation crew,				
		planned exposure situations, emergency exposure situation, existing exposure situation	3			
	4	The principles of radiological protection, justification, unjustifiable				
		exposure, optimization, evolution of dose limits, basis for dose limits,	3			
		dose constraint, reference level, dose limits.				
		Book 1, Chapter 7				
	Tea	cher Specific Module	9			
5	Dire	ections:				
	Acti	Activities designed by the course faculty related to the topic.				

1. Radiological Protections and Safety - A Practitioner's Guide by Pushparaja, Notion Press, 2019.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Radiation Detection and Measurement, G F Knoll, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2000.
- 2. Basic Radiological Physics, K Thayalan, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
- 3. Fundamental Physics of Radiology, W J Meredith and J B Massey, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., 1983.

	Evaluation Type			
End	Semester Evaluation	50		
Conti	Continuous Evaluation			
a)	*Test Paper	10		
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5		
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10		
	Total	75		

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU4VACPHY102**: Green Energy for Sustainability

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	VAC	100	KU4VACPHY102	3	45

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

This course is great for beginners who want to learn about clean energy and help the planet.

Course Prerequisite: NIL

CO No.	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	Learning Domains
1	Gain a comprehensive understanding of energy scarcity causes, explore energy source classifications, examine solutions to energy crises, focus on global and Indian perspectives on renewable energy, and study solar energy, including challenges, applications, and solar cell systems.	R, U
2	Acquire foundational knowledge of hydrogen energy, including its benefits, storage methods, and applications, while critically evaluating both	U, An

	advantages and disadvantages along with associated	
	problems.	
3	Comprehend principles of wind energy, assess its	
	status in India, explore geothermal energy	
	classifications and utilisation, and analyse tidal	U
	energy resources, availability, power generation, and	
	associated advantages and disadvantages.	
4	Understand the impact of solid waste and agricultural	
	refuse on health, explore biomass energy, study	
	biomass production, energy plantations, and biogas	IJ
	energy, including composition, production,	U
	construction, working, and the benefits of biogas	
	plants.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M					
O	U				
D	N				
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS		
L	Т				
E					
	Sola	r Energy	9		
	1	Causes of Energy Scarcity - Energy sources and classification -			
	1	Solution to energy crisis or scarcity- Renewable energy	2		
	2	Worldwide Renewable Energy Availability - Renewable Energy in			
		India- Energy from the Sun - Sun Earth geometric relationship	2		
1	3				
	3	Solar energy reaching the Earth's surface - Problems Associated with	2		
		Harnessing Full Solar Energy			
	4	Solar thermal energy applications- Solar thermal energy storage -			
		Solar cells - Need for solar cells - Components of a Solar Cell System	3		
	- Solar cell materials -Applications of solar cell systems				
		Sections: 1.5,1.6, 1.9, 1.12, 1.12.1, 1.12.2, 2.1, 2.4, 2.4.1, 2.5, 2.6,			
		4.1, 4.1.1, 4.2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.8			
	Hyd	rogen Energy	9		
	1	Hydrogen Energy - Introduction- Benefits of hydrogen energy	2		
	2	Hydrogen energy storage - Use of hydrogen energy	2		
2	3	Applications of hydrogen energy- Advantages of hydrogen energy-	2		
		Disadvantages of hydrogen energy	3		
	4	Problems associated with hydrogen energy	2		
		Sections: 5.1, 5.3 to 5.8			
	Win	d and Tidal Energy	9		
	1	Wind Energy - Windmills - Wind Turbines - Wind energy in India	2		
	2	Geothermal energy- Geothermal systems- Classifications -			
3		Geothermal resource utilisation	3		
	3	Prospects of Geothermal Fields in India - Associated problems-			
		Environmental effects	2		
		Environmental effects			

	4	Tidal energy - General - Tidal energy resources - Tidal energy						
		availability - Tidal power generation in India - Advantages and	2					
	disadvantage of tidal power							
	Sections: 6.1, 6.2, 6.4.2, 7.1, 7.2,7.3, 7.4.1, 7.6, 7.7, 11.1 -11.4, 11.9							
	Bio	mass energy	9					
	1	Solid waste and agricultural refuse - Waste is health - Biomass	3					
		energy	3					
4	2	Biomass production- Energy plantation - Biogas energy	2					
	3	Introduction - Biogas and its composition - Biogas production	2					
	4	Construction parts of Biogas plants - Working of Biogas plant -	2					
		Benefits of Biogas	2					
		Sections: 8.1, 9.1, 9.2, 10.1, 10.2, 10.4, 10.4.1, 10.4.2, 10.5						
_	Tea	cher Specific Module	9					
5	Dire	ections: Can be designed by the course faculty						

 Non-Conventional Energy Resources, Shobh Nath Singh, Published by Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd, 2015.

# **Suggested Readings:**

1. Non-conventional energy sources-G. D. Rai, Khanna Publishers

	<b>Evaluation Type</b>	Marks
ESE		50
CCA		25
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	75

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity.

# **KU4VACPHY103: Scientific Ethics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	VAC	100	KU4VACPHY103	3	45

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

The ethics of the design, execution, and reporting of research are referred to as research ethics. Ethical norms are to be followed in publication also. This course aims at equipping the students with a knowledge of various research misconducts, its coasts, and the need and methods to avoid scientific misconduct. The student will have an insight about the research ethical committees and its function. Various ethical issues related to the publication also forms a part of this course.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	<b>Expected Outcome</b>	Learning Domains
1	Appreciate the importance of ethical practices in research	R
2	Understand various unethical practices in research and publication	U
3	Understand the importance of intellectual honesty and integrity in research	U

4	Understand the role and responsibilities of research	U
	ethics committees	

# \*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs/POs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	1	1	3	1	0	1	3
CO2	1	3	3	0	1	1	3
CO3	1	3	3	1	2	0	3
CO4	1	3	3	1	1	0	3

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
U	I DESCRIPTION		HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Rese	earch Ethics	8
1	1	Importance of research ethics, values and principles of ethics - Scientific Integrity and Research Ethics	2
	2	Intellectual property rights, autonomy, dignity, beneficence/non-maleficence, Vulnerability and Justice	2

	3	Conflict of interest and undesirable authorships	2
	4	Costs of scientific misconduct.	2
		Book 1: Section 9.1-9.3, 9.4, 9.5.6, 9.5.7, 9.7, Book 2: chapter 3	
	Inte	ellectual Honesty and Research Integrity	9
	1	Environment and bases of research integrity, promoting research integrity	2
2	2	Integrity of individual research, support by research institution	3
	3	Fostering integrity in research and promoting honesty in research	2
	4	Research environment and its impact on research integrity	2
		Book 2: Chapter 4	
	Scie	entific Misconduct	10
	1	Poor Practices v/s. Misconduct, Examples for scientific misconduct,	
		Falsifying and Fabricating of Data, stealing of credit, Omission of	
		data, misinterpretation of previous work, intentional negligence in	4
		acknowledging previous work, passing off another researcher's data	
3		as one's own	
3	2	Plagiarism, different forms of plagiarism and methods to avoid	2
		plagiarism	2
	3	Regulations of plagiarism, tools for plagiarism checking - Research ethics committees and functions	2
	4	Institutional Responses to Scientific Misconduct and Administrative	2
		Responses to Scientific Misconduct	2
		Book 1: Sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, 9.5.3, 9.8, 9.9, Book 2: chapter 5	
	Pub	lication Ethics	9
	1	Ethical issues in publication, types of publication misconduct	3
4	2	Ethical responsibilities of authors, editors and reviewers	2
•	3	Redundant publication and problems caused by redundant	2
		publication	<b>~</b>
	4	Misconduct by Editors, Publishers, and Peer-Reviewers.	2
		Book 1: Section 10.5-10.7, Book 2: chapter 7 and 8	
5	Tea	cher Specific Module	9

Directions: Course faculty can design content.	
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- Research Methodology for Scientific Research, (Second Edition), K. Prathapan, I K International Publishers, New Delhi, (2023)
- 2. Research and Publication Ethics, Santhosh Kumar Yadav, Anne Books PVT. Ltd. New Delhi (2022)

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Ethics in Science, John G D'Angelo, (Second Edition) CRC Press (2019)
- 2. Responsible Conduct of Research, Adil E. Shamoo and David B. Resnik, Oxford University Press, (2009).
- 3. Student's Guide to Research Ethics, Paul Oliver, Open University Press Maidenhead

  · Philadelphia (2003).
- 4. Research and Publication Ethics, Nimit Chowdhary, Sunayana, and Monika Prakash, Routledge India, (2023).
- 5. Research Ethics for Scientists, C. Neal Stewart Jr, Wiley Blackwell (2011).
- 6. Scientific Integrity and Research Ethics, David Koepsell, Springer Nature (2015).

E	valuation Type	Marks
ESE		50
CCA		25
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	**Assignment/	5
	Book- Article Review	3
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	75

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU4SECPHY101:Fundamentals of Data analytics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	SEC	100	KU4SECPHY101	3	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Marks Distribution		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
2	2	30	45	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to statistical concepts and methods. This also introduces data handling modules of Python. Practical applications and problemsolving are emphasized through real-world examples and exercises.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Mathematics/ statistics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand and apply knowledge about data.	U,A
2	Analyse and use different data analysis tools and software	An, A
3	Understand different data sampling methods and use graph plotting.	U, A
4	Apply different software tools for data analysis.	A

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	3	3	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	1	0	1
CO 3	3	3	3	3	0	1	0
CO 4	3	3	3	2	2	0	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
О	U			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
U	I			
L	T			
E				
	Sam	pling and data	8	
	1	Definition of statistics, probability and key terms	2	
1	2	Data, sampling, and variation in data and sampling	2	
	3	Frequency, Frequency tables, and levels of measurement	2	
	4	Stemplot, Line graphs and Bar graph, histogram, Frequency polygon	2	
		and time series graph.		
	Sect	ions 1.1,1.2,1.3, 2.1, 2.2 of Book 1		
	Data file formats			
2	1	Introducing different data file formats: csv, xls, tab, dat formats.	2	
	2	Jupyter Notebooks using Anaconda and Google Colab: introduction	2	

	3	Familiarisation with Google Colab 1, Familiarization with Anaconda	2		
		2			
	4	Reading data files in Jupyter Notebooks	2		
		Book 1			
	Usiı	ng Pandas for Data Analysis	8		
	1	Data Analysis Using Pandas: Series and dataframe, creating data	2		
	2	frame from an excel spreadsheet - creating data frame from .csv files.			
		Creating data frame from a python dictionary - creating data frame	2		
		from python list of tuples - viewing data frame using loc() and iloc().			
	3	Operations on data frames series object - creating series from a data			
		frame - creating data frame from series - creating series from numpy	2		
3	array.				
	4	Converting series into numpy array - creating series from a			
	dictionary- accessing elements of a series, Joining data frames - how				
		to join when there is no common column - concatenation of tables -	2		
		where() method - groupby() method, aggregate functions on data			
		frames.			
		Chapters 12,13 (SQL & Regular expressions not required) of Book			
		1			
	Dat	a Visualization using Seaborn	6		
	1	Loading datasets in Seaborn, Distribution plot			
4		Count plot, box plot, scatter plot, joint plot.	3		
		Line Plot, displaying scatter plot with regression			
	3	Creating subplots 1, Heat map - cat plot 2, Violin plot - pair plot. 2	3		
		Chapter 15 of Book 1			
	Pra	ctical Module	30		
5	Dire	ections:			
	Practical related with data analysis and manipulations				

- Introductory Statistics, Barbara Illowsky, De Anza College, Susan Dean-De Anza College, OpenStax, 2018.
- 2. Machine Learning in Data Science using Python, Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, Dreamtech press, 2022

# **Suggested Readings:**

1. Statistics 4th Edition -David Freedman, Robert Pisani, Roger Purves, W. W. Norton& Company, 2007.

	E	valuation Type	Marks	F	Evalua	tion Type	Marks	Total
		Lecture	50		Pra	actical	25	
a)		ESE	35	a)		ESE	10	
b)	CCA		15	b)		CCA	15	
	i	*Test Paper	8		i	Punctuality	5	75
	ii	**Book-Article review/ Assignment	2		ii	Skill	5	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	5	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5SECPHY102: Essential Physics for Forensic Science**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSC	100	KU5SECPHY102	3	45

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration of		
Lecture+ tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

Forensic Science is an interdisciplinary field that applies scientific principles and techniques to solve crimes and ensure justice. This course covers the analysis of physical evidence, crime scene investigation, forensic Physics, and forensic ballistics.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental principles and significance of forensic science	U
2	Understanding the working of the forensic establishments in India and abroad.	U
3	Analyse the methods of securing, searching and documenting crime scenes, the art of collecting, packaging, and preserving different types of physical and trace evidence at crime scenes.	An

4	Familiarise the tools and techniques for analysis of	
	different types of crime scene evidence. Classify firearms	U, An
	and understand firing mechanisms.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	0
CO 2	3	3	1	1	0	1	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	2	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	1	1	1	2
CO 5	3	2	1	3	3	2	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Int	roduction To Forensic Science	8
	1	History of Development of Forensic Science, Functions of forensic	
		science.	3
1		Definitions and concepts in forensic science, Basic Principles of	
		Forensic Science and its Significance	
	2	Role of forensic science laboratories, Frye case and Daubert	3

		standard.						
	3	Types of forensic Examinations, Organisational set up of	2					
		Forensic Science Laboratories in India						
		Book 2-Chapter 1,2 Book1-Chapter 1						
	Cr	ime Scene Evidence	10					
	1	Physical Evidences Definition, Types, Class and Individual Characteristics	3					
2	2	of crime, Chain of custody  Collection, labelling and sealing of evidence, hazardous evidence						
	3	Collection, labelling and sealing of evidence, hazardous evidence						
	4	Reconstruction of crime scene						
	Book 2-Chapter 3							
	Fo	rensic Physics	9					
	1	Toolmark evidence, Classification of tool marks. Forensic importance						
		of tool marks, Collection, preservation and matching of tool marks.	3					
		Restoration of erased serial numbers and engraved marks						
	2	Glass evidence -Matching of glass samples by mechanical fit and						
		refractive index measurements, Analysis by spectroscopic methods,	2					
3		Fracture analysis and direction of impact						
	3	Paint evidence –. Analysis by destructive and non-destructive methods.	2					
		Importance of paint evidence in hit and run cases						
	4	Fibre evidence – artificial and man-made fibres. Collection of fibre						
		evidence. Identification and comparison of fibres.	2					
		Soil evidence – importance, location, collection, and comparison of						
		soil samples.						
		Book 2-Chapter 14,16						
	Fo	rensic Ballistics	9					
4	1	Classification of firearms, weapon types and their operation, country						
4		made firearms and regular firearms, calibre, Firing mechanisms of different firearms, Internal, external, and terminal Ballistics	3					

	2	Ammunition, Types of ammunition, constructional features and	3	
		characteristics of different types of cartridges and bullets, primers and	J	
		priming compounds, projectiles, headstamp markings on ammunition.		
	3	Firearm Evidence, Matching of bullets and cartridge cases in regular		
		firearms, mechanisms of formation of gunshot residues, methods of	3	
		analysis of gunshot residues from shooting hands and targets,		
		identification and nature of firearms injuries.		
		Book 3-Chapters 1,2, Book 4-Chapter 2,3,6		
	Te	acher Specific Module	9	
5	Directions:			
	Сс	ase study		

- 1. Forensic Science in India: A Vision for the Twenty First Century, B.B. Nanda and R.K. Tiwari, Select Publishers, New Delhi (2001).
- 2. Forensic Science: An Introduction to Scientific and Investigative Techniques,, S.H. James and J.J. Nordby, 4th Edition, CRC Press, Boca Raton (2005).
- 3. Handbook of Firearms and Ballistics, B.J. Heard, Wiley and Sons, Chichester (1997).
- 4. Forensic Ballistics in Criminal Justice, Kaushalendra Kumar, Eastern Book Company, 2015.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. A Guide to the Recovery and Collection of Physical Evidence, M. Byrd, Crime Scene Evidence: CRC Press, Boca Raton (2001).
- 2. Handbook of Firearms and Ballistics, B.J. Heard, Wiley and Sons, Chichester (1997).
- Firearms identification, Forensic Science Handbook, Vol. 2, W.F. Rowe,
   R. Saferstein (Ed.), Prentice Hall, New Jersey (1988).

- 4. Role of Forensic Science in the New Millennium, M.K. Bhasin and S. Nath, University of Delhi, Delhi (2002).
- 5. Fisher's Techniques of Crime Scene Investigation, W.J. Tilstone, M.L. Hastrup and C. Hald, CRC Press, Boca Raton (2013).
- 6. E. Elaad in Encyclopedia of Forensic Science, Volume 2, J.A. Siegel, P.J. Saukko and G.C. Knupfer (Eds.), Academic Press, London (2000).

E	valuation Type	Marks
End Sen	nester Evaluation	50
Continuo	us Evaluation	25
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	5
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	75

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU6SECPHY103: Maintenance of Electro-Optical Devices**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	SEC	100	KU6SECPHY103	3	45

Learning	Marks Distribution			Duration of	
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)
3	0	25	50	75	1.5

# **Course description:**

This course aims to develop experience of working with a wide range of laboratory equipments and learn how to test, check faults, and use laboratory equipment.

Course Prerequisite: NIL

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the working of various laboratory electrical, electronic, and optical instruments	U
2	Identify the fault of electrical devices	U
3	Identify fault and do maintenance of electrical-electronic devices	A

4	To check the calibration of Oscilloscope & DSO and other	
	electrical equipment. Do the checking and maintenance of	An, A
	equipment.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3	2	1
CO 2	1	3	3	2	3	2	1
CO 3	1	3	3	2	3	2	1
CO 4	2	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1	3	3

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	
U	I		
L	T		
E			
	Cali	bration & Testing of Equipment	6
	1	Introduction	1
1	2	Calibration of equipments	2
	3	Method of testing and maintenance	2
	4	Different kinds of faults of laboratory equipments	1

	Electrical components and measuring devices				
	1	Checking of Switches, cables and connectors	2		
2	2	Testing of batteries and fuses, switch box, dual power supply	2		
	3	Testing of Measuring devices - Voltmeter, ammeter, galvanometer	2		
	4	Testing of multimeter and its various uses	2		
	Test	ting of electrical and electronic devices	10		
	1	Testing of transformers, inductors, capacitors and resistors	2		
3	2	Identification of resistors, IC	2		
	3	Use of multimeter to check resistance box, resistors	3		
	4	Checking of diode, transistor, Zener diode, fuse	3		
	Cali	bration and maintenance of electrical, electronic and optical	12		
	instruments				
	1	Calibrating and testing cathode ray oscilloscope, digital storage	3		
		oscilloscope, function generator, potentiometer	3		
	2	Maintenance of Spectrometer, telescope, travelling microscope,			
4		beam balance, lasers, sodium vapour lamp, mercury vapour lamp,	3		
-		grating			
	3	Checking and maintenance of Meldey's apparatus, ballistic	4		
		galvanometer, tangent galvanometer	ŕ		
	4	Checking and maintenance of compass box, vibration			
		magnetometer, deflection magnetometer, flywheel, Carey Foster's	2		
		Bridge			
	Tea	cher Specific Module	9		
	Directions				
5	Testing of transformers, inductors, capacitors and resistors; Checking of				
	diode and transistors, calibrating and testing CRO and DSO, function				
	generator.				

- 1. Electronic and Electrical Servicing: Consumer and Commercial Electronics, Second Edn, Ian Sinclair and John Dunton, 2007.
- 2. Troubleshooting Electronic Equipment: Includes Repair And Maintenance, Second Edn: Dr R.S. Khandpur, 2006.

- 3. Troubleshooting and Repairing Consumer Electronics Without a Schematic, 3rd Edn, Homer L. Davidson, 2004.
- 4. How to Diagnose and Fix Everything Electronic, Second Edn, Michael Geier, 2011.

	Marks				
End Sem	End Semester Evaluation				
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation				
a)	*Test Paper	10			
c)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSES SEMESTER I

## **KU1DSCPHY101: Fundamentals of Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
1	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY101	4	75

Learning Approach (Hou	Marks Distribution			Duration of	
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	СЕ	ESE	Total	ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

### **Course Description**

This course offers a comprehensive introduction to classical mechanics, focusing on Newton's Laws of Motion, work, kinetic energy, potential energy, energy conservation, momentum and collisions. Students will explore fundamental concepts such as force, mass, and inertia, applying Newton's laws to understand equilibrium and dynamics, including friction and fluid resistance. The curriculum covers energy transformations, conservation laws, and the principles of momentum in various collision scenarios. A practical component emphasizes hands-on learning through experiments that illustrate core principles, including the use of modern simulation tools and graph plotting software.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO	Even estad Outrous	Learning
No.	Expected Outcome	Domains
1	Understand Newton's laws of motion and their	17
1	applications in various scenarios	O

Apply Newton's laws to solve problems related to force,	
momentum, and energy. Understand the concept of	U, A
frictional forces and their role in motion of objects	
Analyse the concepts of work, kinetic-energy, and work	
energy theorem, Understand the principle of conservation	U, A
of momentum and apply this to analyse collisions	
Apply the fundamental principles of physics to solve real	1
world problems	A
	momentum, and energy. Understand the concept of frictional forces and their role in motion of objects  Analyse the concepts of work, kinetic-energy, and work energy theorem, Understand the principle of conservation of momentum and apply this to analyse collisions  Apply the fundamental principles of physics to solve real

## Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs/POs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7
CO1	3	3	2	3	3	2	0
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	2	0
CO3	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
0	U			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE	
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
L	T			
E				
1	1 Newton's Laws of Motion			

4	Moi	mentum, Impulse and Collisions	10
		Sections 7.1 -7.5 of Book1	
		of Energy, Force and Potential Energy, Energy Diagrams	4
	2	Conservative and Non-Conservative Forces, The Law of Conservation	4
		Situations with both Gravitational and Elastic Potential energy	
3		Energy for Motion along a Curved Path, Elastic Potential Energy,	6
		When Force other than Gravity do Work, Gravitational Potential	
	1	Gravitational Potential Energy, Conservation of Mechanical Energy,	
	Pote	ential Energy and Energy Conservation	10
		Sections 6.1-6.4 of Book1	
		Curve, Power	
		Motion, Varying Forces, Work Energy theorem for Motion along a	5
		Straight- Line Motion, Work – Energy Theorem for Straight Line	_
2	2	Work and Energy with varying forces, work done by a varying force,	
		and Kinetic Energy in Composite systems	3
	1	and Work Energy Theorem, The meaning of Kinetic Energy, Work	5
	1	Work, Work: Positive, Negative or Zero, Total Work, Kinetic Energy	10
	Wo	rk and Kinetic Energy	10
		Curves and Flight of Airplanes, The fundamental forces of Nature  Sections 4.1-4.5, 5.1-5.5 of Book 1	
		Resistance and Terminal speed, Dynamics of Circular Motion, Banked	4
	4	Friction forces-Kinetic and Static Friction, Rolling Friction, Fluid	4
		Weightlessness.	
		Second law: Dynamics of Particles, Apparent Weight and Apparent	
	3	Using Newton's first Law: Particles in Equilibrium, Using Newton's	4
		with Locations, Measuring Mass and Weight, Newton's Third law	
		law, Using Newton's Second Law, Mass and Weight, Variation of g	4
	2	Newton's Second Law, Mass and Force, Stating Newton's Second	
		Inertial Frames of References,	3
	1	Force and Interactions, Superposition of Forces, Newton' First Law,	2

1	Momentum and Impulse, Newton's Second Law in terms of	
	Momentum, The Impulse- Momentum Theorem, Momentum and	_
	Kinetic Energy Compared, Conservation of Momentum	5
2	Momentum Conservation and Collisions, Elastic and Inelastic	
	Collisions, Completely Inelastic Collisions, Center of Mass, Rocket	~
	Propulsion	5
	Sections 8.1-8.6 of Book 1	
Prac	tical Module	30
Dire	ctions: At least 4 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can be	
selec	ted from the list or designed by course faculty)	
1	. Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring familiarization of	
	Vernier calipers, screw gauge	
2	. Find the radius of a capillary tube using traveling microscope	
3	. Spectrometer Angle of the prism	
4	. Compound pendulum- To find g	
5	. Activities demonstrating Newton's laws of motion	
6	. Activities demonstrating friction	
7	. Activities demonstrating energy conservation	
8	. Activities demonstrating elastic and inelastic collisions	
9	. Introduce graph plotting software	
1	0. Simulation experiments using ExpEYES-SEELAB/ Virtual lab/PhET	
	simulations	
1		

## **Essential Readings:**

 University Physics with Modern Physics – Hugh D Young & Roger A Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> edition, 2016.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Fundamental of Physics -Halliday, Resnick and Walker
- 2. An Introduction to Mechanics-Kleppner and Kolenkow

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ture		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	1
b)	CCA		25	b)	CCA		10	-
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	-
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup> Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> Or any other evaluation technique like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU1DSCPHY111: Properties of Matter**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
I	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY111	4	75

Learning Approach (Hou	Marks Distribution			Duration	
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

#### **Course Description**

This course introduces Properties of matter which includes topics in elasticity, viscosity, surface tension, and the kinetic theory of gases. Students can explore the principles of stress, strain, and Hooke's law, including the analysis of elastic constants and the behaviour of materials under torsion and bending. The viscosity section covers Bernoulli's theorem, Poiseuille's equation, and Stokes' law, emphasizing the effects of temperature and pressure on fluid viscosity. Surface tension concepts such as molecular forces, surface energy, and capillary action are examined in detail. The kinetic theory of gases is discussed, with a focus on gas laws, molecular velocities, and Van der Waals equation. Laboratory experiments complement theoretical knowledge, offering hands-on experience with a variety of measurement techniques and physical phenomena.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No. Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
-------------------------	---------------------

1	Understand the concepts of load, stress, and strain, including Hooke's law and stress-strain diagrams.	U
2	Understand different types of elasticity and analyse material behaviour and structural mechanics	U, An
3	Understand how fluids flow and behave under different conditions, and the properties of gases. Apply these principles to real-world situations in engineering and science.	U, A
4	Apply the basic principles regarding properties of matter and develop practical skills in measurement techniques and data analysis.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3	2	0
CO 4	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3	2	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M					
O	U	N DESCRIPTION			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDS		
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS		
L	T				
E					
	Elas	ticity	14		
	1	Load, Stress and Strain, Hooke's law, Stress- strain diagram,			
		Three types of elasticity, Work done per unit volume in a strain,	4		
		Relation connecting the elastic constants, Poisson's ratio			
	2	Twisting couple on a cylinder, torsional oscillations, strain energy			
		in a twisted cylinder, time period of torsion pendulum,	4		
1		determination of moment of inertia and rigidity modulus using	4		
		torsional pendulum			
	3	Bending of beams, bending moment, Beam supported at its ends			
		and loaded in the middle ( Non-uniform bending), beam supported	4		
		uniformly and loaded uniformly at the ends (Uniform bending)			
	uniformly and loaded uniformly at the ends (Uniform bending)  4 Determination of Young's modulus of a bar using uniform				
		bending- mirror and telescope method	2		
		Sections 8.1 - 8.3; 8.8; 8.11; 8.15 -8.18; 8.22; 8.24; 8.26; 8.29-			
		8.33 Book 1			
	Visc	osity	10		
	1	Bernoulli's theorem, Viscosity, critical velocity	2		
	2	Rate of flow of a liquid, equation of continuity of flow, Energy of	3		
		a liquid in a flow,	3		
2	3	Poiseuille's equation for flow of a liquid through a horizontal	3		
		capillary tube, motion in a viscous medium -	3		
	4	Stoke's law, effect of temperature and pressure on viscosity of	2		
		fluids.	<i>L</i>		
		Sections 12.1 - 12.5; 12.7 ; 12.9; 12.11; 12.15 -12.16 Book1			
3	Surf	ace tension	10		

	1	Molecular forces, molecular range- Sphere of influence, Surface	
		tension, surface film and surface energy, free energy of a surface	3
		and surface tension	
	2	Pressure difference across a liquid surface, excess pressure on a	
		curved surface - case of drops and bubbles, work done in blowing	3
		a bubble	
	3	Curvature pressure and surface tension, shape of liquid meniscus	
		in a capillary tube, angle of contact, capillary action, rise of liquid	4
		in a capillary tube-measurement of surface tension.	
		Sections 14.1 - 14.8; 14.11-14.12; 1.14 - 14.15 ; 14.17 Book 1	
	Kin	etic theory of gases	11
	1	Kinetic theory of gases, pressure exerted by a perfect gas, root	
		mean square velocity, deduction of gas laws on the basis of the	4
4		kinetic theory	
4	2	Boyle's law, Avogadro's hypothesis, Graham's law of diffusion	3
	3	Kinetic energy of a molecule, value of the gas constant, Van der	4
		Waal's equation, mean free path of a molecule.	4
		Sections 15.1 - 15.10 Book 1	
	Prac	ctical Module	30
	Dire	ections: AT least 4 experiments from the list and 2 experiments	
	/acti	vities designed by course faculty	
	1	. Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring- familiarisation of	
		vernier callipers, screw gauge	
	2	2. Find the angle of a prism using spectrometer	
5	3	3. Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope	
	4	1. Determine Moment of inertia of a flywheel	
	3	5. Young's modulus of the material of the bar - Uniform bending	
		using optic lever	
	(	6. Determine resistance and resistivity of given wire using	
		potentiometer	
	7	7. Determine rigidity modulus of a wire using torsion pendulum	
	8	3. Coefficient of viscosity - Poiseuille's formula	

9. Determine Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens
using mercury by liquid lens arrangement

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. Elements of properties of matter, D.S. Mathur, 11 th Edn., S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2007.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. A Treatise on General Properties of Matter Chatterjee & Sengupta, New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2011.
- 2. Properties of matter, Brijlal and N Subramanyam, Eurasia Publishing House Limited, 1993.

Eval	Evaluation Type		Marks	Eva	luatio	n Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE	,	15	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

#### **KU1DSCPHY112: Basic Mechanics**

Semester	Semester Course Type Course Level		Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
I	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY112	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description**

Basic Mechanics is an introductory course exploring the fundamental principles of classical mechanics. Students will learn about forces, motion, energy, rotational dynamics, gravitation through theoretical lessons and practical experiments. The course emphasizes problem-solving skills and real-world applications.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand and apply Newton's laws to analyse forces and motion in various physical systems.	U,A
2	Apply principles of work, energy, and momentum to solve problems involving conservation laws and collisions.	A
3	Analyse rotational motion, including angular kinematics and dynamics, and apply concepts such as torque and angular momentum	An, A

4	Examine gravitational interactions and the motion of	E
	celestial bodies using Newton's law of gravitation and	
	Kepler's laws	
5	Understand the foundations of relativity, including the	U, An
	invariance of physical laws and the relativistic effects	
	on time, length, and simultaneity.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3	2	0
CO 5	3	2	1	3	3	2	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
0	U			
D	N DESCRIPTION I T			
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
L	T			
E				
]	New	ton's Laws and Applications	12	
	1	Force and Interactions, Newton's First Law, Newton's Second Law,		
1		Mass and Weight, Newton's Third Law, Free-Body Diagrams	6	
	2	Particles in Equilibrium, Dynamics of Particles, Frictional Forces,		
		Dynamics of Circular Motion, The Fundamental Forces of Nature	6	
		Sections 4.1 – 4.6, 5.1-5.5 Book 1		
N	Mon	nentum, Energy and Conservation Laws	12	
	1	Work, Kinetic Energy and Work-Energy Theorem, Power,		
		Gravitational Potential Energy-conservation of mechanical energy,		
		Elastic Potential Energy-gravitational potential energy versus elastic	6	
2		potential energy, Conservative and Nonconservative Forces, law of		
2		conservation of energy, Force and Potential Energy		
	2	Momentum and Impulse-Newton's second law in terms of		
		momentum, Conservation of Momentum, Momentum Conservation	6	
		and Collisions- Elastic and inelastic collisions, Center of Mass-	6	
		position vector, and motion of centre of mass.		
		Sections 6.1-6.2,6. 4, 7.1-7.4, 8.1-8.5 Book 1		
F	Rota	tional Dynamics	12	
	1	Angular velocity and acceleration, Rotation with constant angular		
		acceleration, Relating linear and angular kinematics, Energy in	6	
		rotational motion-computing moment of inertia(rod, ring, disc),	6	
3		Parallel-axis Theorem		
	2	Torque, Torque and angular acceleration for a rigid body, rigid-body		
		rotation about a moving axis-combined translation and rotation energy	4	
		relationship.		
	3	Angular momentum, Conservation of angular momentum	2	

	S	ections 9.1-9.5, 10.1- 10.3, 10.5, 10.6, Book 1			
	Gravit	tation	9		
4	4 1 Newton's law of Gravitation, Weight, Gravitational Potential Energy				
	2 T	the motion of satellites, Kepler's Laws, and the motion of planets	4		
	3 B	Plack Holes (Qualitative idea)	2		
	S	ections 13.1-13.5, 13.8, Book 1			
	Practic	cal Module	30		
	Directi	ons: At least 4 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can be			
	selected	d from the list or designed by course faculty.)			
	1.	Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring- familiarisation of			
		Vernier callipers, screw gauge			
	2.	Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope			
	3.	Determine angle of the prism using spectrometer			
5	4.	Determine the refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens			
3		using mercury by forming liquid lens arrangement			
	5.	Determine moment of inertia of a disc using it as torsion pendulum			
	6.	Determine resistance and resistivity of a wire using potentiometer			
	7.	Determine g using compound pendulum			
	8.	Simulation experiments using expEYES-SEElab/ Amrutha V			
		lab/PhET simulations			
	9.	Introduce graph plotting software			

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. University Physics with Modern Physics, , Hugh D. Young, Roger A. Freedman, 14th Edition, 2016.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. An introduction to mechanics, D. Kleppner, R. J. Kolenkow, McGraw-Hill, 2014.
- 2. Mechanics, Berkeley Physics, Vol.1, C. Kittel, W. Knight, et.al., Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.

- 3. Physics, Resnick, Halliday and Walker 8/e., Wiley, 2008.
- 4. Analytical Mechanics, G. R. Fowles and G. L. Cassiday, Cengage Learning, 2005.
- 5. Feynman Lectures, Vol. I, R. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton, M. Sands, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 6. Introduction to Special Relativity, R. Resnick, John Wiley and Sons, 2005.
- 7. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, Thomson Brooks/Cole, 2003.
- 8. Mechanics, D. S. Mathur, S. Chand and Company Limited, 2000.
- Physics for scientists and Engineers with Modern Phys., J. W. Jewett, R.
   A. Serway, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 10. Theoretical Mechanics, M. R. Spiegel, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks Evaluation Type			on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	4	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like, quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU1DSCPHY113: Introduction to Astrophysics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
1	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY113	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description**

The course aims to develop an understanding the basics of Astronomy, Astrophysics and Cosmology with the underlying physical concepts. Also, the students can get the idea of different types of Astronomical objects and their morphological and physical properties and physical process going on. The course provides the basics about the origin and large-scale structure of the universe and its properties. In short, the course provides a good platform to understand and carry forward the studies to higher levels.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning
CO No.	Expected Outcome	Domains

1	Understand the basic tools used in Astronomy and the spectral classification of stars	R, U
2	Explore the stellar evolution.	U
3	Analyse the structure the sun and various solar phenomena, classification of galaxies based on its morphological properties	An
4	Understand the theories on origin, evolution and future of the universe	U
5	Apply the measuring techniques and basic ideas of Astronomy	A

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	1	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3	2	1
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	2	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

M									
o	U								
D	N								
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS						
L	T								
E									
	Pos	in Tools of Astronomy	11						
	Das	Basic Tools of Astronomy							
		Angular Measurement, Distances in Astronomy, Brightness and							
	1	Luminosity of Astronomical Objects, Magnitudes, The Colour of	4						
		Stars, The Sizes of Stars-Flux, Luminosity and Radius, ,							
	2	The Constituents of Stars, Telescope Basics, Spectra and	3						
		spectroscopy,							
		Stellar Classification, Redshift and Blueshift, Hertzsprung-Russel							
	3	Diagram, The H-R Diagram and Stellar Radius, H-R Diagram and	4						
		Stellar Luminosity, H-R Diagram and Stellar Mass.							
	4	Book 1-Sections 1.1 to 1.4, 1.6 to 1.9, 3.1,3.2,3.4, 4.1 to 4.4							
	Ste	llar Evolution	14						
		Introduction-Interstellar medium, Molecular Clouds, Protostars,							
	1	The Birth of a Star, Pre-Main Sequence Evolution and the Effect	5						
	1	of Mass, Lifetimes of Main Sequence Stars, Red Giant Stars,	5						
		Helium Burning and the Helium Flash.							
2		The Death of Stars, The Asymptotic Giant Branch, Dredge-Ups,							
	2	Mass Loss and Stellar Winds, Infrared Stars, The End of an AGB	4						
		Star's Life, White Dwarf Stars-The Chandrasekhar Limit,							
		High-Mass Stars and Nuclear Burning, Supernovae and the							
	3	Formation of Elements, Neutron Stars and Pulsars, Black Hole	5						
		Basics, The Singularity, Event Horizon							

		Book 1-Sections 5.1, 5.6, 5.7, 6.1, 6.2, 10.1,10.2, 10.3, 11.1-11.6,						
		11.8.1, 11.8.2, 12.1, 12.2, 12.6, 14.1 to 14.3						
	The	Sun and Galaxies	10					
	The structure of the Sun - From the Core to Surface, The Proton-							
		Proton Chain, Energy Transport from the Core to the Surface,						
	1	Sunspots - The Solar Cycle, The Maunder Minimum, The Solar	5					
3		Magnetic Cycle, Prominences, Flares, Coronal Mass Ejections and						
3		the Solar Wind.						
		Galaxy Types, Galaxy Structure, Stellar Populations, Hubble						
	2	Classification of Galaxies, The Milky Way, Active Galactic	5					
		Nuclei (AGN's ), Origin of Nuclear Activity, Classification of	C					
		Active Galaxies, AGN Variability, Starburst Galaxies.						
		Book 1-Sections 8.1 to 8.5, 16.1 to 16.5, 16.7, 17.1 to 17.5						
	Intr	roduction to Cosmology	10					
		The Big Bang, Hubble's law, Evolution after the Big Bang,						
	1	Evidence for and Against the Big Bang Theory, The Inflationary	5					
4		Model-CMBR, Horizon problem and flatness problem.						
		Dark Matter and Dark Energy-The Observational Evidence for						
	2	Dark Matter-What is Dark Matter Made Of? Dark Energy, The	5					
		Future of the Universe, Olber's Paradox						
		Book 1-Sections 18.1 to 18.7,18.9, 19.1 to 19.3						
	Pra	ctical Module	15					
	Dir	ections: AT least 4 experiments from the list and 2 experiments						
5	/act	ivities designed by the course faculty						
3	1. ]	Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring- familiarisation of						
		Vernier callipers, screw gauge						
	2. 1	Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope						
	3. 1	Determine angle of the prism using spectrometer						

- 4. Determine the refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens using mercury by forming liquid lens arrangement
- 5. Determine moment of inertia of a disc using it as torsion pendulum
- 6. Determine resistance and resistivity of a wire using potentiometer
- 7. Determine g using compound pendulum
- 8. Stellarium-familiarisation and applications
- 9. Sky watch

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. **Astrophysics Is Easy!** An Introduction for the Amateur Astronomer By Mike Inglis (3<sup>rd</sup> Edn), 2023.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Understanding our Universe (4 Edn) by Stacy Palen and Georg Blumenthal, 2021.
- 2. An introduction to Modern Astrophysics, B. W. Carroll & D. A. Ostlie, Addison-Wesley Publishing Co., 2017.
- 3. Introductory Astronomy and Astrophysics, M. Zeilik and S. A. Gregory, Saunders College Publishing, 2022.
- 4. The physical universe: An introduction to astronomy, F. Shu, Mill Valley: University Science Books, 1982.
- 5. Fundamentals of Astronomy (Fourth Edition), H. Karttunen et al. Springer, 2003.
- 6. Astro Physics a modern perspective-K. S. Krishnasamy, (New Age International (P) Ltd, 2002.
- 7. An introduction to Astrophysics Baidyanath Basu, (Prentice-Hall of India Private limited, 2001.
- 8. **Turn Left at Orion -** Hundreds of night sky objects to see in a home telescope and how to find them (4Edn) Guy Consolmagno and Dan M. Davis, 2011.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			valuation Type ecture		Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	eture		75			Pra	ctical		25		
a)	ESF	Σ	50	a) ESE		15	1				
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10				
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100			
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	-			
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU1DSCPHY114: Electricity and Magnetism**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
I	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY114	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course covers the fundamental principles and mathematical formalism related to static electric and magnetic fields as well as electric current. Students can verify the fundamental laws of electricity and magnetism through laboratory experiments.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental concepts of electric charge, conductors, insulators, and induced charges,	U
2	Understand coulomb's law and apply it to determine electric force and field	U, A
3	Understand Gauss's law and apply it to determine electric field due to different charge distributions	U, A
3	Understand magnetism, magnetic field properties, magnetic flux, and l analyse the force and torque on current loops	U, An
4	Understand and apply Ampere's circuital law to determine magnetic field due to current distribution	U, A

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	0	2	3	2	0
CO 3	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	3	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M						
O	U					
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS			
U	I	DESCRIPTION				
L	T					
E						
	Elec	tric Charge and Electric Fields	12			
	1 Electric charge ,Conductors, insulators and induced charges					
	2	Coulomb's law - Electric field and electric forces - Electric field				
1		calculations - Electric field lines, Electric dipole	3			
	3	Charge and electric flux- Calculating electric flux, Gauss's law-point	2			
		charge inside a spherical surface	3			
	4	Applications of Gauss's law- Field due to point charge, charged				
		hollow sphere, Charge on conductors	3			
		Sections: 21.1 - 21.7, 22.1 - 22.5				
	Elec	tric potential	10			
2	1	Electric potential energy - Electric potential, Equipotential surfaces	3			
	2	Capacitors and capacitance, capacitors in series and parallel	3			
	3	Current - Resistivity - Resistance	2			

	4	Electromotive force and circuits - Energy and power in electric	2
		circuits.	2
		Sections: 23.1 -23.2, 23.4, 24.1, 25.1 - 25.5	
	Mag	gnetic field and magnetic forces	12
	1	Magnetism, Magnetic field - Magnetic field lines and magnetic flux	4
3	2	Motion of charged particle in a magnetic field, Magnetic force on a	
		current carrying conductor -	4
	3	Force and torque on a current loop- The direct current motor	4
		Sections: 27.1 - 27.4, 27.6 - 27.8	
	Sou	rces of magnetic field	11
	1	Magnetic field of a moving charge - Magnetic field of a current	
		element	2
4	2	Magnetic field of a straight current carrying conductor - Force	2
		between parallel conductors	3
	3	Magnetic field of a circular current loop	2
	4	Ampere's law - Applications of Ampere's law	4
		Sections: 28.1 - 28.7	
	Pra	ctical Module	30
	Dire	ections: At least 4 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can	
	be so	elected from the list or designed by course faculty)	
		1. Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring familiarisation of	
		Vernier callipers, screw gauge	
	2	2. Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope	
5	3	3. Determine angle of the prism using spectrometer	
	2	4. Determine resistance and resistivity of given wire using	
		potentiometer	
		5. Find the current sensitivity of a galvanometer.	
		6. Forward and reverse characteristics of pn junction diode.	
	ĺ	7. Half wave rectifier using a diode. Study ripple factor with and	
		without filter.	
		8. Simulational Experiments in electricity and magnetism using PhET	

simulations / Amritha	V-lab simulations	

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. University physics with modern physics, 14th edition, Young & Freedman, 2016.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Fundamentals of Physics, Halliday, Resnick and Walker, John Wiley &Sons, 2011.
- 2. Practical Physics, P. R. Sasikumar, PHI Learning Pvt Limited, 2011.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>		Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total			
Lect	Lecture		ecture		ecture 75 F		Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESF		50	a) ESE		15	1				
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10				
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100			
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4				
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like ,quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU1DSCPHY115:Semiconductor Physics and Electronics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
1	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY115	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course offers an introduction to semiconductor physics, including the properties and behaviour of semiconductors, diodes, and transistors. Students will learn about pn junctions, diode rectifiers, transistor biasing, and various types of transistor amplifiers and oscillators. Practical laboratory sessions will reinforce theoretical concepts, focusing on diode characteristics, rectifier circuits, voltage regulation, and amplifier and oscillator designs.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO	Expected Outcome	Learning
No.		Domains
1	Understand the concept of energy bands in solids.	R, U
2	Understand the principle and applications of PN junction diode, Zener diode and LEDs	U, A, An
3	Understand the structure, operations, characteristics of transistor	R, U
4	Analyse the characteristics of various transistor configurations and application of BJT as amplifier	A, An

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3	2	1
CO 3	3	2	2	3	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	3	3	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M								
O	U							
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDS					
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS					
L	T							
E								
Introduction to Electronics and Energy bands			10					
1	1	Electronics, Atomic structure, Structure of elements, The Electron, energy of an electron , valence electrons, free electron	2					
	2	Voltage source, constant voltage source, constant current source	2					
	3 Bohr atom model, energy levels and energy bands							
	4	Important energy bands in solids, classification of solids and energy bands, silicon	3					

	Sec	ction 1.1-1.10, 4.1-4.6 of Book 1				
	Sem	niconductor Physics	12			
	1	Semiconductor, Bonds in semiconductor, commonly used semiconductors, Energy band description of semiconductors, Effect of temperature on semiconductors, Hole current,	3			
2	2	Intrinsic semiconductor, n-type semiconductor, p-type semiconductor, charge on n-type and p-type semiconductor, majority, and minority carriers	3			
	3 pn junction, Properties of pn junction, Biasing a pn junction, Current flow in a forward biased pn junction					
	4	Voltage – Ampere characteristics of pn junction and important terms and limitation in the operating condition of pn junction.	3			
		Book 1, Sections 5.1 to 5.20				
	Sem	niconductor Diode	12			
	1	Semiconductor diode, Crystal diode rectifier, resistance of crystal diode, important terms	2			
	2	Half wave rectifier, Output frequency of Half –wave rectifier, efficiency of half wave rectifier	2			
3	3	Full wave rectifier, Centre - tap full wave rectifier, Full wave bridge rectifier, output frequency of full wave rectifier and efficiency of full wave rectifier, Ripple factor, Comparison of rectifiers	5			
	4	Zener diode, Zener diode as voltage stabilizer, LED-LED voltage and current, advantages of LED, multi coloured LED, applications of LED	3			
		Book 1, Sections 6.1-6.3, 6.6, 6.7 – 6.15, 6.18 - 6.19, 6.25 – 6.27,7.2-7.4				
_	Tra	ansistors and transistor biasing	11			
4	1	Transistor, naming the transistor terminals, some facts about transistor, transistor action, transistor symbols	2			

	2 Transistor connection, Common base connection, Characteristics of						
		common base connection, Common emitter connection,	4				
		Characteristics of common emitter connection, Common collector	4				
		connection					
	3 Comparison of Transistor connections, commonly used transistor						
		connection, Transistor as an amplifier in CE arrangement					
	Bool	x 1, Sections 8.1 – 8.10, 8.12 –8.16					
	Prac	tical Module	30				
	Dire	ctions: Any 4 experiments from the list plus 2 experiments designed by					
	course faculty						
	1	. Familiarization of electronic components-resistors, diodes,					
		capacitors, transistors, colour code of resistors					
	2	. Determine resistance and resistivity of a wire using potentiometer					
5	3	. Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope					
	4	. Determine angle of the prism using spectrometer					
	5	. Forward and reverse characteristics of pn junction diode.					
	6	Half wave rectifier using a diode. Study ripple factor with and					
		without filter.					
	7	. Reverse characteristics of Zener diode					
	8	. Experiments using LEDs					

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. Principle of Electronics, V K Metha and Rohith Mehtha, 11th Edn, S Chand & Company, 2019.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Electronic Devices, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2012.
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, David A Bell, 5<sup>th</sup> Edn. 2009.
- 3. Electronic Devices and circuit theory, 11<sup>th</sup> Edn Robert L Boylestad & Louis Nashelsky Pearson Education, 2015.
- 4. Electronic Principles A P Malvino (TMH), 2006.
- 5. Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshtha and SC Gupta (Mc Graw Hill)

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks Evaluation Type		on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	1
b)	CC	25 b) CCA		A	10	100		
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU1DSCPHY116: Introduction to Computational Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
I	DSC	100	KU1DSCPHY116	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ tutorial	Practical		ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

The course covers the fundamentals of Python programming and its application in elementary Mechanics.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Computer Science

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Apply Python programming to solve elementary mechanics problems, analysing data sets, and plotting functions	A
2	Understand standardized units, conversion between units, and interpret numerical representations	U
3	Analyse motion in one dimension using Python, including modelling scenarios such as the motion of a falling tennis ball and calculate key motion parameters.	An ,A
4	Understand the fundamental principles of forces in one dimension according to Newton's laws of motion. and apply these principles to analyse different force models	U, A

#### **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	3	1	2	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1
CO 4	3	2	2	2	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D	U N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS						
U L E	T								
	Intr	oduction to Computational Physics with Python	10						
	1	Physics – Mechanics - Integrating Numerical Methods – Problems and Exercises – How to Learn Physics	2						
1	2	A Python Calculator - Scripts and Functions	2						
	3	Plotting Data-Sets - Plotting a Function - Random Numbers	3						
	4	Conditions - Reading Real Data – Plot of Function and Derivatives	3						
		<b>Book 1 Sections: 1.1 – 2.7</b>							
	Unit	ts, Uncertainty, and Numerical Representation	10						
	1	Standardized Units	2						
	2	Changing Units	2						
2	3	Uncertainty and Significant Digits	3						
	4	Numerical Representation	3						
		<b>Book 1 Sections: 3.1 – 3.4</b>							

	Kine	ematics and Dynamics: Modelling Motion	10	
	1	Description of Motion	2	
3	2	Motion of a Falling Tennis Ball	2	
	3	Calculation of Motion	3	
	4	Modelling the Motion of a Falling Tennis Ball	3	
		<b>Book 1 Sections: 4.1 – 4.2</b>		
	Ford	ces and Newton's Laws of Motion	15	
	1	1 Forces on One Dimension – Newton's Second Law of Motion		
4	2	Force Models: Gravitational Force, Viscous Force, Spring Force	4	
	3	Newton's First Law	4	
	4	Newton's Third Law	3	
		Book 1 Sections: 5.1 – 5.9		
5	Prac	etical Module	30	
		ctions: At least 4 from the following + 2 Activities (can be selected		
		the list or designed by the teacher.  Find the moment of inertia of a rod, disc, ring- familiarisation of		
	,	Vernier callipers, screw gauge		
		2. Find the radius of a capillary tube using travelling microscope		
		3. Determine angle of the prism using spectrometer		
		4. Determine resistance and resistivity of a wire using potentiometer		
		5. Write a simple python script to convert Hours into seconds and use		
		the script to find the number of seconds in 1.5, 12 and 24 h.		
	6	6. Generate a basic line graph, scatter plot and bar chart for a given set		
		of x and y values.		
	7	7. Plot a sine wave using markers +, o and x using three different		
		colours.		
	8. Write a script that calculates the mass of a sphere given its radius r			
	and mass density $\rho$ and use the script to find the mass of a sphere of			
	steel of radius $r = 1$ mm, $r = 1$ m, and $r = 10$ m.			
	9. Make a function $f(x,n)$ which returns the value of $f(x,n)$ .			
		this function to plot $1/x$ , $1/x^2$ and $1/x^3$ in the same plot for $-1 < x < 1$		
		1.		
L	i .			

10. Write a Python program to print the multiplication table of 5 using while loop.

#### **Essential Readings:**

 Elementary Mechanics Using Python: A Modern Course Combining Analytical and Numerical Techniques, Anders Malthe-Sørenssen, Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2015

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Scientific Computing in Python Abhijith Kar Gupta (2nd Edition), 2021.
- 2. Python for Informatics Charles Severance, 2013.
- 3. Python for Education Ajith Kumar B.P. Numerical Methods in Engineering with Python 3 Jaan Kiusalaas, 2010.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESI	E	15	1
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER II**

# **KU2DSCPHY102: Physics of Solids and Fluids**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
II	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY102	4	75

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course explores fundamental concepts in mechanics and fluid dynamics, covering topics such as moment of inertia, elasticity, viscosity, and surface tension. Students will learn about the physical significance of moment of inertia, stress-strain relationships, fluid flow principles including Bernoulli's theorem, and surface tension phenomena. Practical applications and experiments will enhance understanding of these concepts, facilitating the analysis of mechanical systems and fluid behaviour in various real-world scenarios.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the concept of moment of inertia and its physical significance	U
2	Understand the concepts of load, stress, and strain, including Hooke's law and stress-strain diagrams.	U

3	Understand different types of elasticity and apply them to experimentally determine modulus of elasticity for different materials	U,An
3	Analyse the flow of fluids and their behaviour under different conditions	U,A
4	Understand molecular forces, surface tension and analyse the behaviour of drops and bubbles.	U,A
5	Develop skill in conducting and analysing experiments	A, An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember I, Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate I, Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3	2	0
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	2	0
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
О	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDS
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			

	Moı	ment of inertia	12				
	1	Moment of inertia and its physical significance, radius of gyration,	3				
		expression for the moment of inertia	3				
	2	General theorems on moment of inertia, theorem of perpendicular					
1		axes, theorem of parallel axes, calculation of moment of inertia of a					
	body						
	3	Moment of inertia of a thin uniform rod, a rectangular lamina, a					
		hoop or a circular ring, circular disc, annular disc, solid cylinder,					
		hollow cylinder, a spherical shell, a solid sphere					
		Sections 3.1 – 3.6, 3.9					
	Elas	sticity	13				
	1	1 Load, Stress and Strain, Hooke's law, Stress- strain diagram, Three					
		types of elasticity, Work done per unit volume in a strain, Relation	4				
		connecting the elastic constants, Poisson's ratio					
	2	Twisting couple on a cylinder, Torsional oscillations, Strain energy in					
		a twisted cylinder, Time period of torsion pendulum, Determination of	4				
2		moment of inertia and rigidity modulus using torsional pendulum					
-		Bending of beams, bending moment, Beam supported at its ends and					
	3	loaded in the middle ( non-uniform bending), Beam supported	5				
		uniformly and loaded uniformly at the ends (Uniform bending),	J				
		determination of Young's modulus of a bar using uniform bending-					
		mirror and telescope method.					
		Sections 8.1 – 8.3; 8.8; 8.11; 8.15 -8.18; 8.22; 8.24; 8.26; 8.29-8.33					
		Book1					
	Flui	d Mechanics	10				
	1	Gases, Liquids and Density	2				
3	2	Pressure in a fluid-Pressure depth and Pascal's law, Absolute	4				
		pressure and gas pressure, Pressure gauges					
	3						
	Bernoulli's equation, Viscosity and turbulence						
		Sections 12.1 – 12.6 Book 2					
4		Kinetic Theory of Gases	10				

	1 Kinetic theory of gases, Pressure exerted by a perfect gas, Root mean						
		square velocity, Deduction of gas laws on the basis of the kinetic	4				
		theory					
	2	Boyle's law, Avogadro's hypothesis	2				
	3	Kinetic energy of a molecule, Value of the gas constant, Van der					
		Waal's equation, Mean free path of a molecule.	4				
		Sections 15.1 – 15.10 Book 1					
	Prac	ctical Module	30				
	Dire	ctions: At least 5 experiments from the following and 2					
	expe	riments/activities designed by course faculty.					
	1	. Young's modulus of the material of bar -Uniform Bending using					
		optic lever					
	2. Young's modulus of the material of bar-Non-uniform bending						
		using pin & microscope					
5	3	. Rigidity modulus of a material – Static torsion					
3	4	. Compound pendulum- To find radius of gyration					
	5	. Flywheel- Moment of inertia					
	6	. Torsion pendulum- Moment of inertia of a disc and rigidity					
		modulus (using two identical masses)					
	7	. Surface Tension by capillary rise method					
	8	6. Coefficient of viscosity –Poiseuille's formula					
	9	. Simulation experiments using expEYES-SEELAB/Virtual lab/	nb/				
		PhET simulations					

- 1. Elements of properties of matter D.S. Mathur, 11<sup>th</sup> Edn, S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2007.
- University Physics with Modern Physics Hugh D Young & Roger A Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> edition, 2016.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. A Treatise on General Properties of Matter Chatterjee & Sengupta, New Central Book Agency (P) Limited, 2011.
- 2. Properties of matter, Brijlal and N Subramanyam, Eurasia Publishing House Limited, 1993.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESI	E	50	a) ESE		15	1	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup> Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU2DSCPHY121:Physics of Atoms, Molecules and Nuclei**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credit	Total Hours
II	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY121	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE ESE Tota		Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course will provide the student an understanding of atom models, wave properties of particles and their applications. The student will learn to apply Schrodinger equation for simple problems. An elementary understanding of bonding in solids and molecular spectroscopy is included.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics Chemistry and Mathematics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the structure of atom and different atom models	U
2	Understand wave properties of particles	U
3	Understand quantum physics and Apply Schrodinger equation for simple one-dimensional problems.	U & A
4	Understand Bonding in solids and Analyse spectral properties of diatomic molecules	U & An

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	3	2	2	0
CO 2	3	2	0	3	2	2	1
CO 3	3	3	1	3	2	2	1
CO 4	3	2	1	3	2	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS		
1 Particle properties of waves and wave properties of particle					
		Blackbody spectrum- Wein's displacement law, Planck's hypothesis, Planck's radiation formula ( Derivation not required)	4		
		Photoelectric Effect - experimental results - Quantum theory-Einstein photoelectric equation	4		
		De Broglie hypothesis, De Broglie wavelength, Experimental study of matter waves-Davisson and Germer Experiment, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle- statement and expression	4		
		Sections 8.1, 8.4, 8.5, chapter 9, 11.1,11.3			
2	Stru	cture of the atom	9		

	1 .								
	1	Introduction, Rutherford's experiments on scattering of α particles	4						
		Rutherford atom model- Drawbacks of Rutherford atom model.							
	2 Bohr atom model – Basics postulates and explanations, Bohr formula,								
		Calculation of total energy, Bohr's interpretation of the hydrogen	5						
		spectrum, Spectral series of hydrogen atoms, drawbacks of Bohr atom	3						
		model.							
		Sections 6.1, 6.2, 6.4							
	Las	ers, Molecular spectra and Raman effect	12						
	1	Induced absorption, spontaneous emission, stimulated emission, Ruby	4						
		laser, He- Ne laser, Semiconductor laser, properties of laser beam							
3	2	Origin, nature of molecular spectra, different modes of molecular	A						
		excitations, factors affecting linewidth, intensity of molecular spectra.	4						
	3	Rayleigh scattering, Raman effect-discovery, experimental study,	4						
		Quantum theory, Applications	4						
		Sections 19.1- 19.5, 23.1-23.5, 19.10-19.14							
	Intr	oduction To Nucleus & Nuclear Structure	12						
4	1	Introduction, Classification of Nuclei, General properties of Nucleus	3						
	2	Binding Energy, Nuclear Stability,	3						
	3	Discovery of radioactivity, natural radioactivity, Alpha, beta gamma							
		rays, Law of Radioactive Disintegration, mean life, Radiometric	3						
		Dating,							
	4	Nuclear Fission, Energy released in fission, Nuclear Reactor, Nuclear							
		Fusion, sources of stellar energy	3						
		Book 1- Sec 27.1-27.5, 31.1-31.3, 31.30, 31.31,31.35, 35.2, 35.3,							
		35.6. 35.7. 35.8							
5	Pra	ctical Module	30						
J	Dire	ections: At least 4 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can be							
	sele	cted from the list or can be designed by course faculty.)							
		1. Liquid lens - Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens							
		using another liquid of known refractive index.							
	2	2. Compound pendulum radius of gyration							
	<u> </u>								

- 3. Spectrometer refractive index of a prism
- 4. CF Bridge -Resistance and resistivity
- 5. Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter
- 6. Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B
- 7. Construction of Logic gates AND, OR verification of truth table
- 8. Simulations-Structural elucidation of simple molecules by analysing IR spectrum, Spectral analysis of UV-Vis spectrum

1. Modern Physics by R Murugeshan, Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, S Chand Publishing, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition, .

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Concepts of Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser, 6<sup>th</sup> Edn, Mc Grew Hill, 2020.
- 2. Modern Physics by Kenneth S Krane, 4<sup>th</sup> Edn, Wiley India, 2020.
- 3. Fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy by Banwell, Elaine M McCash, Mc Grew Hill, 1994.
- 4. University Physics with Modern Physics Young and Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2016.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	
b)	CC	CCA 25 b) CCA		10	100			
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU2DSCPHY122:** Mathematics for Physical Systems

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
2	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY122	4	75

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive exploration of calculus, from basic derivatives to integral calculus and the fundamental theorems. It gives an understanding of curvilinear coordinates, divergence, and curl in various coordinate systems, emphasizing applications in electromagnetism. Furthermore, it covers ordinary differential equations, including first and second-order equations, with practical examples from physics and engineering. Additionally, students study complex numbers and functions, understanding their geometric interpretations and applications in AC circuit analysis.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand and apply the principles of differential	
	calculus and integral calculus and the concepts of ordinary	U
	differential equations	

2	Apply the fundamental theorem of calculus to gradient divergence and curl and Gauss's law to determine electric field due to charge distributions	A
3	Analyse AC circuits using complex reactance analyse and solve differential equations	An
4	Apply differential equations to model physical systems	A
5	Understand the nature of complex numbers and functions	U

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	3	3	2	0
CO 2	3	3	1	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	3	1	3	3	2	0
CO 4	3	3	1	3	3	2	1
CO 5	3	3	1	3	2	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M							
O	U						
D	N	DESCRIPTION					
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS				
L	T						
E							
	Vect	or Calculus	11				
	1	Differential Calculus -Ordinary derivatives, Gradient, The Del	3				
		operator, The Divergence, The Curl	3				
1	2	Integral Calculus- Line , Surface and Volume Integrals	4				
	3	The fundamental theorem of Calculus- The fundamental theorem for	4				
		gradients, The fundamental theorem for divergence, The fundamental	4				
		theorem of curl					
Section	on 1.2	2.1 to 1.2.5, 1.3,1 to 1.3.5 of Book1					
	Cur	vilinear Coordinates	11				
	1	Spherical Coordinates, cylindrical coordinates	4				
2	2	Divergence and Curl of electrostatic fields-Field lines, flux and	1				
2		Gauss's law divergence and Curl of magnetic field	4				
	3	Gauss's law, Applications of Gauss's law-field due to uniformly	3				
		charged solid sphere and solid cylinder	3				
Section	on 1.4	1.1 ,1.4.2, 2 ,2.2.1 , 2.2.4 , 5.3.1, 5.3.2 of Book 1					
	Ord	inary Differential Equations	12				
	1	First Order ODE- Basic Concepts-Concept of solution -initial value					
2		problem- Radioactive decay, Separable ODE- initial value problem-					
3		Radiocarbon dating-Newton's law of cooling, Linear first order ODE-	5				
		homogeneous ODE-Non-Homogeneous ODE -Initial value problem-					
		Electric circuit					
	2	Second order Linear ODE-Homogeneous Linear ODE-Initial value					
		problem-general solution - Homogeneous ODE with constant	4				
		coefficients-case I,II,III					
	3	Free Oscillations of Mass Spring system- ODE of undamped system	3				
Section	on 1.1	1,1.3,1.4, 1.5,2.1,2.2,2,4 of Book 2					

	Con	iplex Numbers and Functions	11				
	1	Complex number and geometrical representation-addition,	5				
		multiplication, subtraction, division, complex plane, complex	5				
4		conjugate numbers					
	2	Polar Form of Complex Numbers, Powers and roots-multiplication					
		and division in polar form, Exponential functions, Trigonometric and	6				
		Hyperbolic Functions	6				
Secti	ion 13	.1,13.2,13.4-13.6 of Book 2					
	Prac	ctical Module	30				
	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can be					
	selected from the list or designed by course faculty.)						
	1	Air Wadga Diamatar of a thin wire Error Analysis					
	1.	Air Wedge-Diameter of a thin wire- Error Analysis  Liquid long, Refrective index of a liquid and metarial of the long using					
	2. Liquid lens - Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens using						
	3.	another liquid of known refractive index.  Spectrometer Refractive index of the meterial of a prior					
		Spectrometer – Refractive index of the material of a prism  Carey Fosters Bridge- resistance & resistivity					
	4. 5.	,					
_	_	Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter  Deflection Magnetometer, Ten A and Ten B					
5	6.	Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B  Determine radius of gyration using compound pendulum					
	7. 8.	Logic gates OR, AND using diodes					
		RC and RL transients - determination of capacitance and inductance.					
	9.	https://expeyes.in/experiments/electrical/rctransient.html					
		https://expeyes.in/experiments/electrical/rltransient.html					
	10	. Series LCR circuit using Virtual labs <a href="https://asnm-">https://asnm-</a>					
		iitkgp.vlabs.ac.in/exp/rlc-circuit-analysis/simulation.					
	Or Series LCR circuit using Amritha V lab						
	11. Electric field simulation						
		https://interactives.ck12.org/simulations/physics.html					
<u></u>		and in co.					

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics(4<sup>th</sup> Edn) by David J Griffiths, 2015.
- 2. Advance Engineering Mathematics(10<sup>th</sup> Edn) by Erwin Kreyzig, 2011.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Mathematical Physics (6<sup>th</sup> Edn) by Sathyaprakash, S Chand & Sons, 2014.
- 2. Mathematical Physics (8<sup>th</sup> Edn) by H K Daas, Rama Verma, S Chand & Sons, 2019.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE CCA		ESE 50		ESE		15	1
b)			25	b)	CCA		10	1
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU2DSCPHY123: Fundamentals of Optics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
II	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY123	4	75

Learning A	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE Total		of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive exploration of optics, covering topics such as the nature and propagation of light, geometric optics, interference, and diffraction phenomena. Students will learn about the laws of reflection and refraction, interference patterns, diffraction from single and multiple slits, and the principles behind optical instruments like lenses and spectrometers.

**Course Prerequisite:** Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	To understand what light rays are, and how they are related to wave fronts, the laws that govern the properties of light. Analyse Huygen's principle.	U, An
2	To identify formation of image by plane mirror and a curved interface between two transparent materials. Analyse the causes of various defects in human vision, and correction measures.	U, An

3	To understand interference and interference patterns.	U, A
4	To analyse diffraction at an edge or aperture usage of	4 4
	diffraction gratings for precise measurements of wavelength.	An, A

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

#### PSO 2 PSO 3 PSO 4 **PSO 1** PSO 5 PSO 6 **PSO 7 CO** 1 CO 2 CO 3 **CO 4**

# \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High COURSE CONTENTS

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	The	Nature and Propagation of Light	12
	1	The nature of Light, Two properties of light, Waves, Wavefronts and rays	2
1	2	Reflection- The laws of reflection and Refraction, refraction- Index of Refraction and wave aspects of light, Total internal reflection- Application, Dispersion- Rainbows, Polarization- Polarization by reflection, Circular and elliptical polarization, Photo elasticity	4

	3	Scattering of Light	3					
	4	Huygen's Principle	3					
		Book 1- Sec 33.1-33.7						
	Geo	ometric Optics	14					
	1	Reflection and Refraction at a plane surface- Image formation by						
		a plane mirror, Sign rules, Image of an extended object: Plane	4					
		mirror						
	2	Reflection at a spherical surface-Image of a point object: Spherical						
2	Mirror, Focal point and Focal length, Image of an extended object:							
		Spherical Mirror						
	3 Refraction at a spherical surface- Thin Lenses- Properties ,							
		Converging and Diverging Lenses, The Lens Maker's Equation	3					
	4	The Eye- Defects of Vision, The Magnifier	3					
	5	Book 1- Sec 34.1-34.4, 34.6, 34.7						
	Inte	erference	10					
	1	Interference and Coherent Sources: Interference in Two or Three	3					
		Dimensions. Constructive and Destructive Interference	3					
3	2	Two Source Interference of light- Constructive and Destructive						
J		two slit Interference, Interference in thin films -Thin Film	4					
		Interference and phase shifts during reflection, thin and thick films						
	3	Newton's Rings- Non reflective and reflective coatings,	3					
		Book 1- Sec 35.1 – 35.2, 35.4						
	Dif	fraction	9					
	1	Fresnel and Fraunhofer Diffraction- Diffraction and Huygen's	3					
		Principle,	3					
4	2	Diffraction from a single slit, Intensity maxima in single slit	3					
		pattern, Width of single slit pattern	5					
	3	Multiple slits, The Diffraction Grating	3					
		Book 1 -Sec 36.1- 36.5						
_	Prac	ctical Module	30					
5	1. 5	Spectrometer- Refractive Index of the prism						

- 2. Carey Fosters Bridge- resistance & resistivity
- 3. Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter
- 4. Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B
- 5. Laser- Determination of slit width
- 6. Laser- Diameter of thin wire
- 7. Liquid lens -Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens using another liquid of known refractive index.
- 8. Air Wedge- Diameter of Thin wire
- 9. Logic gates OR, AND using diodes
- 10. Simulations lasers, holography- Introduction

 University Physics with Modern Physics- Hugh D Young and Roger A Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> Edn. ,2016.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Optics and Spectroscopy- R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, S Chand Publishing, 2010.
- 2. A Textbook of Optics- R.Subhrahmanyam, Brijlal and M. N. Avandhanulu 25<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2020.

Evalu	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lectu	ıre		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE	2	50 a) ESE		15	]		
b)	CCA	4	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU2DSCPHY124**: Heat and Thermodynamics

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
2	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY124	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical		ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
3	2	35	65	100	2	

## **Course Description:**

This course explores temperature, heat, and thermal equilibrium, introducing the foundational concepts of thermodynamics through the zeroth and first laws. Students delve into thermal expansion, calorimetry, and heat transfer mechanisms. They then progress to understanding thermodynamic systems, work, internal energy, and processes, culminating in the second law and entropy, with a focus on applications like heat engines and refrigerators. Throughout, emphasis is placed on the fundamental principles governing energy flow and efficiency in various systems.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental principles of heat transfer	U
2	Apply the laws of thermodynamics to solve problems related to heat transfer	A

3	Demonstrate an understanding of heat engines refrigerators and their applications in everyday life	A
4	Evaluate the efficiency of different heat transfer processes and systems	Е
5	Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of heat and thermal physics	An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	3	3	2	1
CO 2	2	2	1	3	3	2	0
CO 3	3	3	0	3	3	2	1
CO 4	2	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO 5	3	2	0	2	2	3	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D	U N					
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS			
L	T					
E						
	Temperature and heat					
1	1	Temperature and thermal equilibrium	2			
	2	Zeroth law of thermodynamics	2			

	3	Thermometers and temperature scales, Gas Thermometers and	2					
		Kelvin scale, Kelvin scale and absolute temperature,	2					
	4	Thermal Expansion, Quantity of heat, Calorimetry and Phase	4					
		changes, Mechanisms of heat transfer	7					
		Sections 17.1-17.3, 17.4, 17.5-17.7- Book 1						
	The	rmodynamics and first law of Thermodynamics	14					
	1	Thermodynamic systems, Work done during volume changes, Paths						
		between thermodynamic states	4					
2	2	Internal energy and First law of thermodynamics,	3					
	3	Kinds of thermodynamic processes,	3					
	4	Internal energies of ideal gas, Heat capacities of ideal gases,						
		adiabatic process in ideal gases						
	5	Sections 19.1, 19.2, 19.3, 19.4, 19.6-19.8 Book1						
	Seco	ond law of Thermodynamics	12					
	1	Directions of Thermodynamic processes	2					
3	2	Heat engines, hot and cold reservoirs, Energy flow diagram and	4					
3		efficiency, Refrigerators	4					
	3	The second law of thermodynamics, Carnot cycle	3					
	4	Carnot refrigerator, Carnot cycle and second law	3					
		Sections 20.1, 20.2, 20.4, 20.5, 20.6 Book 1						
	Ent	ropy	9					
	1	Entropy and disorder	2					
4	2	Entropy in reversible processes, irreversible processes, cyclic	2					
4		processes	3					
	3	Entropy and second law	2					
	4	Microscopic Interpretation of entropy	2					
	<u> </u>	Sections 20.7, 20.8, Book 1						
	Pra	ctical Module	30					
F	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can						
5	be s	elected from the list or teacher can design.						
	1.	Potentiometer- calibration of low range voltmeter						
	1							

- 2. Spectrometer Refractive index of a prism
- 3. Liquid lens Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens using another liquid of known refractive index.
- 4. Newton's law of cooling- Specific heat of a liquid
- 5. Air Wedge-Diameter of a thin wire
- 6. CF bridge-resistance and resistivity
- 7. Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B
- 8. Logic gates OR, AND using diodes
- 9. Simulations based on Heat and Thermodynamics

 University Physics with Modern Physics- Hugh D Young and Roger A Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> Edn. ,2016.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Heat and Thermodynamics- Brijlal, N. Subrahmanyam and P S Hemne, S Chand Publications, 2018.
- 2. Heat and Thermodynamics- Mark Zemansky and Richard Dittman, 8<sup>th</sup> Edn, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			arks Evaluation Type			Marks	Total
Lect	Lecture		75	75 Practical		25		
a)	ESI	E	50	a)	ESE		15	1
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU2DSCPHY125 – Digital Electronics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
II	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY125	4	75

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course introduces the principles of digital electronics, covering binary systems, logic gates, and Boolean algebra. Students will learn about combinational and sequential circuits, including adders. The course emphasizes the design and analysis of digital circuits using truth tables and Karnaugh maps. Practical applications and hands-on lab exercises reinforce theoretical concepts.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the different number systems	U
2	Analyse different logic gates and create combinational circuits	An
3	Analyse Boolean expression and apply in circuits	An
4	Apply combinational logic	A

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	2	2	3	1
CO 2	3	2	0	3	3	3	1
CO 3	3	2	1	3	3	3	1
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3	3	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Nur	nber Systems	10
	1	Decimal numbers, Binary numbers	2
	2	Decimal to Binary Conversion	2
1	3	Binary Arithmetic, Complements of Binary Numbers, Signed Numbers, Arithmetic Operations with signed Numbers,	3
	4	Hexadecimal Numbers, Octal Numbers, Binary Coded Decimal (BCD), Digital Codes	3
		(Book 1, Sections 2.1 to 2.11)	
	Logi	ic Gates	10
2	1	Analog and Digital Quantities,	2
	2	Binary Digits,	2
	3	Logic Levels and Digital wave forms	3

	4	Basic Logic Functions, Inverter( NOT gate), AND Gates, OR Gate,	3					
		NAND gate, NOR Gate, Exclusive – OR and Exclusive – NOR Gates.	3					
		(Book 1: Sections 1.1 – 1.3, 3.1 – 3.6)						
	Boo	lean Algebra and Logic Simplification	13					
	1	Boolean Operation and Expression, Laws and Rules of Boolean Algebra						
3	2	DeMorgan's Theorem, Boolean Analysis of Logic Circuits	3					
			J					
	3	Logic Simplification using Boolean Algebra, Standard Forms of	3					
		Boolean Expressions, Boolean Expressions and Truth Tables,						
	4	Karnaugh Map and Karnaugh Map SOP Minimization	4					
		(Book 1: Sections 4.1 – 4.9)						
	Con	nbinational Logic Analysis and Function of Combinational Logic	12					
	1	Basic Combinational Logic Circuits, Implementing Combinational	4					
4		Logic	4					
•	2	Universal Properties of NAND and NOR Gates, Combinational	4					
		Logic using NAND and NOR Gates,	4					
	3	Half and Full Adders, Parallel Binary Adders, Comparator	4					
		(Book 1: Sections 5.1 – 5.4, 6.1 – 6.2, 6.4)						
	Prac	ctical Module	30					
	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can						
	be se	elected from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.)						
	]	. Realization of AND, OR, NOT logic gates using diodes and verify						
		with truth table						
5	2	2. Study of Digital ICs and IC trainer kit						
3	3	3. Liquid lens - Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens						
		using another liquid of known refractive index.						
		Spectrometer – Refractive index of the material of a prism						
	4	5. Carey Fosters Bridge- resistance & resistivity						
	6	6. Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter						
	7	7. Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B						
5	2 5	<ul> <li>3. Liquid lens - Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens using another liquid of known refractive index.</li> <li>4. Spectrometer – Refractive index of the material of a prism</li> <li>5. Carey Fosters Bridge- resistance &amp; resistivity</li> <li>6. Potentiometer calibration of low range voltmeter</li> </ul>						

1. Digital Fundamentals, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2017.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Digital Principles and Applications D P Leach and A P Malvino (TMH), 8<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2014.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Ciruits A Anandakumar (PHI), 4<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2016.
- 3. Principle of Electronics, V K Metha and Rohith Mehtha, 11th Edn, S Chand & Company, 2019.
- 4. Digital Electronics circuits and Systems V K Puri, McGraw Hill, 2017.

Evalu	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Total
Lecti	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a) ESE		15	-	
b)	CCA	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	1
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU2DSCPHY126: Introduction to AI tools**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
II	DSC	100	KU2DSCPHY126	4	75

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course introduces the concepts and techniques of AI and ML, focusing on their practical applications in solving complex problems in physics and related areas. It covers essential topics such as supervised and unsupervised learning, neural networks, and the implementation of AI/ML algorithms.

#### **Course Prerequisite:**

- Basic programming knowledge (Python is highly recommended).
- Fundamental understanding of statistics and linear algebra.

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental concepts of AI and ML.	U
2	Recognize the applicability of AI/ML methods in physics.	A
3	Implement basic AI/ML algorithms using appropriate tools.	С

4	Analyse and interpret results obtained from AI/ML models.	An
5	Critically assess the limitations and ethical considerations of AI/ML.	E

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO 2	3	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO 3	2	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	3	3	2	3
CO 5	2	2	1	2	2	2	2

## \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS			
	Introduction to AI, Machine Learning Data Handling and Pre- processing					
1	1	Historical background and evolution of AI, Overview of AI and ML in the modern context	3			
	2	Applications of AI/ML in various fields, with an emphasis on physics.	3			
	3	Introduction to data structures relevant to AI/ML.	3			

	4	4 Techniques for data cleaning, normalisation, and transformation,						
		Visualisation of multidimensional data.	4					
		Book 1 – Chapters 3,4,5 Book 2-Chapter 1						
	Sup	ervised Learning and Unsupervised Learning	12					
	1	Basic concepts of supervised learning, Linear regression, logistic						
		regression.	3					
	2	Decision trees and support vector machines	3					
2	3	Basic concepts of unsupervised learning. Clustering algorithms (k-	2					
		means, hierarchical clustering).	3					
	4	Dimensionality reduction techniques (PCA, t-SNE).	3					
		Book 1- Chapters 2,3,5,11						
	Neu	ral Networks and Deep Learning	8					
	1	Introduction to neural networks.	3					
3	2	Fundamentals of deep learning.	2					
		Applications of deep learning in image and speech recognition.	3					
		Book2- Chapters 6,12						
	Eth	ical Considerations and Future of AI/ML and Special Topics in	12					
	Phy	sics	12					
	1	Discussion on the ethical implications of AI.	3					
		Discussion on the ethical implications of AI.  The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.	3					
4	1		3					
4	1 2	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.						
4	1 2	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in	3					
4	1 2 3	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).	3					
4	1 2 3	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics	3					
4	1 2 3	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.	3					
4	1 2 3 4 Pra	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.  Book 2- Chapter 19, Problems in Book 1 and Book 2	3 3					
	1 2 3 4 Pra	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.  Book 2- Chapter 19, Problems in Book 1 and Book 2  ctical Module	3 3					
5	1 2 3 4 Pra Dire	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.  Book 2- Chapter 19, Problems in Book 1 and Book 2  ctical Module  ections;  1. Potentiometer- calibration of low range voltmeter	3 3					
	1 2 3 4 Pra Dire	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.  Book 2- Chapter 19, Problems in Book 1 and Book 2  ctical Module  ections;  1. Potentiometer- calibration of low range voltmeter 2. Liquid lens - Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens	3 3					
	1 2 3 4 Pra	The future landscape of AI/ML in research and industry.  Use of AI/ML in solving physics problems (e.g., pattern recognition in particle physics, prediction models in astrophysics).  Case studies highlighting the integration of AI/ML with physics research.  Book 2- Chapter 19, Problems in Book 1 and Book 2  ctical Module  ections;  1. Potentiometer- calibration of low range voltmeter	3 3					

- 4. CF bridge-resistance and resistivity
- 5. Deflection Magnetometer –Tan A and Tan B
- 6. Logic gates OR, AND using diodes
- 7. Students undertake a small project or case study where they apply AI/ML concepts to a physics-related problem.
- 8. Presentation of project work and discussions.
- 9. Guest lectures by experts in AI/ML and physics.
- 10. Access to online platforms for AI/ML practice and coding.
- 11. Encouragement of collaborative learning and peer review.

- 1. Python Machine Learning by Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, Packt Publishing, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn,. 2019.
- 2. Deep Learning by Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, and Aaron Courville, 2017.
- 3. Online resources, including tutorials and datasets for practical exercises.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Storytelling with Data: A Data Visualization Guide for Business Professionals by Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic, 2015.
- 2. Cambridge IGCSE and O Level Computer Science by David Watson & Helen Williams, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn., 2021.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE	E	50	a) ESE		15		
b)	CC	4	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER III**

# **KU3DSCPHY201: Basic Mathematical Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY201	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course offers a comprehensive study of mathematical methods crucial in scientific disciplines. From vector algebra to linear algebra, students can study fundamental concepts like vector operations, derivatives, integrals, and differential equations, with a focus on real-world problem-solving, students gain proficiency in analysing vectors, differential equations, and matrices, preparing them for advanced studies and research in diverse fields.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Mathematics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand vector operations and vector algebra	U
2	Compare differential operators in various coordinate systems	An
3	Understand the basic concepts of modelling and Solve first order and second order ODEs	U,A

4	Understand and apply fundamental concepts in linear	
	algebra, eigenvalues and eigenvectors.	U,A

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO 2	1	3	2	1	0	0	2
CO 3	1	1	3	3	3	3	1
CO 4	2	1	1	3	3	3	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Vec	tor Calculus	16
	1	Vector Algebra: Vector Operations , Vector Algebra: Component	
		Form ,Triple Products, Position, Displacement, and Separation	4
1		Vectors	
	2	Differential Calculus: Ordinary Derivatives, Gradient ,The Del	
		Operator, The Divergence, The Curl, Product Rules, Second	4
		Derivatives	

fundamental theorem of Calculus, for Gradients, for Divergences, for Curls. Integration by Parts.  4
4 Curvilinear Coordinates: Spherical Coordinates, Cylindrical Coordinates .Their relationship to Cartesian coordinates, Expression for differential displacement vector, differential area vectors, differential volume element, , gradient operator, divergence operator and curl operator in spherical polar and cylindrical coordinates  Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1  Differential Equation  1 Basic concepts- modelling-geometric meaning-direction field 2 2 Euler's method-separable ODE- modelling-exact ODE-integrating factors –linear ODEs  3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics 2 4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
Coordinates .Their relationship to Cartesian coordinates, Expression for differential displacement vector, differential area vectors, differential volume element, , gradient operator, divergence operator and curl operator in spherical polar and cylindrical coordinates    Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1
for differential displacement vector, differential area vectors, differential volume element, , gradient operator, divergence operator and curl operator in spherical polar and cylindrical coordinates    Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1
for differential displacement vector, differential area vectors, differential volume element, , gradient operator, divergence operator and curl operator in spherical polar and cylindrical coordinates    Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1
and curl operator in spherical polar and cylindrical coordinates    Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1
Sections 1.1 to 1.6 Book 1  Differential Equation  1 Basic concepts- modelling-geometric meaning-direction field  2 Euler's method-separable ODE- modelling-exact ODE-integrating factors —linear ODEs  3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics  4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
Differential Equation  1 Basic concepts- modelling-geometric meaning-direction field  2 Euler's method-separable ODE- modelling-exact ODE-integrating factors –linear ODEs  3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics  4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
1 Basic concepts- modelling-geometric meaning-direction field 2 2 Euler's method-separable ODE- modelling-exact ODE-integrating factors –linear ODEs 3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics 2 4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
2 Euler's method-separable ODE- modelling-exact ODE-integrating factors –linear ODEs  3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics  4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
factors –linear ODEs  Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics  Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
factors –linear ODEs  Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics  Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
3 Bernoulli equation, Population dynamics 2  4 Homogeneous linear ODEs of second order-homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
ODEs with constant coefficients- Modelling of free oscillations of mass spring system  Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
mass spring system   3
mass spring system Sections 1.1-1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 Book 2
T. Al 1
Linear Algebra 12
1 Matrices, Vectors: Addition and Scalar Multiplication 3
2 Linear Independence - Rank, Vector Spaces 3
3 Solutions of Linear Systems - Existence, Uniqueness, 3
4 The inverse of a Matrix, Vector Spaces, Inner Product Spaces, Linear
Transformations 3
Sections 7.1, 7.4, 7.5, 7.8 Book 2
Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors 10
4 1 Definition of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, 2
Calculation of eigenvalues and eigenvectors, 3

	2	Applications of Eigenvalue Problems, Symmetric, Skew-	
		Symmetric, and Orthogonal Matrices, The concept of	5
		diagonalization, Diagonalizability and similarity transformations,	3
		Procedures for diagonalizing matrices	
		Sections 8.1-8.2 Book 2	
	Tea	ncher Specific Module	12
	Dir	rections:	
	1.	Use computational softwares or Python with NumPy to perform	
		vector addition, subtraction, and scalar multiplication. Visualize	
		vectors in 2D and 3D space.	
5	2.	Solve problems involving gradient, divergence, and curl using	
		software tools.	
	3.	Convert between Cartesian, spherical, and cylindrical coordinates	
		using software tools.	
	4.	Solve second-order homogeneous linear ODEs with constant	
		coefficients using software tools.	
	5.	Use MATLAB or Python to perform matrix operations such as	
		addition, multiplication, and inversion	

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics David Griffiths 4 Edn, 2015.
- 2. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edn.— Erwin Kreyszig— John Wliey&sons, 2011.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences by Mary L. Boas, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn. 2006.
- 2. Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, 3rdEdn.–K. F.Riley, M. P.Hobson, S. J.Bence, 2006.

	Evaluation Type				
ESF		70			
CCA	1	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU3DSCPHY202: Mechanics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	202	KU3DSCPHY202	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course introduces non-inertial systems and fictitious forces, such as the Coriolis force and central force motion. Students study phenomena like harmonic oscillators, waves, and relativistic effects. Emphasis is placed on understanding fundamental principles like Einstein's postulates and their consequences, preparing students to analyze complex physical systems and phenomena. Through theoretical study and practical examples, students develop a deep understanding of classical and relativistic physics concepts essential for modern scientific inquiry and technological applications.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the concept of Galilean transformations and uniformly accelerating systems	U

2	Determine the trajectory of a body in a central force problem using Newton's laws	A
3	Understand Kepler's laws of planetary motion	U
4	Formulate the mathematical equation of waves	An, A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO 2	3	3	1	2	1	1	1
CO 3	2	1	3	1	0	2	2
CO 4	1	1	2	3	1	0	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Noi	n inertial Systems and Fictitious Forces	12
1	1	Galilean transformations	2
	2	Uniformly accelerating systems, The apparent force of gravity,  Pendulum in an accelerating car	3

	3	The principle of equivalence	2
	4	Physics in a rotating coordinate system, Rate of change of a rotating	
		vector, Acceleration relative to rotating coordinates, Time	
		derivatives, and rotating coordinates, The apparent force in a	5
		rotating coordinate system, Fictitious Forces, The Coriolis force,	
		Deflection of a falling mass, Motion on the rotating earth	
		Sections 8.1 – 8.5 Book1	
	Cen	tral Force Motion	10
	1	Central force motion as a one-body problem	2
	2	Features of central force motion, Motion is confined to a plane,	
2		Energy and angular momentum are constants of the motion, The	4
		law of equal areas, Solution for Central force problem	
	3	The energy equation and energy diagrams	2
	4	Planetary motion- Hyperbolic orbits – Satellite orbit, Kepler's laws	2
		Sections 9.1-9.7 Book 1	
	Har	monic Oscillator & Waves	10
	1	Simple Harmonic Motion, Nomenclature, Energy of the Harmonic Oscillator	2
	2	Damped harmonic oscillator – Energy and Q-factor, Graphical	
3		analysis of a damped oscillator, Solution of the equation of motion	3
		for the damped oscillator	
	3	Waves-Progressive wave, General equation of wave motion, plane	3
		progressive harmonic wave, Energy density	3
	4	Transverse waves in stretched strings, longitudinal waves in rods,	2
		longitudinal waves in gases	<b>4</b>
		Sections 10.1 – 10.3 of Book 1, 11.1-11.9, 11.12 of Book 2	
	Sne	cial Theory of Relativity	13
4	Spe	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	2	Relativity of time-relativity of length-relativistic velocity addition-	3
		relativistic Doppler effect	3
	3	Lorentz transformation-length contraction-velocity transformation-	
		simultaneity and clock synchronization-twin paradox-space time	5
		diagram.	
	4	Relativistic dynamics-relativistic kinetic energy-relativistic total	2
		energy and kinetic energy, -relativistic momentum and energy	3
		Chapter 2- Book 3	
	Prac	tical Module	30
	Dire	ctions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments	
	/acti	vities designed by the teacher	
	1	. Spectrometer –Refractive index of a prism	
	2	. Melde's String- Frequency of a tuning fork/ac	
	3	. Newton's law of cooling- Specific heat of a liquid	
5	4	. Potentiometer- resistance and resistivity	
3	5	. Carey Fosters Bridge- resistance & resistivity	
	6	. Deflection Magnetometer- Tan A ,Tan B and Tan C	
	7	. Liquid Lens –Refractive index of a liquid and material of the lens	
		using another liquid of known refractive index	
	8	. Simulations/virtual experiments on the topics	
	9	. Programming and graph plotting based on the problems using any	
		software	

- An Introduction to Mechanics, Second Edn. Daniel Kleppner and Robert Kolenkow – Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- 2. Mechanics by J C Upadhyaya 5th edn. 2017.
- 3. Modern Physics by Kenneth S Krane, 4th edn., 2020.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Sears And Zemansky's University Physics With Modern Physics, 14<sup>th</sup> Edn, Hugh
   Young, Roger A. Freedman, Addison Wessley.
- 2. Intermediate Dynamics, Second Edition, PATRICK HAMILL, Cambridge University Press, 2022.
- 3. Berkeley Physics Course: Vol.1: Mechanics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn. Kittel*et al.* McGraw-Hill, 2017.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESI	Ε	50	a) ESE		15	1	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	-
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3DSCPHY211: Elementary Solid State Physics and Spectroscopy**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY211	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration	
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
3	2	35	65	100	2	

## **Course Description:**

This course provides a detailed examination of the structure and properties of solids, including crystal geometry, unit cells, and lattice structures. Students learn about the band theory of solids, focusing on electrical conduction and the classification of materials based on their energy band structures. The course also covers topics in microwave and infrared spectroscopy, exploring molecular rotation, vibrational spectra, and their applications in determining molecular properties and isotopic abundances.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand fundamental terms of crystallography	U
2	Understand various crystal systems and crystallographic planes, miller indices	U
3	Analyse the basics of electrical conductivity in solids	An

4	Analyse the energy band structure of solids	An
5	Understand the microwave spectrum of rigid diatomic molecules and the infrared spectrum of harmonic and	U
	anharmonic systems	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1	2	1
CO 2	3	3	1	1	1	2	2
CO 3	1	1	3	2	1	2	1
CO 4	2	1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Stru	cture Of Solids	12
	1	Introduction, Classification of solids, Periodicity in crystals, Crystal structure,	3
1	2	Geometry of a space lattice, Unit cell, Bravais lattices, Crystal systems, Crystal symmetry, Unit cell characteristics	3
	3	Three cubic lattices, Atom positions in cubic unit cell, Directions in cubic unit cell,	3
	4	Crystallographic planes and miller indices, Interplanar distance in a cubic crystal.	3
		Book 1: Sections 16.1 - 16.11 and 16.16 - 16.19.	

Influence of external factors on conductivity  2 Band theory of solids, Energy bands, Energy gap,  3 Classification of solids,  4 Energy band structure of a conductor, Energy band structure of an insulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor.  5 Book 1: Sections 17.1 - 17.9 and 17.13 - 17.15  Microwave Spectroscopy  1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra  2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	3
Influence of external factors on conductivity  2 Band theory of solids, Energy bands, Energy gap,  3 Classification of solids,  4 Energy band structure of a conductor, Energy band structure of an insulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor.  5 Book 1: Sections 17.1 - 17.9 and 17.13 - 17.15  Microwave Spectroscopy  1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra  2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	
Classification of solids,  4 Energy band structure of a conductor, Energy band structure of an insulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor.  5 Book 1: Sections 17.1 - 17.9 and 17.13 - 17.15  Microwave Spectroscopy  1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra  2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	
3 Classification of solids, 4 Energy band structure of a conductor, Energy band structure of an insulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor. 5 Book 1: Sections 17.1 - 17.9 and 17.13 - 17.15  Microwave Spectroscopy 1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra 2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length 3 The intensities of spectral lines, 4 The effect of isotopic substitution, Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy 1	3
insulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor.  5 Book 1: Sections 17.1 - 17.9 and 17.13 - 17.15  Microwave Spectroscopy  1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra  2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, , Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	2
misulator, Energy band structure of a semiconductor.  5	3
Microwave Spectroscopy  1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra  2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	
1 The rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra 2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length 3 The intensities of spectral lines, 4 The effect of isotopic substitution, , Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	
2 The rigid diatomic molecule, Determination of bond length  3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, , Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	1
3 The intensities of spectral lines,  4 The effect of isotopic substitution, , Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy	3
4 The effect of isotopic substitution, , Determination of abundance of isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	2
isotopes.  Book 2: Sections 19.1 - 19.7  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	3
Infrared Spectroscopy  Infrared Spectroscopy  1	3
Infrared Spectroscopy 1	3
1 The energy of a diatomic molecule,	11
	3
2 Vibrating diatomic molecule as a harmonic oscillator, The	3
anharmonic oscillator,	
3 The diatomic vibrating rotator,	2
4 The vibration rotation spectra of carbon monoxide.	3
Book 2: Sections 20.1 - 20.5	
Practical Module 3	30
Directions: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can	
be selected from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.)	
1. Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m <sub>1</sub> /m <sub>2</sub>	
2. Zener diode voltage regulator (Vz given)	
3. Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.  5. A Potentiameter Calibration of ammeter.	
4. Potentionneter- Cambration of animeter	
5. Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without filter	
6. Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism 7. Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of	
Sodium light	
8. Voltage multiplier	
9. Simulations	

- 1. A textbook of Engineering Physics by M N Avadhanulu and P G Kshirsagar, S Chand & Company Ltd., 9<sup>th</sup> revised edition, 2014.
- 2. Optics and Spectroscopy by R Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, S Chand & Company Ltd., revised edition, 2010.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Solid State Physics by S O Pillai, New Age International Publishers, 8<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 2. Solid State Physics by A J Dekker, Macmillan Publishers Ltd.
- 3. Modern Physics by R Murugeshan and Kiruthiga Sivaprasath, S Chand & Company Ltd., 18<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 4. Solid State Physics and Electronics by R K Puri and V K Babbar, S Chand & Company Ltd.,
- 5. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy by Colin N Banwell and Elaine M Mc Cash, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 5<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 6. Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy by G Aruldhas, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

Eva	Evaluation Type		Marks	Eva	luati	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ture		75	Pra	ctical	<u> </u>	25	
a)	ESI	Ε	50	a) ESE		15	-	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	-
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	•

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3DSCPHY212: Linear Vector Space, Matrices & Formulation of Quantum Mechanics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY212	4	75

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course provides a mathematical foundation for Quantum Mechanics, helping the students to study the fundamental concepts of linear vector spaces, including vector operations, linear independence, basis, and dimension. Students will study linear transformations, matrix representations, eigenvalues, and eigenvectors. Emphasis is placed on solving systems of linear equations and understanding vector space applications in various fields. The course includes both theoretical insights and practical problem-solving techniques.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Mathematics and Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	To apply the concept of linear vector space and Dirac notation in the formulation of quantum mechanical problems.	A
2	To understand the mathematical foundations of quantum operators and their properties.	U

3	To represent the various mathematical quantities in quantum mechanics in matrix form.	U
4	To apply the knowledge about matrices and its properties for matrix mechanics	A
5	To understand the basic postulates and principles of quantum mechanics.	An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	3	3	2	3	2	2	1
CO 4	3	3	2	3	3	3	1
CO 5	3	3	2	2	3	2	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
O	U			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOU	
U	I	DESCRIPTION	RS	
L	T			
E				
1	1 Mathematical Tools of Quantum Mechanics			

The Linear Vector Space	2
The Hilbert Space	2
Dimension and Basis of a Vector Space,	
Examples of Linear Vector Space,	4
Square Integrable Functions: wave Functions.	4
Dirac Notation	2
Sections 2.1-2.3 Book 1	
perators	12
1 Operators	
a) General Definitions	
b) Hermitian Adjoint	
c) Commutator algebra	4
d) Inverse and Unitary Operators	
	2
	3
Unitary Transformations and its properties	3
Section 4 Book 1	
 Iatrix Representation	13
Matrix representation of Kets and Bra	3
Matrix representation of Operators	
2 Some examples for matrix representation of operator	
(a)Hermitian adjoint operation	
(b) Inverse and Unitary Operators	
(c) Trace of an operator and its properties	5
(d) Inner product and Outer product	
(e) Properties of matrix	
	The Hilbert Space  Dimension and Basis of a Vector Space, Examples of Linear Vector Space, Square Integrable Functions: wave Functions.  Dirac Notation  Sections 2.1-2.3 Book 1  Operators  a) General Definitions b) Hermitian Adjoint c) Commutator algebra d) Inverse and Unitary Operators  Uncertainty Relation between Two Operators  Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of an Operator Theorems pertaining to eigenvalue problem Unitary Transformations and its properties  Section 4 Book 1  Intrix Representation  Matrix representation of Kets and Bra Matrix representation of Operators  Some examples for matrix representation of operator (a) Hermitian adjoint operation (b) Inverse and Unitary Operators (c) Trace of an operator and its properties (d) Inner product and Outer product

	3	Matrix representation of Eigenvalue problem	3				
	4	Matrix Mechanics	2				
		Sections 2.5-2.7.1 Book 1					
	Pos	tulates Of Quantum Mechanics	10				
	1	Basic Postulates of Quantum mechanics	2				
	2	The state of a system,					
		Probability Density,	3				
4		Superposition Principle					
	3	Measurement in Quantum Mechanics					
		How measurements disturb systems					
	4	Expectation values, Time evolution of expectation values					
		Sections 3.2, 3.3, 3.5.1, 3.5.2, 3.6					
	Practical Module						
	Directions: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can						
	be selected from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.						
	1.	Discuss and demonstrate following python programmes for matrix					
		manipulation using numpy and sympy packages:					
		• Eigenvalue and eigen vector of a square matrix.					
		• Find inverse of a matrix.					
		• Find trace and determinant of a matrix.					
5		• Find inner product.					
		• Find outer product.					
		• Find commutator.					
	2.	2. Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m1/m2					
	3.	Voltage multiplier					
	4.	Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.					
	5.	Potentiometer- Calibration of ammeter					
	6.	Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without filter					
	7.	Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism					

8.	Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of Sodium	
	light	

 Quantum Mechanics: Concepts and Applications, N Zettili, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, 2009.

# **Suggested Readings:**

 Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn, David J Griffiths, Darrell F Schroeter, Cambridge University press, 2018.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3DSCPHY213: Biophysics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY213	4	75

Learning A	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course provides an overview of fundamental principles and practical applications of various biophysical methods used in biochemical and biological analyses. Students will learn about the principles of photometry, calorimetry, and various spectroscopic techniques such as absorption spectroscopy and UV-visible spectrometry. Furthermore, students will explore biomechanics. Finally, the course introduces neuro biophysics.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Science

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Comprehend and apply Biophysical analytical methods them in practical scenarios for quantitative analysis of biological samples.	U, A
2	Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of diffusion and osmosis, including the causes, kinetics, and types of diffusion, as well as the mechanisms and significance of osmosis in plant and human cells.	U

3	Understand Molecular Interactions in Biological Systems	U
4	Analyse Biomechanics of Biological Movements	An
5	Understand Neuro biophysics and Sensory Mechanisms	U

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	2	3	3	1	1
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	3	3	1	0
CO 5	3	2	2	3	3	1	2

# \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	<b>Bio</b>	Chemical analytical methods  Photometry, calorimetry, spectroscopies- absorption spectroscopy, spectrophotometer, ultraviolet and visible spectrometry.	3
1	2	Biophysical principle: diffusion-causes of diffusion, kinetics of diffusion, types of diffusion,	3
	3	Osmosis-what is Osmosis, semipermeable membrane, mechanism of semi permeable membrane,	3
	4	Osmosis and plant cell, Osmosis and human cell	3

		Book 1: chapter 5, chapter 9					
	Intr	a and intermolecular interactions in biological system	13				
	1	Intra and intermolecular interaction, chemical bond, chemical	4				
		behaviour of atoms, energy within atom,	4				
	2	Chemical bonding and atomic orbital theory, bond length, bond	3				
2		energy, bond angle, bond order, chemical bonds	3				
	3	Electrovalency, covalent bond, application of covalent bond,	3				
		nonpolar covalent bond, polar covalent bond	3				
	4	Types of Hydrogen bond, significance of Hydrogen bonding	3				
		Book 2: Chapter 5					
	Bio	Biomechanics					
	1	Muscles-types, properties, functions, structure, molecular	3				
3		components of muscle.	3				
3	2	basic force of laws, centre of mass	2				
	3	biomechanical analysis of movement of snakes	2				
	4	life in fluids, swimming of fishes, aerodynamic basis of flights.	3				
		Book 2: Chapter 13					
	Neu	ro Biophysics	10				
	1	Nervous system	3				
	2	Biophysics of membrane potential, transmission of nerve impulse,	2				
4		Sensory mechanism	2				
	3	The eye-basic structure of human eye, Biophysical aspect of vision,	3				
		biophysical changes during vision.	3				
	4	Ear as a hearing organ- parts of ear, Biophysical aspects of hearing.	2				
		Book 2: Chapter 14					
	Pra	ctical Module	30				
	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can					
5	be s	elected from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.)					
J		1. Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m <sub>1</sub> /m <sub>2</sub>					
	2	2. Zener diode voltage regulator (Vz given)					
	3	3. Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.					

- 4. Potentiometer- Calibration of ammeter
- 5. Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without filter
- 6. Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism
- 7. Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of Sodium light
- 8. Voltage multiplier
- 9. Simulations

- 1. A text book of Biophysics by R N Roy, 2001.
- 2. Introduction to Biophysics by Dr Pranab Kumar Banerjee, 2<sup>nd</sup> revised Edn., 2014.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- "Principles of Biochemistry" by Albert L. Lehninger, David L. Nelson, and Michael M. Cox
- 2. Biomechanics: Mechanical Properties of Living Tissues" by Y.C. Fung
- 3. Principles of Neural Science" by Eric R. Kandel, James H. Schwartz, Thomas M. Jessell, Steven A. Siegelbaum, and A.J. Hudspeth

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Evaluation Type			Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	1
b)	CC	4	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity.

## **KU3DSCPHY214: Oscillations and waves**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY214	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course deals with the principles of harmonic motion, frictional effects, wave motion, and vibrations in various mediums. Students can understand the concepts like simple harmonic motion, damping, and driven oscillations, with applications ranging from pendulums to electrical circuits. Additionally, they study wave phenomena, including transverse and longitudinal waves, and analyze vibrations in strings, rods, and gases, gaining a comprehensive understanding of oscillatory behaviour and wave propagation in physical systems.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Apply the ideas of simple harmonic motion to different physical situations	A
2	Analyse what causes the attenuation of waves	An
3	Understand the harmonic oscillations	U
4	Understand types of mechanical waves	U

Ī	5	Analyse the formation and properties of waves in strings,	A 10
		rods and gases	All

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	3	3	2	2
CO 2	3	2	2	3	2	1	1
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3	1	1
CO 4	3	2	2	3	2	1	0
CO 5	3	2	2	3	2	2	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
O	U			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDG	
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
L	T			
E				
	Har	monic motion	11	
	1	Period and Harmonic motion, Harmonic oscillator, Simple harmonic motion	3	
1	2	Energy of a harmonic oscillator, Average values of kinetic and potential energies of a harmonic oscillator	3	
	3	Examples of SHM-Compound Pendulum, Torsion pendulum,	3	
	4 Two body harmonic oscillator, Oscillation of a diatomic molecule			
		Book 1: 7.1 -7.5;7.6-7.8		

	Fric	tional Effects	10
	1	Damped Harmonic oscillator, Quality factor, Examples of damped	3
		harmonic oscillator	3
2	2	Dead beat and Ballistic galvanometer	2
	3	LCR circuit	2
	4	Driven harmonic oscillator, sharpness of resonance	3
		Book 1: 8.1,8.2,8.4,8.5-8.7	
	Wav	ve Motion	12
	1	Wave motion -types of waves, Transverse and longitudinal wave	
		motion, wavefront, wavelength frequency and wave number,	3
		,velocity and pressure curves	
3	2	Expression for a plane progressive harmonic wave, Particle velocity	3
	3	Differential equation of a wave motion, Differential equation of a	3
		three dimensional wave	3
	4	Energy density of a plane progressive wave, energy current-intensity	3
		of a wave	3
		Book 1: 9.1-9.12	
	Vib	rations of strings, rods and gases	12
	1	Vibrations of strings, Propagation of transverse vibration along a	3
		string, Velocity of a transverse wave along a string,	5
4	2	Longitudinal waves in a gaseous medium,	3
	3	Longitudinal waves in rods, standing waves in a linear bounded	3
		medium	3
	4	Different modes of vibration of strings, rods and air columns	3
		Book 1: 9.15-9.21	
	Prac	ctical Module	30
	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can	
5	be se	elected from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.)	
	1	Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.	
	2	2. Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m1/m2	
	3	3. Potentiometer- Calibration of ammeter	

- 4. Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without filter
- 6. Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism
- 7. Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of Sodium light
- 8. Voltage multiplier
- 9. Simulations

1. Mechanics - D.S. Mathur, S Chand and Company Limited, Reprint 2007.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Mechanics- J C Upadhyaya, 5<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2017.
- University Physics with Modern Physics Hugh D Young & Roger A Freedman-14<sup>th</sup> edition, 2016.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a) ESE		15		
b)	CC	4	25	b)	CC	A	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3DSCPHY215: Photonics & Communication**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY215	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course offers an introduction to the fundamentals of photonics and its applications in modern communication systems. Topics include the properties of light, optical fibres and photonic devices. Students can understand and analyze photodetectors.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamentals of optical fibre communication	U
2	Understand and analyse various light sources for transmission	U,An
3	Understand various photo-detectors	U

4	Analyse the loss in fibre optic communication	An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3	1	1
CO 3	3	3	2	2	3	1	1
CO 4	3	2	3	2	3	2	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M							
O	U						
D	N	N DESCRIPTION					
U	I						
L	T						
E							
	Fibr	e Optic Fundamentals	12				
	1	Propagation of light in different media	3				
1	2	Propagation of light waves in an optical fibre, Basic structure of an optical fibre	3				
	3	Acceptance angle and acceptance cone of a fibre, Numerical aperture, applications of fibres,	3				
	4	Fibre classification, plastic fibres, problems	3				
		Book 1, Sections 2.1 - 2.5, 2.12, 3.1 - 3.6					
2	2 Light Sources for Optical Fibres						

	1	Introduction, LED, the process involved in LED's, structures of	4					
		LED, LED materials,	7					
	2	Output power characteristics of LED, fibre-LED coupling,	3					
	modulation band width of LED, spectral emission of LED's							
	3	LASER operation, types of lasers, spatial emission pattern of laser,	3					
		current Vs output power characteristics of a laser	3					
	4	Modulation response of a laser, single frequency laser	4					
		Book 1, Sections 9.1 - 9.3						
	Pho	todetectors	9					
	1	Introduction, characteristics of photo detectors, photo emissive	3					
3	photo detector		3					
3	2	Photoconductive devices, Photovoltaic devices	2					
	3	P-N Junction photodetector, PIN photodiode, Avalanche photodiode	2					
	4	Photo transistor, Bit error rate	2					
		Book 1, Sections 10.1 - 10.10						
	Fibre Losses							
	1	Communication system general,	2					
	2	Attenuation in optic fibres, material and impurity loss, Rayleigh	3					
4		scattering loss, Absorption loss	3					
	3	leaky modes, bending loss, radiation induced loss, inherent defect	3					
		loss, inverse square law loss, transmission loss	3					
	4	temperature dependence of fibre loss, core and cladding loss	2					
		Book 1, Sections 7.1 - 7.12						
	Pra	ctical Module	30					
	Dire	ections: At least 5 experiments from the following + 2 Activities (can be						
	sele	cted from the list or can be designed by the course faculty.)						
5	1.	Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.						
	3.	Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m1/m2						
	4.	Potentiometer- Calibration of ammeter						
	5.	Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without filter						
	6.	Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism						

7.	LED characteristics	
8.	Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of Sodium	
	light	
9.	Planck's constant using LED	

 Optical fibres and Fibre Optic Communication Systems by Subir Kumar Sarkar, S Chand & Company Ltd. 2007.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Optical Fibre Communications-Principles and Practice by John M Senior, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 2. Textbook on Optical Fiber Communication and its Applications by S C Gupta, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- 3. A textbook of Engineering Physics by M N Avadhanulu and P G Kshirsagar, S Chand & Company Ltd., 9<sup>th</sup> Edition

Eval	Evaluation Type			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	Lecture		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESF	E	50	a) ESE		15	1	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	-
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU3DSCPHY216: Mathematical and Computational Modelling in Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
III	DSC	200	KU3DSCPHY216	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course offers a comprehensive introduction to mathematical modelling, emphasizing the transformation of physics derivations into model-building activities. Students will learn foundational principles, validate approximations, and grasp the importance of numerical solutions. The course features hands-on activities, interactive derivations, manipulable simulations, and coding exercises using WolframAlpha, as well as visualization tools like GeoGebra and NetLogo. Both physical and non-physical systems are covered, enhancing students' skills in creating models and identifying numerical solutions.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	To understand the smooth transition from derivations to computational models.	U

2	To estimate the validity of approximation and simplification in mathematical modelling	An, A
3	To justify the importance of numerical solutions and its validity.	An,A
4	To examine various modelling techniques used in simple physical and non-physical systems.	An. A
5	To design mathematical models for simple physical systems.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	2	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3	3	1
CO 3	3	3	2	2	3	3	1
CO 4	3	3	3	2	3	2	1
CO 5	3	3	2	2	3	2	2

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight. 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
0	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			

	For	undations of mathematical modelling	15				
	1	Cognition and modelling	3				
		Natural Sciences and Mathematics	3				
	2	Mathematical model of a body falling					
	Principles for determining mathematical models						
1	3 Analytical vs Numerical solution - Importance of computation						
•	in modelling,						
		Basics of the numerical solution - Polynomial, Differential	4				
		equation, Integration					
	4	Hands-on activity - Wolfram-alpha code on finding numerical					
		solution of linear differential equations, solving nth order					
	polynomial, find definite integral						
	Refe	erences: 1, 2, 5					
	Ma	10					
	1	1 Pendulum: simple pendulum - Physical pendulum, Viscous					
	pendulum, Forced pendulum - resonance		3				
2	2	Numerical solution of the pendulum	2				
	3	Deriving wave equation - wave in a string,	2				
	4	Simulation of harmonic oscillator system: simple, damped,					
		forced, piecewise and numerical solution (Hands-on activity),	3				
		Interactive derivations: Wave equation, Bernoulli's equation,					
		References: 1, 2, 3, 4					
	Ma	thematical Modelling in Physics - Other Physical Systems	10				
	1	Deriving Bernoulli's equation,	2				
		Deriving the diffusion equation.	2				
3	2	Modelling pressure exerted by gas and its connection with					
		temperature,	3				
		Deriving Barometric formula - Variation of atmospheric	3				
		pressure with height,					
	3	Modelling heat flow: Newton's law of cooling,	2				

		Heat equation.				
	4	Interactive derivations: Barometric formula, Heat equation,				
	Hands on activity - Geogebra - Dynamic plot of the intensity of					
	diffracted light, solving heat equation and visualising the					
		solution using Geogebra				
		References: 1, 2, 3, 4, 7				
	Ma	thematical Modelling: Transition from Physical system to	10			
	Interdisciplinary Systems					
	1	Iconic Model Building episodes in history of physics -	3			
4		Blackbody radiation and Maxwell's equation	3			
	2	Modelling light diffraction - single and multiple slits	2			
	3	Modelling virus transmission,	2			
	4	Population Dynamics.	3			
		References: 1, 2, 6, 7, 8				
	Practical Module					
	Dire	ections: <b>At least 5</b> experiments from the following + 2 Activities				
	(can	be selected from the list or can be designed by the course				
	facu	lty.)				
	1	1. Searle's Vibration magnetometer- moment and m <sub>1</sub> /m <sub>2</sub>				
	2	2. Zener diode voltage regulator (Vz given)				
	3	3. Melde's string - Frequency of a tuning fork.				
	4	4. Potentiometer- Calibration of ammeter				
5	4	5. Full wave Rectifier- study of ripple factor with and without				
		filter				
	(	5. Spectrometer dispersive power of a prism				
		7. Newton's Ring (Radius of Curvature) given- Wavelength of				
		Sodium light				
	8	3. Voltage multiplier				
	Ģ	9. Try to discuss mathematical modelling of any 3 simple systems				
		and use Wolfram Mathematica / Geogebra / NetLogo to find its				
		solution / visualization.				

For example: Reflection and transmission of light through a transparent media, Chemical kinetics equation, One species evolution, Predator-prey model, Economic competition model, Political competition, Modelling traffic, Stock Market Fluctuation, Climate Modeling,

Also find the numerical solution for the model discussed. For example: Python coding to solve any 3 modelling activities and their execution.

#### **Essential Readings:**

- Mashood, K. K., Khosla, K., Prasad, A., Sasidevan, V., CH, M. A., Jose, C., & Chandrasekharan, S. (2022). Participatory approach to introduce computational modeling at the undergraduate level, extending existing curricula and practices: Augmenting derivations. *Physical Review Physics Education Research*, 18(2), 020136.
- 2. Serovajsky, S. (2021). Mathematical Modelling (1st ed.). Chapman and Hall/CRC. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1201/9781003035602">https://doi.org/10.1201/9781003035602</a>
- 3. Interactive Derivations https://mcc.hbcse.tifr.res.in/interactive-derivations/
- 4. Manipulable Simulations https://lsr.hbcse.tifr.res.in/manipulable-simulations/
- 5. Wolfram Mathematica https://www.wolfram.com/mathematica/resources/
- 6. Netlogo Models Library <a href="https://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/models/">https://ccl.northwestern.edu/netlogo/models/</a>
- 7. Geogebra resources https://www.geogebra.org/materials
- 8. Branchetti, L., Cattabriga, A., & Levrini, O. (2019). Interplay between mathematics and physics to catch the nature of a scientific breakthrough: The case of the blackbody. *Physical Review Physics Education Research*, *15*(2), 020130.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Sherwood, B. A., & Chabay, R. (2003). Matter and interactions.
- 2. Mathematical Modeling (Part 1) <a href="https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kemh1a2.pdf">https://ncert.nic.in/textbook/pdf/kemh1a2.pdf</a>
- 3. Mathematical Modeling (Part 2) https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/iemh1a2.pdf
- 4. Caballero, M.D., Odden, T.O.B. Computing in physics education. *Nat. Phys.* 20, 339–341 (2024). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-023-02371-2

- 5. Hestenes, D. (1992). Modeling games in the Newtonian world. *American Journal of physics*, 60(8), 732-748.
- 6. Nersessian, N. (1992). How do scientists think? Capturing the dynamics conceptual change in science.
- 7. Palmgren, E., & Rasa, T. (2024). Modelling Roles of Mathematics in Physics: Perspectives for Physics Education. *Science & Education*, 33(2), 365-382.

#### **Assessment Rubrics:**

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lecture		75 Practical		25				
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESI	E	15	1
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CC	A	10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

#### **Employability for the Course:**

Mathematical modeling is a practice that pervades all quantitative disciplines. In addition to Physics, model building finds application in all spheres where quantitative analysis and prediction are the key focus. The present course will allow students to perceive mathematical modeling from such a broad perspective which in turn will allow them to easily transition to diverse areas like finance, business analysis, quantitative social science etc. The course will give an introduction to some of the basic concepts and tools in this regard.

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER IV**

# **KU4DSCPHY203: Electromagnetics and Circuit Theory**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	DSC	200	KU4DSCPHY203	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
3	2	35	65	100	2	

## **Course Description:**

Electromagnetics is one of the core courses in Physics curriculum. This course covers the fundamental principles and mathematical formalism related to static electric and magnetic fields, electric potential and the analysis of electrical circuits using network theorems. After completing the course, the student should be able to appreciate principles related to electromagnetism, calculate electric and magnetic fields due to static charge configurations and steady currents and to analyse electrical circuits using network theorems.

Course Prerequisite: Basics of vector algebra, coordinates systems and calculus.

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
--------	------------------	------------------

1	Understand the fundamental principles of electrostatics and Magnetostatics and hence to establish the foundation for higher level courses in Electrodynamics, Electromagnetic waves and Radiation theory.	U
2	Apply appropriate mathematical methods and boundary conditions to calculate electric fields and potentials produced by static charge distributions.	A
3	Understand the basics of electrical circuits and analyse complex electrical circuits using network theorems.	U, An
4	Develop critical thinking skills through the analysis and solution of electrostatic and magnetostatic problems.  Develop experimental skills through practical experiments in the laboratory.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	3	3	2	3	1
CO 4	2	1	1	3	3	2	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M						
О	U					
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDG			
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS			
L	Т					
E						
	Elec	tric charge, Field and Potential	13			
	1	One Dimensional Dirac Delta Function - Three-Dimensional Dirac	2			
		Delta Function	3			
	2	The Electric Field - Coulomb's Law - Continuous Charge				
		Distribution - Filed Lines - Flux and Gauss's law - Divergence of E	4			
		- Applications of Gauss's Law - Curl of E				
1	3 Electric potential-Introduction to Potential - Comments on Potential					
		- Poisson's and Laplace's Equations - Potential of a Localised	3			
		Charge Distribution - Boundary Conditions				
	4	Work and energy in electrostatics-Work done to move a charge -				
		Energy of a point charge Distribution - Energy of a continuous charge	3			
		distribution - Comments on Electrostatic Energy				
		Sections: 1.5.2, 1.5.3, 2.1- 2.4 Book 1				
	Con	ductors	10			
	1	Conductors: Basic Properties - Induced Charges - Surface Charge	4			
		and Force on a Conductor, Capacitors	4			
	2	Potentials- Laplace's Equation in one Dimension -Laplace's	2			
2		Equation in two Dimension	3			
	3	Approximate Potentials at Large Distances	2			
		Monopole and Dipole Terms - Electric Field of a Dipole	3			
		Sections: 2.5, 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.4.1, 3.4.2 Book 1				
	Mag	gnetostatics	12			
3	1	The Lorentz Force Law: Magnetic Fields - Magnetic Forces -	4			
		Cyclotron Motion - Cycloid Motion - Currents				
		Cyclotron Motion - Cycloid Motion - Currents	4			

	2	The Biot -Savart law: Steady Currents - Magnetic Field of a Steady					
		Current - Straight- Line Currents - Divergence and Curl of B -	5				
		Ampere's Law ,Comparison of Magnetostatics and Electrostatics					
	3	The Vector Potential - Magnetostatic Boundary Conditions	3				
		Sections: 5.1 - 5.4 Book 1					
	Electric Circuits						
	1 Kirchoff's Laws - Voltage and current sources - Source conversion						
4	2	Superposition theorem - Maximum power transfer theorem -	3				
4	Reciprocity theorem						
	3	Thevenin's and Norton's theorems - equivalent circuits	2				
	4	Star/delta, delta/star transformations	3				
		Sections: 2.2, 2.15 -2.18, 2.21, 2.22, 2.25, 2.30 Book 2					
	Prac	ctical module	30				
	Dire	ctions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments					
	/acti	vities					
	desig	gned by the course faculty					
	1	Familiarisation of Multimeter - measuring (a)AC and DC					
		voltages (b) Resistances (c) DC currents and (d) checking					
		electrical fuses.					
5	2	2. Determine the dipole moment of a magnet M and the horizontal					
		component of earth's magnetic field B0 at the place using a					
		Circular Coil apparatus.					
	3. Calibrate the given low range voltmeter using potentiometer.						
	4. Searles vibration magnetometer Compare the dipole moments of						
		the given magnets and find the dipole moment of one of them					
	5	5. Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's Theorems					
	6	5. Potentiometer- resistance and resistivity					
	7	. Carey Foster bridge -resistance and resistivity					

- 1. Introduction to electrodynamics -David. J. Griffiths ,4th Edn, 2015.
- A textbook of Electrical Technology, Volume- 1, 23<sup>rd</sup> Edn, B.L. Thereja & A.K. Thereja, 2004.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Feynman Lectures Volume II
- 2. Classical Electrodynamics, John Davis Jackson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., 2009.
- 3. Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory, John R. Reitz, Frederick J. Milford and Robrt W. Christy

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ure		75	Practical		25		
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE	1	15	
b)	CC	CCA 25 b) CCA		10	100			
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

### **KU4DSCPHY204: Electronics I**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	DSC	200	KU4DSCPHY204	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course covers the fundamentals of semiconductor devices, including N-type and P-type semiconductors, diodes, and transistors. Students will explore diode characteristics, rectifiers, voltage regulators, and transistor biasing. Additionally, the course includes an introduction to number systems, binary arithmetic, and digital logic gates. Practical applications of Boolean algebra and logic simplification in designing combinational circuits are emphasized.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the principles of semiconductor physics and the operation of diodes and transistors.	U

2	Analyse and design rectifier circuits and voltage regulators using Zener diodes.	An, C
3	Convert between different number systems and perform binary arithmetic.	A
4	Apply Boolean algebra to simplify logic circuits and design basic combinational logic circuits using NAND and NOR gates.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	2	2	3	1
CO 2	3	3	1	1	1	2	1
CO 3	1	1	3	3	1	1	2
CO 4	1	2	3	3	2	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M						
O	U					
D	N	DESCRIPTION				
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS			
L	T					
E						
1	Semiconductor Diodes and their applications					
1	1	Semiconductor Basics, N-type and P- type Semiconductors	2			

	2	Diode, Biasing a Diode, Voltage – Current Characteristics of a	2			
		diode, Diode Models	2			
	3	Half Wave Rectifiers, Full Wave Rectifiers, Power supply Filters	3			
		and Capacitor filters	3			
	4	Voltage Multipliers, Zener Diodes, Zener Diode Application –	3			
		Voltage Regulator.	3			
		<b>Book 1: Sections 1.6 – 1.10, 2.1 – 2.3, 2.6, 3.1 – 3.2</b>				
	Tra	nsistors and Its Biasing Circuits	12			
	1	Bipolar Junction Transistor - Transistor Structure, Basic Transistor	3			
		Operation, Transistor Characteristics and Parameters	3			
	2	Transistor as an Amplifier, Transistor as a Switch	3			
2	3	Transistor Bias circuits – DC Operating Point, Voltage Divider Bias,	2			
		Other Biasing Methods.	3			
	4	Field Effect Transistor – JFET, JFET Characteristics and	2			
		Parameters, JFET Biasing, MOSFET	3			
		Book 1: Sections 4.1 – 4.5, 5.1-5.3, 7.1 – 7.4				
	Nun	nber Systems:	10			
	1	Decimal numbers, Binary numbers	2			
	2	Decimal to Binary Conversion, Binary Arithmetic, Complements of	3			
3		Binary Numbers	3			
	3	Signed Numbers, Arithmetic Operations with signed Numbers,	2			
	4	Hexadecimal Numbers, Octal Numbers, Binary Coded Decimal	2			
		(BCD), Digital Codes	3			
Ī		Book 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.11				
	Lo	Book 2: Sections 2.1 to 2.11 gic gates, Boolean algebra and Logic Simplification	13			
	Lo					
		gic gates, Boolean algebra and Logic Simplification	3			
4		gic gates, Boolean algebra and Logic Simplification  The Inverter (NOT), AND, OR, NAND, NOR, Exclusive – OR and				
4	1	gic gates, Boolean algebra and Logic Simplification  The Inverter (NOT), AND, OR, NAND, NOR, Exclusive – OR and Exclusive – NOR Gates				
4	1	gic gates, Boolean algebra and Logic Simplification  The Inverter (NOT), AND, OR, NAND, NOR, Exclusive – OR and Exclusive – NOR Gates  Boolean Operation and Expression, Laws and Rules of Boolean	3			

	4	The universal property of NAND and NOR gates, Combinational	4		
		logic using NAND and NOR gates	4		
		Book 2: Sections 3.1 – 3.6, 4.1 -4.7, 5.1, 5.3			
	Prac	tical Module	30		
	Directions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments /activities				
	desig	ned by the course faculty			
	1. Forward and reverse characteristics of pn junction diode.				
	2	. Half wave and Full wave rectifier. Study ripple factor with and			
		without filter.			
	3	. Bridge rectifier using diode. Study ripple factor with and without			
5		filter			
	4	. Construct Voltage multiplier circuit using diodes and capacitors			
	5	. Zener diode characteristics, Construct a voltage regulator using			
		zener diode.			
	6	. Common emitter characteristics of BJT.			
	7	. Single stage CE amplifier using transistor - gain			
	8	. Voltage series feedback circuits using transistors			
	9	. Realization of AND, OR and NOT gates and verify with truth			
		table			

- 1. Electronic Devices, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition ,Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2012.
- 2. Digital Fundamentals, 11th Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2018.

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A Bell, 5<sup>th</sup> edn., 2009.
- 2. Electronic Devices and circuit theory Robert L Boylestad & Louis Nashelsky (Pearson Eduaction), 2015
- 3. Electronic Principles A P Malvino (TMH), 2006.
- Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshtha and SC Gupta (Mc Graw Hill), 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., 2017.

- 5. Principle of Electronics, V K Metha (S Chand), 2019.
- 6. Digital Principles and Applications D P Leach and A P Malvino (TMH), 2014.
- 7. Fundamentals of Digital Ciruits A Anandakumar (PHI), 2016.
- 8. Digital Electronics circuits and Systems V K Puri (TMH), 2017.

<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	cture		75 Practical		25			
a)			50	a)	ESF		15	1
b)			25	b)	CCA		10	<u>.</u>
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	-
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	-

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU4DSCPHY205: Optics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
IV	DSC	200	KU4DSCPHY205	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

### **Course Description:**

This course in basics of optics will enable the student to understand various optical phenomena, principles, working and applications of optical instruments. It helps to mathematically understand the propagation and properties of light using wave equations. The course familiarises the phenomena of interference, diffraction, and polarisation.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Recognize and use a mathematical oscillator equation and wave equation, and derive these equations for certain systems.	U

2	Understand the principle of superposition of waves	U
3	Use the principles of wave motion and superposition to explain the Physics of polarisation, interference and diffraction.	A
4	Understand the working of selected optical instruments like biprism, interferometer, diffraction grating, and holograms.	U, An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

### **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2	1	2
CO 2	3	3	3	1	2	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	2	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	2	3	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M					
O	U				
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE		
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS		
L	Т				
E					
1	Two beam interference by division of wave front				
1	1	Introduction- Coherence	2		

	2	Interference of light waves- Young's experiment, The interference	3		
		pattern-Intensity distribution.	3		
	3	Fresnel biprism-Interference with white light-Displacement of	3		
		fringes.	3		
	4	The Lloyd's mirror- Phase change on reflection.	2		
		Sections 14.1-14.6, 14.8-14.12 Book1			
-	Inte	rference by division of amplitude	10		
	1	Introduction-Interference by a parallel film when illuminated by a	2		
		plane wave-The cosine law	3		
	2	Non-reflecting films -Highly reflecting films by thin film deposition	2		
2	3	Interference by a film with two non-parallel reflecting surfaces-	3		
	Colour of thin films				
	4	Newton's Rings (reflected system)- Michelson's Interferometer-	2		
		determination of wavelength of monochromatic source			
	5	Sections 15.1-15.4,15.5,15.7-15.11 Book1			
	Fra	unhofer and Fresnel Diffraction	13		
	1	Introduction-Single slit diffraction pattern-Position of maxima and			
		minima.			
		Two slit Fraunhofer diffraction pattern-position of maxima and	4		
		minima, N slit diffraction pattern- position of maxima and minima-			
3		Width of principal maxima-			
	2	The plane diffraction grating- Grating spectrum	3		
		Resolving power of a grating-resolving power of a prism.	3		
	3	Fresnel half period zones-Diffraction by a circular aperture-	3		
		Diffraction by an opaque disc	3		
	4	The zone plate- comparison between zone plate and convex lens.	3		
		Diffraction by a straight edge	J		
		Sections 18.1-18.2,18.6-18.8, 20.1-20.3, 20.6 Book1			
	Pol	arization and Double refraction	12		
4	1	Introduction- Malus's law- Polarization by reflection, Brewster's	3		
	law, Polarization by scattering, Nicol prism		3		
		iaw, i olarization by scattering, inteorprisin			

	3	The phenomenon of double refraction-Interference of polarized lights-Quarter wave and Half wave plates-Analysis of polarized light.	4			
	4	Optical activity (Qualitative ideas)	2			
		Sections 22.1-22.8 Book1				
	Pra	ctical Module	30			
	Directions: At least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments					
	/activities can be designed by the course faculty					
		1. Spectrometer –i-d curve (Graph using software)				
5		2. To determine dispersive power of a prism				
		3. Air Wedge-Diameter of a thin wire				
		4. Newton's Rings- wavelength of sodium light				
		5. Spectrometer-Cauchy's constants assuming wavelengths				
		6. Find the figure of merit of the given moving coil galvanometer.				

1. Optics by Ajoy Ghatak (6th Edition) -Tata MC Graw hill publishing company, 2018.

- A text book of Optics by Dr. N. Subramhaniam, Brijlal, Dr. M.N Avandhalu, S Chand, 2020.
- 2. Optics by Eugene Hecht, 5<sup>Th</sup> edition, Pearson Education, Incorporated, 2017
- 3. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, Asia Publishing House, , 1971.
- 4. A Laboratory Manual of Physics for undergraduate classes, D.P.Khandelwal, VaniPub. Publishing House. 1985.

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	Lecture		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE	1	15	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER V**

### **KU5DSCPHY301: Electronics II**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSC	300	KU5DSCPHY301	4	75

Learning Approach (Ho	Mar	ks Distribut	ion	Duration	
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	CE	CE ESE Total		of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

### **Course Description:**

This course covers the ac equivalent circuits, frequency response of BJT and fundamentals of Op-Amp and also analyse the application BJT and Op-Amp as an amplifier and oscillator. Students will explore various electronics circuits using BJT and Op-Amp. Additionally, the course includes Standard forms and simplification of Boolean Expressions and Functions of Combinational Logic.

**Course Prerequisite:** Electronics I

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the AC analysis of BJT circuits, Different modes amplifiers, Single stage and Multistage amplifiers and Frequency response of Amplifiers	U, An
2	Understand Basis of Op-Amp and Basic Op-Amp Circuits Op-Amp circuits.	U, A

3	Understand the feedback circuits in oscillators and different Oscillator circuits	U, A
4	Understand the standard forms Boolean Expressions,	
	Functions of Combinational Logic and K map	U, A, An
	simplifications and function of Combinational logic	0, 21, 2111
	Circuits	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	2	1	2	1
CO 2	3	2	0	2	0	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	2	0	2	0
CO 4	2	1	2	3	2	2	1

# \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	BJT Amplifiers		
1	1	Amplifier Operation and Transistor AC Equivalent Circuits	3
	2	Common Emitter Amplifier, Common Collector Amplifier and Common Base Amplifier, Multistage Amplifiers	4
	3	Power Amplifiers – Class A Amplifiers, Class B and Class AB Push – Pull Amplifiers	3

	4	Amplifier Frequency Response – Basic Concepts - Decibel	2
	Boo	ok 1: Sections - 6.1 - 6.6, 9.1 – 9.2, 10.1, 10.2	
	Op	erational Amplifier and Basic Op-Amp Circuits	10
2	1	Introduction to Operational Amplifiers and Op-Amp Input and	2
		output Parameters	2
	2	Negative Feedback, Op-Amp with Negative Feedback and its	2
		Effect on Op Amp Impedance	2
	3	Open- Loop Response and Closed loop Response	3
	4	Basic Op-Amp circuits - Summing Amplifiers, Integrator and	3
		Differentiator	3
	Boo	ok 1: Sections – 12.1 – 12.5, 12.7 – 12.8, 13.2– 13.3	
	Osc	cillators	10
3	1	Oscillator – Feedback Oscillator Principles	3
	2	Oscillators with RC Feedback Circuits – Wien - bridge Oscillator	3
		and Phase - Shift Oscillator (OP- Amp Circuits)	3
	3	Oscillators with LC Feedback Circuits - Colpitts oscillator and	4
		Hartley Oscillator (BJT Circuits)	Ţ
	Boo	ok 1: Sections – 16.1 – 16.4	
	Bo	olean Expressions and Combinational Logic	13
4	1	Standard Forms of Boolean Expression, Boolean Expression and	2
		Truth Tables.	2
	2	The Karnaugh Map and Karnaugh Map SOP Minimization	3
	3	Half and Full Adders, Parallel Binary Adders	3
	4	Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexer and Demultiplexer	5
	Boo	ok 2: Sections – 4.6 – 4.11, 6.1 – 6.2, 6.5, 6.6, 6.8, 6.9	
5	Pra	actical Module	30
	Dir	ections: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments /activit	ies
	desi	igned by the course faculty	
		1. Single stage Common Emitter amplifier - Frequency response and	bandwidth
		2. Construct Hartley Oscillator using transistor	

- 3. Inverting amplifier, Non-inverting amplifier and voltage follower using Opamp
- 4. Summing and Difference amplifier using Op-amp
- 5. Differentiator and Integrator using Op-amp
- 6. Wien Bridge Oscillator using Op-amp
- 7. Construct and verify Half and Full Adders
- 8. Minimization of a three variable Boolean expression/Truth table using Karnaugh Map and realization using NAND gates.

- 1. Electronic Devices, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2012.
- 2. Digital Fundamentals, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2018.

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A Bell, 5<sup>th</sup> edn, 2009
- 2. Electronic Devices and circuit theory Robert L Boylestad & Louis Nashelsky (Pearson Education), 2015.
- 3. Electronic Principles A P Malvino (TMH), 2006.
- 4. Basic Electronics and Linear Circuits NN Bhargava, DC Kulshreshtha and SC Gupta (Mc Graw Hill), 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., 2017.
- 5. Principle of Electronics, V K Metha and Rohuth Metha(S Chand), 2019.
- 6. Digital Principles and Applications D P Leach and A P Malvino (TMH), 8<sup>th</sup> edn, 2014.
- 7. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits A Anandakumar (PHI), 4<sup>th</sup> edn., 2016.
- 8. Digital Electronics circuits and Systems V K Puri (TMH), McGraw Hill, 2017.

Eval	Evaluation Type			<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Marks	Total					
Lect	ture		75	Pra	ctical		25						
a)	ESF	Ε	50	a)	ESF	C	15	1					
b)	CC	CCA 25	25	25	25	25	25	25 b) CCA 1	b)	CCA		10	1
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100					
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	-					
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3						

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5DSCPHY302: Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSC	300	KU5DSCPHY302	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course helps the students to comprehend the basic concepts of thermodynamics, first law, second law of thermodynamics, PV, TS diagrams. The course covers the basics of thermodynamic potentials and phase transitions and a brief introduction to Kinetic theory and Statistical Mechanics. The course enables the students to analyse the real-life situations based on thermal properties of materials.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the laws of thermodynamics and their importance in the nature	U
2	Analyse the working of heat engines with laws of thermodynamics	An
3	Do problems associated with heat and heat transfer	E

4	Understand and analyse the thermodynamic equilibrium,	
	importance of thermodynamic potential, properties of	U, An
	phase transition.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO 2	3	3	2	0	1	1	1
CO 3	1	0	3	0	1	1	0
CO 4	3	2	2	3	1	2	0

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight. 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Tem	perature and zeroth law of Thermodynamics	9
1	1	Macroscopic and Microscopic point of view in thermodynamic, scope of thermodynamics,	2
1	2	Thermal equilibrium,	2
	3	Zeroth law, concept of temperature-measurement of temperature-thermometers, Celsius, Farenheit and Kelvin scales	3

	4	Thermodynamic equilibrium, equation of state- Examples- for	
		ideal and real gas- hydrostatic systems – mathematical theorems –	2
		intensive and extensive parameters	
		Book 1 sections 1.1 – 1.7,1.10-1.11,1.17,2.1-2.4,2.10	
	Wor	k, heat and first law of thermodynamics	15
	1	Work- Quasistatic process- work in changing volume of a hydrostatic system-PV diagram-hydrostatic work depends on path-calculation of Thermodynamic work for Quasistatic process-generalized work.	5
2	2	Work & heat-Adiabatic work-internal energy function-mathematical formulation of first law-concept of heat — concept of path and state function. Meaning of Heat capacity and Specific heat Capacity.	4
	3	Differential form of first law-heat capacity & measurements – specific heat of water	3
	4	Heat reservoir- conduction- convection-radiation-black body- Kirchoff's & Stefan-Boltzmann law.	3
		Book 1 sections 3.1-3.6,3.12-3.13,4.1-4.11,4.13-4.16	
	The	second law of thermodynamics- Entropy	12
	1	Conversion of work into heat and vice-versa- principle of heat engines, cyclic process- gasoline engine and its efficiency, Diesel engine and its efficiency	3
3	2	Kelvin Planck statement of second law-refrigerator; Clausius statement of second law – equivalence of both- reversibility & irreversibility.	3
	3	Concept of Entropy, Clausius Theorem. Clausius Inequality, Second Law of Thermodynamics in terms of Entropy.	3
	4	Entropy of a perfect gas. Principle of Increase of Entropy. Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible processes with examples. T-S diagram and its importance.	3
		Book 1 sections 6.1-6.3, 6.6-6.14, 7.1.7.3-7.7	
4	The	rmodynamic Potentials	12

	1	Thermodynamic Potentials-Internal energy, Enthalpy-Helmholtz				
		free energy, Gibb's function- Maxwell's relations, TdS equations -	3			
		applications.				
	2	Joule Thomson expansion- JK coefficient for ideal and Vander	3			
		walls gas	3			
	3	Adiabatic cooling,	2			
	4	first order phase transition, Clausius-Clapeyron equation & phase	4			
		diagrams. Second order phase transition (Qualitative ideas).	7			
		(Book 1 sections 8.1-8.2, 8.4-8.11,8.13,12.1,12.3-12.4)				
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12			
	Dire	ctions: Can be designed by the course faculty				
5	Intro	oduction to Kinetic theory of gases - Maxwell-Boltzmann Law of				
	Distribution of Velocities in an Ideal Gas- Statistical Mechanics -MB					
	stati	stics, Bose and Fermi Statistics and their applications (Qualitative).				

1. Heat and Thermodynamics-Mark W Zemanski, Richard H Dittman (8th Edn.), 2017.

- 1. Modern Physics by Arthur Beiser
- Concepts in Thermal Physics, S.J. Blundell and K.M. Blundell, 2nd Ed., 2012, Oxford University Press.
- 3. An introduction to Thermal Physics, Daniel V Schroeder, Oxford University Press.
- 4. Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics, Weily, New York
- 5. Basic Thermodynamics, Evelyn Guha, Narosa Publishers

	Evaluation Type						
ESE	ESE						
CCA	CCA						
a)	*Test Paper	10					
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10					
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10					
	Total						

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like book/article review, quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5DSCPHY303: Modern Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
5	DSC	300	KU5DSCPHY303	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course introduces atomic and nuclear physics, exploring Rutherford and Bohr atomic models, and the quantization of energy and angular momentum. Students will learn about the de-Broglie hypothesis, the wave nature of matter, and the Heisenberg uncertainty principle. The course also covers the structure of the nucleus, nuclear forces, and nuclear reactions. Additionally, it familiarizes students with elementary particles and their fundamental properties.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand Rutherford, Bohr atom models and concept of energy and angular momentum quantisation	U
2	Understand de-Broglie hypothesis, concept of wave nature of matter and Heisenberg uncertainty principle	U

3	Understand the structure nucleus and nuclear constituents	U, An
4	Define nuclear forces and nuclear reactions, Familiarize	An
	elementary particles and their properties	An

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	0	1	0	1	1
CO 2	3	3	1	0	0	1	0
CO 3	1	1	3	3	3	3	0
CO 4	1	0	3	3	3	3	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Mod	lern Physics	12
1	1	Particle-like Properties of Electromagnetic Radiation : Review of electromagnetic waves – Photoelectric effect – Thermal radiation	3

	2	Compton effect – Other photon processes – particles or waves	3
	3	Wavelike Properties of Particles : De Broglie hypothesis –	
		Experimental evidences, Uncertainty relationships for classical	4
		waves – Heisenberg uncertainty relationships	
	4	Wave packets -Motion of a wave packet, Probability, and	2
		randomness	2
		Book 1 Sections 3.1 to 3.6, Sections 4.1, 4.2.1, 4.3-4.7	
2	Rut	herford-Bohr Model of the Atom	10
Z	1	Basic properties of atoms – Thomson model	2
	2	Rutherford nuclear atom , Line spectra	2
	3	Bohr model , Frank-Hertz experiment	3
	4	Correspondence principle ,Failure of Bohr model	3
		Book 1 Sections 5.1 to 5.8	
	Nuc	lear Physics	13
	1	Nuclear Structure and Radioactivity	
		Nuclear Constituents – Nuclear sizes and shapes – Nuclear masses	3
		and binding energies – Nuclear force	
3		Radioactive decay – Conservation laws in radioactive decay – Alpha	3
		decay – Beta decay – Gamma decay – Natural radioactivity	3
	2	Nuclear Reactions and Applications	
		Types of nuclear reactions – Radioisotope production in nuclear	4
		reactions – Low-energy reaction kinematics	
		Fission – Fission reactors, Fusion – Fusion processes in stars –	3
		Fusion reactors – Applications of nuclear physics	3
		Book 1; Sections 12.1 to 12.4, 12.6- 12.10, 13.1 to 13.5, 13.7.1,	
		13.7.2	
	Eler	mentary Particles	10
	1	The four basic forces	
4		Particle spectrum-Particles and antiparticles- Families of particles	4
	2	Conservation laws – Particle interactions and decays -Kinematics of	4
		particle decay-Kinematics of scattering process-Threshold energy	

	3	The Quark Model – The Standard Model	2			
		Book 1: Sections 14.1, 14.2, 14.4-14.9				
	Pract	tical Module	30			
	Direc	etions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments				
	/activ	ities designed by the course faculty				
	1.	Laser-Slit width from diffraction pattern				
-	2.	Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem				
	3.	Spectrometer –grating-normal incidence				
5	4.	Carey Fosters' Bridge-Temp-coefficient of resistance				
	5.	Conversion of Galvanometer into ammeter- calibration using				
		potentiometer				
	6.	Ballistic Galvanometer- high Resistance by Leakage				
	7.	Simulations a). Frank Hertz Experiment, b). Determination of				
		Planck's constant, c). Photoelectric effect				

1. Modern Physics (Fourth edition) by Kenneth Krane, Wiley student edition, 2020.

- Modern Physics by R. Murugeshan ,Er. KrithigaSivaprasath-(17 revised Edition),
   S.Chand,
- 2. Nuclear Physics by S.N.Ghoshal- S.Chand and Co
- 3. The Atomic nucleus by R.D Evans -McGrawHill, Newyork
- 4. Concepts of Modern Physics ,6thEdn–Arthur Beiser
- Modern Physics, 3rdEdn. Raymond A. Serway, Clement J. Moses, Curt A. Moyer – Cengage
- 6. Modern Physics, 2ndEdn Randy Harris Pearson
- 7. Modern Physics for Scientists and Engineers, 2ndEdn. John R. Taylor, Chris D. Zafiratos, Michael A. Dubson Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Evalu	uation	Type	Marks Evaluation Type M		Marks	Total		
Lectu	ıre		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESE 50 a) ESE		15					
b)	CC	4	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES**

# **KU5DSEPHY301: Computational Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSE	300	KU5DSEPHY301	4	75

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration	
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
4	0	70	30	100	2	

# **Course Description:**

This course introduces essential programming skills using Python, with an emphasis on numerical methods relevant to physics applications. The course equips students with the computational tools necessary for modelling and simulating physical phenomena.

Course Prerequisite: Basic knowledge in programming

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand basic Python concepts, including variables, operators, I/O operations, code writing, and module importing.	U,A
2	Understand loops, logical decision making, Python data structures and object-oriented programming.	U, An

3	Develop Python scripts for tasks like volume calculation,	
	triangle area, matrix operations, and utilise NumPy and	C
	SciPy for scientific computing and 2D plotting.	
4	Acquire proficiency in numerical methods, interpolation,	
	integration, ordinary and partial differential equations, and	U, A
	curve fitting.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	0	2	1	1
CO 2	3	3	0	1	1	0	1
CO 3	1	1	3	3	3	3	1
CO 4	1	0	3	3	3	3	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight. 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
Introduction to Python Programming			
1	1	Basic concepts in Python: Variables Numbers, Operators	3

	2	Typing in Python Interpreter - Namespace and Import - Python as	2
		Calculator- Types and Identities of objects	2
	3	Some built-in Functions - Numbers in Different Bases - Input and	2
		Output (I/O)	2
	4	Writing Codes - Read / Write Data - Import Modules - Creation of	3
		Numbers - Commenting	3
		Sections: 1.1 to 1.12, 1.15	
	Con	trol Structures and Data Structures in Python	11
	1	Loops and Logical Decision Making - For Loop - While Loop	3
	2	Function - Try Except - Python data Structures	3
2	3	List - String - Tuples - Set - Dictionary	2
	4	Copy Objects - Class/Object (Introduction) - Module - package	3
		Sections: 2.1, 2.2.1, 2.2.3, 2.2.6, 2.2.8, 2.3, 3.1 to 3.5, 3.8, 4.1, 4.2,	
		4.3	
	Basi	ic Scripting and Scientific Computing with Python	14
	1	Elementary Python Scripts: Volume of a Sphere- Area of a Triangle	3
		- Odd or Even - Factorial of a Number	3
3	2	Max, Min - Roots of Quadratic Equation - Infinite Series	3
	3	Matrix Operations - Numpy Arrays - Arithmetic Operations -	4
		Special Arrays - Product of Arrays - Numpy Functions	7
	4	Vectorize a Function - Polynomial in Numpy- Load and Save Data	4
		File - Scientific Python (SciPy) - Plotting in 2D	7
		Sections: 6.1 to 6.4, 6.11, 6.13, 6.16, 6.25, 7.1, 7.3, 7.7, 7.8, 7.8.1,	
		7.8.2, 7.9 to 7.11, 7.14, 8.1, 9.1	
	Nun	nerical Methods and Computational Techniques in Python	13
	1	Numerical Methods with Python - Roots of Algebraic Equation:	3
		Bisection Method - Newton-Raphson Method	5
4	2	Interpolation: By Finite Difference Method - Integration: Rectangle	3
		Rule - Trapezoidal Rule - Simpson's 1/3 Rule	
	3	Ordinary Differential Equation (ODE): Euler's Method - Modified	3
		Euler Method - Runge-Kutta Method	

	4 Curve Fitting: Least Square Method - Partial Differential Equation:				
		Wave Equation in 1D	4		
		Sections: 12.1, 12.1.1, 12.1.4, 12.2, 12.2.2, 12.3.1, 12.3.2, 12.3.3,			
		12.4, 12.4.1, 12.4.2, 12.4.3, 12.6, 12.6.1, 12.7, 12.7.5			
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12		
	Dire	ections:			
	Sug	gested Exercises:			
	1. S	olution of equations by bisection method (square root of a number)			
	2. S	Solution of equations by Newton - Raphson method (cube root of a			
	number)				
	3. Numerical Integration - Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3rd rule				
	4. Solution of differential equation Runge - Kutta method (Harmonic				
	Oscillator)				
5	5. Apply the least square method of curve fitting for a given set of data.				
3	6. Solve the one-dimensional wave equation by applying the initial and				
	bou	ndary conditions.			
	7. C	Create two 3x3 matrices A and B with elements generated by uniform			
	random number generator and establish the following results. $(A+B)$				
	$^{T}=A^{T}+B^{T}$ , $(AB)^{T}=B^{T}A^{T}$				
	8. Write a Python code to solve the given quadratic equation.				
	9. Find the Mean, Variance and standard deviation for a given set of data.				
	10. Create a one-dimensional Numpy array of 100 numbers				
	between 0 and 1. Find out the maximum and replace that with				
	99.				

Scientific Computing in Python - Abhijith Kar Gupta (2nd Edition), Techno world,
 2021.

- 1. Python for Informatics Charles Severance
- 2. Python for Education Ajith Kumar B.P. Numerical Methods in Engineering with Python 3 Jaan Kiusalaas

	<b>Evaluation Type</b>				
ESE		70			
CCA	1	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

### **KU5DSEPHY302:** Material science

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSE	300	KU5DSEPHY302	4	60

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical		ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course in material science explores the fundamental properties and behaviour of materials, including metals, ceramics, polymers, and composites. Students will study the structure-property relationships and crystallography. Emphasis is placed on understanding material selection, processing, and performance in engineering applications. Students gain insights into the development and innovation of new materials for various technological advancements.

Course Prerequisite: Basic knowledge about properties of solids

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the historical context, atomic structure, bonding forces, and classification of materials.	U
2	Analyse crystal structures, defects, and imperfections and Bragg's Law	An

3	Comprehend mechanical properties, stress-strain analysis, and factors influencing material behaviour.	An
4	Distinguish between composite materials, ceramics, glasses, and advanced materials	U, An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	0	0	2	0	0
CO 3	3	2	3	0	2	1	1
CO 4	1	1	3	3	1	1	1

# \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	An l	Introduction to Materials Science	11
	1	Historical perspective, Materials Science and Engineering, Why Study Materials Science and Engineering?	3
1	2	Classification of Materials, Advanced Materials; Atomic structure- Fundamental Concepts	3
	3	Electron in Atoms, Periodic Table, Bonding Forces and Energies	2
	4	Primary Interatomic Bonds (Ionic bonding, Covalent Bonding and Metallic Bonding	3

		Book 1: 1.1 -1.5, 2.1-2.6	
	Cr	ystal Structure and Imperfections	14
	1	Introduction, Crystal, Single Crystal, Whiskers, Space Lattice, Unit	4
		Cell, Lattice Parameters of a Unit Cell, Primitive Cell	4
	2	Types of Crystal Systems, Bravais Lattices, Metallic Structure, Body	4
2		Centred Cubic Structure	4
<b>4</b>	3	Face Centred Cubic Structure, Hexagonal Close Packed Structures,	3
		Determination of Crystal Structure, Bragg's Law.	3
	4	Defects or Imperfections in Crystals, Point Imperfections, Line	3
		Defects or Dislocations.	3
		Book 2: 3.1-3.14; 3.46- 3.47, Book 3: 3.19-3.21	
	Med	chanical Properties of Metals	12
	1	Introduction, Types of Mechanical Properties, Elasticity, Plasticity,	
		Ductility, Brittleness, Hardness, Toughness, Stiffness, Resilience,	3
		Creep, Endurance, Strength	
	2	Types of Strengths ( elastic, plastic, tensile, compressive, shear,	3
3		bending and torsional)	3
3	3	Types of Technological Properties (malleability, machinability,	3
		weldability and castability)	3
	4	Factors Affecting Mechanical Properties of a Metal, Stress, Strain,	
		Types of Stresses, Hooke's Law and Modulus of Material, Poisson's	3
		Ratio.	3
		Book 2: 6.1-6.30 and 7.1-7.6	
	Cor	mposite Materials and Ceramics	11
	1	Introduction, Types of Composite Materials, Agglomerated	
	1	Materials	3
4	2		2
4		Particle Size, Packing Factor, Density and Porosity  Coments, Setting and Herdening of Coment, Coments Congrets	
	3	Cements, Setting and Hardening of Cement, Cement Concrete	3
	4	Laminated Materials, Plywood, Tufnol, Reinforced Materials,	3
		Advanced composite materials, Ceramics, Glasses.	
		Book 2: 15.1-15.25	

	Teacher Specific Module	12
5	Directions: Activities designed by the course faculty	

- 1. Materials Science and Engineering' by William D. Callister, Jr.; adapted by R. Balasubramaniam, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013.
- 2. 'Material Science' by R S Kurumi, R S Sedha, S Chand & Company, 2004.
- 3. 'Material Science' by S L Kakani and Amit Kakani, New Age International Publishers, 2016.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Material Science and Engineering' by V Raghavan, 6<sup>th</sup> edn, 2015.
- 'Modern Physical Metallurgy and Materials Engineering' by R. E. Smallman and R.
   J. Bishop
- 3. 'Solid State Physics' by M.A. Wahab, Narosa Publications, 2015.
- 4. 'Modern Physics' by Murugeshan, 17<sup>th</sup> edn.
- 5. 'Material Science and Metallurgy' by U C Jindal-Pearson Education, 2011.
- 6. 'An Introduction to Materials Engineering and Science for Chemical and Materials Engineers' by B.S. Mitchell, Wiley- Interscience.

	Evaluation Type						
ESE		70					
CCA	<u> </u>	30					
a)	*Test Paper	10					
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10					
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10					
	Total	100					

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5DSEPHY303: Radiation Physics**

Semester	ster Course Type Course Level Course Code		Credits	Total Hours	
V	DSE	300	KU5DSEPHY303	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course in radiation physics covers the fundamental principles and applications of radiation, including the nature and properties of different types of radiation. Students will explore radiation interaction with matter and the biological effects of radiation. Emphasis is placed on radiation protection, providing a comprehensive understanding of radiation physics and its significance in various fields.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental principles of radioactivity, including the definition of radioactivity and the concept of radioactive decay.	U

2	Differentiate between different types of radioactive emissions and explore the mechanisms involved in radioactive decay processes.	U, An
3	Analyse the risks and benefits associated with exposure to radioactive materials and understand the principles of radiation protection and safety measures	An
4	Develop experimental skills to observe and analyse radioactive decay processes and properties.	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO 2	3	3	2	0	2	0	1
CO 3	1	1	2	3	1	1	0
CO 4	1	1	1	3	3	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Ra	ndioactivity	11
1	1	Radioactivity and transformation mechanism-Alpha emission- Beta Emission-Positron Emission-Orbital electron capture	3
	2	Gamma rays- Internal conversion- Transformation kinetics	3
	3	Half Life-Average life- Activity- Specific activity	2

	4	Na	aturally occurring radioactivity- serial transformation.	3
		Bo	ook 2-Sec 2.1-2.4,2.7,2.8	
I	Interaction of Radiation with Matter		13	
	1		Beta Rays-Range energy relationship-Mechanism of energy	3
2			loss-Ionization and Excitation- Bremsstrahlung	3
		2	Alpha rays- Range energy relationship- energy transfer	3
2	2	3	Gamma rays- Exponential Absorption-Interaction mechanisms-	4
			pair production	4
	2	4	Compton scattering-photoelectric absorption-	3
			Photodisintegration- combined effects	3
			Book 1-Chapter 5	
	В	Biol	ogical Effects of Radiation	12
	-	1	Dose response characteristics-Direct action- Indirect action	3
3	2 Radiation Effects- Acute effect		Radiation Effects- Acute effects- Delayed effects	3
J	3	3	Relative biological Effectiveness (RBE) and Quality factor (QF)	3
	4	1	Dose Equivalent-High energy Radiation	3
			Book 1- Chapter 4	
	1	Rad	liation Protection Guides	12
		1	Organisations that set standards- Philosophy of Radiation protection	2
	-	2	Basic Radiation Safety Criteria- Effective Dose Equivalent-	
			Exposure of Individuals in general public- Exposure of	
4			populations- Medical Exposure- Allowable limit intake-Inhaled	4
			radioactivity -Derived air concentration-Gastrointestinal tract-	
			Combined Exposure	
		3	Basis for Radiation Safety Regulations- Calculation of MPC in	
			drinking water based on dose to critical organ- Concentration in	3
			drinking water based on comparison with radium	

	4	Airborne radioactivity- Maximum permissible concentrations for non-occupational exposure.	3			
		Book 1-Chapter 8				
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12			
	Directions: Radiation Detection & Measurements					
5	Radiation Detection Principle-					
	Types of Detectors-					
	Practical Dosimeters					
	Soli	d state detectors				

- **1.** Introduction to health physics-Herman Cember, Thomas E Johnson, 4<sup>th</sup> edn., 2009.
- 2. Basic Radiological physics- Kuppusamy Thayalan, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., 2017.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Radiation Detection and Measurement- Glenn F. Knoll
- 2. Introduction to Radiological Physics and Radiation Dosimetry- Frank H. Attix

	Evaluation Type				
ESI	$\Xi$	70			
CCA	A	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5DSEPHY304: Atmospheric Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSC	300	KU5DSEPHY304	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course explores the fundamental principles of atmospheric science, covering topics such as planetary atmospheres, thermodynamic processes, radiative transfer, and climate change. It provides a comprehensive understanding of atmospheric dynamics, radiative equilibrium, cloud formation, and the impact of human activities on climate.

Course Prerequisite: NIL

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand and apply the principles of atmospheric thermodynamics, including the hydrostatic equation, adiabatic processes, and entropy.	U
2	Analyze radiative transfer processes in the atmosphere, including absorption, emission, and the greenhouse effect.	An

3	Evaluate the impact of solar radiation and its interaction	
	with atmospheric components, such as ozone and clouds.	E
4	Assess climate change mechanisms, including energy	
	balance models, climate feedbacks, and radiative forcing	U
	due to greenhouse gases.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	1	1	1	0	1
CO 2	3	3	3	1	2	1	0
CO 3	3	3	3	0	1	1	1
CO 4	3	3	3	3	0	2	0

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Intr	oduction to Atmospheric Physics	12
1	1	Planetary atmosphere, Equilibrium temperature	3
	2	Hydrostatic equation - Adiabatic rate- Sandstorm's theorem	3

	3	Radiative equilibrium model, Black body radiation - Atmospheric	3		
		Windows-Absorption and emission	3		
	4	Radiative equilibrium in atmosphere - Radiative time constants-	3		
		Greenhouse effect	3		
	.Book 1- Section 1.1 to 1.5 , 2.1 to 2.5				
	Atm	ospheric thermodynamics	14		
	1	Entropy of dry air-vertical motion of saturated air-the Tephigram -			
	total potential energy of air column -available potential energy-		4		
		Zonal & eddy energy.			
2	2	More complex radiation transfer	3		
	3	Solar radiation- Its modification by scattering-Absorption of solar	3		
	radiation by Ozone		3		
	4	Absorption by single line-transmission of atmospheric path integral	4		
		equation of transfer- Global radiation budget.	4		
		Book I -Section 3.1 to 3.6, 4.1 to 4,5, 4.11			
	Clin	nate change	12		
	1	Introduction, An energy balance model	3		
3	2	Some solutions of the linearised energy balance model	3		
	3	Climate feedbacks	3		
	4	The radiative forcing due to an increase in carbon dioxide	3		
		Book 2-Sections 8.1 to 8.5			
	Clo	ıds	10		
	1	Cloud formation-cloud classification- Low clouds-precipitating	3		
		clouds-middle clouds-high clouds	3		
4	2	The growth of cloud particles	2		
	3	The radiative properties of clouds	2		
	4	Radiation transfer in clouds, Cloud radiation feed back	3		
		Book 1 -Section 6.1 to 6.5			
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12		
5	Dire	ections			
	Suggestions				

Optical Features, Scattering, Indian climate, Global Warming	

- Physics of atmosphere by John Houton (third edition Cambridge University press),
   2002.
- 2. An Introduction to Atmospheric Physics Second Edition, David G. Andrews, Cambridge University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., 2010..

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Introduction to theoretical Meteorology by S.L.Hess
- 2. An introduction to atmospheric Physics by D.G.Andrews
- Meteorology Understanding the atmosphere by Steven A Ackerman and John A Knox.

		Marks
	<b>Evaluation Type</b>	
ESI	ESE	
CCA	A	30
a)	*Test Paper	10
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	100

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU5DSEPHY305: Applied Optics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
V	DSE	300	KU5DSEPHY305	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Marks Distribution			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
4	0	30	70	100	2	

### **Course Description:**

Applied Optics explores the practical applications of light and optical technologies in various fields. This course covers the principles of light propagation, optical instrumentation, and laser systems. Students will study real-world applications such as fibre optics and photonic devices.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the principle of light-matter interactions and laser operation and distinguish between different types of lasers	U, An
2	Understand the principle of holography and fibre technology, allowing contributions to advancements in holographic imaging and optical communication technologies.	U, An

3	Understand the fundamental principles of LEDs, enabling design and optimization of LED systems	U, An
4	Understand the principle of photoconductors and photodiodes, and their application in optoelectronics.	U

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	3	0
CO 3	3	2	3	0	1	3	0
CO 4	3	3	2	0	1	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Lase	ers	12
	1	Attenuation of light in an optical medium, Thermal equilibrium	3
1	2	Interaction of light with matter, Einstein relations, Light amplification	3
	3	Population inversion, Active medium, Pumping Metastable states,	3
		Pumping schemes, Optical resonant cavity,	3

	Ruby laser, Nd:YAG laser, Helium Neon Laser, CO <sub>2</sub> Laser,	
	Semiconductor laser, Q switching, Laser beam characteristics,	3
	Applications	
	Book 1 Sections 22.1,22.8,22.10,22.11,22.14-22.17	
-	Holography	12
	Principle of Holography- Theory of holography- virtual image and real image	3
	Properties of a hologram, Advances and applications	3
	Optical fibre- critical angle, Modes of propagation, Acceptance angle,	
2	Fraction refractive index change, Numerical Aperture, Types of optical fibres	3
	Normalised frequency, Pulse dispersion, Attenuation Applications of optical fibres, Optical fibre communication system and its advantages	3
	Book 1 sections 23.2,23.5-23.7,23.9,23.10, 24.2-24.6, 24.8, 24.10-	
	24.13, 24.15,24.16	
	Light Emitting Diodes	12
_	Light Emitting Diodes, Electroluminescent process, Choice of LED  Materials	3
	Device Configuration and efficiency- injection efficiency,	
	Recombination efficiency, Extraction efficiency and External	3
2	conversion efficiency, Coupling loss,	
3	Light output from LED, LED structures-Heterojunction LED, BURUS Surface Emitting LED, Guided wave LED,	3
	Drive Circuitry, Device Performance Characteristics- Spectral	
	response, Output power-Time characteristics, Light-Current	2
	characteristics, Diode current-voltage characteristics, Manufacturing	3
	process and Applications.	
	Book 2- Sections 5.1-5.9	
	Photodetectors	12
1 - 1	Photoconductors- DC and AC photoconductor- Gain, Bandwidth and	2
. /=	NI ' ' DI	3
4	Noise in Photoconductors	

	3 Avalanche Photodiodes, Avalanche multiplication: ionization					
		threshold energies, Noise performance of Avalanche Photodiodes	6			
		Practical Avalanche Photodiodes, Superlattice Avalanche Photodiodes				
		Book 2 Sections 8.2-8.4				
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12			
5	Dire	ections:				
	Opto	o- electronic devices and applications				

- 1. Subrahmanyam, Brijlal and Avadhanulu, A textbook of Optics, S. Chand, Multicolour Edition, 2020.
- 2. Pallab Bhattacharya, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, PHI, Second Edition, 1996.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Ajoy Ghatak, Optics, TMH, Sixth Edition, 2018.
- 2. *K. Thyagarajan and Ajoy Ghatak*, Lasers- Fundamentals and Applications, Springer, Second Edition, 2010.
- 3. Wilson and Hawkes, Optoelectronics, Pearson, Third Edition, 2018.
- 4. *S.O Kasap*, Optoelectronics and Photonics-Principles and Practices, Pearson-Second Edition, 2013.
- 5. *M. S Tyagi*, Introduction to Semiconductor Materials and Devices, Wiley Student Edition, 2008.
- 6. Devraj Singh, Applied Optics, PHI, 2015.
- 7. *M.N. Avadhanulu and PS Hemne*, An Introduction to Lasers- theory and Applications- S Chand, Revised Edition, 2013.
- 8. (Journals, E-sources Websites/ weblinks)

	Evaluation Type					
ESE		70				
CCA	<u> </u>	30				
a)	*Test Paper	10				
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10				
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10				
	Total	100				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER VI**

# **KU6DSCPHY304: Electrodynamics-I**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSC	300	KU6DSCPHY304	4	75

Learning	Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)			Marks Distribution			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)		
3	2	35	65	100	2		

### **Course Description:**

This course discusses effects of polarisation, Gauss's law analysis, Ampere's law. It also helps the students to know more about electromagnetic induction and electromagnetic wave propagation.

Course Prerequisite: Electrostatics higher secondary level

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the effects of polarization on bound charges, analyze Gauss's Law in dielectrics, solve boundary value problems with linear dielectrics, and quantify energy and forces in dielectric systems.	U, An, A
2	Explain magnetization processes, apply Amperes Law in magnetized media, differentiate between linear and nonlinear magnetic materials, and explore the properties of ferromagnetism.	A, An

3	Apply Ohm's Law and electromotive force, analyze	
	electromagnetic induction and Maxwell's equations,	
	explore conservation laws and continuity equations, and	A, An
	understand electromagnetic potentials and gauge	
	transformations.	
4	Describe wave propagation in different media, analyze	
	wave reflection and transmission, calculate energy and	
	momentum in electromagnetic waves, and apply wave	An, C
	equations and boundary conditions to understand wave	
	behaviour.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	2	1	0	2	1	0
CO 3	3	3	2	1	1	2	0
CO 4	3	2	2	1	0	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M				
O	U			
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS	
L	T			
E				
1	1 Electric Fields and Dielectrics			

	1	Polarization – Bound charges – Physical interpretation of bound	3
		charges – The field inside a dielectric	3
	2	Gauss's law in the presence of a dielectric - Boundary Conditions-	3
		Displacement vector	3
	3	Linear dielectrics –Susceptibility –permittivity – dielectric constant –	2
		Boundary value problems with linear dielectrics	2
	4	Energy in dielectric systems –Force on dielectrics – Clausius-Mossotti	2
		equation.	2
		Sections: 4.1- 4.4	
	Mag	gnetization and Magnetic Materials	10
	1	Magnetization – Torques and forces on magnetic dipoles –Effect of a	3
		magnetic field on atomic orbits	3
	2	Magnetization –The field of a magnetized object –Bound currents –	2
2		Physical interpretation of bound currents	2
2	3	The magnetic field inside matter – The auxiliary field H– Amperes	2
		law in Magnetized material	2
	4	Boundary Conditions-Linear and Nonlinear Media - Magnetic	3
		susceptibility and permeability –Ferromagnetism	3
		Sections: 6.1 –6.4	
	Elec	trodynamics and Maxwell's Equations	15
	1	Ohm's law - Electromotive force – Motional e.m.f - electromagnetic	
		induction-Induced electric field - Inductance –self-inductance and	4
		mutual inductance –Inductance of coupled coils	
	2	Energy in a magnetic field –Electrodynamics before Maxwell – How	
3		Maxwell fixed Ampere's law– Maxwell's equations – 'Magnetic	4
		charge' –Maxwell's equations inside matter – boundary conditions	
	3	Conservation laws – Charge and energy – The continuity equation –	4
		Poynting's theorem- Newton's third law in electrodynamics	•
	4	Potential formulations of electrodynamics – Scalar & vector potentials	3
		– Gauge transformations – Coulomb Gauge and Lorenz Gauge	
		Sections: 7.1 –7.3, 8.1 – 8.2.1, 8.2.3, 8.2.4, 10.1	
4	Elec	tromagnetic Waves and Propagation	10

	1	The wave equation in one dimension – Sinusoidal waves –Boundary conditions – Reflection and transmission	3
	2	Polarization - Electromagnetic waves in vacuum – The wave equation for E & B –Monochromatic plane waves	3
	3	Energy and momentum in electromagnetic waves –Propagation in linear media	2
	4	Reflection and transmission at normal incidence	2
		Sections: 9.1 – 9.2, 9.3.1, 9.3.2	
	Prac	tical Module	30
	Direc	tions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments	
	/activ	ities designed by the course faculty	
	raciiv	mes designed by the course faculty	
		Deflection Magnetometer & Box type vibration	
5		Deflection Magnetometer & Box type vibration magnetometer- m and B0	
5	2.	Deflection Magnetometer & Box type vibration magnetometer- m and B0	
5	2. 3.	Deflection Magnetometer & Box type vibration magnetometer- m and B0  Lee's disc- Thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Potentiometer-Calibration of High range voltmeter (Graph using	
5	2. 3.	Deflection Magnetometer & Box type vibration magnetometer- m and B0  Lee's disc- Thermal conductivity of a bad conductor Potentiometer-Calibration of High range voltmeter (Graph using software)  Potentiometer-Reduction factor of TG and B0(Error analysis is	

1. Introduction to electrodynamics -David. J. Griffiths, 4<sup>th</sup> Edn, 2013.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Feynman Lectures Volume II
- 2. Classical Electrodynamics, John Davis Jackson, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., 2009.
- 3. Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory, John R. Reitz, Frederick J. Milford and Robrt W. Christy

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total				
Lecti	ure		75	Pra	ctical		25					
a)	ESE	E	50	a)	ESE		15					
b)	CC	A	25 b) CCA	25	25	b) CCA 10	CCA		CCA		10	-
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100				
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4					
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3					

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU6DSCPHY305**: Solid State Physics and Spectroscopy

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSC	300	KU6DSCPHY305	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

### **Course Description:**

Solid-state physics and spectroscopy course includes the properties and behaviours of solid materials through the principles of quantum mechanics, crystallography, and electronic structure. This course covers the fundamentals of crystal lattices, band theory, and the interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter. Students will explore various experimental methods such as microwave and infrared spectroscopy.

Course Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand basic crystal structure and compare various crystal systems	U
2	Understand and analyse Bragg's law and X-ray diffraction method	U, An

3	Analyse the properties of semiconductors and band structure of solids	An
4	Understand the microwave and infrared spectroscopy	U

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	2	1
CO 2	3	3	1	0	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	3	0	1	0	0
CO 4	1	1	1	3	1	1	0

# \*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight. 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Stru	ctural Study of Crystalline Solids	13
1	1	Introduction – Lattice points and space lattice – The basis and crystal structure – Unit cells and lattice parameters – Unit cell versus primitive cell	4
	2	Crystal systems – Symmetry elements in crystals – Metallic crystal structures SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures	3

	3	Directions, planes and Miller indices – Important features of Miller	3
		indices -	3
	4	Bragg's law – Bragg's X Ray Spectrometer – Powder crystal	
	•	method – Rotating Crystal method	3
		method Rotating Crystal method	
		Book 1 Chapter 4, Sections 1-16, 18-19; Chapter 5, Sections 7-11	
	Sem	iconducting Properties of Materials	12
	1	Semiconductors – Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors – Band	2
		structure of semiconductors	3
	2	Fermi level of intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors - Fermi level	3
2		and carrier concentration in semiconductors	3
	3	Mobility of charge carriers – Electrical conductivity in	3
		semiconductors	3
	4	Hall Effect – Applications of Hall effect.	3
		Book 2 Chapter 13, Sections 1-4, 6; Book 1 Chapter 5, Section 14	
	Mic	rowave Spectroscopy	10
	1	Regions of the spectrum-Microwave spectroscopy	2
	2	The rotation of molecules-Rotational spectra-The rigid diatomic	3
3		molecule	3
	3	Intensities of spectral lines-The effect of isotopic substitution	2
1	4	The non rigid rotator- The spectrum of a non rigid rotator,	3
	4	The non rigid rotator- The spectrum of a non rigid rotator, Microwave oven.	3
	4		3
		Microwave oven.	10
4		Microwave oven.  Book 3 Chapter 1, Section 3; Book 3 Chapter 2, Sections 1-3, 7	

	3 The diatomic Vibrating Rotator	2
	4 The vibration-rotation spectrum of carbon monoxide	3
	Book 3 Chapter 3, Sections 1-3	
	Practical Module	30
	Directions: AT least 5 experiments from the list and 2 experiments	
	/activities designed by the course faculty	
	1. Spectrometer –i-i' curve (Graph using software)	
	2. Spectrometer –grating- minimum deviation	
5	3. Power amplifier (Class A) using transistor - Frequency response and band width	
	4. Voltage series and Current series Feedback circuits using transistors	
	5. Astable Multivibrator using transistors	
	6. Conversion of Galvanometer into voltmeter- calibration using	
	potentiometer	
	7. Simulations	

- Solid State Physics by S O Pillai, New Age International Publishers, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition (2018)
- 2. Solid State Physics, Structure and Properties of Materials by M A Wahab, Narosa Publishing House, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (2005)
- 3. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy by Colin N. Banwell and Elaine M. McCash, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 4. A Text Book of Optics by N Subrahmanyam, Brijlal and Dr. M.N Avadhanlu, 25<sup>th</sup> revised Edition (2006)

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, Wiley and Sons, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition.
- 2. Solid state Physics, Saxena, Guptha, Mandal, Pragathi Prakashan
- 3. Solid State Physics by J.Dekker, MacMillan India Ltd
- 4. Elementary Solid State Physics by M. A. Omar, Pearson Education
- 5. Introduction to Spectroscopy, Donald L Pavia Cengage Learning Pvt Ltd
- 6. Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy by G Aruldhas, PHI, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (2008)

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ture		75	Pra	ctical		25	
a)	ESF	E	50	a) ESE		15		
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# KU6DSCPHY306: Quantum Mechanics-I

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSC	300	KU6DSCPHY306	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
4	0	30	70	100	2	

### **Course Description:**

This course will equip students with a solid understanding of foundational concepts in quantum mechanics, enabling them to analyse and solve a variety of quantum systems. Also, it delves into the solutions of the Time Independent Schrödinger Equation within one- dimensional systems, focuses on solving the Schrödinger equation for the Hydrogen atom, one of the fundamental systems in quantum mechanics and introduces the mathematical framework necessary for understanding quantum mechanics.

**Course Prerequisite:** Modern Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the foundations of quantum mechanics, Identify the admissibility conditions on wave functions and comprehend the concepts of eigenfunctions and eigenvalues. Explain the postulates of quantum	U

	mechanics and comprehend the principle of simultaneous measurability of observables.	
2	Analyze one-dimensional energy eigenvalue problems, Understand the principles behind scanning tunnelling microscopy and its application	U, An
3	Explore the quantum mechanics of the hydrogen atom, including solving the Schrödinger equation, identifying quantum numbers. Analyze experimental evidence supporting quantum mechanics.	U, An
4	Gain proficiency in the mathematical tools of quantum mechanics,	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	0	2	2	1	0
CO 2	3	2	0	2	3	1	0
CO 3	3	2	0	2	2	1	0
CO 4	3	3	0	2	3	1	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M	U								
O	N								
D	I	HOURS							
U	T								
L									
E									
	Eig	Eigen Functions and Eigen Values							
	1	Time Independent Schrodinger Equation- Stationary states-	3						
		Admissibility Conditions on the Wave functions	3						
	2	Eigen Functions and eigen values	3						
	3	Postulates of Quantum Mechanics	3						
	4	Simultaneous Measurability of observables.	3						
		Book 1-Chapter 2 &3							
	On	e Dimensional Energy Eigenvalue Problems	11						
	1	Square well potential with rigid walls- square well potential with							
	-	finite walls- square potential barrier	3						
2									
	2	Tunnel effect-Alpha emission- Scanning Tunneling Microscope	3						
	3	Linear Harmonic Oscillator	2						
	4	Schrodinger method- Free particle	3						
		Book 1-Chapter 4							
	Ну	drogen Atom	13						
	1	Schrodinger equation for Hydrogen atom-separation of variables	3						
	2	Quantum numbers-Principal Quantum Number, Orbital Quantum	4						
3		number, Magnetic Quantum number-	4						
	3	Zeeman Effect-electron spin- Exclusion Principle	3						
	4	Stern Gerlach Experiment.	3						
		Book 3- Chapter 6 &7							
<u> </u>	<u> </u>								

	M	athematical Tools of Quantum Mechanics	12
	1	Hibert Space and Wave Functions	3
4	2	Dirac notation-Operator	3
•	3	Representation in discrete bases	3
	4	Representation in continuous bases	3
		Book 2-Chapter 2	
	Te	acher Specific Module	12
	Dir	ections: Suggestions	
		1. Symmetric and Antisymmetric wave functions	
5		2. Spin orbit Coupling	
		3. Total Angular Momentum	
		4. X-ray Spectra	
		5. Paschen- Back Effect	
		6. The Stark effect	

- 1. Quantum Mechanics- G Aruldhas, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., PHI, 2008.
- 2. Nouredine Zettili, Quantum Mechanics- Concepts and Applications, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn., 2009.
- 3. Concepts of Modern physics- Arthur Beiser, 6<sup>th</sup> edn, McGraw Hill, 2020.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- Quantum Physics of Atom, Molecules, Solids, Nuclei & Particles-R. Eisberg &R.
   Resnick
- 2. Modern Physiscs- Kenneth S Krane, 4<sup>th</sup> edn., Wiley India, 2020.
- 3. Quantum Mechanics- B H Bransden & C J Joachain

	Evaluation Type				
ESF		70			
CCA	1	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES**

# **KU6DSEPHY306: Biophotonics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSE	300	KU6DSEPHY306	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical/ Internship	СЕ	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

### **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive understanding of photonics and biophotonics. It covers the principles of nonlinear optics, including wave propagation, second harmonic generation, and stimulated Raman scattering. Students will explore the diverse applications of biophotonics, focusing on light absorption and interaction with biological cells and tissues. Additionally, the course delves into the use of various optical fibres in biophotonic applications and the mechanisms of light-tissue interactions, such as scattering and photobiomodulation.

#### **Course Prerequisite: Optics**

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand and apply fundamental concepts and	
	phenomena in nonlinear optics, including second harmonic	U, A
	generation and stimulated Raman scattering.	

2	Explain the diverse applications and spectral properties of	
	biophotonics, and analyse the structure and interaction of	U, An
	light with biological cells and tissues.	
3	Describe the principles and performance characteristics of	
	various optical fibres, and evaluate their suitability for	U, E
	specific biophotonic applications.	
4	Understand and analyse the mechanisms of light-tissue	
	interactions, including reflection, absorption, scattering, and	U, An
	fluorescence, and their applications in biomedical fields.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	0
CO 2	3	3	1	1	1	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	0	1	1	1
CO 4	3	3	2	2	0	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
О	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
1 Non-Linear Optics		12	

	1	Introduction; Wave Propagation and Momentum Conservation	3				
	2	Linear Medium; Nonlinear Polarization	3				
	3	Second Harmonic Generation; Phase Matching; Sum and Difference	3				
		Frequency Generation	3				
	4	Parametric Oscillation; Self-Focussing of Light; Stimulated Raman	3				
		Scattering					
		Book 1 sections 25.1- 25.10					
	Ove	rview of Biophotonics	10				
	1	What is biophotonics-diverse applications-biophotonics	2				
	2	spectral windows-light absorption – signal attenuation-	2				
2	3	structures of biological cells and tissues- Macromolecules- biological	3				
		cells- mitochondria					
	4	biological tissues and organs	3				
		Book 2 sections 1.1 – 1.6					
1	Optical Fibres for Bio photonic Applications						
	1	Light Guiding Principles in Conventional Optical Fibres; Ray Optics					
		Concepts; Modal Concepts, Mode Field Diameter, Effective Refractive	4				
		Index;					
3	2	Graded-Index Optical Fibres; Core Index Structure, Graded-Index	3				
3		Numerical Aperture, Cutoff Condition in Graded-Index Fibres;	3				
	3	Performance Characteristics of Generic Optical Fibres	3				
	4	Double-Clad Fibres; Coated Hollow-Core Fibres; Photonic Crystal					
		Fibres; Side-Emitting or Glowing Fibres; Middle-Infrared Fibres;	3				
	Tapered Optical Fibres						
		Book 2 Sections 3.1, 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.1.4, 3.2, 3.2.1, 3.2.2, 3.2.3,					
		3.3, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13					
	Ligh	nt – Tissue Interactions	13				
4	Ligh	nt – Tissue Interactions  Reflection and Refraction Applications- Refraction in Ophthalmology,	<b>13</b>				

	2	Absorption Characteristics, Absorption in Biological Tissues	3	
	3	Scattering- Elastic scattering, Rayleigh scattering, inelastic (Raman) scattering	3	
	4	Light-Tissue Interaction Mechanisms – Photo biomodulation, Photochemical Interaction, Thermal Interaction, Photoablation,	4	
		Plasma-Induced Photoablation, Photo disruption; Fluorescence Basics  Book 2 sections 6.1,6.1.1,6.1.2,6.1.3; 6.2,6.2.1,6.2.2; 6.3,6.3.1,6.3.2,6.3.4; 6.5,6.5.1,6.5.2,6.5.3,6.5.4,6.5.5,6.5.6; 6.7		
_		cher Specific Module	12	
5	5 Directions  Discussion on Bio photonic devices			

#### **Essential Readings:**

- A textbook of Optics; N Subramanyam, Brijlal and M.N.Avadhanulu; S.Chand, 25
   th Edition Publishing, 2020.
- 2. Biophotonics: Concepts to Applications by Gerd Keiser, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn., 2022.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Optics by Ajoy Ghatak
- 2. Geometrical and Physical optics by P.K.Chakroborthy
- 3. Introduction to Biophotonics" by Paras N. Prasad
- 4. "Principles of Biomedical Optics" by Lihong V. Wang
- 5. "Handbook of Biomedical Optics" edited by David A. Boas, Colin J.R. Sheppard, and Valery V. Tuchin
- 6. Lasers Theory and Applications K. Thyagarajan and AK Ghatak Macmillan India
- 7. "Nonlinear Optics" by Robert W. Boyd:

	Evaluation Type					
ESF	Σ	70				
CCA	1	30				
a)	*Test Paper	10				
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10				
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10				
	Total					

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU6DSEPHY307:** Nanoscience

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSE	300	KU6DSEPHY 307	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course is meant to the study, manipulation of matter in the nanometre scale. Material properties such as the optical, electrical, thermal, and mechanical properties change drastically in the atomic or molecular regime as compared to the corresponding bulk matter.

Course Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of condensed matter, interparticle interactions in solids

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand basic concepts of Nanoscience	U
2	Differentiate the properties of bulk materials and Nanomaterials	U
3	Identify various methods of synthesis of nanoparticles	U
4	Understand Characterization techniques	U

5	Applications of Nanomaterials in daily life and Scientific	1
	world	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	2	0	0	0	0	1
CO 3	2	3	3	1	1	0	1
CO 4	1	1	3	3	1	1	0
CO 5	1	1	1	1	3	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight. 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M							
O	U						
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS				
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS				
L	T						
E							
	Introduction To Nanoscience						
1	1	Nano And Nature	3				
1	2	Our technologies and the world we live in	3				
	3	NANO- The beginning	4				
	Book 1, Chapter 1, sections 1.1-1.3						
2	2 Properties Of Materials In The Nano-Regime 14						

	1	Effect of size reduction on bulk materials- size effect on physical properties	4				
	2	Optoelectronic properties of bulk and nanostructures-relation between optical properties and electronic structure	4				
	3	Electronic structure and fermi surface- electron-phonon coupling	3				
	4	Luminescence from nanoparticles, Thermodynamics of nanoparticles	3				
	•	Book 2, Chapter 2, Sections 2.7-2.10 & 2.12	_				
	Syn	thesis And Characterization Of Nanomaterials	13				
	1	Bottom Up approach- Sol-gel technique-	4				
3	2	Top Down approach- ball milling-lithography	3				
	3	Crystallography	3				
	4	Transmission Electron Microscopy, Field Ion Microscopy	3				
		Book 2, Chapter 4, Section 4.4 & Book 3, Chapter 3, Sections					
		3.2.2, 3.3.1,3.3.2					
4	App	lications Of Nanotechnology	11				
		Material Science, Biology And Medicine	3				
		Energy and Environment	3				
		Carbon Nanotechnology: Carbon nanostructures and Applications	3				
		fullerene, Carbon nanotube, Graphene	2				
		Book 2, Chapter 10, Sections 10.1 to 10.5 & 10.8					
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12				
5	Illus	tration of nanoparticle synthesis and characterization methods					
	depending on the availability of corresponding instruments						

#### **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Nano: The Essentials, T. Pradeep, Tata-McGraw Hill Publishers 2007
- 2. Nanoscience and Nanotechnology: Fundamentals to Frontiers, M S Ramachandra Rao, Shubra Sing, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.. 2013.
- Introduction to Nanotechnology, Charles Poole Jr. and Frank J. Owens, John Wiley and Sons 2003

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Nanostructures and Nanomaterials-Synthesis, Properties and Applications, Guzhong Cao, Imperial College Press
- 2. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K K Chathopadhyay, A Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			Evaluation Type		Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	Lecture		75	Pra	ctical		25				
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESF	2	15	1			
b)	CC	4	25	b)	CC	4	10	100			
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100			
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4				
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU6DSEPHY308: Medical Imaging & Diagnostic Techniques**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSE	300	KU6 SEPHY308	4	60

Learning	Mar	Duration			
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course introduces students to the physics of various techniques used in medical imaging. This course provides an in-depth exploration of advanced diagnostic imaging techniques, covering the principles and applications of X-ray production, body section radiography, computerised tomography (CT), ultrasound, digital radiography, and magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). Students will delve into the construction of diagnostic X-ray tubes, interaction between X-rays and matter, principles of tomography and stereoscopy, and the fundamentals of CT, ultrasound, digital radiography, and MRI. Through theoretical study students will gain a comprehensive understanding of cutting-edge imaging technologies in the medical field.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
--------	------------------	------------------

1	Understand the principles of X-ray production and its interaction with matter.	U
2	Explore advanced techniques in body section radiography, including tomography and stereoscopy.	An
3	Gain proficiency in the principles and applications of computerized tomography (CT) and ultrasound imaging.	An
4	Familiarize with digital radiography systems and techniques, including digital fluoroscopy and digital subtraction.	U
5	Develop an understanding of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) principles, image reconstruction, and safety considerations.	U

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	0	1	1	1	2
CO 2	3	2	0	0	1	1	2
CO 3	3	2	2	1	0	2	1
CO 4	3	2	2	2	1	1	0
CO 5	3	2	1	1	1	0	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M									
О	U								
D	N								
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS						
L	T								
E									
	X-ra	ny	12						
	1	Production-Diagnostic X-ray tube construction-Grid controlled X-ray							
		tube- Saturation voltage-Heel effect- Tube rating-Process of X-ray	3						
		Generation							
	2	Body Section Radiology-Stereoscopy-Neuroradiology (Book 1							
		Chapter 16, 17 &18) Interaction between X-ray and matter-Coherent							
1		Scattering-Photoelectric effect- Compton Scattering- Pair production							
	3	Attenuation-Linear and mass attenuation coefficient-Factors affecting							
		attenuation application to diagnostic radiology	3						
	4	Filters-inherent and added filters-Heavy metal filters(Book 1 Chapter							
		6)-Xray beam restrictors-aperture diaphragm-cones and cylinders-	3						
		collimators-function of restrictor (Book1 Chapter 7). (9 hours)							
	Book 1:Chapter 2,3,4,6,7,16,17,18								
	Ultr	asound	12						
	1	Physical characteristics of sound-characteristics of ultrasound beam-							
		Transducers-Piezoelectric Crystals. Characteristics of an ultrasonic	3						
		beam- interaction of ultrasound and matter-quarter wave matching-							
2	2	Basic physics of sound propagation in different media, half and							
		quarter wavelength, transmission of pulse and echo modes,	3						
	3	Ultrasonic display-, A, B and TM scanning modes.	3						
	4	Imaging Principle-Doppler Ultrasonography- Real-Time Ultrasound	3						
		Book 1 Chapter 20							
	Con	nputerized Tomography (CT)	11						
3	1	Historical background-Basic Principle-Data accumulation, various							
	1	generations of scanners, Image reconstruction	3						
		generations of scanners, image reconstruction							

	2	Comparison of mathematical methods-Image quality-Patient	3
		Exposure- Artifacts -3D Imaging	3
	3	Digital Radiography: Digital Fluoroscopy System- Digital Image	2
		Processor-Digitized Image-Image Noise	2
	4	Quantum Mottle. Digital Subtraction Techniques-Temporal Filtering	3
		-Digital Image Processing	3
		Book 1 Chapter 19, Chapter 22	
	NM	R-Magnetic Resonance Imaging	13
	1	History- Electron Angular Momentum-Nuclear Angular momentum-	3
		Magnetism	3
	2	Alignment of magnetic moment in a magnetic field-Larmor	3
4		precession-	3
•	3	NMR parameters- Mechanism for Relaxation-Instrumentation-NMR	3
		Spectrum.	3
	4	MRI: Basics of MRI- Spin Echo sequence- Image Reconstruction-	
		Mult slice Imaging- Mult echo Imaging- Contrast-Signal to noise	4
		ratio-Fast Imaging Techniques- Safety Considerations.	
		Book 1 Chapter 23&24	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
5	Dire	ections	
	Bod	y Section Radiology-Stereoscopy-Neuroradiology	

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology (Lea & Febiger), 4<sup>th</sup> edn,1990.
- 2. Fundamental Physics of Radiology, W.J.Meredith and J.B. Massey, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn., 1983.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. First year Physics for Radiographers Hay & Hughes (ELBS).
- 3. Basic Medical Radiation Physics Stantor (Appleton-Century & Crofts).
- 4. X-ray Equipment for student Radiographers By: Chesney & Chesney (Blackwell ).
- 5. Manual of Radiographic equipment. By: Sybil M. Stockley (Churchill Livingstone).

- 6. Principles of Diagnostic X-ray apparatus by: Hill (Macmillan.).
- 7. Radiologic science for Technologist Stewart C. Bushong, (M Mosby.).

	Evaluation Type						
ESE		70					
CCA	1	30					
a)	*Test Paper	10					
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10					
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10					
	Total	100					

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU6DSEPHY309: Astrophysics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSE	300	KU6DSEPHY309	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course gives a pedagogical introduction to astronomy and astrophysics by introducing the students the techniques to measure astronomical parameters, the properties of the Sun, stellar evolution and properties of galaxies and an overview of the Universe.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Demonstrate a deep understanding of theoretical frameworks in astronomy, including celestial mechanics, stellar structure, and cosmology.	U
2	Understand stellar classifications and basic concepts of birth of the star. Analyse the theory of death of the star Define white dwarf, neutron star and black hole	U,An

3	Expose scientific knowledge about the origin and evolution of the universe.	An
4	Describe the morphology and classification of galaxies	
	and galaxy clusters. Expose scientific knowledge about	U
	the origin and evolution of the universe.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	0	1
CO 2	3	2	1	0	1	1	0
CO 3	3	2	3	3	0	2	1
CO 4	3	2	3	3	0	0	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M							
O	U						
D	N						
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS				
L	Т						
E							
	Basi	ic Tools of Astronomy	14				
	1	Stellar Magnitude Sequence - Absolute Magnitude and the Distance					
		Modulus - The Bolometric Magnitude - Different Magnitude	5				
	Standards: The UBV System and Six-colour Photometry -						
	Radiometric Magnitudes - The Colour-index of a Star						
	2	2 Luminosities of Stars - Stellar Parallax (Trigonometric) and the Units					
1	of Stellar Distances - Stellar Positions: The Celestial Coordinates –						
		Horizontal system - Equatorial system - The Ecliptic System					
	3	Harvard system of spectral classification: the henry-draper (hd)					
		catalogue - The Luminosity Effect on Stellar Spectra	3				
	4	Importance of Ionization Theory in Astrophysics - Spectroscopic	_				
		Parallax - The Hertzsprung-Russell Diagram	3				
		Book 1 sections 3.1 - 3.9 ; 4.4-4.8					
	Star	'S	14				
	1	Star clusters, Red Giants and the H-R Diagram	3				
	2	The Death of Stars-The Asymptotic Giant Branch- Dredge-Ups- Mass					
2		Loss and Stellar Winds	4				
	3	Infrared Stars-The End of an AGB Star's Life White Dwarf Stars-					
		High-Mass Stars and Nuclear Burning - The End Result of High-Mass	4				
		Stars					
	4	Evolution: Pulsars, Neutron Stars, and Black Holes	3				

		Book 2 sections 3.11, 3.14-3.19, 3.21, 3.21.1, 3.21.2, 3.21.3, 3.21.4,						
		3.22, 3.24.1, 3.24.2						
	Gal	axies	10					
	1	The Milky Way, Open star clusters, Globular clusters, The interstellar medium and emission nebulae	3					
3	2 Size, shape and structure of the Milky Way, A super-massive black hole at the heart of our galaxy							
	3	3 Other galaxies, Elliptical galaxies, Spiral galaxies, Evidence for an unseen component in spiral galaxies – dark matter, Irregular galaxies						
	4	The Hubble classification of galaxies, Active galaxies, Groups and clusters of galaxies, Superclusters,	2					
		Sections 8.1-8.3, of Book 3						
	The	Universe	10					
	1	The structure of the universe	2					
	2	Big Bang models of the universe, The expansion of the universe.	3					
4	3	The cosmological redshift, The steady state model of the universe, Big Bang or Steady State	2					
	4	The cosmic microwave background, The discovery of the cosmic microwave background, Inflation, Formation of the primeval elements	3					
		Sections 9.2-9.9 Book 3						
5	Tea	cher Specific Module	12					
3	Dire	ections						

Basic equations of stellar structure, Hydrostatic equilibrium in stars - *Central pressure and temperature of the Sun*- Virial theorem for stars Some relations amongst stellar quantities, Main sequence, red giants and white dwarfs, The ends of the main sequence. Eddington luminosity limit HR diagrams of star clusters 4.3 Important nuclear reactions in stellar interiors

#### **Essential Readings:**

- 1. An introduction to astrophysics (second Edition) Baidyanath Basu, Tanuka Chattopadhyay, Sudhindra Nath Biswas PHI Learning Private Limited, 2010.
- 2. Astrophysics is Easy: An introduction for the Amateur Astronomer- Mike Ingis- Springer
- 3. Introduction to Astronomy and Cosmology by Ian Morison, John Wiley & Sons, 2008

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. The physical universe: An introduction to astronomy, F.Shu, Mill Valley: University Science Books.
- 2. Modern Astrophysics, B.W. Carroll & D.A. Ostlie, Addison-Wesley Publishing Co.
- 3. Astrophysics for Physicists Arnab Rai Choudhuri Cambridge University Press

	Evaluation Type					
ESE		70				
CCA	1	30				
a)	*Test Paper	10				
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10				
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10				
	Total	100				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU6DSEPHY310: Plasma and Space Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VI	DSE	300	KU6DSEPHY310	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to plasma physics and its applications, covering fundamental principles, kinetic theory, wave behaviour, instabilities, and the role of plasma in space weather phenomena.

Course Prerequisite: Basics of Electrodynamics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Define plasma, analyse Debye shielding, assess plasma parameters, determine criteria for plasma, and recognise applications in plasma physics.	R. An
2	Proficiently understand single particle motions in diverse electric and magnetic field scenarios and derive and analyse fluid equations. Apply the plasma approximation for simplified modelling.	U, A

3	Comprehend plasma oscillations, electron plasma waves, sound waves, and ion waves; compare ion and electron waves; study equilibrium and stability.	An
4	Students will possess a comprehensive understanding of space weather.	U, An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	3	2	2	1	0	1
CO 2	3	3	2	1	0	1	0
CO 3	3	3	3	1	0	1	1
CO 4	3	3	2	3	3	1	0

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOUKS
L	T		
E			
	Intr	oduction to Plasma Physics	12
	1	Occurrence of plasma in nature	3
1	2	Definition of plasma- Debye shielding	3
	3	The plasma parameters - Criteria for plasma	3
	4	Applications of plasma physics	3

		Book-1 Sections: 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 1.5 to 1.7					
	Plas	sma Kinetics and Fluid Dynamics	13				
	1	Single particle motions: Uniform E and B fields- Nonuniform B field - Nonuniform E field	4				
2	2	Time varying E field - Time varying B filed	3				
	3	Plasma as fluid- Comparison with ordinary hydrodynamics- Equation	3				
		of continuity- Equation of state	3				
	4	The complete set of fluid equations - The plasma approximation	3				
		Book-1 Sections: 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 3.1, 3.3.4 to 3.3.7, 3.6					
	Plas	sma Waves and Instabilities	13				
	1	Plasma oscillations - Electron plasma waves					
	2	Sound waves - Ion waves - Comparison of ion and electron waves	3				
3	3	Equilibrium and stability - Hydromagnetic equilibrium -	3				
		Classification of instabilities	3				
	4	Streaming instabilities - Rayleigh Taylor instabilities - Universal	4				
		instabilities- Kinetic instabilities	7				
		Book-1 Sections: 4.3, 4.4 to 4.6, 4.8, 6.1, 6.2, 6.5, 6.5.1 to 6.5.4					
	Spa	ce Plasma and Space Weather	10				
	1	Space weather- Introduction- Impacts of space weather on society	2				
	2	The heliosphere- The corona and the solar wind - The interplanetary	3				
4		magnetic field - Coronal mass ejections -The outer heliosphere	3				
-	3	Cosmic rays - Earth's space environment - Dipole magnetic field -	3				
		Structure of the inner magnetosphere					
	4	Interaction of the solar wind and magnetosphere - Magnetic	2				
		reconnection - The magnetotail					
		Book-2 Sections: 1.2, 1.4, 3.2 to 3.7, 4.1 to 4.7					
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12				
5	Dire	ections:					
	Cou	rse faculty can design the content					

#### **Essential Readings:**

- Introduction to Plasma Physics and Controlled Fusion, Third Edition, Francis F. Chen, 2016.
- 2. An Introduction to Space Weather, Mark Moldwin , 2 edn., 2022.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Plasma Physics, Third Edition, J. A. Bittencourt
- 2. Introduction to Space Physics by Margaret G. Kivelson and Christopher T. Russell

	Evaluation Type				
ESE		70			
CCA	<b>\</b>	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER VII**

# **KU7DSCPHY401: Mathematical Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VII	DSC	400	KU7DSCPHY401	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical/ Internship		ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

The course covers mathematical techniques essential for advanced studies in physics. It begins with a thorough exploration of special functions and orthogonal polynomials, providing a foundational understanding of these mathematical tools. Complex analysis is then introduced. Fourier series and transforms are examined next, offering insights into representing periodic and non-periodic functions. Finally, the course concludes with a study of systems of ordinary and partial differential equations, along with an introduction to tensor analysis, essential for modelling physical phenomena in diverse fields.

**Course Prerequisite:** Basic Mathematical physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Master special functions and orthogonal polynomials.  Students will learn how these functions and polynomials are used to solve problems in physics.	U, An

2	Understand and analyze Fourier series and Fourier	
	transforms, including their properties and applications in	U, An
	physics.	
3	Develop a foundational understanding of complex	
	numbers and functions including properties, analytical	
	methods, and complex integration and able to apply these	A, E
	concepts to the study of electrodynamics and quantum	
	mechanics.	
4	Develop expertise in ordinary and partial differential	
	equations, and solve ODEs and PDEs, with a specific	An, E
	focus on systems of ODEs, their applications in physics	·

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	2	1	0	0	1
CO 2	3	3	2	0	1	1	0
CO 3	2	2	3	0	1	1	1
CO 4	2	2	2	3	3	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDG
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Spe	 cial Functions and Orthogonal Polynomials	13
	1	Gamma and Beta Functions, The factorial function, Definition and	
		properties of the Gamma function ,The Gamma function of negative	3
		numbers, Definition and properties of the Beta function,	
		Relationship between Gamma and Beta functions	
	2	Legendre Polynomials- Introduction to Legendre polynomials,	
		Legendre's equation, Rodrigues' formula, Generating function for	
		Legendre polynomials, Recursion relations, Orthogonality of	4
		Legendre polynomials, Normalization of Legendre polynomials,	
		Associated Legendre polynomials	
1	3	Bessel Functions - Introduction to Bessel functions, Solutions of	
		Bessel's differential equation, The second solution of Bessel's	
		equation, Graphs and zeros of Bessel functions, Recursion relations,	4
		Differential equations with Bessel function solutions, Orthogonality	4
		of Bessel functions, Other kinds of Bessel functions - Neumann	
		functions and Hankel functions, Spherical Bessel functions.	
	4	Hermite and Laguerre Polynomials - Introduction to Hermite	
		polynomials, Generating function for Hermite polynomials,	
		Orthogonality of Hermite polynomials, Introduction to Laguerre	3
		polynomials, Generating function for Laguerre polynomials,	3
		Orthogonality of Laguerre polynomials, Associated Laguerre	
		polynomials	
		(Book 2-Chapter 11, Chapter 12)	
2	Con	nplex Analysis	14

3	2	eigenfunctions. Orthogonality.  Fourier Integrals - Fourier integral, Applications of Fourier	
3		eigenfunctions. Orthogonality.	
		Fourier series, Sturm-Liouville problems – eigenvalues,	
		convergence, Fourier series for even and odd functions, Half-range	5
	1	Fourier Series - Introduction to the Fourier series, Conditions of	
	Fou	rier Series and Transforms	10
	5	Book 1- Chapters 13,16,18	
		Residue theorem, Residue integration of real integrals	3
		and Zeros, Zeros of analytic functions, Residue integration method,	3
	4	Laurent Series - Residue Integration- Laurent Series, Singularities	
		Maclaurin series	
		power series ,Operations on complex power series, Taylor and	3
	3	Complex Power Series - Definition and examples of complex	
		principle	
		analytic functions, Liouville's theorem and the maximum modulus	
		connected domains, Cauchy's integral formula, Derivatives of	4
		Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral theorem for multiply	
	2	Complex Integration-Line integrals in the complex plane,	
		Trigonometric and Hyperbolic Functions, Analyticity of the logarithm	
		functions	
		Cauchy-Riemann equations, Laplace's Equation - Harmonic	4
		complex numbers, Definition and examples of analytic functions,	
	1	Complex Numbers and Functions -Definitions and properties of	

	1	Systems of ODEs, Systems of ODEs as vector questions,	
		Conversion of an nth-order ODE to a system, The basic theory of	3
		systems of ODEs - Wronskian	
	2	Partial Differential Equations- Partial Differential Equations	
		(PDEs), Basic Concepts of PDEs, Laplace's equation - steady state	
		temperature in a rectangular plate and solution by separation of	
		variables.	4
		Heat Equation- Derivation of the heat equation, Solution by the	4
		method of separation of variables, use of Fourier series, Steady two-	
		dimensional heat problems - Laplace's equation, Insulated	
		boundaries.	
		Introduction to Tensor Analysis- Definition of tensors, tensor	
		notations, summation convention, contraction, Symmetric and	
		antisymmetric tensors, quotient rule, Kronecker delta and the Levi-	
		Civita symbol, Pseudo vectors and pseudo tensors. Cross product,	4
		Non-Cartesian tensors. Contravariant and covariant vectors. Basis	
		vectors. Metric tensor, Physical applications of tensors, moment of	
		inertia tensor, electric polarisation.	
		Book 1- Chapter 4, Book 2- Chapter 13,10	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
	Dire	ections	
	1. A	pplications of beta and gamma functions - the simple pendulum,	
	St	tirling's formula, Elliptic integrals	
5	2. A	pplications Legendre function in electrostatics, quantum mechanics	
	(a	ingular part of the wavefunction in spherical coordinates)	
	3. A	pplications of Bessel Functions in wave propagation, heat conduction,	
	ar	nd vibrations of circular membranes	
	4. A	pplications of Hermite and Laguerre function in quantum mechanics	
	(h	narmonic oscillator, wavefunctions of the hydrogen atom)	
	1		

 Applications Fourier series and integrals in physics: forced oscillations, vibrating string, solving PDEs and Power Spectrum (Physical Interpretation), Discrete and Fast Fourier Transforms

#### **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Advanced Engineering Mathematics (10th Edn.), Erwin Kreyzing, John Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences (3rd Edn.), Mary L. Boas, Cambridge University Press, 2006.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Mathematical Methods for Physicists, Arfken & Weber (7th edition), Academic Press.
- 2. Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering (3rd Edn.), K.F. Riley, M.P. Hobson, and S.J. Bence, CUP, 2006.
- 3. Mathematical Methods for Physicists: A Concise Introduction, Tai L. Chow, CUP.
- 4. A Student's Guide to Fourier Transforms, JFJ James, CUP
- 5. A Student's Guide to Vectors and Tensors, Daniel Fleisch, CUP
- 6. A Primer on Scientific Programming with Python, Langtangen, H.P, Springer.

I	Evaluation Type	Marks
ESE		70
CCA		30
a)	*Test Paper	10
c)	** Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10
d)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	100

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU7DSCPHY402:Classical Mechanics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VII	DSC	400	KU7DSCPHY402	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

## **Course Description:**

The primary objective of this course is to introduce students to some of the advanced formulations of mechanics such as Lagrangian, Hamiltonian and Hamilton-Jacobi formulations and hence enable them to understand how these methods paved the way for developing conceptual as well as mathematical framework for quantum mechanics. Students will receive a strong grounding in these methods, enabling them to apply those concepts in many other fields of physics.

# **Course Prerequisite**: NIL

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Deal with particle mechanics at an advanced level. Use the calculus of variations to characterise the function that extremizes a functional.	U, An

2	Understand the concept of constraints, principle of least action and formulation of Lagrange's method and apply Lagrange's equation for simple dynamical systems.  Understand Central force and its application in Kepler's problem.	U, $A$
3	Formulate and solve problems in classical mechanics using the Lagrangian, Hamiltonian and Hamilton-Jacobi formulations.	A, E
4	Apply the methods of classical mechanics to identify conserved quantities and normal modes.	A
5	Analyse motion of rigid bodies in non-inertial frames of reference using Euler angles and Euler's equations.	An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	2	1	0	1	1
CO 3	2	2	3	1	0	0	1
CO 4	2	2	3	3	1	1	0
CO 5	2	2	2	2	3	1	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M							
O	U						
D	N	DESCRIPTION	нопре				
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS				
L	T						
E							
	Lag	rangian Formulation	13				
	1	Constraints, Principle of virtual work, D'Alembert's principle and					
		Lagrange's equations, Simple applications of the Lagrangian	3				
		formulation,					
	2	Hamilton's principle, Some techniques of the calculus of variations,	3				
1		Derivation of Lagrange's equations from Hamilton's principle	3				
1	3	Euler-Lagrange differential equations, Conservation theorems and					
		symmetry properties (qualitative treatment only)-Cyclic	3				
		coordinates.					
	4	The Central force problem-Reduction to the equivalent one-body					
		problem, The equations of motion and first integrals, Classification	4				
		of orbits, The Kepler problem.					
		Sections 1.3, 1.4, 1.6, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.6, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.7 of Book 1					
	Han	niltonian Formulation	11				
	1	The Hamiltonian function, Legendre transformations and the	3				
		Hamilton's equations of motion-Phase space,	3				
	2	Canonical transformations-Equations of canonical transformation,	3				
2		Examples of canonical transformations, The harmonic oscillator,	3				
2	3	Poisson brackets and other canonical invariants, Hamilton's	3				
		equation in Poisson bracket form,	3				
	4	Poisson's theorem, Infinitesimal canonical transformation, The	2				
		angular momentum Poisson bracket relations	2				
		Sections 8.1, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.5, 9.6, 9.7 of Book 1					
3	Han	nilton-Jacobi Formulation	11				

	1	Hamilton-Jacobi equations-Hamilton's principal and characteristic			
		functions, The one-dimensional harmonic oscillator problem as an	3		
		example of the Hamilton-Jacobi method			
	2	The Hamilton-Jacobi equation for Hamilton's characteristic	2		
		function, Action angle variables-linear harmonic oscillator.	3		
	3	Small Oscillations: Formulation of the problem-Stability analysis-	2		
	Lagrange's equations of motion for small oscillations				
	4	The Eigen value equation, Frequencies of free vibrations and	3		
	normal co-ordinates, Free vibrations of a linear triatomic molecule.				
		Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.6, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 of Book 1			
	Rigi	d Body Dynamics	10		
	1	The independent co-ordinates of a rigid body-Euler angles,	3		
		Infinitesimal rotations, Rate of change of a vector	3		
4	2	Centrifugal and Coriolis forces, The inertia tensor and the moment	2		
4		of inertia	2		
	3	The Eigen values of the inertia tensor and the Principal axis of	3		
		transformation,	3		
	4	The Euler's equation of motion, Torque free motion of a rigid body	2		
		Sections 4.1, 4.4, 4.8, 4.9, 4.10, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6 of Book 1			
	Prac	etical Module	30		
	Dire	ctions: AT least 6 experiments from the list and 2 experiments			
	/acti	vities			
	desi	gned by the course faculty			
	1	. Vibrating strip – Mode constants			
5	2	2. Cornu's elliptical fringes – Determination of Y, σ and K with			
		glass.			
	3	3. Cauchy's constants - Determination of Cauchy's constants - $\lambda$	5		
		sodium light	3		
	4	4. Rydberg constant – by spectrometer and diffraction grating			
	4	5. Quincke's method – Susceptibility of a liquid at 2 different			
		concentrations			

- 6. LASER –fundamental experiments- diameter of thin wire,
  Determination of wavelength using
- 7. a diffraction grating, Determination of refractive index of mirror substrate
- 8. Maxwell's L.C.Bridge Determination of resistance and inductance of a given coil
- 9. Lee's Disc K of liquid/powder and air using thermocouple & B.G
- 10. Young's modulus of different materials using strain gauge
- 11. Cauchy's constants of liquids using hollow prism and spectrometer
- 12. Anderson's bridge Self-inductance
- 13. Meyer's oscillating disc Viscosity of Liquid

#### **Essential Readings:**

1. Herbert Goldstein, Charles P. Poole and John Safko: "Classical Mechanics" (3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011)

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. T. Thornton and J.B. Marion, Classical Dynamics of Particles and Systems, Cengage.
- 2. R. G. Takwale and P. S. Puranic, Introduction to Classical Mechanics, TMH.
- 3. N. C. Rana and P. S. Joag, Classical Mechanics, TMH.
- 4. G. Aruldhas, Classical Mechanics, PHI.
- 5. V. B. Bhatia, Classical Mechanics, Narosa Publishers.
- 6. Gupta, Kumar and Sharma, Classical Mechanics, Pragati Prakashan.
- 7. J.C. Upadhyaya, Classical Mechanics, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 8. A K Raychaudhari, Classical Mechanics: A Course of Lectures, OUP.
- 9. Schaum's outline Series on "Theoretical Mechanics" by Murray R Spiegel
- 10. NPTEL Lecture Series on Classical Physics by Prof. V. Balakrishnan, Department of Physics, IIT Madras.
- 11. NPTEL Video Course-Classical Mechanics-From Newtonian to Lagrangian Formulation, Prof. Debmalya Banerjee.

Eva	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			valuation Type		Marks	Eva	luatio	on Type	Marks	Total
Lect	ture		75	Pra	ctical		25				
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	1			
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA	<b>\</b>	10				
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100			
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4				
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like book/article review, quiz,open book exam, group

# **KU7DSCPHY403: Quantum Mechanics II**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VII	DSC	300	KU7DSCPHY403	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical		ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	3

# **Course Description:**

This course provides students with a comprehensive understanding of the foundational principles, mathematical tools, and approximation methods essential for advanced studies in quantum mechanics. It explores the foundational principles and mathematical frameworks of quantum mechanics, focuses on the theory of angular momentum- a fundamental concept in quantum mechanics, explores the role of symmetry and conservation laws in quantum mechanics, and covers approximation methods for solving stationary state problems in quantum mechanics.

Course Prerequisite: Expertise in Mathematical methods

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental postulates of quantum mechanics and the various formulations of the equation of motion, Comprehend the uncertainty principle and analyse the time development of wave packets in quantum mechanics	U, An

2	Understand the theory of angular momentum, the matrix representation and eigenfunctions of angular momentum.  Analyse the addition of angular momenta.	U, An, A
3	Analyse systems of identical particles and understand the symmetries and conservation laws associated with them,	An
4	Understand the approximation methods for stationary states, the variational principle and its application.  Evaluate the WKB approximation method	U, E,A

# \*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	1	1	1	2	0
CO 3	2	2	3	0	0	1	1
CO 4	2	2	0	3	1	0	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 11-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O	U N	DUCCDYPTYON	HOURS
D	I	DESCRIPTION	
U	T		

L					
E					
	The F	ormulation of Quantum Mechanics	12		
	1	Fundamental Postulates	3		
1	2	The Equation of Motion-Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Interaction pictures	3		
	3	Uncertainty Principle- Wave packet and its time development	3		
	4	Linear Harmonic Oscillator in Schrodinger and Heisenberg picture.	3		
		Book 1- Relevant sections of Chapter 3 &4			
	Theor	y Of Angular Momentum	12		
	1	Orbital Angular Momentum-General Formalism of Angular  Momentum			
2	2	Matrix Representation of Angular Momentum- Spin Angular Momentum-			
	3	Eigen Functions of Orbital Angular Momentum			
	4	Addition of angular momenta- General Formalism-Clebsch-Gordon Coefficients.	3		
		Book 2- Sections 5.1 - 5.7, 7.3			
	Symm	etry And Conservation Laws	12		
	1	Identical Particles- Two particle Systems			
3	2	Symmetries and Conservation Laws-Introduction- Transformations in Space	3		
	3	The Translation Operator-Conservation Laws	3		

		3				
	Rotational Symmetry-Degeneracy- Translations in Time	3				
	Book 2-Section 5.1, Book 3 - Sections 6.1 to 6.6, 6.8					
Appr	oximation Methods for Stationary States	12				
1	Time Independent Perturbation Theory-Non degenerate and degenerate cases	3				
2	Fine structure of Hydrogen- Relativistic Correction	3				
3	Variational Principle-Theory- ground state energy of He atom	3				
4	WKB Approximation- Classical region- Tunneling- Connection	3				
	Formulae	3				
	Book 3- Sections 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.2, 9.1-9.3					
Teach	er Specific Module	12				
Direct	ions:					
1.	The EPR Paradox					
2.	The Copenhagen Interpretation					
3.	The Ensemble Interpretation					
4.	4. Explanations of EPR Paradox					
5.	The Hidden Variable Theories					
	1 2 3 4 Direct 1. 2. 3. 4.	Book 2-Section 5.1, Book 3 - Sections 6.1 to 6.6, 6.8  Approximation Methods for Stationary States  1 Time Independent Perturbation Theory-Non degenerate and degenerate cases  2 Fine structure of Hydrogen- Relativistic Correction  3 Variational Principle-Theory- ground state energy of He atom  4 WKB Approximation- Classical region- Tunneling- Connection Formulae  Book 3- Sections 7.1-7.3, 8.1-8.2, 9.1-9.3  Feacher Specific Module  Directions:  1. The EPR Paradox 2. The Copenhagen Interpretation 3. The Ensemble Interpretation 4. Explanations of EPR Paradox				

- 1. Quantum Mechanics, V. K. Thankappan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn. New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers, Reprint 2003.
- 2. Quantum Mechanics- Concepts and Applications, Nouredine Zettili, 3<sup>rd</sup> edn, 2009.
- 3. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics ( 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition), David J Griffiths, Dasrrell F Schroeter, 2018.

## **Suggested Readings:**

1. Principles of quantum Mechanics- R. Sankar, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn., 2014.

Kannur University: Four Year Undergraduate Programme in Physics 2024

2. Modern Quantum Mechanics- J. J. Sakurai and Jim Napolitano, Pearson Education, 2009.

	Evaluation Type						
ESE		70					
CCA		30					
a)	*Test Paper	10					
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10					
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10					
	Total						

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU7DSCPHY404: Electrodynamics II**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VII	DSC	400	KU7DSCPHY404	4	75

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial Practical/ Internship		CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
3	2	35	65	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course includes the intricate theories and mathematical formulations of electromagnetic fields and waves. The course covers potentials, wave propagation, and radiation theory. Students will explore advanced topics like relativistic electrodynamics applying these concepts to modern research problems.

**Course Prerequisite:** Solid foundation in classical electromagnetism and mathematical physics.

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understanding Electrostatic Boundary Problems, Gain proficiency in solving Poisson's and Laplace's equations, and comprehend the uniqueness theorems and charge distributions on conductors.	U

2	Apply the technique of image charges to solve electrostatic problems involving conductors, including planes, spheres, ellipsoids, and cylinders.	A
3	Learn the formulation of scalar and vector potentials, gauge transformations, retarded potentials, Jefimenko's equations, and the radiation emitted by electric and magnetic dipoles	U, A
4	Develop an understanding of Lorentz transformations, the geometry of spacetime, covariant forms of electromagnetic equations, and the electromagnetic field tensor.	An
5	Analytical and Problem-Solving Skills: Enhance analytical skills and problem-solving abilities in classical electromagnetism through a comprehensive study of advanced concepts and mathematical techniques.	An, E

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	3	3	2	1	1	0	1
CO 3	2	2	3	2	0	1	0
CO 4	2	2	2	3	0	1	1
CO 5	2	2	2	2	3	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

U							
N	DESCRIPTION	HOURS					
I T							
T							
Elec	trostatic Boundary - Value Problems	12					
1	Poisson's and Laplace's equations	3					
2	The potential at the centre of a sphere in charge free region-Absence						
of an absolute Maximum or a Minimum							
3	Uniqueness theorem with Laplace's equation- Uniqueness theorem						
	for solutions of Poisson's equation- Unique distribution of charge on	3					
	a conductor						
4	Charge distribution on a conducting sphere in an otherwise uniform	2					
	electric field- Solution of Laplace's equation	3					
	Chapter 6 all sections of Book 1						
Met	hod of Images	8					
1	Basic theory- A charge q near a large charged conducting plane	2					
2	A point charge placed in a front of a conducting sphere	2					
3	Charged ellipsoidal conductor-	2					
4	A line charge in front of a conducting cylinder.	2					
	Chapter 7 all sections of Book 1						
Rad	iation	13					
1	Scalar and vector potential - Gauge Transformations - Coulomb	2					
	Gauge and Lorenz Gauge	3					
2	Retarded Potentials - Jefimenko's Equations - Liénard – Wiechert	2					
	Potentials	3					
3	Electric dipole radiation - Magnetic dipole radiation - Power	1					
	Radiated by a Point Charge: Larmor formula	4					
	N I T Elec 1 2 3 4  Met 1 2 3 4  Rad 1	DESCRIPTION    DESCRIPTION   DESCRIPTION					

	4	Radiation reaction: The Abraham-Lorentz formula.	3				
		Sections 10.1.1 to 10.3.1, 11.1.2, 11.1.3, 11.2.1 and 11.2.2 of Book					
		2					
	Rela	tivistic electrodynamics	12				
	1	Basic concepts of Lorentz Transformation – Geometry of space time	3				
	2	Lorentz transformation as an orthogonal transformation	3				
4	3	Covariant form of electromagnetic equations like continuity	2				
		equation, Maxwell's equations etc	3				
	4	The electromagnetic field tensor – Transformation law for the	2				
		electromagnetic field.	3				
		Sections 22.2 to 22.6 of Book 3					
	Prac	etical Module	30				
	Directions: AT least 6 experiments from the list and 2 experiments						
	/activities						
	designed by the course faculty						
	1	. Series Voltage regulator with feedback using IC741. (Regulation					
		characteristic with load for					
	2	different input voltages)					
	3	. Two stage R.C Coupled transistor/FET amplifier					
	4	. Negative feedback amplifier (I/O resistance with and with outfeed					
5		back)					
	5	6. Wien Bridge oscillator using OPAMP					
	6	5. Saw tooth Generator using transistors (for different frequencies)					
	7	7. Schmitt Trigger using OPAMP. (Trace Hysteresis curve,					
		Determine LTP and UTP)					
	8	3. OPAMP – analogue integration and differentiation					
	9	Astable and monostable multivibrator using OPAMP					
	1	0. Voltage controlled oscillator using 555 IC					
	1	1. Binary Adders – HA and FA using NAND gates					
	1	2. D/A converter – a) Binary weighted resistors b) R-2R Ladder (Four					
		bit or more. Verify output for different digital inputs)					

13. Study of Flip – Flops. RS & Samp; JK using IC 7400 (Verify Truth	
tables)	

- 1. Classical Electromagnetism by H C Verma Bharati Bhawan Publishers and distributors, 2022.
- 2. Introduction to Electrodynamics, Third edition, David J Griffiths, Prentice Hall India. 2013.
- 3. Foundations of electromagnetic Theory, John R.Reitz, Frederic J Milford, Robert W Christy, Third Edition, Narosa Publishing House. 1997.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

1. Schaum's outlines Electromagnetics by Joseph A Edminister McGraw Hill

Eval	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			<b>Evaluation Type</b>		Marks	Total	
Lect	Lecture		75 Practical			25		
a)	ESE		50	a)	ESE		15	
b)	CC	A	25	b)	CCA		10	100
	i	*Test Paper	10		i	Punctuality	3	100
	ii	**Assignment/ Book- Article review	10		ii	Skill	4	
	iii	Seminar/ Viva-Voce	5		iii	Record	3	

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

## **KU7DSCPHY405: Statistical Mechanics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VII	DSC	400	KU7DSCPHY405	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	Practical CE ESE Total		of ESE (Hours)	
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course aims an in-depth study of the topic Statistical Mechanics with all its flavour using the concepts of different types of ensembles. The study of quantum statistical mechanics helps the students in understanding the microscopic details by studying the macroscopic properties.

**Course Prerequisite:** Basic Mathematical methods

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the concepts of microstate, macrostate, ensemble, phase space, thermodynamic probability, and partition function.	U
2	Understand the difference between classical statistics and Quantum statistics.	U, An
3	Understand the concepts of thermodynamical properties of Bosons, BEC, thermodynamic properties of Fermions	U, A

4	Understand the phenomena of phase transitions	U

\*Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1	1	0
CO 2	3	3	1	0	0	1	0
CO 3	2	3	3	0	1	0	1
CO 4	2	2	2	3	1	0	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I DESCRIPTION		HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Stat	istical Basis of Thermodynamics & Elements of Ensemble Theory	8
1	1	The macroscopic and microscopic states Boltzmann relation between entropy and microstates - Connection between statistics and thermodynamics	2
	2	Classical ideal gas - Gibbs paradox -The correct enumeration of microstates	2
	3	Phase space- Liouville's theorem and its significance	2

	4	The microcanonical ensemble— Examples of calculation of	
		microstates (Classical ideal gas and Simple Harmonic oscillator),	2
		conceptual problems.	
		Sections 1.1 to 1.6, Sections 2.1 to 2.4 of Book 1	
	Can	onical and Grand canonical ensembles	14
	1	Equilibrium between a system and reservoir, A system in the	
		canonical ensemble -method of most probable values- Physical	3
		significance of statistical quantities in the canonical ensemble	
	2	Partition function for non-degenerate and degenerate systems-Density	
		of states-The classical systems- Energy fluctuation in canonical	
		ensemble; correspondence with the microcanonical ensemble,	4
		Equipartition theorem and virial theorem. A system of harmonic	
2		Oscillators.	
	3	Equilibrium between a system and a particle-energy reservoir, A	
		system in Grand canonical ensemble-Physical Significance of	
		statistical quantities- Examples in grand canonical ensemble,	4
		Classical ideal gas, a system of independent localized particles	
		(Harmonic Oscillators)	
	4	Density and energy fluctuations in grand canonical ensemble	3
		correspondence with other ensembles	3
		Sections 3.1 to 3.8, 4.1 to 4.5 of Book 1	
	The	ory of Simple gases and Ideal Bose and Fermi Systems	15
	1	An ideal gas in quantum mechanical micro canonical ensemble	3
	2	An ideal gas in other quantum mechanical ensembles- statistics of	4
		occupation numbers.	4
3	3	Thermodynamic behaviour of an ideal Bose gas, Bose-Einstein	4
3		condensation - Thermodynamics of the blackbody radiation	4
	4	Ideal Fermi Systems- Thermodynamic behaviour of an ideal	
		Fermi gas - Fermi temperature and Fermi energy- Magnetic	4
		behaviour of ideal Fermi gas, Pauli paramagnetism- Landau	4
		diamagnetism	
		Sections 6.1 to 6.3, 7.1 and 7.3, 8.1 to 8.3 of Book 1	

	Con	tinuous Phase Transitions	11
	1	Introduction, Ising model	2
4	2	Mean Field Theory, Order parameter	3
	3	Symmetry breaking Field	3
	4	Critical Exponents.	3
		Sections 12.1 to 12.6 of Book 2	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
5	Dire	ections	
	Prob	plems related to the topic	

- 1. R K Pathria, Paul D. Beale Statistical Mechanics, Fourth Edition (2022, Academic Press).
- 2. Roger Bowley, Mariana Sánchez Introductory Statistical Mechanics, Second Edition (2000, Oxford University Press, USA).

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Kerson Huang, Statistical Mechanics, Second edition, John Wiley and Sons (1987).
- 2. Mehran Kardar Statistical Physics of Particles (2007, Cambridge University Press)
- 3. Silvio RA Salinas Introduction to Statistical Physics (2010, Springer)
- Ivo Sachs, Siddhartha Sen, James Sexton Elements of statistical mechanics (2006, Cambridge University Press)
- 5. M. Glazer, J. S. Wark Statistical mechanics- a survival guide (2001, Oxford University Press, USA)
- 6. D. ter Haar Elements of statistical mechanics (1995, Butterworth-Heinemann)
- 7. Daniel C. Mattis Statistical mechanics made simple- a guide for students and researchers (2003, World Scientific)
- 8. David Chandler Introduction to modern statistical mechanics (1987, Oxford University Press)
- 9. Giuseppe Morandi Statistical mechanics- An intermediate course (1996, World Scientific Publishing Company)

	Evaluation Type				
ESE		70			
CCA	<u> </u>	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **SEMESTER VIII**

#### **KU8DSCPHY405**: Advanced Electronics

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSC	400	KU8DSCPHY405	4	60

Learning Approach (Ho	Mar	ks Distribut	ion	Duration	
Lecture + Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description:**

This course explores the theoretical foundation of Op-Amp and discuss the linear and non-linear circuits of Op-Amp in various application. This course also covers advanced digital electronics components like flip-flops, registers, counters etc. and discuss the digital signal and data processing, transmission, and control.

Course Prerequisite: Graduate level knowledge of Analog and Digital Electronics Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the solid theoretical foundation in Op-Amp principles, frequency response and application and also enhance problem solving skills specific to analogue circuit.	U , $A$
2	Design and analyse advanced circuits such as filters, oscillators and comparators using Op- amp	A, An

3	Understand the operation and characteristics of various types	
	of Flip – flops, registers and counters. Explore the real-world	U, A
	application of flip-flops, shift registers and counters.	
4	Analyse and design the circuits for digital electronics.	
	Understand the signal data conversion, processing,	U, An
	transmission and control.	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	2	2	2	3	1	0
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3	0	0
CO 3	2	1	3	2	2	0	1
CO 4	1	1	1	3	3	1	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M			
O	U		
D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDG
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
	Operational Amplifiers and Application		

1	1	<b>Differential Amplifiers</b> : Differential Amplifier, DC Analysis and	2				
		AC Analysis of Differential Amplifier	2				
	2	The Operational Amplifier: Block Diagram Representation of a					
		Typical Op-Amp, Schematic Symbol, and Integrated Circuits,	3				
		Ideal Op-Amp: Equivalent Circuit of an Op-Amp, Ideal Voltage					
		Transfer Curve and Open - loop Op-Amp Configurations.					
	3	Op-Amp Negative Feedback: Block Diagram Representation of					
		Feedback configurations, Voltage Series Feedback Amplifier,					
		Voltage Shunt Feedback Amplifier, Differential Amplifier (with	3				
		one Op-Amp)					
	4	Practical Op-Amp: Input Offset Voltage (Compensating Network					
		design not required), Input Bias Current, Input Offset Current,					
		Total Offset Voltage, Common Mode Configuration and Common					
		Mode Rejection Ratio.					
		Frequency Response of Op-Amp: Frequency Response,	4				
		Compensating Networks, High-frequency Op-Amp Equivalent					
		circuit, Open-Loop Voltage Gain as a Function of Frequency,					
		Closed - Loop Frequency Response- Slew Rate					
	5	Op-Amp General Linear Application: Summing, Scaling and					
		Averaging Amplifiers, Voltage to Current Converter with Floating					
		Load and Grounding Load ( Basic idea), Current to Voltage	4				
		Converter- DAC using Current to Voltage Converter, Integrator and					
		Differentiator.					
	Boo	ok 4: 15.1 – 15.3					
	Boo	Book 1: Sections 2.2 – 2.3, 2.5 – 2.6, 3.3 – 3.5.1, 4.2 – 4.5, 4.11, 5.2 – 5.8, 5.10, 6.5,					
	6.8	.1, 6.9-6.10, 6.12-6.13					
	Op	- Amp Active Filters, Oscillators and Comparators	10				

2	1	Active Filters: Introduction, Active Filters, First and Second Order  Low Pass Butterworth Filters	4
	2	Oscillators: Oscillators, Phase Shift Oscillator, Wein Bridge Oscillator, Square Wave Generator, Triangular Wave Generator and Sawtooth Wave Generator.	3
	3	Comparators: Introduction, Basic Comparator, Zero Crossing Detector, Schmitt Trigger, Comparator Characteristics, Voltage Limiters.	3
	Boo	ok 1: Sections 7.2 –7.6, 7.11 – 7.17, 8.1 – 8.5, 8.7	
	Dig	gital Electronics – Flip-Flops, Shift Register And Counters	12
3	1	Flip-Flops: Introduction, Latches and Flip-Flops, Asynchronous Inputs, Flip-Flop Operating Characteristics, Clock Skew and Time Race, Race Around Condition, Master Slave Flip-Flop, Flip-Flop Excitation tables, Applications of flip-flops.	4
	2	Shift Registers: Introduction, Buffer Register, Controlled Buffer Register, Data Transmission in Shift Registers, Serial in – Serial out, and Serial in – Parallel out, and Parallel in – Serial out, Parallel in – Parallel out Shift Registers and Application of Shift Registers.	4
	3	Counters: Introduction, Asynchronous Counters (Ripple Counters), Design of Asynchronous Counters, Synchronous Counters – Design of Synchronous Counters – 3-bit up-down, 3-bit up, 3-bit down and Modulo -10 up/down Counters.	4
		ok 2: Sections – 10.1 – 10.10,10.12, 11.1 – 11.8, 11.12, 12.1 – 12.3, 12 (12.5.5)	.5 (12.5.1
		gital Electronics – Signal and Data Conversion, Processing, ansmission and Control	10
4	1	Signal Conversion and Processing: Analog to Digital Conversion (ADC), Methods of Analog to Digital Conversion – Methods of	3

		Digital to Analog Conversion (DAC) – Binary-Weighted-Input and			
		R/2R Ladder DAC, Digital Signal Processing (DSP)			
	2	Data Transmission: Methods and Modes of Data Transmission,			
		Modulation of Analog Signal with Digital Data, Modulation of	3		
		Digital Signal with Analog Data			
	3	Data Processing and Control: Computer System, Practical			
		Computer System Consideration, The Processor – Basic Operation,	4		
		Addressing Modes, Special Operations.			
	Boo	ok 3: Sections – 12.1 – 12.5, 13.2 – 13.4, 14.1 – 14.5			
5	Te	acher Specific Module	12		
	Directions: Advanced application of Electronics				

- Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Ramakant A Gayakwad ( PHI), 2015.
- 2. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, A Anand Kumar (PHI), 2016.
- 3. Digital Fundamentals, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Thomas L Floyd (Pearson), 2017.
- 4. Electronics Principles, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Albert Malvino, David J Bates and Patrick E Hoppe (Mc Graw Hill), 2021.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Electronic Devices and circuit theory Robert L Boylestad & Louis Nashelsky (Pearson Eduaction), 2015.
- 2. Integrated Circuits, Millman (Mc Graw Hill)
- 3. Electronic Devices and Circuits David A Bell, 2009.
- 4. Electronic Fundametals and Applications John D Ryder(PHI)
- 5. Digital Principles and Applications D P Leach and A P Malvino (TMH), 2014.
- 6. Modern Digital Electronics R P Jain (Mc Graw Hill)
- 7. Digital Principles and Applications Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino and Goutam Saha (TMH)

	<b>Evaluation Type</b>			
ESF	ESE			
CCA	<u> </u>	30		
a)	*Test Paper	10		
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10		
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10		
	Total	100		

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU8DSCPHY406: Condensed Matter Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSC	400	KU8DSCPHY 406	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description:**

Condensed matter physics use the well-established laws of microscopic physics to predict the collective and structural properties of matter. It is a science geared to technological development and is one of the most important areas of research in the recent times.

**Course Prerequisite:** Solid State Physics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	To make students familiar with structures having regular and irregular arrangement of atoms, their bonding, lattice dynamics etc.	U, An
2	To understand electron gases hence analyse the properties of metals	U
3	To apply statistical mechanics and quantum mechanics to study the electric and magnetic properties of matter	A
4	To understand the property of superconductivity.	U, A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO 2	1	2	0	2	2	1	0
CO 3	1	1	3	3	2	2	0
CO 4	0	1	1	3	2	1	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS					
	Latt	ice Dynamics	9					
	1	Bragg law - Scattered wave amplitude - Brillouin Zones	2					
1	2	Fourier analysis of the basis. Vibrations of crystals with monatomic and diatomic basis						
	3	Quantization of elastic waves -phonon momentum -	2					
	4	Phonon heat capacity	2					
		Chapters 2, 4 & 5 of Book 1						
	Qua	ntum Behaviour of Electron Gases and Conductivity in Solids:	15					
2	1	Energy levels in 1D - Effect of temperature on Fermi - Dirac distribution - Free electron gas in three dimension - Heat capacity of electron gas - Electrical conductivity and Ohm's law	4					
	2	Hall effect -Thermal conductivity of metals	3					
	3	Nearly free-electron model – Bloch functions - Kronig-Penny model - Wave equation of electron in a periodic potential.	4					

	4	Band gap - equations of motion - Intrinsic carrier concentration -			
		Impurity conductivity - Calculation of energy bands( Wigner Seitz	4		
		method)			
		Chapters 6, 7, 8 & 9 of Book 1			
	Ma	gnetic properties of materials	12		
	1	Langevin classical theory of diamagnetism, Langevin classical	3		
		theory of paramagnetism,	3		
3	2	2 Fundamentals of quantum theory of paramagnetism, Ferromagnetism			
	3	The Weiss molecular field, Temperature dependence of spontaneous	3		
		magnetisation	3		
	4	Ferromagnetic domains.	3		
		Chapters 16 of Book 2			
	Sup	erconductivity	12		
	1	Introduction, Sources of Superconductivity	3		
	2	Response of Magnetic Field, The Meissner Effect, Thermodynamics	3		
4		of Superconducting Transform, Origin of Energy Gap, Isotope Effect	3		
	3	London Equations, London Penetration Depth, Coherence length	3		
	4	Elements of BCS Theory, Flux Quantization, Normal Tunneling	3		
		and Josephson Effect, High Temperature Superconductivity.	3		
		Chapters 17 of Book 2			
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12		
5	Dire	ections			
Ì	Problems related to the content				

- 1. C. Kittel-Introduction to Solid State Physics-VIII Edition –John Wiley & Sons., 2012.
- 2. M. A. Wahab –Solid State Physics-Structure and Properties of Materials-Narosa Pub.1999.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. A. J. Dekker, Solid State Physics, Macmillan
- 2. N. W. Ashcroft and N. D. Mermin, Solid State Physics, Cenage I Edition(2003).
- 3. Azaroff. V, Introduction to Solids, TMH
- 4. Omar Ali, Elementary Solid State Physics, Addison Wesley.
- 5. J. S. Blakemore, Solid State Physics, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. S. O. Pillai, Solid State Physics, New Age International Publishers.
- 7. H. C. Gupta, Solid State Physics, Vikas Publishing
- 8. V.S Muraleedharan & A Subramania, Nano Science & Technology, Ane Books Pvt Ltd,2009.
- 9. Bharat Bhushan(Ed), Hand book of Nano Technology, Springer 2003
- 10. Gouzhong Cao, Nano structure and Nano materials: Synthesis, Properties and
- 11. applications, Imperial college press, 2004.
- 12. NPTEL, Lectures on Solid State Physics by Nirmal Ganguly (NOC: Solid State Physics) ISER Bhopal. https://archive.nptel.ac.in

	Evaluation Type				
ESI	Σ	70			
CCA	1	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU8DSCPHY407: Nuclear and Particle Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSC	400	KU8DSCPHY407	4	60

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description:**

The course aims to develop an understanding of Properties of nucleus, nature of nuclear force, potentials, and nuclear models with the underlying quantum mechanical principles. Also, the students can get the idea of different types of nuclear radiation and their properties. The course provides the details of different elementary particles and its properties. In short, the course provides a good platform to carry forward the studies to higher levels.

**Course Prerequisite:** Basics about atoms and molecules

CO No	Expected Outcome	Learning
CO No.	Expected Outcome	Domains
1	Understand the basic properties of the nuclear force.	
	Analyse the nucleon-nucleon scattering and its underlying	U, An
	principles.	
2	Analyse the different nuclear models and nuclear reactions.	An

3	Understand different nuclear decays and analyse the decay	
	processes with theory. Analyse nuclear fission and its	U, An
	applications.	
4	Review the conservation laws governing interactions	
	involving elementary particles and discuss its Internal	<i>R</i> , <i>A</i>
	structure	

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	1	1	1	1	2	2
CO 2	1	3	1	0	1	2	2
CO 3	0	1	3	2	0	2	1
CO 4	1	0	2	3	2	2	0

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

M								
O	U							
D	N	DESCRIPTION						
U	I							
L	T							
E								
	Pro	perties of Nucleus and Nuclear force	13					
	1	Nuclear properties: Nuclear Radius-Charge distribution and matter						
		distribution; Nuclear binding energy- semi empirical mass formula,						
		stability of nucleus; spin, parity, Magnetic and electric moments.	7					
		Nuclear two body problem- The deuteron- simple theory and						
1		properties;						
1	2	Nucleon-nucleon scattering, partial wave analysis of n-p scattering,						
		phase shift, singlet and triplet state, scattering length and effective						
		range, p-p and n-n interaction(Qualitative ideas)						
		Properties of nuclear force-Attractive central potential, repulsive	6					
		core, spin dependence, tensor potential, Charge symmetry and						
		charge independence, Exchange force model						
		Sections 3.1, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5- Book 1						
	Nu	clear Models and reactions	13					
	1	Nuclear models:- The Shell Model, shell model potentials, spin-orbit						
		potential, magnetic dipole moments, electric quadrupole moments,	7					
2		valance nucleons, Collective structure- nuclear vibrations and	,					
2		nuclear rotations.						
	2	Nuclear reactions: Types of reactions and conservation laws,						
		energetics, Scattering and reaction cross Sections, compound nuclear	6					
		reactions, direct reactions, resonant reaction.						
		Sections 5.1, 5.2, 11.1, 11.2, 11.4, 11.8, 11.10, 11.11, 11.12- Book 1						
3	Nu	clear decays and Controlled Fission	12					

decays: Types of decays, Basic alpha decay processes,	
of alpha emission, beta decay, simple theory of beta decay,	
lot, angular momentum and parity selection rules, gamma	
nultipole moments and selection rules, Internal conversion.	
fission, Characteristics of fission, energy released in fission,	
ed fission reactions, fission reactors.	
s: 6.5, 8.2, 8.4, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 10.1, 10.2, 10.4, 10.6	
.2, 13.3, 13.5, 13.6- Book 1	
Particle Physics 10	)
sic forces - Gravitational, Electromagnetic, Weak and Strong	
ve strengths, Classification of particles, Yukawa's theory,	
ration of energy and masses, Electric charges, Conservation	
and angular momentum, Baryon and lepton numbers, 5	
ration of strangeness, Conservation of isospin and its	
ents, Conservation of parity, Charge conjugation, CP	
n, time reversal and CPT theorem.	
ata model, SU (3), The eight fold way, Gell-Mann and	
ata model, SU (3), The eight fold way, Gell-Mann and mass formula, Quarks and quark model, Confined quarks,  5	
mass formula, Quarks and quark model, Confined quarks,  5	
mass formula, Quarks and quark model, Confined quarks, nental evidence, Coloured quarks.	
mass formula, Quarks and quark model, Confined quarks, nental evidence, Coloured quarks.  r 6, 7, 9 Book 2	
	lot, angular momentum and parity selection rules, gamma nultipole moments and selection rules, Internal conversion.  fission, Characteristics of fission, energy released in fission, ed fission reactions, fission reactors.  sc. 6.5, 8.2, 8.4, 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 10.1, 10.2, 10.4, 10.6  2, 13.3, 13.5, 13.6- Book 1  Particle Physics  sic forces - Gravitational, Electromagnetic, Weak and Strong re strengths, Classification of particles, Yukawa's theory, ation of energy and masses, Electric charges, Conservation and angular momentum, Baryon and lepton numbers, ation of strangeness, Conservation of isospin and its ents, Conservation of parity, Charge conjugation, CP

- 1. Introductory Nuclear Physics (3rd Edition), Kenneth S. Krane, Wiley (1987).
- 2. The particle hunters (2nd Revised Edition), Y. Neeman and Y. Kirsh, Cambridge University Press (1996)

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Introduction to Nuclear Physics (1st Edition), Harald A. Enge, Addison Wesley (1996).
- 2. An Introduction to nuclear Physics (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition), W. A. Cottingham, D. A. Greenwood
- 3. Concepts of Nuclear Physics, B. L. Cohen, McGraw-Hill Inc., US (1971).
- 4. Nuclear Physics: Theory and Experiment, R. R. Roy and B.P. Nigam, Newagepublishers (1996).
- 5. Theoretical Nuclear Physics, J. M. Blatt and V. F. Weisskopf, Springer-Verlag New York (1979).
- 6. An Introduction to Nuclear Physics (2nd Edition), S. B. Patel, New Age International (2011).
- 7. Nuclei and Particles, E. Segre, Benjamin (1967).

	Evaluation Type				
ESI	Σ	70			
CCA	1	30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES**

# **KU8DSEPHY401:Research Methodology in Physics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSE	400	KU8DSEPHY401	4	60

Learning Approach (Hours/ Week)		Marks Distribution			Duration
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	CE	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

## **Course Description**:

To address research questions or test hypotheses, quantitative or qualitative data must be gathered, analysed, and interpreted using a systematic, scientific procedure known as research methodology. A research technique helps researchers stay on track by restricting the scope of the study, much like a plan for carrying out research. On completing the course, a student will be able to appreciate the scientific research methodology. To develop the capability of the students to find research problems, to conduct research and to report the findings in an ethical manner are the main concerns of the course.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Appreciate the importance of research activities in various fields of science	R
2	Understand the various components of scientific research	U

3	Identify various research problems in the field of physics	An
4	Undertake research activities and report the findings in an ethical manner	A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	1	1	0	1	1	3
CO 2	2	1	0	1	1	1	3
CO 3	2	1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 4	2	2	3	3	3	2	3

<sup>\*</sup>Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

M O D U L E	U N I T	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
	Scie	ntific Research	10
	1	Definitions, Meaning and characteristics of research	3
1	2	Types of Research and importance of research activities	2
	3	Problems in research and research in academic fields - Planning and designing research activity	3

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	2	Examples for scientific misconduct, plagiarism, different forms of	
		plagiarism and methods to avoid plagiarism, tools for plagiarism	4
		checking	
	3	Costs of scientific misconduct and dealing with scientific misconduct	3
	4	Research ethics committees and functions - Ethical issues in publication	3
		Book 1: 99.5, 9.7-9.9, 10.5	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
5	Dire	ections	
	Fam	iliarisation of Research Journals	

1. K. Prathapan, "Research Methodology for Scientific Research" (Second Edition), iK International Publishers, New Delhi, (2023)

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. C. George Thomas, "Research Methodology and Scientific Writing" Springer (2021).
- 2. Suresh Chandra and Mohit Kumar Sharma, "Research Methodology", Narosa Publishing House PVT. Ltd, New Delhi, (2013).
- 3. C. R. Kothari, "Research Methodology- Methods and Technique", New Age International (2004)
- 4. Santhosh Kumar Yadav, "Research and Publication Ethics". Anne Books PVT. Ltd. New Delhi (2022)
- 5. Dilip Dutta "Good Practices and Ethics in Research and Publication", Anne Books PVT. Ltd, New Delhi (2021).
- 6. Upendra Prathap Singh "Research and Publication Ethics", S Chand Publishing (2023).
- 7. Pankaj Mittal and Sistla Rama Devi Pani "Reimagining Indian Universities" Association of Indian Universities (2020)

8. Yogesh Kumar Singh, "Fundamentals of Research Methodology and Statistics", New Age International (2006)

	<b>Evaluation Type</b>					
ESE		70				
CCA	1	30				
a)	*Test Paper	10				
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10				
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10				
	Total	100				

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU8DSEPHY402: Nonlinear Optics**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSE	400	KU8DSEPHY402	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+Tut orial	Practical	СЕ	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course introduces the field of nonlinear optics, covering basic concepts and descriptions of nonlinear optical processes, focuses on the wave-equation description of nonlinear optical interactions, including phase matching and various nonlinear processes. It also explores the intensity-dependent refractive index and various mechanisms contributing to nonlinear optical effects.

**Course Prerequisite:** Optics

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Understand the fundamental principles and phenomena of nonlinear optics, involving nonlinear optical effects such as harmonic generation and optical solitons.	U

2	Analyse the interaction of intense light with matter and its applications.	An
3	Understand intensity dependent refractive index	U
4	Analyse stimulated Raman and Rayleigh scattering	An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	3	2	1	2	1	0	0
CO 2	2	3	2	3	0	1	0
CO 3	1	2	3	2	1	1	0
CO 4	2	3	1	2	1	0	1

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

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D	N	DESCRIPTION	HOUDE
U	I	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
L	T		
E			
1	The	10	

	3	Nonresonant Electronic Nonlinearities-Nonlinearities Due to Molecular Orientation	3
3	2	Tensor Nature of Third Order Susceptibility	3
	1	Descriptions of Intensity Dependent Refractive Index	3
	The	Intensity-Dependent Refractive Index	12
		Book 1-Chapter 2	
	4	Optical Parametric Oscillators- Nonlinear Optical Interactions with Focussed Gaussian Beams-Nonlinear optics at an interface.	3
		Difference- Frequency Generation and Parametric Amplification	3
2	3	Sum-Frequency Generation-Second Harmonic Generation-	
	2	Phase Matching-Quasi Phase Matching-The Manley-Rowe Relations	3
		Wave equation for Sum-Frequency generation	
	1	The wave equation for Nonlinear optical Media- The Coupled	3
	Wa	ve-Equation Description of Nonlinear Optical Interactions	12
		Book 1- Chapter 1	
		Kronig Relations in Linear and Nonlinear optics.	3
	3	Time Domain description of Optical Nonlinearities – Kramers-	
		Nonlinear Susceptibility	4
	2	Formal Definition of Nonlinear Susceptibility-Nonlinear Susceptibility of a classical Anharmonic Oscillator- Properties of	4
		Introduction to Nonlinear optics- Descriptions of Nonlinear optical Processes	3

	Stin	14	
	1	The spontaneous Raman Effect-	3
4	2	Spontaneous versus Stimulated Raman Scattering-Stimulated Raman Scattering Described by the Nonlinear Polarization	4
	3	Stokes-Anti-Stokes Coupling in Stimulated Raman Scattering	3
	4	Coherent Anti-Stokes Raman Scattering-Stimulated Rayleigh Wing Scattering.	4
		Book 1- Chapter 10	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
5	Dire	ections:	
	Can	be designed by course faculty	

## **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Nonlinear optics-Robert W Boyd(3<sup>rd</sup> Edition), 2008.
- 2. Nonlinear optics- Basic Concepts- D L Mills, 2 edn, 1998.
- 3. Nonlinear Optics- P G Harper and B S Wherrett (Academic Press, London), 1977.

## **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Nonlinear Optics -Peter E Powers, Joseph W Haus 2nd Edn.
- 2. Nonlinear Optics Principles and Applications-Karsten 1st Edn

## **Assessment Rubrics:**

	Evaluation Type				
ESF	ESE				
CCA	CCA				
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# KU8DSEPHY403: Numerical Techniques and Probability Theory

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSE	400	KU8DSEPHY403	4	60

Learning	Approach (Hours/ Week)	Mar	Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	СЕ	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)
4	0	30	70	100	2

# **Course Description:**

This course provides an in-depth study of numerical techniques for solving mathematical problems. and the fundamental concepts of probability. Topics include root-finding algorithms, numerical integration, differentiation, and the solution of ordinary differential equations, random variables, probability distributions, expected value, variance, and the central limit theorem, with applications to real-world scenarios

Course Prerequisite: Basic Mathematical methods

#### **Course Outcomes:**

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning
00 110.	Expected Outcome	Domains
1	Apply numerical techniques to solve algebraic and	
	transcendental equations. Implement numerical	U, A
	differentiation and integration for engineering problems.	

2	Utilize numerical methods for solving ordinary and partial differential equations. Analyze the accuracy and stability of numerical solutions.	A, An
3	Understand and apply basic probability principles and rules. Analyze random variables and their probability distributions.	U, A, An
4	Calculate expected values, variances, and higher moments.  Apply the central limit theorem to solve practical problems in statistics	E, A

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

## **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	3	2	0	2	1	2
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	0	2
CO 3	1	2	3	2	1	0	1
CO 4	1	1	0	3	2	0	2

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

## **COURSE CONTENTS**

## **Contents for Classroom Transaction:**

M			
0	U	DESCRIPTION	HOURS
D	N		
U			

L	I		
E	T		
	Roo	ts of transcendental equations	12
	1	Bisection method, ordinary iteration method, condition for convergence, order of convergence, geometric significance	3
1	2	Regula –Falsi method, order of convergence, geometric significance	3
	3	Newton- Raphson method, order of convergence, geometric significance.	3
	4	Differences- Forward and backward differences. Difference tables, Detection of errors, Difference of a polynomial	3
	Into	Book 1	12
	Inte	rpolations and Curve Fitting	12
	1	Linear interpolation, Polynomial interpolation	3
2	2	Lagrange's interpolation, Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae.	3
	3	Errors in interpolation	3
	4	Least squares curve fitting (linear and nonlinear)	3
		Book 1	
	Nun	nerical Methods	12
3	1	Numerical Integration- Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules. Gauss quadrature.	3
	2	Solution of First of Differential Equations- Euler's method, geometric significance	3
	3	Modified Euler's method, geometric significance,	3

	4	Milne's method, Runge – Kutta method. (Second order and fourth	3
		order methods only)(Derivation not required)	3
		Book 1	
	Pro	bability and Expected Value	12
	1	Probability definition- Calculation of Probability- Addition theorem of Probability-Multiplication theorem – Baye's theorem	2
4	2	Theoretical Distributions- Binomial distribution (Pascal's triangle, Properties of binomial distribution, constants of binomial distribution, fitting a binomial distribution)— Poisson Distribution (Role of the Poisson distribution, constants of Poisson distribution, fitting a Poisson distribution, Poisson distribution as an approximation of the binomial distribution	4
	3	Normal distribution (Graph of Normal distribution, Relation between Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions, Properties of normal distribution, conditions for normality, constants of Normal distribution, area under the Normal curve	3
	4	CHI-Square test- $\chi 2$ Distribution-Probability Density Function of $\chi 2$ Distribution- Application of the $\chi 2$ distribution- $\chi 2$ test of goodness of fit.	3
		Chapter 1,2 Book 3, Book 4	
	Tea	cher Specific Module	12
5	Dire	ections:	
	Can	be designed by course faculty	

#### **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Numerical Methoids S.Arumugam, A. Thangapandi Isaac, A.Somasundaram-Scitech Publications Pvt .Ltd., 2<sup>nd</sup> edn, 2015.
- 2. Text book of Probability and Theoretical Distribution-A.K Sharma, Discovery Publishing House, New delhi, 2005.
- 3. Fundamentals of Statistics- S.C Gupta-Himalaya Publishing House, 7<sup>th</sup> edn., 2018.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis- S.S Sastry: (Prentice Hall of India)
- 2. Numerical Mathematical Analysis- J.B.Scarborough-Oxford and IBH, 6th Edition.
- 3. Numerical Analysis-Golden Maths Series- R.Gupta-Luxmi Publicatios Pvt.Ltd
- 4. Basic Statistics- A.L.Agarwal, New Age International Publishers

#### **Assessment Rubrics:**

	Evaluation Type				
ESE		70			
CCA		30			
a)	*Test Paper	10			
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10			
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10			
	Total	100			

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity

# **KU8DSEPHY404: Experimental Techniques**

Semester	Course Type	Course Level	Course Code	Credits	Total Hours
VIII	DSE	400	KU8DSEPHY404	4	60

Learning	Marks Distribution			Duration		
Lecture+ Tutorial	Practical	СЕ	ESE	Total	of ESE (Hours)	
4	0	30	70	100	2	

# **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive understanding of experimental techniques used in modern physics and materials science, focusing on vacuum systems, thin film deposition, accelerator-based methodologies, radiation detectors and X-ray diffraction techniques emphasising both theoretical principles and practical applications.

**Course Prerequisite: NIL** 

## **Course Outcomes:**

CO No.	Expected Outcome	Learning Domains
1	Comprehensive understanding of various vacuum pump technologies, as well as vacuum gauges and accessories commonly used in experimental setups.	U
2	Development of practical skills in various thin film fabrication methods, along with the ability to measure film	A, An

	thickness using different methods and analyse thin film properties for diverse technological applications.	
3	Students will acquire knowledge about different types of particle accelerators, as well as ion sources and ion implantation techniques, enabling them to design and operate accelerator-based experiments.	U, A
4	Understanding the principles and operation of various nuclear radiation detectors, and associated electronics for signal processing and analysis.	U
5	Students will learn the theoretical principles of X-ray diffraction, and gain practical experience in operating diffractometers. Also developing skills in analysing diffraction data for various applications.	A, An

<sup>\*</sup>Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (A), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

# **Mapping of Course Outcomes to PSOs**

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	PSO 6	PSO 7
CO 1	2	2	3	2	2	1	3
CO 2	3	3	2	1	2	1	3
CO 3	2	2	3	2	2	0	3
CO 4	2	1	2	3	2	0	3
CO 5	3	2	2	0	3	0	3

\*Correlation level 0-None, 1-Slight, 2-Medium, 3-High

# **COURSE CONTENTS**

# **Contents for Classroom Transaction:**

M						
О	U					
D	N	N I DESCRIPTION				
U	I					
L	T					
E						
	Vac	uum Techniques	12			
	1	Units and basic definitions, Roughing pumps - Oil sealed rotary				
		vacuum pump and Sorption pump, High vacuum pumps – Turbo				
	molecular pump, Diffusion pump, Oil vapour booster pump, Ion		4			
	pumps - Sputter ion pump and Getter ion pump, Cryo pump					
1	2	Vacuum gauges - Pirani gauge, Thermocouple gauge, penning gauge	3			
		(Cold cathode Ionization gauge) and Hot filament ionization gauge				
	3	Vacuum accessories – Diaphragm, Gate valve, Butterfly valve,				
		Baffle and isolation valves, magnetic valves, adjustable valves, air	3			
		inlet valves,				
	4	Traps - Liquid nitrogen trap, Sorption traps, and gaskets and O rings.	2			
		Book 1, Sections 1.4, 1.6 – 1.8, 1.9.2.3 – 1.9.2.5, 1.10.1, 1.10.6, 1.10.3				
	Thir	r Film Techniques	10			
	1	Introduction, Fabrication of thin films, Thermal evaporation in				
		vacuum – Resistive heating, Electron beam evaporation and laser	3			
		evaporation techniques,				
2	2	Sputter deposition, Glow discharge	2			
	3	Thickness measurement by quartz crystal monitor, optical				
		interference method, electrical conductivity measurement, Thermo	3			
		electric power,				
	4	Interference filters - Multi layer optical filters, Technological	2			
		Applications of thin films.	<i>L</i>			
	1					

		Book 1, Sections 2.1, 2.2.1.1, 2.2.1.4, 2.2.1.5, 2.2.2, 2.3.2, 2.3.3, 2.3.1,				
		2.7, 2.6.1				
	Accelerator Techniques					
	1	High voltage DC accelerators, Cascade generator, Van de Graaff	3			
		accelerator, Tandem Van de Graaff accelerator, Linear accelerator,	3			
3	2	Cyclotron, Synchrotron (Electron and proton)	3			
3	3	Ion sources – Ionization processes, simple ion source, ion plasma	3			
		source and RF ion source,	3			
	4	Ion implantation – techniques and profiles, Ion beam sputtering–	3			
		principles and applications.				
		Book 1, Sections 4.3, 4.4, 4.5.1, 4.5.4, 4.5.5, 4.6, 4.8.1 – 4.8.3, 4.9				
	Nuc	lear Radiation Detectors And X- Ray Diffraction Techniques	14			
			17			
	1	Gas detectors – Ionization chamber, Proportional counter and G M	3			
		counter, Scintillation detector,	3			
	2	Photo Multiplier Tube (PMT), Semiconductor detectors – Ge(Li),				
		Si(Li) and surface barrier detectors, Preamplifiers, Amplifiers, Single	4			
		channel analysers, multi-channel analysers, counting statistics,				
4		energy measurements.				
	3	Introduction, Lattice planes and Bragg's Law, Diffractometer -				
		Instrumentation, Single, crystal and Powder diffraction, Scherrer	3			
		equation, Structure factor.				
	4	Applications of XRD - Crystallinity, Unit Cell Parameters, Phase				
		transition studies, thin film studies, Awareness on Powder	4			
		Diffraction File (PDF) of the International Centre for Diffraction				
		Data.				
		Book 2, Book 3				
	Teacher Specific Module					
5	Directions					
	Advanced applications of experimental techniques					

#### **Essential Readings:**

- 1. Advanced Experimental Techniques in Modern Physics by K M Varier, 2023.
- 2. Nuclear Radiation Detectors by S S Kapoor and V S Ramamurthy, Wiley eastern, 1986.
- 3. Elements of Modern X-ray Physics, Jens Als Nielsen and Des McMorrow, John Wiley and Sons, 2000.

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Scientific foundations of vacuum techniques S. Dushman and J.M. Laffer, John Wiley New York (1962)
- 2. Thin film phenomena K.L. Chopra, Mc Graw Hill (1983)
- 3. R. Berry, P.M. Hall and M.T. Harris Thin film technology Van Nostrand (1968)
- 4. Dennis and Heppel Vacuum system design
- 5. Nuclear Micro analysis V. Valkovic
- 6. B.D. Cullity, Elements of X-ray diffraction, Addison Wesley Inc (1978)

#### **Assessment Rubrics:**

	Marks	
ESF		70
CCA	<b>.</b>	30
a)	*Test Paper	10
b)	**Assignment/ Book- Article Review	10
c)	Seminar/ Viva -Voce	10
	Total	100

<sup>\*</sup>Best out of two test papers

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<sup>\*\*</sup> or any other activities like quiz, open book exam, group activity