

KANNUR UNIVERSITY

FOUR YEARS UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME SYLLABUS

BACHELOR OF TOURISM AND TRAVEL MANAGEMENT (BTTM)

(2024 Admission onwards)

PREFACE

Tourism is a fundamental human activity that involves people traveling to destinations outside their usual environment for various purposes. It may include leisure and recreation, business and professional activities, cultural exchange, or simply the desire to explore new places and gain enriching experiences. The tourism industry not only satisfies this inherent human wanderlust but also stimulates economic growth, generates employment opportunities, and fosters cultural understanding and appreciation. The tourism and hospitality industry is a dynamic and multifaceted sector that plays a crucial role in the global economy. It encompasses a wide range of businesses and services that cater to the needs of travelers, tourists, and visitors. From hotels and restaurants to tour operators, airlines, and cruise lines, the industry offers a diverse array of experiences and opportunities for both leisure and business travelers.

Hospitality, on the other hand, forms an integral part of the tourism industry, focusing on the provision of services and amenities to ensure a pleasant and comfortable experience for travelers. It encompasses a wide range of establishments, including hotels, resorts, bed and breakfasts, hostels, restaurants, cafes, bars, and other accommodation and food service providers. The industry is dedicated to creating memorable experiences for guests by delivering exceptional customer service, personalized attention, and a warm and welcoming environment.

Together, the tourism and hospitality sectors form a symbiotic relationship, as tourism drives the demand for hospitality services while the quality of hospitality directly influences the overall satisfaction of tourists. This interdependence highlights the significance of collaboration and synergy between various stakeholders, including governments, tourism boards, travel agencies, destination management organizations, and businesses within the industry.

In recent years, the industry has witnessed significant growth, driven by factors such as rising incomes, globalization, improved transportation infrastructure, and the increased accessibility of travel information through the internet and social media. As the world recovers from the pandemic, the industry identifies various opportunities in rebuilding and redefining the future of tourism and hospitality.

The tourism and hospitality industry navigates through a constantly evolving global landscape, influenced by factors such as technological advancements, changing consumer preferences, economic fluctuations, geopolitical developments, collaboration, innovations, and environmental concerns. It is a significant contributor to the global economy, generating substantial economic earnings in various forms. These earnings come from several sources, including direct spending by tourists, job creation, tax revenues, foreign exchange earnings, and investments in infrastructure development. The tourism industry is a significant contributor to employment globally, providing numerous job opportunities across various sectors. This will multiply in the coming decade. Ironically, there is a wide gap in demand and supply of trained manpower for this business with shortage of undergraduate as well as post graduate Programs in the state. The present total employment generated from tourism in Kerala is estimated to be 1.2 million. The peculiar dynamics of the industry require professionals to adapt and innovate continuously to meet the evolving needs and expectations of travelers while ensuring sustainability and responsible tourism practices. All these clearly show the need for quality trained manpower for the tourism industry that can be fulfilled through the implementation of outcome-based curriculum in universities and colleges.

RATIONALE AND NATURE OF BTTM PROGRAMME

Tourism education and skill training play a crucial role in developing a qualified and competent workforce for the tourism and hospitality industry. With the rapid growth and evolving nature of the industry, there is a continuous need for professionals who possess the knowledge, skills, and abilities to meet the diverse demands of travelers and tourists. Tourism education and skill training programs aim to equip individuals with the necessary expertise to excel in various roles within the industry, ranging from hotel management and tour guiding to event planning and destination marketing. The BTTM program equips students with the skills and knowledge relevant to tourism & hospitality industry. The program aims to develop professionals for tomorrow and academicians and researchers with strong academic background.

BOARD OF STUDIES & EXPERT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

BTTM of Kannur University is a new generation course which strides towards quality postgraduate education in North Malabar, which is poised to become a major tourism destination. The Expert Committee for syllabus reconstruction has left no stone unturned in designing this program. Syllabi of several post- graduate Programs in India and abroad has been referred in drafting a new and updated syllabus for this program. Moreover, as tourism is a dynamic and multi-disciplinary subject of study, all contemporary aspects have been carefully woven into designing this program. Extreme care has been taken to include as many details as possible so that students coming from various streams can easily learn and equip themselves with the fastest growing industry, through this program.

BOS CHAIRPERSON: Dr. Sindhu Joseph, Assistant Professor and Head, PG Dept of TTM, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod.

BOS MEMBERS

- Dr. Dileep M.R, Associate Professor, Department of Travel and Tourism Management, Pazhassiraja College, Pulpally, Wayanad. (Director, KITTS, Trivandrum)
- 2. Dr. Binoy T A, Associate Professor, Central University of Kerala, Kasaragod.
- 3. Dr. Hafees V K, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism and Hotel Management, Amal College of Advanced Studies, Nilambur, Malappuram
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 Paveesh Kumar A G, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism, M M Knowledge Arts & Science College Karakkund, Kannur

EXPERT COMMITTEE SPECIAL INVITEES

- 1. Sri. Mohammad Vaseem C, Junior Research Fellow, Kannur University.
- Agney Sai C, Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod.
- Dr. Reshma P T, Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod.
- Sri. Mahadevan P, Regional Co-Ordinator, and Auditor (South Asia). Green Destinations, The Netherlands.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

Program Outcomes (POs) serve as a foundational framework defining the skills, knowledge, and attributes that students at Kannur University are expected to acquire upon completion of a specific academic program. Tailored to the unique goals of each program, POs articulate the overarching learning objectives that guide curriculum design and assessment. These outcomes encompass a diverse range of competencies, including critical thinking, problemsolving, effective communication, and discipline-specific expertise. POs play a crucial role in shaping educational experiences, ensuring alignment with academic standards and industry expectations. By articulating clear and measurable expectations, POs contribute to the continuous improvement of academic programs and provide a roadmap for students to develop into wellrounded, competent professionals within their chosen fields.

PO1	Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving: Apply critical thinking skills to analyze information and develop effective problem-solving strategies for tackling complex challenges.
PO2	Effective Communication and Social Interaction: Proficiently express ideas and engage in collaborative practices, fostering effective interpersonal connections.
PO3	Holistic Understanding: Demonstrate a multidisciplinary approach by integrating knowledge across various domains for a comprehensive understanding of complex issues.
PO4	Citizenship and Leadership: Exhibit a sense of responsibility, actively contribute to the community, and showcase leadership qualities to shape a just and inclusive society.
PO5	Global Perspective: Develop a broad awareness of global issues and an understanding of diverse perspectives, preparing for active participation in a globalized world.
PO6	Ethics, Integrity and Environmental Sustainability: Uphold high ethical standards in academic and professional endeavors, demonstrating integrity and ethical decision-making. Also acquire an understanding of environmental issues and sustainable practices, promoting responsibility towards ecological well-being.

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 admission onwards

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

The broad objective of the BTTM program is to create professional managers, leaders, and researchers in the tourism/hospitality industry. Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) include:

PSO1	Develop a comprehensive and multidisciplinary understanding of the tourism concepts, principles, practices, and hospitality industry.
PSO2	Cultivate technical and interpersonal skills, including teamwork, communication, and leadership abilities, to thrive in competitive, dynamic, and diverse work environments, and adapt to various roles in multicultural contexts.
PSO3	Demonstrate proficiency in hotel, airline, and tour operations by applying management principles effectively.
PSO4	Create innovative digital strategies for hospitality industry and apply technological solutions to streamline tourism operations and thereby enhance tourist experiences and service quality
PSO5	Apply project management and entrepreneurial skills in conceptualizing, realizing, and implementing various tourism and hospitality projects.
PSO6	Leverage research-based knowledge and skills to benefit the tourism industry, as well as society at large.

CAREER OPTIONS AFTER THE BTTM PROGRAMME

After successful completion of the program, the students should be competent to work in tourism and Hospitality industry including Airlines, Airports, Tour Operation Companies, Travel Agencies, Travel Departments of Corporate Firms, event management companies, Hospitality sector, Cruise ships, Transport Operators, Government Agencies, Academics, Research, Consultancies, NGOs etc. Above all, the program encourages entrepreneurship also.

1) Technical Research and Development

- Social Scientists
- Research Coordinators/Project Officers/Assistants of various welfare Programmes of Government /NGOs
- Agencies of National & International repute

2) Education

- Teaching faculty in Colleges, National and state Institutes in Travel & Tourism
- Special Educators and Instructors in Vocational Higher Secondary Schools (VHSE) which offer Tourism as a Vocational Course
- Resource persons for various firms/institutes/colleges/university centers

3) Administrators

- Tourism Information Officers (TIO) in Department of Tourism (DOT)-Kerala and other state/ central ministries
- Hospitality Managers/ Hospitality assistants in KTDC likewise
- Extension Officers or Officers on Special duties assisting Tourism projects.
- Information Assistants
- District Tourism Promotion Council (DTPC) Secretaries

4) Tour Operations and Travel Agency Business

- Senior Tour Consultant
- Junior Tour Consultant
- Information Assistant
- Marketing Executive / Sales Executive
- General Sales Agent (GSA)

5) Product Design and Development

- Product developers
- Interior / Landscape designers of Firm / Hotels / Spas / Consultancy services

- Event Management
- Entertainment

6) Marketing and Sales

- Sales promotion personnel
- Trusted Cost Accountants (TCA) of Government's Promotional Campaigns (domestic and overseas)
- Consumer awareness campaigns

7) Hospitality / Service jobs

- Front Office Managers
- Restaurant / Bed and Breakfast Inns Managers / HR Managers
- Spa attendants / Health assistants in spas / Health Resorts
- Professional Guides
- Service personnel in home stays / houseboats likewise.

PEDAGOGY

The program is a blend of theoretical and practical/field components. Students and institutes must work in tandem to achieve this. The method of pedagogy includes Lectures, Case studies, Practicum, Role plays, Presentations, Discussions, Project works, Field Trips, Cultural Exchange Programs, and National / International Destination Visits. It is encouraged to properly engage in extracurricular activities every semester. It could include industry visits, participation in events like seminars, exhibitions, tourism fests, nature camps, organizing events, adventure camps, short treks etc.

BTTM PROGRAMME

(From 2024 Admission Onwards)

LEARNING ACTIVITIES

1. Study Tour

a) During the First Semester, the students shall take up a small study tour /excursion within Kerala or to the neighboring state for a period of *not more than three days* and the tour report should be submitted to the Head of the Department soon after the tour which will be considered for internal evaluation.

b). During the third semester, the students of BTTM shall be required to undertake a study tour, National/ International, (considering the climate conditions and other academic activities, it may be changed to 4th semester) for a period of 6-9 days maximum to important tourist destinations, *national or international*, in order to gain insights into various aspects of tourism like tour planning and organizing, tour operation, experiencing travel, tourist attractions, products, destination management, and knowing the inter-relationship between tourism and different industries. At least *one leg of the journey must be by air* to gain a primary knowledge of aviation and airline industry which students' study in foundation, major and minor courses. The possibility of involving different modes of transportation in the package may be utilized.

Important Note: *National tours are not exclusive to North India and can occur anywhere in the country, covering at least three important tourism destinations (not attractions). Any regions of India, including the North, West, East, and South, or inter-regional, may be included in the plan.*

2. Industrial Visit/ Field Visit

The department should make the effort to schedule field trips/industrial visits in accordance with the syllabus, and the practical exam should be done with utmost seriousness. When analyzing Industrial Visit/Field Visit reports, extreme caution must be exercised to ensure the report's material is of high quality.

3. Internship

During the fifth semester, all students must do a two-credit internship for at least three months in an approved travel agency, tour companies, airlines, airports, hotels/ resorts, seaports and tourism

NGOs. However, if a student desires to conduct internships in two separate sectors related to the tourism business, such as hotels and tour running companies/tour operations and airlines/airports, or any other combination of their choice, they can do it in two different sectors (for a total period of three months) subject to the consent from the HOD and Internship Supervisor. However, in exceptional circumstances where students are unable to attend continuously for three months, the internship can be completed by splitting it into three shorter durations (of one month each) as per the student's convenience without interfering with regular academic activities, with the agreement of the Head of Department and Internship Supervisor. It is the responsibility of the student to get permission from the principal for all the above-mentioned activities related to internship.

Guidelines for Internship

1. The department may assign a teacher as Internship Supervisor to oversee student internships during the fourth semester which will be included in the workload (2 Hrs). The Internship Supervisor must forward the letters of internship received from students to the principal of the institution, and the student must obtain official permission/letter from the principal to undertake internship, which must be duly communicated to the HOD and Internship Supervisor. However, after students begin their internships, it is their responsibility to look after themselves, and the department will not supervise their daily activities, including food and lodging, transportation, and security. The HOD and Internship Supervisor are not responsible for any student wrongdoing or risks during the internship.

2. Every student is required to keep an Internship Logbook with documentary proof of their actions. The university will evaluate the internship report as part of the 6th semester examination. The internship logbook must be given to the supervisor shortly after completion of their internship.

3. Internships in training institutes/agencies should be avoided, and no grades should be awarded in such cases. It is the obligation of the HOD and Internship Supervisor to discourage such behaviours among students.

4. A confidential evaluation report for each student from the Training Supervisor of the firm/ organization must be obtained by the Internship Supervisor and should be kept confidential. The same must be evaluated by the Department Council for awarding 10 marks.

5. If any student fails to undergo an internship, no marks will be awarded for Continuous Evaluation and External Evaluation. He/ she can do the internship along with the next batch of students.

Evaluation of Internship

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- The internal evaluation of Internship shall be done through continuous assessment by a committee internally constituted by the Department Council (with 2 or three members) where the student has enrolled for the UG program.
- The credits and marks for the Internship will be awarded only at the end of semester 6.
- The scheme of external evaluation will be mainly based on the submitted Logbook. In the absence of an Internship Logbook, no external examination will be carried out and the student will be considered as absent.

Evaluation of Internship

A student shall do an internship of 2 credits by the end of the sixth semester. Since one The evaluation criteria of internship will be as given below:

Sl. No.	Components of Evaluation	Marks	Weightage
External Evaluation		35	70%
	Evaluation of the Logbook	25	
	Viva-Voce and presentation	10	-
Internal Evaluation		15	30%
	Procedures followed for completing internship	10	
	including timely Submission of Logbook,		
	Punctuality of attending internship		
	Evaluation report from the firm/ organization	5	

4. Case Study

Guidelines for Conducting Case Studies

Selecting the Case Study Topic

• **Relevance:** Choose a topic that is relevant to current trends, challenges, or innovations in the travel and tourism industry.

Structuring the Case Study

- **Title Page:** Include the title of the case study, your name, course details, and date of submission.
- **Introduction:** Provide background information on the topic, the purpose of the study, and the research questions or objectives.
- Literature Review: Review existing literature related to the topic to provide context and identify gaps your study will address.

- **Methodology:** Describe the research methods used for data collection and analysis. Be specific about the tools and techniques employed.
- **Findings:** Present the data collected, using charts, graphs, and tables where appropriate. Interpret the findings in relation to your research questions.
- **Conclusion:** Summarize the key points of your study, including recommendations for the industry or future research.
- **References:** List all sources cited in the study in a consistent citation style (APA, MLA, etc.).
- **Appendices:** Include any additional material that supports your study, such as questionnaires, interview transcripts, or raw data.

Evaluation Criteria

- **Relevance and Originality:** The case study should be relevant to the field of travel and tourism management and offer original insights.
- Analysis and Interpretation: Provide a well-reasoned analysis and clear interpretation of the findings.
- **Clarity and Structure:** Ensure the study is well-organized, clearly written, and free of grammatical errors.
- **Practical Implications:** Highlight practical implications and recommendations for the travel and tourism industry.

Evaluation of Project

A student pursuing UG Honours with research shall do a mandatory research project of 12 credits by the end of the eighth semester. For UG Honours students, the project is optional. Since one credit corresponds to 25 marks, the 12-credit project shall be evaluated for 300 marks. The scheme of evaluation of the Project is given below:

Project type	Maximum Marks	CCA (30%)	ESE (70%)
Research Project of 12 Credits	300	90	210
Research Project of 8 Credits	200	60	140

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURSES AND FACILITIES REQUIRED FOR BTTM (NEW GENERATION PROGRAMME)

Each industry in an economy has its own specific requirements that prospective employees in that industry should possess. These requirements are needed for the efficient functioning of the prospective employee and to make him/her more productive. However, the present hospitality/tourism programs fail to inculcate operational skills and technical skills such as housekeeping operations, front office management, marketing skills, ability to perform front office and housekeeping operation and other planning and management activities due to the inadequate facilities available in regular arts and science colleges. Further, there exists a wide gap between academia and the tourism industry. Bridging the Gap between Hospitality/Tourism Education and Hospitality/Tourism Industry, communication skills, multilingual and operational skills, the most prominent skills needed for them to fit into the industry.

Ensuring classroom learning experiences applicable to actual management situations has been an important issue as well as a concern for higher education institutions that provide hospitality management education. To broaden students' thinking and enable them to operate outside the existing practices and paradigms, BTTM course intends to provide some form of practicum. A practical element is not only a defining characteristic of hospitality management education but also indicates its strong connection with industry. It is essential for hospitality management institutions that aim to employ the participatory approach of providing practical training, additional workshops, motivational lectures from industry experts, academic exchange program and industry visits help students to motivate them, maintain discipline, learn professional standards, and focus on their learning goals. BTTM is a new generation course, therefore, the faculty of this program must be qualified as per the UGC guidelines and University norms and should impart training to its students through a range of in-house training facilities and outdoor activities. Professionalism, enhancement of skills, community involvement and support, entrepreneurship, research, and development are the other value additions envisaged by this course which require the following mandatory infrastructural facilities in the institutions.

Eligibility of Teaching Faculty.

Board of Studies (BoS) recommends that all courses including Major, Minor, SEC, MDC, and VAC may be taught by teachers with qualifications such as MTTM, MTM, MBA (Tourism), MTHM and MTA. However, the minor courses such as KU1DSCTTM103 (Basics of Food Production), KU2DSCTTM105 (Housekeeping Operations), KU2DSCTTM106 (Food and

Beverage Service) and KU3DSCTTM204 (Basics of Food Science and Nutrition) may be preferably taught by teachers with the above qualification who had studied Hotel Management/ Operations as their specialization either at UG or PG level for the efficient delivery of the courses.

<u>1</u>. Infrastructure for In-House Training Facilities

To ensure students' learning experiences align with industry demands, hospitality management schools must develop suitable physical facilities that offer adequate training opportunities. Institutions should provide spaces for training in housekeeping and front office operations, such as furnished housekeeping rooms and front office desks. Additionally, computer labs, language labs, and libraries are essential for supporting effective research and enabling students to undertake tourism consultancy work, projects, journal papers, and DPRs. Participatory training approaches that encourage student engagement and contributions are crucial, as they equip students with the professional knowledge, skills, and creativity needed for effective and efficient work in hospitality establishments.

1. Field Visits (FVs)

Experiential learning, an interactive method where students learn through hands-on activities, enables them to carry these experiences into future endeavors. In tourism and hospitality education, industry visits are valuable for extending learning beyond the traditional classroom. Students should be exposed to industry settings through pre-trip, on-trip, and post-trip activities. Institutions should regularly organize industrial visits to expose students to current industry trends and best practices.

2. Training / Capacity Building Programs/ Cultural Exchange Programs

Institutions should regularly host conferences, seminars, and workshops to exchange ideas and gain theoretical and practical knowledge, ensuring graduates are industry ready. Acting as a nodal agency for local tourism stakeholders, departments can offer students real-world event organization experience and opportunities to earn while learning. Academic exchange programs should also be explored. Enhancing communication skills is essential for managerial tasks, including business presentations, capacity building, guest interactions, and writing business documents.

3. Community Engagement

The BTTM program should conduct interactive initiatives that enable students to engage continuously with local self-governments in designing, developing, and managing tourism projects, benefiting both students and stakeholders. This engagement can also be extended to alternative tourism models, such as women entrepreneurial groups and farm tourism units.

Additionally, the program should create opportunities for students to work closely with the tourism department, industry, and community throughout the duration of the program.

Minimum CREDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DIFFERENT PATHWAYS IN THE BTTM PROGRAMME

	Academic	Major	Minor	Foundation	Internship	Total
	Pathway			Courses		Credits
				AEC: 4 Courses		
				MDC: 3 Courses		
				SEC: 3 Courses		
				VAC: 3 Courses		
		4 Credits	for each Course	3 Credits for each		
				Course		
	Single Major (A)	68	24	39	2	133
		17 courses	6 courses (1, 2, 3	13 courses		
1			semesters)			
	Major (A) with	68 (17	12+12=24 (6	39	2	133
	multiple disciplines (B)	courses)	courses (1, 2, 3	(13 courses)		
2			semesters)			
	Major (A) with Minor	68	24	39	2	133
3	(B)					
4	Major (A)	68	24	39	2	133
	with Vocational					
	Minor (B)					
5	Double Major	A1: 48 A2:	The 24 credits in	the Minor stream ar	e distributed	133
	(A1, A2)	44	between the two N	Aajors. Overall, 40%	of credits to	
			be earned in the s	second major. 2 MD	C, 2 SEC, 2	
			VAC and the inter-			
			credits in Major A			
			133) 1 MDC, 1 SE			
			B. Total credits in			
			(40% of 133			

PROGRAM PATHWAYS

In FYUGP the existing UG program are modified into five possible structures or combinations, called academic pathways. Each pathway is defined by a specific combination of Discipline-Specific Courses (DSC). The seven pathways are the following:

1. Single Major pathway: This pathway may be recommended to those students who opt for an in-depth study in a particular discipline, without systematically exploring any other discipline

The students pursuing KU-FYUGP in a specific discipline shall be awarded a UG Degree in a Major discipline if they secure minimum 68 credits in that Major discipline from 17 courses (50% of the total credits of 133 required for the three-year program), out of which 10 courses should be above level 300.

Out of the remaining 26 credits required from discipline-specific courses in the first three years, the 2 credits from Internship should be in the Major discipline and 24 credits can be from any 6 discipline-specific courses other than the major discipline.

If the students continue to the fourth year of KU-FYUGP, to be eligible for a UG Degree (Honours) in the Major discipline, they should earn a further 32 credits in that Major discipline from Advanced level courses or project, and an additional 12 credits from any discipline.

Eg: BSc Chemistry Major; BA English Major; BA Economics Major

 Major with Minor pathway: This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for an in-depth study in more than one discipline with a more focus on one discipline (Major) and relatively less focus on the other (Minor). The concept of Minor is relevant only when there is a Major discipline.

If students pursuing KU-FYUGP are awarded a Major Degree in a particular discipline, they are eligible to be awarded a Minor in another discipline of their choice, if they earn a minimum of 24 credits in the Minor discipline at the end of third year and 32 credits at the end of fourth year, to be eligible for a UG Degree (Honors) with a Major and a Minor.

Examples: BSc (Honours) Physics Major with Chemistry Minor, BA (Honours) English Major with Psychology Minor, B. Com (Honours) Commerce Major with Economics Minor

3. **Major with multiple disciplines pathway:** This pathway is recommended for students who wish to develop core competencies in multiple disciplines of study. In this case, the credits for the minor pathway shall be distributed among the constituent disciplines/subjects.

If students pursuing KU-FYUGP are awarded a UG Degree in a Major discipline, they are eligible to get mentioned their core competencies in other discipline(s) of their choice if they have earned 12 credits from the pathway courses of a particular discipline. In the first three years of KU-FYUGP, this pathway is composed of one Major discipline with 68 credits from 17 courses, and maximum two other disciplines, with 12 credits from 3 courses in each discipline.

If the students continue to the fourth year of KU-FYUGP, the details of the credits in the Major discipline in the fourth year are the same as given for the Single Major Pathway. In the fourth year, the students need to earn an additional 12 credits from any discipline. These 12 credits can be in the form of three discipline-specific courses in any one discipline, in which case this third discipline will be added to the multiple disciplines of this pathway.

Examples: BSc (Honours) in Physics Major with Chemistry and Mathematics, BA (Honours) in Economics Major with History and English.

4. **Double Major pathway:** This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for an in-depth study in two disciplines to more or less equal extent.

It is composed of two Major disciplines with minimum 50% credits in one Major (A) and minimum 40% credits in another Major (B) out of the total credits. In the three-year UG programme, it is specified that the student should earn a minimum of 68 credits in Major A and 53 credits in Major B to qualify for a UG degree with a Double Major. The Double Major pathway is not extended to the fourth year. In the fourth year, the student can continue to earn the required credits in either Major A or Major B to qualify for a UG Degree (Honours) / UG Degree (Honours with Research) in A or B. If he/she opts to continue with Major B in the fourth year, he/she should earn an additional 15 credits of 300-399 level in B through in-person or online courses.

Examples: BSc Physics and Chemistry Major, BA Economics and History Major, BCom Commerce and Management Major.

5. **Major with Vocational Minor pathway:** This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for an exposure in a vocational discipline in addition to in-depth study in the Major discipline

Degree Major with Vocational Minor In the first three years of FYUGP, this pathway is composed of one Major discipline with 68 credits from 17 courses, and when the student continues to the fourth year of FYUGP, the student will be eligible for a UG Honours

Degree in a Major with a Vocational Minor, if they earn 32 credits in the chosen Vocational Minor discipline.

Examples: BSc Physics Major with Data Analysis Minor, BA English Major with Translation Minor, BCom Commerce Major with Company Secretaryship Minor

6. Multi-disciplinary Major pathway: The program offered by this pathway is of a multidisciplinary nature with credits distributed among the broad disciplines. For multidisciplinary major pathway, the credits for the major and minor pathways will be distributed among the broad disciplines.

The overall fraction of major and minor constituent disciplines or broad discipline should be 70 % of the total credits. For a 3-year program the credit requirements in the constituent discipline should be 94 credits and for a 4- year honours program should be 124 credits including the project.

Examples: Life Science, Data Science, Nano Science

7. **Interdisciplinary Major pathway:** This pathway program is offered jointly by two or three disciplines with credits distributed among the constituent discipline / subjects to get core competency in the interdisciplinary areas distributed among the constituent disciplines/subjects.

The overall fraction of major and minor constituent disciplines should be 70 %. For a 3year program the credit requirements in the constituent discipline should be 94 credits and for 4-year honours program should be 124 credits including project.

Example: Econometrics, Global Studies, Biostatistics.

Note:

• BTTM students can select minor courses from any discipline other than that of their own discipline. Therefore, BTTM students can choose minor courses from the "Hotel Management' discipline though it is offered by the parent department.

Course and Credit Structure for Different Pathways

Course Distribution for Students in Semesters I – VI

- (1) Single Major: The 6 courses together in B and C can be in different disciplines.
- (2) Major with Multiple Disciplines: B and C represent two different disciplines.
- (3) Major with Minor: B and C represent the same Minor discipline.
- (4) Major with Vocational Minor: B and C represent the same Vocational Minor discipline

Ability Enhancement Courses shall be offered by language disciplines only. (AEC 1 and AEC 3 shall be offered by English discipline and AEC 2 and AEC 4 shall be offered by other languages

Multidisciplinary Courses: MDC 1 and MDC 2 shall be offered by all disciplines and MDC 3 in Kerala specific content shall be offered by language disciplines only.

Value Added Courses: Value added courses shall be offered by all disciplines, and preference of offering value added courses in a college will be given to language or other disciplines depending upon the available workload of the respective disciplines in the college.

Skill Enhancement Courses: Skill Enhancement Courses shall also be offered by all disciplines, and preference of offering these courses in a college will be given to disciplines depending upon the available workload of the respective disciplines in the college.

Overall, 20% of courses shall be designed by individual faculty and the evaluation of these courses shall be internal. Courses developed by individual faculty members shall be approved by the respective Board of Studies.

Evaluation

- Students shall secure a minimum of 30% for End Semester evaluation and an aggregate of 35% for successful completion of each course.
- Regarding evaluation, a one credit course may be evaluated for 25 marks, two credit for 50 marks, three credit for 75 marks and 4 credit for 100 marks.
- In the evaluation of a 4-credit theory course of 100 marks, 30 marks will be by continuous comprehensive assessment and 70 marks will be by end semester evaluation. The duration for the end semester evaluation of theory courses of 70 marks shall be for two hours. The duration for the end semester practical examination shall be fixed by the respective BoS. For the evaluation
- of courses with both theory and practicum components, the marks for ESE and CCA may be fixed by ensuring the credit mark relation (One credit corresponds to 25 marks).
- In the evaluation of a 3- credit theory course of 75 marks, 25 marks will be by continuous comprehensive assessment and 50 marks will be by end semester evaluation. The duration for the end semester evaluation of theory courses of 50 marks/below 50 marks shall be of one and a half hour (1.5 hr)

- The duration for the end semester practical examination shall be fixed by the respective BoS. For the evaluation of courses with both theory and practicum components, the marks for ESE and CCA may be fixed by ensuring the credit – mark relation (One credit corresponds to 25 marks).
- In the case of courses with both theory and practicums, for course components (Theory or Practicum) with even credits the ratio of continuous comprehensive assessment (CCA) to End semester examination (ESE) is 30:70 for theory/lecture and 40:60 for practical/practicum. However, for course components with odd credits the marks are calculated following same proportion and are rounded to convenient whole numbers wherever necessary.

Attendance and Progress

- The minimum attendance required for each course shall be 75 % of the total number of classes conducted for that semester. Those who secure the minimum attendance in a semester alone will be allowed to register for the End Semester Examination.
- Condonation of shortage of attendance for a maximum of 10 days in a semester, subject to
 a maximum of two spells for Semesters I to VI and 10 days in a semester, subject to
 maximum of two spells for semesters VII to VIII separately will be granted by Vice
 Chancellor as per the existing rules.

Time limit for the completion of program

- The maximum time limit to complete the Program for a candidate taking exit on completion of 6 semesters shall be 6 years after joining the program.
- The maximum time limit to complete the Program for the FYUGP shall not exceed 8 years after joining the program.
- Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, the Vice Chancellor shall for a
 period of one year (may be revised) from the date of coming into force of these
 Regulations, have the power to provide by order that these Regulations shall be applied to
 any Program with such modifications as may be necessary.
- Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, any amendments or modifications issued or notified by the UGC or state government, from time to time, shall be deemed to have been incorporated into these regulations and shall constitute an integral part there.
- These regulations or modifications as mentioned above will be applicable to admission of students to one year post graduate program (after completion of 4-year undergraduate

program) or two-year postgraduate program after completion of three-year degree program satisfying the credits as per the National Credit Framework and UGC regulations for Four Year Undergraduate Program.

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

BTTM PROGRAMME

	Sem	DSC	DSC-	MDC	AEC	SEC	VAC	INT	PRJ	Total
		Major	Minor							Credits
	Ι	4	4+4	3	3+3					21
	II	4	4+4	3	3+3					21
	III	4+4	4+4	3			3			22
BTTM	1V	4+4+4				3	3+3			21
	V	4+4+4+4+4				3				23
	VI	4+4+4+4+4				3				25
	3 Year UG	68	24		39)	2		133	
	VII	4+4+4+4	•••	•••••			••••	•••		20
	VIII	4+4+4	4+4+4						★ 12	24
]	Four	88 + 12 =	36			39		2		177
Years U	G Program	100								
	* 1	2 credits Proje	ct can be t	aken ins	tead of	three N	Iajor co	ourses		

From 2024 Admission Onwards

BTTM FOUR YEAR UG PROGRAMME-

COURSE STRUCTURE

Sem	Course Code	Type of	Course Name	CCA	ESE	Total	Exam	Credits	Hrs/wk.	Total
		Course.								credits
	AEC-1 AEC		AEC	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
		AEC-2	AEC	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	21
S 1	KU1DSCTTM101	DSC-A1	Business of Tourism and Hospitality	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU1DSCTTM102	DSC -B1	Travel Geography	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU1DSCHMT103	DSC-C1	Front Office Management	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU1MDCTTM101	MDC-1	Basics of Food Production	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
		AEC-3	AEC	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
		AEC-4	AEC	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
S2	KU2DSCTTM104	DSC A2	Hotel Operations	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	21
52	KU2DSCTTM105	DSC-B2	Cultural Heritage and Hospitality	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU2DSCHMT106	DSC-C2	Food & Beverage Service	30	70	100	1 ½ Hrs	4	4	
	KU2MDCTTM102	MDC-2	Special Interest Tourism	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
		I		I				l		
S 3	KU3DSCTTM201	DSC A3	Tourism Products and Resources	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	4	
55	KU3DSCTTM202	DSC-A4	Tour Designing with Study Tour	35	65	100	2 Hrs	4	6	

	KU3DSCTTM203	DSC- B3	Tourism Law and Administration	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	22
	KU3DSCHMT204	DSC- C3	Housekeeping Operations	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU3MDCTTM201	MDC-3	KS	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	KU3VACTTM 201	VAC-1	Customer Relationship Management	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	KU4DSCTTM204	DSC-A5	Heritage Tourism Management	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	5	
	KU4DSCTTM205	DSC-A6	Tourism Destination Mapping	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	5	
S4	KU4DSCTTM206	DSC-A7	Tour Leadership and Guiding	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	6	21
54	KU4SECTTM201	SEC-1	Business Communication	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	KU4VACTTM202	VAC-2	Basics of Food Science and Nutrition	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	KU4VACTTM203	VAC-3	Event Management & Hospitality	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	.	1								
	KU5DSCTTM301	DSC-A8	Employability and Leadership in Hospitality	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	5	
	KU5DSCTTM302	DSC-A9	Tourism Economics	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	5	23
S5	KU5DSCTTM303	DSC-A10	Hospitality Marketing	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU5DSCTTM304	DSC-A11	Management Principles	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU5DSCTTM305	DSC-A12	Tourism Transport Systems	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU5SECTTM301	SEC-2	Aviation Management	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	

	KU6DSCTTM306	DSC-A13	Organizational Behavior in Tourism	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU6DSCTTM307	DSC-A14	Human Resource Management and Tourism	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	22
S6	KU6DSCTTM308	DSC-A15	Airport Management and Ground Handling	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU6DSCTTM309	DSC-A16	Logistics Management	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU6DSCTTM310	DSC-A17	Entrepreneurship in Tourism Industry	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU6INTTTM301	INT	Internship	15	35	50		2	2	
	KU6SECTTM302	SEC-3	Technology and Tourism	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
	KU7DSCTTM401	DSC-A18	Sustainable Development & Crisis Management	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	
S7	KU7DSCTTM402	DSC-A19	Product Design and Development	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	20
	KU7DSCTTM403	DSC-A20	Destination Planning and Management	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	
	KU7DSCTTM404	DSC-A21	Tourism Project Management	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	
	KU7DSCTTM405	DSC-A22	Tourism planning	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	
	KU8DSCTTM406	DSC-A23	Research Methodology	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	

	KU8DSCTTM407	DSC-A24	Academic Writing and Publishing	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	4	
S 8	KU8DSCTTM408	DSC-A25	Financial Management in Tourism	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	4	24
			OR (instead of Core Course	es 19 to 2	1 in Majo	or)		I	I	
	KU8PRJTTM498	PRJ(H)	Research Project (Honors)	90	210	300		12	13	
	OR (instead of any two Core Courses 19 to 21 in Major)									
	KU8PRJTTM499	PRJ(H-R)	Research Project	60	140	200		8	8	
	KU6DSCTTM409	DCE-1	Digital and Social Media Communication in Tourism	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	
	KU8DSCTTM410	DCE-2	Cargo Management	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	5	

DISTRIBUTION OF MINOR COURSES IN BTTM

Sem	Course Code	Minor	Course Name	Discipline
		Course		
1	KU1DSCTTM102	DSC -B1	Travel Geography	Tourism and Travel Management
1	KU1DSCHMT103	DSC-C1	Front Office Management	Hotel Management
2	KU2DSCTTM105	DSC-B2	Cultural Heritage and Hospitality	Tourism and Travel Management
2	KU2DSCHMT106	DSC-C2	Food & Beverage Service	Hotel Management
3	KU3DSCTTM203	DSC-B3	Tourism Law and Administration	Tourism and Travel Management
3	KU3DSCHMT204	DSC-C3	Housekeeping Operations	Hotel Management

DETAILED SYLLABUS-BTTM

FIRST SEMESTER

SEMESTER 1KU1DSCTTM101BUSINESS OF TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY

Program	BTTM							
Course Code	KU1DSCTTM10)1						
Course Title	BUSINESS OF 1	BUSINESS OF TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY						
Type of Course	DSC-A1							
Semester	1	1						
Academic Level	100 - 199							
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours			
		week	per week	per week				
	4	4			60			
Course Summary	tourism, includir determinants, and	ng important d career optio dge and comp	ideas, histons in the toprehension of	ory, types of urism busines	n the fundamentals of components, motives, s. This course provides phical features, climate,			

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	To understand the concepts of tourism			Quiz/ Practical
	and hospitality and the historical	R	С	Assignment
	background of tourism and hospitality			/Observation of

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

	industry			Practical Skills/			
CO2	Identify the components, elements and	U		Seminar			
	travel motivational factors of Tourism	U	Р	Presentation			
CO3	Evaluate the Effectiveness of Different	Б		/ Technology-			
	Tourism Resources in Kerala	E	Р	based assessment			
CO4	Design Comprehensive Tourism Circuits	٨					
	and Itineraries for Kerala.	An	Р				
CO5	Describe the Key Components of	R	F				
	Kerala's Tourism Landscape	K					
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)						
# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive							
Know	ledge (M)						

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Basic Concepts of Tourism
	1.	Definition and Basic concepts of Tourism-Meaning, and Importance of Tourism, Definition and Distinction between Travelers, Visitors, Excursionist, Tourist, Transit visitor, Leisure, and Recreation.
	2.	History and evolution of tourism (Brief): Roman early travel, trade routes, Empire, and concept of annual holiday, Grand Tour, dark age, renaissance in Tourism- Thomas cook & early organized travel – Introduction of Air, rail, and water transport (Brief)
	3.	Modern tourism - Travel and tourism in medieval Europe: Feudalism, Crusades, Renaissance, Exploration (in brief)- Industrial Revolution.
	4.	Components and elements of tourism-7A of Tourism.
	5	International Tourism, Inbound, Outbound, Inter-Regional, Intra-Regional, Domestic, Internal, and National Tourism- Social (paid) Tourism- Mass tourism v/s Alternative tourism- Classification of Tourists (Cohen's Classification, Plog's Classification)

	6	Inter- relation between various segments & travel industry network- Tourism system and its components- career opportunities						
II		Typology of Tourism						
	7	Travel motivational factors- Wanderlust and Sunlust- Push and Pull Factors of Tourism- Maslow's theory						
	 8 Determinants of travel behavior -Basics of Tourism demand, Net travel pr Gross travel propensity 9 Types of Tourist Statistics (Volume Value Visitor Profiles) 							
	9 Types of Tourist Statistics (Volume, Value, Visitor Profiles).							
	10	Contemporary trends in Indian Tourism-Travel formalities to India						
	11	Major service Providers: Accommodation, Transportation(Airlines, Coaches, Cruises, Trains)- Rent A car-MICE.						
III	Kerala Tourism (In brief)							
	12	Geographical features of Kerala (in brief)- Western Ghats- Climate- Monsoon- "God's Own Country" Campaign.						
	13	Backwaters of Kerala (in brief): (Kochi, Alappuzha, Kumarakom, Kollam, Kasaragod)						
	14	Hill Stations of Kerala (in brief): (Wayanad, Munnar, Ponmudi, Gavi, Ranipuram, Vagamon, Nelliampathy)						
	15	Beaches of Kerala (in brief): (Kannur, Kochi, Varkala, Kovalam, Kanyakumari, Bekal)						
	16	Important Rivers of Kerala (in brief)						
		• Lakes (in brief): (Periyar, Vembanad, Ashtamudi, Pookode, Shasthamkotta)						
		 Dams: Idukki, Malampuzha, Mullapperiyar, Thenmala, Banasura Sagar, Mattuppetty, Neyyar, Kakkayam, Cheruthoni 						
		• Waterfalls (in brief): Athirappally, Vazhachal, Soochippara, Thommakuthu, Thusharagiri, Palaruvi, Meenmutti)						
		Islands (Kuruva, Darmadam, Pathiramanal)						
		Mangroves (Sambranikkodi, Kadalundi, Kavvayi)						

		Plantations of Kerala (in brief) (Tea, Coffee, Cardamoms, Pepper, Rubber)								
	17	Wildlife of Kerala (in brief): Major Wildlife Sanctuaries (Wayanad, Aralam,								
		Chimmini, Thattekkad, Idukki, Neyyar) and National Parks (Silent Valley,								
		Eravikulam), Tiger Reserves (Periyar, Parambikkulam)								
IV		Manmade Tourism Attractions of Kerala (In brief)								
	18	Heritage Monuments: Padmanabhapuram Palace, Krishnapuram Palace, Mattancherry								
		Palace, Jewish Synagogue, St. Francis Church, Tripunithura Hill Palace Museum,								
		Thalasseri Fort, Gundert Bungalow, Bekal Fort, Edakkal Caves, Thekkekudi Cave								
		Temple								
	19	Amusement Parks, Theme parks, Arts and Craft Villages, Shopping and Convention								
		Centers								
	20	Main Art Forms (Kathakali, Theyyam, Kalarippayattu, Koodiyattam, Mohiniyattam).								
		• Handicrafts- Fairs and Festivals (Boat Races of Kerala, Thrissur Pooram, Onam).								
		• Cuisines, Paintings (Mural Painting), Museums (Napier Museum, State								
		Museum, Hill Palace Museum)								
	21	Major Religions and shrines								
	22	Responsible tourism in Kerala- Major destinations								
	23	USP of Kerala: Houseboats, Ayurveda, Backwaters								
	24	Major Tourism Circuits of Kerala- Major Tourism Projects of Kerala – Eco-tourism								
		Projects								
v		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)								

Note: Recommended Learning Activity to achieve COs 3, 4, 5;

Fam Trip: Organize a familiarization trip within Kerala or to the neighboring state, based on Unit III and IV (Preferable an Excursion, Max 1-3 days): Students should study and report a specific area of Kerala tourism (e.g., Uniqueness, SWOT Analysis, visitor satisfaction, Local engagement, stakeholder perceptions, and any other) and present their results in an oral presentation.

References:

- Cooper, C., Fletcher, J., Fyall, A., Gilbert, D., & Wanhill, S. (2008). Tourism: Principles and Practice. Pearson.
- Riginos, M. (2012). The making of modern tourism: The cultural history of the British experience, 1600-2000. Palgrave Macmillan.
- Bhatia, A. K. (2002). Tourism development: Principles and practices. Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Eric Zuelow, (2015) A History of Modern Tourism, Palgrave Macmillan Publishers, UK
- Towner, J., & Wall, G. (Eds.). (2015). History of tourism: Structures on the path to modernity. Routledge
- Dileep, M. R. (2018). Tourism: Concepts, theory, and practice. IK International Pvt Ltd.
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- Hussain, A. (2018). "Biodiversity of Kerala." In Biodiversity and Climate Change Adaptation in Tropical Islands (pp. 509-528). Academic Press.
- Joseph, E. J., & Babu, P. G. (2019). "Analyzing the Carrying Capacity of Backwater Tourism in Kerala." International Journal of Tourism Policy, 9(1), 1-25.
- Kokkranikal, J., & Morrison, A. (2011). "Community Networks and Sustainable Livelihoods in Tourism: The Role of Entrepreneurial Innovation." Tourism Planning & Development, 8(2), 137-156.
- Chettiparamb, A., & Kokkranikal, J. (2012). "Responsible Tourism and Sustainability: The Case of Kumarakom in Kerala, India." Journal of Policy Research in Tourism, Leisure and Events, 4(3), 302-326.
- Lonely Planet Kerala
- <u>www.keralatourism.org</u>

CO-PSO Mapping:

	Program Outcomes (PO's)							
CO's	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6		
CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1		

2024 admission onwards

CO2	1	2	1	2	-	-
CO3	1	1	1	2	-	-
CO4	2	3	3	1	1	1
CO5	3	-	1	-	2	1

Assessment Rubrics:

Eva	luation Type	Marks
Ene	d Semester Evaluation	70
Cor	ntinuous Evaluation	30
a)	FAM Trip /	30
	1.Report and viva voce	20
	2.Leadership,Involvement	10
b)	nay obtain 30 marks 5 marks)	
	Total	100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

	SEMESTER 1	KU1DSCTTM102	TRAVEL GEOGRAPHY	
Program	ne	BTTM		
Course C	ode	KU1DSCTTM	1102	
Course T	itle	Travel Geogra	phy	
Type of (Course	Minor-B1		
Semester		1		
Academi	c Level	100 - 199		

Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
	diverse	features, cu o understand	ltural landso	capes, and to	hy, focusing on its ourism development, ography shapes travel

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools				
		Level*	Category#	used				
CO1	Understand the concept of travel geography and	U	С					
	familiarize with geographical diversity features							
	of India							
CO2	Analyze and describe the Geographic resources	An	Р					
	of tourism in India							
CO3	Analyze and describe the physical features of	Е	Р					
	Kerala, examining its impact on travel patterns							
	and tourism experiences.			Quiz/ Practical				
CO4	Develop practical map reading, interpretation,	Ар	Р	Assignment				
	and analysis skills to plan travel routes, identify			/Observation of				
	geographical features, and evaluate destination			Practical Skills/				
	suitability for tourism development.			Seminar				
CO5	Apply geographical concepts and principles to	Ap	Р	Presentation /				
	analyze the impact of geography on tourism			Technology-based				
	development			assessment				
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)							
# - F	Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C	C) Procedur	al Knowledge	e (P) Metacognitive				
Know	ledge (M)							

Module	Unit	Content				
I	Introduction to Travel Geography					
	1	Definition and scope of travel geography, Geographical Factors impacting tourism:				
		latitude, longitude, and altitude.				
	2 Overview of key geographical concepts – Continents, regions, transporta					
		economic activities (In Brief)				
	3	Study of India's diverse topography: Northern mountains or Himalayas, Northern				
		Plains, Peninsular Plateau, Great Indian Desert, Coastal Plains, Islands				
	4	Climatic regions- Climatic classification by Koeppen				
	5	Drainage System – Himalayan and Peninsular Rivers				
	6	Natural Vegetation and soil types				
II	Geographic Resources of India					
	7	Major Hill Stations, Mountains, Glaciers, Caves, Valleys, Lakes, Beaches				
	8	Other Geographic formations with tourism potential in India – National Parks,				
		Wildlife Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves				
	9	IUCN Protected Area categories				
	10	Impact of physical geography on tourism destinations in India				
III	Geographical Features of Kerala					
	11	Physiographic features of Kerala – Highland, Midland, Lowland				
	12	Popular tourist destinations and attractions in Kerala				
	13	Exploration of Kerala's backwaters and their significance				
	14	Western Ghats – Drainage - Rivers				
	15	Climate of Kerala – Monsoon in Kerala				

	16 Impact of Climate in Kerala Tourism					
IV	Introduction to Map Study					
	17	Maps and its use: Cartography				
	18	Maps: scale, Types of maps, Online/Digital map				
	19 Uses of Maps with focus on Travel and Tourism					
	20	Important Digital Maps or Apps.				
	21 Toposheets – Signs and Symbols					
	22	Use of GIS, GPS, Remote Sensing and 3 D Mapping				
V	Teacher Based Content- Content (12 Hrs.)					
	Recommended Frameworks.					
	Case studies on how natural features attract tourists					

Note: Recommended Learning Activity:

Prepare a field visit report on a chosen destination in Kerala analyzing its geographical features (excursion-1 day).

References

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- Ashok K, Ghosh, physical geography A landscape Appreciation, PHI Learning Private Limited, M-97, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-11001,2011
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- Hudman, E Lloyd and Jackson H Richard, Geography of Travel and Tourism, Delmar Cengage Learning, USA, 2003
- S.A Qazi, Principles of Physical Geography, APH Publishing, 2009
- Richard H. Bryant, Physical Geography Made Simple, Elsevier Science · 2013
- R.B. Bunnett, Seema Mehra Parihar, Pearson Education India, ISBN 9789353940614, 9353940613
- World Health Organization, United Nations Environment Programme, World Health Organization, 1991, ISBN 9789241544160, 9241544163

• Robert Broadbent Matkin, Dalesman, 1997, ISBN:9781855680968, 1855680963

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	2	-	1
CO 3	2	2	-	2	-	1
CO 4	2	2	-	1	-	-
CO 5	-	-	-	2	1	1

Mapping of COs with PSOs

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	Marks		
End S	End Semester Evaluation		
Contin	Continuous Evaluation		
a)	a) Test Paper- 1		
b)	Field Report (IV)	20	
	OR		
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Case Study	15	
c)	Seminar/ Assignment	5	
Total	100		

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 1	KU1DSCHMT103	FRONT OFFICE MANAGEMENT
SEMESTER I	KUIDSCHWITIUS	FROM I OFFICE MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU1DSCHMT103

Course Title	FRONT OF	FRONT OFFICE MANAGEMENT					
Type of Course	Minor-C1	Minor-C1					
Semester	1	1					
Academic Level	100 - 199						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours		
	4	4	-	-	60		
Course Summary Students will be equipped with the necessary to effectively manage front o the success of hospitality establishmen experiences.			ffice operatio	ons and contribute to			

Course Outcomes (CO):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools			
		Level*	Category#	used			
CO1	Understand the various types of hotels and	U	С	Quiz/ Practical			
	their features.			Assignment			
CO2	Explain the structure of the Front Office	U	Р	/Observation of			
	Department.			Practical Skills/			
CO3	Handle Reservation activities.	Ар	Р	Seminar			
CO4	Deal effectively with Guests & Colleagues.	Ap	Р	Presentation /			
CO5	Maintain Personal Care & Safety at	Ар	Р	Technology-			
	accommodations.			based assessment			
* - Rem	ember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analy	vse (An), Eva	aluate (E), Cre	ate (C)			
# - Fact	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive						
Knowled	lge (M)						

Module	Unit	Content				
I	Structure of Front Office Department					
	1.	Functional Organization of Front office- Front Desk Layout and Equipment				
	2.	2. Front office functions- Personnels.				
	3.	Reservation Activities: Processing of reservation request, Systems & Tools used				
	4.	Arrival Procedures: Receiving, Greeting, Welcoming A Guest, Assessing Guest				
		Requirements, Registration & Rooming Procedure, Room Change				
	5.	Important Concepts: Over Booking, Scanty Baggage, Room Position, Cancellation, Amendment, Walk-in Guest, walking a Guest, Blacklisted Guest.				
II		Handling Guest				
	6.	Attend to guest queries: Handling Guest Requests				
	7.	7. Message Handling Procedure: Importance, Procedure, Method of Receiving Transmitting Messages for Guest, Location Form, Paging Procedure				
	8.	Checkout & Settlement: Procedures at Reception, Cash Section, Bell Desk				
	9.	Reduction of Late Charges: Effective Billing & Collection.				
III	Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)					
	10.	Check-In & Check-Out Process: Front office Communication, Importance of inter- departmental Communication, Types & Methods of Communication				
	11.	Handling of Special Situations: DNS, DNA, RNA, NI (No information, Scanty Baggage Guest, Refusing Accommodation, Blacklisted Guest, Walking A Guest)				
	12.	Assist guest in check-in and checkout process: – 'Express Check-Out'& 'Self-Check-Out'				
	13.	Handling guest complaints- Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)				
	14.	Staff Organization, Duty Rotas & Work Schedule.				
IV		General Front Office Supervisory Skills				

V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)
	19.	Front office Systems: Non-Automated, Semi-Automated, Fully- Automated
	18.	Hotel / Front Office Security System: Methods, Equipment Used, Card Key Control, Emergency Procedures, Management's Role in Security
	17.	Manual Key Control Procedure, Left Luggage Procedures, Handling of Special Situations Like – VIP / Spat / DG Guests FIT, VIP, Group, Foreigner.
	16.	Importance of Handling Mail without Delay, Sorting of Mail
	15.	Front Office Supervisory Skills: Communicating with Guests, Handling Guest Requests

Note: Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Case studies of travel companies having best customer service should be given to achieve CO 3 and CO4.

References:

- Negi, J., & Manoher, G. (2009). Hospitality Management. Laxmi Publications Ltd.
- Zulfikar, Mohammed. (2009) Introduction to Tourism and Hotel Industry: With Special Focus on Front Office Management. New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House
- Bhakta, A. (2012). Professional Hotel Front Office Management. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.
- Andrews, S. (2013). Hotel front office: A Training Manual. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- Negi, J. M. S. (2002). Professional Hotel Management, S. Chand Publishing.
- Baker, Sue (2011). Principles of Hotel Front Office Operations. Hampshire, Cengage Learning
- Bardi, James A. (2011) Hotel Front Office Management. Hoboken, N.J., John Wiley & Sons,
- Dr. B.K. Chakravarti. (2010) Hotel Front Office Training Manual.
- Foster, Dennis L. (1992) Rooms at the Inn. Simon & Schuster Books for Young Readers,
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BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 ad

2024 admission onwards

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	2	2	1	-	1
CO 4	1	2	2	1	-	2
CO 5	1	1	-	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	ation Type	Marks
	Semester Evaluation	70
	nuous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Case study	15
c)	Seminar	5
Total		100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 1

KU1MDCTTM101

101 BASICS OF FOOD PRODUCTION

Programme	BTTM				
Course Code	KU1MDCTTM101				
Course Title	BASICS OF	FOOD PRODU	CTION		
Type of Course	MDC-1				
Semester	1				
Academic Level	100 – 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture p week	erTutorial	Practical	Total Hours

			per week	per week	
	3	3			45
Pre-requisites	Basic Knowledge about Hotel organization				
Course Summary	This course prepares the student to understand the basic theory of food production				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	K .	Evaluation Tools used		
		Level*	Cat.			
CO1	Understand the fundamental principles of	U	F	Instructor-created exams		
	food production.			/ Quiz		
CO2	Gain knowledge of various cooking methods	U	C	Practical Assignment /		
	and techniques			Observation of Practical		
				Skills		
CO3	Learn about kitchen organization, equipment,	U	Р	Instructor-created exams		
	and safety practices.			/ Home Assignments		
CO4	Develop skills in menu planning, food	An	Р	Instructor-created exams		
	costing, and presentation			/ Quiz		
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - F	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
Know	ledge (M)					

Module	Unit	Content
		Introduction to Food Production
т	1	History and evolution of cooking(brief)- Basic culinary terms and definitions-
•	2	Organizational chart of kitchen department of a large hotelExecutive chef, Sous chef, Chef de partie, Commis and Trainee

		Kitchen layout and workflowtypes of kitchens. Layout of Receiving Areas. Lay					
	3	out of storage Area. Lay out of service and wash-up, Kitchen Stewarding- safety					
		protocols and emergency procedures					
		Kitchen Equipment and Cooking Fuels —Sources of Energy –Rules for Reheating					
	4	of food/ réchauffé cooking- Waste management and sustainability practices- Food					
		safety and hygiene practices					
		Cooking Methods and Techniques					
	5	Food constituents -Methods of cooking food					
		Basic principles of cooking food – medium of liquid (boiling, steaming, stewing,					
		poaching and braising), medium of fat (frying, grilling and roasting), dry method of					
	6	cooking (baking, smoking, broiling and microwave cooking). Advantages and					
II		disadvantages of all the above methods.					
		Basic preparation techniques (e.g., chopping, slicing, dicing)- Foundation					
	7	Ingredients-Fats& oils–Salt –Raising Agents-Liquids- Flavorings and					
		seasonings – Sweetening – Thickenings- Principles of seasoning and flavoring					
		Stocks -Definition, components, Types, and uses of stock—Sauces-importance of					
	8	sauces-thickening agent used in sauces, Classification of sauces.					
		Soups– Types of soup- preparation of soup- garnishing for soup. Accompaniment					
	9	and garnishes					
		Cooking Materials					
	10	Herbs: Uses and Varieties of Herbs- Preserving Fresh Herbs					
III		Spices: uses and Varieties -Uses of Spices. Condiments: Uses and Varieties of					
	11	Condiments					
	12	Salads types of salad salad dressing					
		Processing of Milk-Pasteurization– Homogenization-Types of Milk. Yoghurts –					
		Varieties of Yoghurts-Creams-Types of Cream- Storage of Cream.					
	13	Cheese: Types of Cheese-Basics of Cheese Making- Storage of Cheese.					
	14	Butter-IntroductionTypes of Butter.					
	15	Beverages– classification Alcoholic Beverages- Non-Alcoholic Beverages					
		Food Presentation					
IV	16	Basic plating and presentation techniques (Practical)					
	17	Trends in food presentation and gastronomy (Practical)-					
		Important Tasks performed in Food and Beverage Service (Familiarization)					
	18	Task-01: Holding Service Spoon & Fork					

V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)
	Task-11: Cleaning & polishing glassware
	Task-10: Changing dirty ashtray
	Task-09: Napkin Folds
	Task-08. Using Service Plate & Crumbing down
	Task-07: Service of Water
	Task-06: Stocking Sideboard
	Task-05: Placing meal plates & clearing soiled plates
	Task-04: Changing a Tablecloth during service
	Task-03: Laying a Tablecloth
	Task-02: Carrying a Tray / Salver

Compulsory Learning Activity:

Visit to Professional Food Production Institutes and reporting (Based on Unit IV) to achieve COs 2, 3, and 4.

References

Labensky, S. R., Hause, A. M., & Martel, P. A. (2014). On Cooking: A Textbook of Culinary Fundamentals. Pearson.

Escoffier, A. (2011). The Escoffier Cookbook: A Guide to the Fine Art of Cookery. Crown Publishing.

McGee, H. (2004). On Food and Cooking: The Science and Lore of the Kitchen. Scribner.

Gisslen, W. (2018). Professional Cooking. Wiley.

Davis, B., Lockwood, A., Alcott, P., & Pantelidis, I. (2018). Food and Beverage Management. Routledge.

Allen, M., & Albala, K. (2011). The Business of Food: Encyclopedia of the Food and Drink Industries. ABC-CLIO.

National Restaurant Association. (2017). ServSafe Manager. NRA.

Cousins, J., Lillicrap, D., & Weekes, S. (2014). Food and Beverage Service. Hodder Education.

Arora Krishna: Theory of Cookery, Frnak Bros & Co. Publisher Ltd.

Thangam Phillip: Modern Cookery, Orient Longman. 3. Arvind Saraswat: Professional Chef.

Parvinder S Bali., Food production operations: Oxford University Publication.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

2024 admission onwards

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	-	2	-	-
CO 4	2	-	-	3	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	ation Type	Marks
End S	Semester Evaluation	50
Continuous Evaluation		25
a)	Field Report	15
b)	Practicum (Module 4)	10
	cum must be conducted by d of the semester.	the teacher at
Total		75

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SECOND SEMESTER

KU2DSCTTM104

HOTEL OPERATIONS

Programme	BTTM				
Course Code	KU2DSCTTM104				
Course Title	Hotel Operations				
Type of Course	DSC-A2				
Semester	2				
Academic Level	100 - 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	

	4	4	-		60	
~ ~						
•	This course covers a co	1		1	, e	
	office, housekeeping, food and beverage, management, and administration topics					
	essential for students p	oursuing a c	areer in the	Travel, Tou	rism, and hospitality	
	industry.					

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cogniti	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		ve	Category#	used
		Level*		
CO1	Understand the basics of hospitality	U	С	Instructor-created
	operation.			exams / Quiz
CO2	Apply knowledge and skills in front	Ар	Р	Practical
	office operation			Assignment /
				Observation of
				Practical Skills
CO3	Apply knowledge and skills in	Ap	Р	Seminar
	housekeeping operations			Presentation / Group
				Tutorial Work
CO4	Demonstrate the ability to learn about	Ар	Р	Instructor-created
	key aspects of a Food and Beverage			exams / Home
	Service Personnel			Assignments
CO5	Learn about the importance of	Ар	Р	Viva Voce
	professionalism, quality service delivery			
	and teamwork in the service Industry.			
* - Re	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap),			
(E), C	reate (C)			
# - Fac	ctual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledg			
Know	ledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)			

Module	Unit	Content					
I		Introduction Hotel Industry					
	1 Overview of the hospitality industry-Origin of the hotel industry- Accommodat Concept: Types of Hotels						
	2 Types of hotels -categorization and classification of hotels-FHRAI-Major hotel c in the world and India						
	3	Major types of rooms- Supplementary accommodation					
	4	Functional Departments of Hotel: Front Office, catering, Food and Beverage,					

		Housekeeping, Engineering, Human Resource, Finance and Account, Marketing.					
II		Introduction to Hotel Operations					
	5	Bell desk- functions of the bell desk					
	6	Lobby- lobby manager- Duties and responsibilities- concierge					
	7	Maintenance. Different types of maintenance practice - Planned maintenance (preventive, corrective) and Reactive maintenance (breakdown, emergency). Guest room maintenance. Contract maintenance					
	8	Organization chart of maintenance department – luxury and small hotels. Duties and Responsibilities of maintenance department.					
	9	Fuel: Types of fuels used in the catering industry - comparison of calorific values and other properties					
	10	LPG and its properties, precautions to be taken while handling LPG- Principle of Bunsen Burner- Advantages of electricity as kitchen fuel- Microwave heating.					
III		Hotel Safety and Security					
	11 Refrigeration and Air-conditioning.: Air conditioning- conditions for comfort, relative humidity, de-humidification, dew-point control, unit of air conditioner.						
	12 Unit air-conditioner - window type and split type-Centralized air conditioner- direc type and chilled type						
	13	Water Systems: Cold water supply systems- direct and indirect. Hot water generation and supply system central and localized system. Solar water heater.					
	14	Flushing cisterns, water taps, water traps and water closets					
	15	15 Fire Prevention: Fire triangle. Classes of fire. Fire extinguishers and colour code. Fire					
		Detectors and alarms, automatic fire detectors-cum-extinguishing devices.					
IV	Accounting in the Hotel Industry						
	16	Revenue and non-revenue generating departments of hotel, Night auditor: Role and Functions, Working procedure					
	17	Financial statement analysis: Importance and Limitation of ratio analysis, Types of Ratios, Liquidity Ratio, Leverage Ratio, Activity or Turnover Ratio, Profitability Ratio, Operating ratio,					
	18	Food Cost Ratio, Room Occupancy Ratio, Double Occupancy Ratio, Yield management Ratio,					
	19	YIELD MANAGEMENT: Elements of Yield Management, Measuring Yield Management, Challenges in Yield Management					

20	Hotel Metrics: key performance indicators (KPIs)- Types of hotel metrics- Improving hotel KPIs- Profit hotel metrics- Operations hotel metrics
	Module 5: Teacher Specific Content. (12 Hrs)

Reference:

- Schmidgall, R. S. &Damitio, J. Hospitality Industry Financial Accounting. 2nd ed. USA: USA: Educational Institute of American Hotel and Lodging Association.
- Cote, R. Understanding Hospitality Accounting-I, 4th ed. USA: Educational Institute of American Hotel and Lodging Association.
- Gupta, R.L. & Radhaswamy, M. Advance Accountancy. New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons.
- Parajuli, Dilip. Hotel Accounting and Inventory Management. Kathmandu, Bhundipuran.
- Hotel Engineering Sujith Ghosal; Oxford Higher Education.
- Textbook of Hotel Maintenance Dr. N.C. Goyal, Dr. K.C. Arora; Standard Publishers Distributors.
- Hospitality Facilities Management and Design David M. Stripanuk; Educational Institute American Hotel & Lodging Association
- Hotel Management and Operations, Michael J. O'Fallon and Denney G. Rutherford (Wiley, 2018)

PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
-	-	-	-	-
1	2	-	-	2
2	2	-	-	1
2	1	2	-	1
2	2	-	-	2

Mapping of COs with PSOs

Assessment Rubrics:

F	Marks	
	nester Evaluation	70
Continuo	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Field Report	10
c)	10	
	Total	100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Programme	BTTM					
Course Code	KU2DSCTTM10	KU2DSCTTM105				
Course Title	CULTURAL HE	RITAGE AN	D HOSPITA	LITY		
Type of Course	Minor- B2					
Semester	1					
Academic Level	100 – 199					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours	
		per week	per week	per week		
	4	4			60	
Course Summary	This course will introduce students to the rich and diverse cultural heritage					
	of India, and they will learn about the various aspects of Indian culture,					
	such as its langua	ges, religions	s, art, archite	cture, music,	dance, cuisine, and	
	customs. It would also explore the history, geography, and diversity of					
	India, and how its culture has been shaped by various internal and external					
	influences over the millennia. Students will also examine the challenges					
	and opportunities	for preservin	ng and prom	oting India's	cultural heritage in	
	the modern world	•				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitiv	K.	Evaluation Tools		
		e Level*	Cat.	used		
CO1	To introduce the students to the diversity and	U	F	Instructor-created		
	richness of Indian culture and heritage.			exams / Quiz		
CO2	To explore the various aspects of Indian	An	С	Practical Assignment		
	culture and heritage, such as art, literature,			/ Observation of		
	philosophy, religion, architecture, music,			Practical Skills		
	dance, and theatre.					
CO3	To recognize and analyze the historical and	An	Р	Instructor-created		
	contemporary influences on Indian culture			exams / Home		
	and heritage			Assignments		
CO4	To develop a critical and analytical	An	М	Instructor-created		
	understanding of the contemporary issues and			exams / Quiz		
	challenges faced by Indian culture and					
	heritage.					
* - Rei	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analy	vse (An), Ev	aluate (E), Create (C)		
# - Fac	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
Know	ledge (M)					

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content			
		Introduction to Indian Culture and Heritage			
	1	Definition and concept of culture and heritage			
	2	Features and characteristics of Indian culture and heritage, Unity, and diversity in India			
Ι	3	Relationship between tourism and cultural heritage			
	4	Society in India through ages- ancient period- Varna and Jati, family and marriage in			
	4	India, caste system, Position of women in Ancient India			
	5	Very Brief introduction to the History of India (Ancient, Medieval and Modern period)			
		Art and Literature of India			
	6	Development and evolution of Indian art (Brief)			
II		Major forms and styles of Indian art: Sculpture: Gandhara School and Mathura School			
	7	of Art, Dance, Music, customs, Folk dance and music (popular forms only), Handicraft			
		etc.			
	8	Indian Cuisine and its regional variations- Indian cuisines and hotel industry-regional			
	variations- gastronomy and tourism				
		Philosophy and Religion of India			
	9	Major schools and systems of Indian philosophy and religion, Concepts and doctrines			
III		of Indian philosophy and religion			
	10	Religions of India, Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism, Islam, Christianity			
	11	Pilgrimage destinations of important religions and faiths, Important Religious Festivals			
		Architecture of India			
	12	Features and elements of Indian architecture			
		Types of Indian architecture, Hindu Temple Architecture, Buddhist Architecture,			
IV	13	Medieval Architecture, Colonial Architecture etc Important tourism monuments of			
1		these styles.			
	14	Impact of globalization and modernization on Indian culture and heritage			
	15	Threats and risks to Indian culture and heritage			
	16	Preservation and promotion of Indian culture and heritage			
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

Note: Compulsory Learning activity:

1. Field Trip to a local heritage destination and reporting (Preferably Excursion)

References

- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century, Pearson
- Harle, J.C. (1994). The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent. Pelican History of Art (2nd ed.). Yale University Press.
- Michell, George, (1977) The Hindu Temple: An Introduction to its Meaning and Forms, 1977, University of Chicago Press

- Michell, George (1990), The Penguin Guide to the Monuments of India, Volume 1: Buddhist, Jain, Hindu, 1990, Penguin Books
- Nilsson, Sten (1968). European Architecture in India 1750–1850. London: Faber and Faber.
- Rowland, Benjamin, The Art, and Architecture of India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain, 1967 (3rd edn.), Pelican History of Art, Penguin
- Satish Chandra, Medieval India: From Sultanat to the Mughals- Mughal Empire, -
- RS Sharma, India's Ancient Past
- Neeraj Agarwal, Tourism and Cultural Heritage of India
- SP Gupta and Lal Krishna, Cultural tourism in India Museums, Monuments and Art

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	-	2	-	-
CO 4	2	-	-	3	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

Correlation Levels:

Ε	Evaluation Type	Marks		
End Semester Evaluation		70	Level	Correlation
Continuc	Continuous Evaluation		-	Nil
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	1	Slightly / Low
b)	Field Trip Report	20	2	Moderate / Medium
Total		100	3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 2

KU2DSCHMT106

FOOD & BEVERAGE SERVICE

Program	BTTM						
Course Code	KU2DSCHMT106						
Course Title	Food & Beverage Ser	vice					
Type of Course	Minor- C2						
Semester	2	2					
Academic Level	100 - 199						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		per week	per week	per week			
	4	4			60		

Pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of Hotel Operations
Course	This course provides students with the knowledge and skills necessary to excel in
Summary	the food and beverage service sector of the hospitality and tourism industry.
	Topics covered include service techniques, customer relations, menu knowledge,
	and professionalism in the restaurants.
	-

		· · ·	1	
CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledg	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	e	used
			Category#	
CO1	Understand the importance of food and	U	C	Instructor-created
	beverage service and its various			exams / Quiz
	concepts			
CO2	Develop skills in various food and	Ap	Р	Practical
	beverage service techniques			Assignment /
				Observation of
				Practical Skills
CO3	Prepare different types of menus and	Ap	Р	Seminar
	their importance in food service.			Presentation / Group
				Tutorial Work
CO4	Demonstrate the ability of a Food and	Ap	Р	Instructor-created
	Beverage Service Personnel			exams / Home
				Assignments
CO5	Learn and practice professionalism and	Ap	Р	Viva Voce
	teamwork in the service Industry.			
* - Re	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap)	, Analyse (An),	Evaluate (E),	Create (C)
# - Fac	ctual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowled	ge (C) Procedur	al Knowledge	e (P) Metacognitive
Know	ledge (M)			

Course Outcomes (CO):

Module	Unit	Content						
Ι	Introduction to Food and Beverage Service							
	1	Evolution of the Food Service industry - Culinary Terminology						
	2	Types of restaurants and their characteristics						
	3	3 Sectors of Food Service Industry - (Primary and Secondary Sectors, Commercial						
		and Welfare Sectors)						
	4	Organizational Hierarchy of Food and Beverage Service Department- functions and						
		responsibilities						
	5	Attributes, Duties and Responsibilities of Food and Beverage Service Personnel-						
		Personal hygiene • Grooming of F & B staff						
II		Food and Beverage Service Organization						

	6							
	6	 F & B Service Equipment: Familiarization & Selection factors of: Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, Flatware, Hollowware - Special equipment, trolleys and trays, other equipment used in food and beverage service (furniture, linen, buffet equipment and disposables). Personal equipment of service staff. French terms related to equipment 						
	7 Food Service Areas (F & B Outlets)							
	,	Specialty Restaurants, Coffee Shop, Cafeteria, Fast Food (Quick Service)						
		Restaurants), Grill Room, Banquets, Bar, Vending Machines, Discotheque-						
		Ancillary Departments (Pantry, Food pick-up area, Store)						
	8	Food and Beverage Service Methods, Menu, Types of Meals, Room Service						
	9	Banquets Booking-Banquets Service - Job description of banquet manager-						
		Outdoor Catering						
III		Food Service Operations						
111	10	Styles of food service – Waiter service, Self-service, Assisted Service.						
	10	Introduction to Menu - Types of menus - À la carte, Table d'hôte, Banquet menu,						
	11	Cyclic menu, Carte du jour, plat du jour Mise-en-scene and Mise-en-placePoints						
		to be considered while planning menu. Menu planning and pricing strategies						
	12	Food safety and hygiene practices						
	12							
	importance of Food Plating -Types of Food Plating -Techniques use Plating- Components of Food Plating							
	13	Restaurant operations and service standards-						
	13	-Customer feedback and complaints handling, telephone manners, dining, and						
	14	service etiquettes						
IV		A TO Z of Restaurant Operations.						
11	15	A TO Z of Restaurant Operations.						
	15	Service sequence - Taking guest reservations, receiving, and seating of guests,						
		order taking and recording, passing orders to the kitchen, sequence of service,						
		presentation and en-cashing the bill, presenting, collecting guest comment cards						
		and bidding farewell to guests. Closing the restaurant						
	16	Cover Layout and setting up of restaurant.						
	17	Basic Technical Skills						
		Task-01: Holding Service Spoon & Fork						
		Task-02: Carrying a Tray / Salver						
		Task-03: Laying a Tablecloth						
		Task-04: Changing a Tablecloth during service						
		Task-05: Placing meal plates & clearing soiled plates						
		Task-06: Stocking Sideboard						
		Task-07: Service of Water						
		Task-08. Using Service Plate & Crumbing down						
		Task-09: Napkin Folds						
		Task-10: Changing dirty ashtray						
		Task-11: Cleaning & polishing glassware						

V

Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activity:

- 1. Visit to a hotel/ restaurant to understand Food and Beverage Service Operations
- 2. Hands-on training in tasks and procedures, Supervised practice in guest service
- 3. Practical Sessions on Unit IV Content

Reference:

- Food and Beverage Service, R. Singravelavan, Oxford University Press
- Food and beverage Service: Dennis R. Lillicrap, John A Cousins
- Food and Beverage Services: A Training Manual: Sudhir Andrews, Tata Mc Graw-Hi
- Theory of Cookery- Krishna Arora, Frank Bros. & Co. Ltd. 2000-2001.
- Principles of Food Production Operations Yogesh Singh I. K. International Publishing House Pvt Ltd., 2017
- Lillicrap Dennis, Cousins John & Smith Rober: Food & Beverage Service Sixth Edition, Hodder & Stoughton, 338 Euston Road, London, 2002.
- Dhawan Vijay: Food & Beverage Service, Frank & Sons, New Delhi- 2009. 3. Andrew Sudhir-38th reprint: Food & Beverage Service, Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi 2009.

Μ	ap	ping	of	COs	with	PSOs
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	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	2	-	-	2
CO 3	2	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	1	2	2	-	-	2
CO 5	1	2	2	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

J	Evaluation Type				
End Sen	70				
Continuo	30				
a)	Field Visit Report	15			

Correlation Levels:

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

b)	Practicum (Module IV)	15
	Total	100

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 2	KU2MDCTTM102	SPECIAL INTEREST TOURISM

Program	BTTM						
Course Code	KU2MDCTTM102						
Course Title	Special Interest T	Special Interest Tourism					
Type of Course	MDC-2						
Semester	2						
Academic Level	100 - 199						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	rTutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		week	per week	per week			
	3	3			45		
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites	needed for the	e course				
Course Summary	The Special Inte	rest Tourism	course pre	pares studen	ts to specialize in niche		
	tourism markets	by providing	them with	the knowled	ge and skills to develop,		
	manage, and ma	rket unique t	ourism exp	eriences. En	nphasizing sustainability		
	and ethical considerations, this course equips students to contribute positively.						
	to the tourism ind	to the tourism industry and the communities it serves through the development					
	and promotion of	special interest	est tours/ pa	ckages.			

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Identify the diversity of special interest			Quiz/ Practical
	tourism products and their relationship	R	С	Assignment
	with tourist demand			/Observation of
CO2	Analyze the relationship between special	Е		Practical Skills/
	interest tourism and mass tourism	E	Р	Seminar

CO3	Describe issues associated with the development and use of natural and cultural resources ion the development of special interest tourism products;	Е	Р	Presentation / Technology- based assessment		
CO4	Demonstrate a range of key skills that are required to evaluate contemporary trends in special interest tourism including: Communication and literacy; Problem Solving; Independent working and learning	An	Р			
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 					

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Eco Tourism
	1.	Eco Tourism: Concept and Definition-Components and principles of Ecotourism Conservation
	2.	Ecotourism and Community: Benefits and costs, Eco-tourism destinations in India
	3.	National parks and wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves-protected areas-Islands and beaches
II		Health Tourism
	4.	Health tourism: Ayurveda, Ayurveda treatments, thri-doshas, panchakarma-Role of Ayurveda in Tourism
	5.	Medical Tourism-Origin-present status of India, Keralalinkages medical tourism value chain
	6.	Medical tourism process- medical tourism facilitators- Medical tourism indicators
III		Emerging Products
	7.	Emerging products: Sustainable tourism- Rural tourism, responsible tourism, Gastronomy, Golf, cruise, wine & dark tourism, wedding tourism, MICE, Wine tourism, Camping, Pilgrimage tourism, Film Tourism, Literary Tourism, Volunteer tourism, Doom tourism, Dark tourism, Revenge Tourism, Experiential tourism
	8.	Commercial attractions - Amusement Parks –Gaming -Shopping

	9.	Live Entertainments - House boats tree houses- cave room-, desert camps				
-	10.	Tourism circuits: Inter State and Intra-State Circuits - Religious Circuits -				
		Heritage Circuits - Wildlife Circuits				
-	11. Voluntary tourism-doom tourism, pro-poor tourism					
IV	Adventure Tourism					
	12.	Adventure Tourism – classification of adventure tourism – land based –water based – aero based				
-	13.	winter sports –mountaineering – Trekking, rock climbing, ballooning				
		– camel treks and desert safaris – white water rafting – motor rallies				
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)				

Compulsory Learning Activity:

1. Field Visit to a Special Interest Tourism Destination in Kerala (Max. 2 days)

References:

- 1. India Tourism Products: Robinet Jacob, Sindhu Joseph, Mahadevan P (2012)
- 2. Ecotourism: Impacts Potentials, and Possibilities-Stephen Wearing and John Neil.
- 3. Tourism in the Himalaya in the context of Darjeeling and Sikkim B. Bhattacharya.

4. S.P. Gupta (2002), Cultural Tourism in India, Indraprastha Museum of Art, and Archaeology, New Delhi.

- 5. Stephen Ball (2007), Encyclopedia of Tourism Resources in India/H.
- 6. Manoj Dixit (2002), Tourism products, New Royal Book Co. Lucknow.
- 7. Norman Douglas. Ed. (2001), Special Interest Tourism, John Wiley & Sons, Australia.
- 8. Sarina Singh (2008), Lonely Planet India.

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	2	2	1	-	2
CO 2	2	1	2	1	-	1
CO 3	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2	1

Assessment Rubrics:

Correlation Levels:

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 ad

Ε	Marks			
End Sen	End Semester Evaluation			
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation			
a)	10			
b)	b) Field Visit Report			
	Total	75		

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCTTM201	TOURISM PRODUCTS AND RESOURCES
SEIVILS IER S	Respectivizer	TO CRIDINT RODUCTO MAD RESOURCED

Programme	BTTM					
Course Code	KU3DSCTTM201					
Course Title	TOURISM PRODUCTS AND RESOURCES					
Type of Course	DSC-A3					
Semester	3					
Academic Level	200 - 299					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours	
		week	per week	per week		
	4	4			60	
Pre-requisites				II		
Course Summary	To educate pupils a India.	bout the variou	s tourism ar	nd resource pr	oducts available in	

Course Outcomes (CO):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Understanding of the concept of tourism products and features.	U	С	

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CO2	Illustrate various natural tourism resources of the country.	An	Р	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
CO3	Highlight the socio-cultural tourism resources of the country.	Е	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/
CO4	Examine the importance of different types of transportation.	E	Р	Seminar Presentation /
CO5	Familiarize with Major tourist destinations of India and formulate packages	Ap	Р	Technology-based assessment
* - Re	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Ar	nalyse (An),	Evaluate (E), Cr	reate (C)

- Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	Content			
I		Physical and Geographic Features of India			
	1	Tourism products: features, types- Natural and Man-made resources: Tourism Products of India			
	2	Physical and geographic features of India: Mountains: Himalayas and other hill stations			
	3	Physical and geographic features of India: Mountains, islands, coastal areas, deserts			
	4	Physical and geographic features of India: major rivers, lakes, plateaus, mountains, hill stations			
	5	climate and seasons			
	6	Heritage attractions– Indigenous; Colonial, Handicrafts of India; Fairs and Festivals of Social & Religious importance- Adventure Tourism: Types and destinations.			
II	Tourism Resources of India				
	7	Indian Music and Dance - Different Schools, Prominent Indian Museums, Art Galleries- Indian cuisine- Costumes			
	8	Historical monuments of India – Ancient temples, caves, stupas, monasteries, forts, palaces			
	9	Islamic and colonial art and architecture, major architectural styles			
	10	Major religious places connected with Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism, Islamism, Christianity, Zoroastrianism and Bahai Faith.			

III		Major Tourism Products-Kerala
	11	Physiography of Kerala- Kerala tourism statistics- Analysis of tourism policies of Kerala(brief)- Department of tourism- KTDC, DTPCs.
	12	Major tourism projects-Literary tourism, Farm Tourism-Spice Tourism, Houseboats, Backwaters, Storytelling, Muziris Project.
	13	Ecotourism destinations- Responsible tourism destinations- Kerala Cuisine, Tourism Festivals-Craft Villages of Kerala
	14	Major natural and cultural tourism products of Kerala- Monuments with Architectural importance
	15	Major tourism routes: Kochi, Munnar, Alappuzha, Thekkady, Kovalam, Kumarakom, Wayanad, Bekal, Wayanad,
	16	Destinations. Major tourism destinations in Kerala (district-wise)-
IV		Major Tourist Destinations of India
	17	Agra, Delhi, Jaipur, Mumbai, Kolkata
	18	Darjeeling, Mysore, Ladakh, Gangtok, Goa, Manali, Ooty, Shimla
	19	Jaipur, Udaipur, Jaisalmer, Amritsar, Mussoorie, Nainital, Hyderabad
	20	Srinagar, Ahmedabad, Chandigarh, Hampi, Aurangabad, Madurai, Rameshwaram
	21	Chennai, Bengaluru, Kanyakumari, Vizag, Rishikesh
	22	Gwalior, Varanasi, Mahabalipuram, Andaman, Lakshadweep.
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activities

- 1. A case study on a chosen travel destination in India or Kerala, analyzing its geographical features, cultural aspects, and tourism development
- 2. Case studies on how natural features attract tourists

References

- Robinet Jacob, Joseph, S., & Philip, A. (2007). Indian tourism products. Abhijeet ٠ **Publications**
- Dixit, M., & Charu Sheela. (2008). Tourism Products. ٠
- Manohar Sajnani. (2001) Encyclopaedia of Tourism Resources in India. Gyan Publishing ٠ House,
- Rittichainuwat, Bongkosh N. (2018) Special Interest Tourism. Newcastle Upon Tyne, ٠ Cambridge Scholars Publishing.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

KANNUR UNIVERSITY

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 20

2024 admission onwards

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	-	-	-	2
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	1	-	-	1
CO 4	2	_	-	2	1	1
CO 5	2	1	-	-	2	3

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type Marks 70 End Semester Evaluation **Continuous Evaluation** 30 Test Paper- 1 a) 10 Assignment b) 5 Case Study 15 c) Total 100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCTTM202	TOUR DESIGNING WITH STUDY TOUR
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Programme	BTTM					
Course Code	KU3DSCT	KU3DSCTTM202				
Course Title	TOUR DES	TOUR DESIGNING WITH STUDY TOUR				
Type of Course	DSC-A4					
Semester	3					
Academic Level	200 - 299					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours	
	4	4		2	90	
Pre-requisites						

Course Summary	This course aims to equip students with the skills of creating an
	itinerary for the tour package. It focuses on various components
	for creating a tour package and thereby it enables the students to
	create tour packages of different requirements.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation	
		Level*	Category#	Tools used	
CO1	Understand the concept of tour operation	U	С	Quiz/ Practical	
CO2	Examine various information resources		Р	Assignment	
	required for drawing itineraries and make	А		/Observation of	
	use of the resources in more effective ways			Practical Skills/	
CO3	Demonstrate the ability plan and cost the	A	Р	Seminar	
	tour	Ар		Presentation /	
CO4			Р	Technology-	
	Prepare Itinerary and execute package and	А		based assessment	
	independent tours	A			
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - Fac	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive				
Know	ledge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content			
Ι	Introduction to Travel/ Tour Business				
	1	1 Travel agency/tour company - Organization Structure			
	2	Types of travel agencies, functions of travel agency,			
	3	procedures for setting up travel agency/tour business - Source of revenue			
	4	Introduction to Tour Operation Business: History of tour operation - Types of Tour Operators, Functions			
	5	Types of tours, FIT & GIT-Income of a tour company- Important tour companies (world and India)			
	6	Different departments and activities in Travel / Tour companies- Online Travel Agency			
II		Travel Itinerary			
	7	Travel itinerary- meaning and concept, significance of itinerary, types of travel itinerary: itinerary for tourist, tour manager, tourist guide, accommodation, and			

		transport operator
	8	Steps in developing/planning travel itinerary- Background information for preparing itinerary, Do's, and Don'ts of an itinerary- GIT itinerary, FIT itinerary, Tailor made itinerary, special interest itinerary
	9	Resources for itinerary planning: Destination information brochure, Hotel/ ground operator brochure and tariff, Railway/Flight timetable and fare, TIM, Festival calendar, Use of various maps, Connectivity and types of transport, Weather updates, Socio-political risk factors
	10	Valuable tips for good itinerary, Evaluation of various itineraries on National and International trips by reputed firms (Exercise)
		Preparation of Itineraries
	11	Comparative study of different types of itineraries (India and Abroad)
ш	12	Learn about world tour itineraries in demand (Europe, US, Thailand, Singapore-
		Malaysia, Middle East itineraries, Sri Lanka, Maldives, Nepal, Bhutan
	13	IRCTC Packages
	14	Preparing itineraries for Kerala
	15	Preparation of tailor-made packages for students Group using students' concession
		Tour Packaging
	16	Introduction to tour packages, classifications of tour packages
	17	Components of package tour
IV	18	Costing of package tour, Components of tour costing-Fixed costs and variable costs- and preparation of cost sheet- Advantage of Tour Cost Sheet – Quotation.
	19	Tour pricing strategies - Tariff: Confidential Tariffs, Commission, Mark-up Service charges & other remuneration for Tour operation
	20	Marketing of tour package: Stages in production of the package brochure
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Prepare an itinerary imparting all theoretical knowledge acquired in the previous modules for the study tour (National/ International). National tours can take place anywhere in India, visiting at least three key tourist destinations (not attractions), and are not limited to North India. The plan can include any region, including South, North, Western, and Eastern India, or a combination of these. Duration: Max. 6-9 Days; Destination: India/ Abroad.

- Tours of more than 10 days must be discouraged.
- The tour itinerary must be prepared by the students only.
- One sector air journey preferably be included in the itinerary.
- Involvement of each student in travel planning and execution must be evaluated
- Tour Diary (Minimum of 40 pages) must be evaluated by the teacher who escorted the trip (preferably group leader) and the HOD for 25 marks as follows.

• Tour diary (Spiral Binding) : 20 marks

Tour Diary should contain the following details.

- Tour planning process (in brief)
- Tour itinerary
- Daily activities
- o Description of the destinations/ attractions visited with SWOT Analysis
- Details of activities engaged,
- Personal experiences out of the tour with at least one photo of the destination
- Involvement in tour planning and execution: 5 marks
- Discipline during the tour : 5 marks
- Viva-Voce and Presentation :5 Marks
 Total :15 marks

Special Note:

Those who do not attend the study tour will not receive internal marks of 30. Students can pass the written examination and receive internal marks of 5 based on Viva and other assignments based on the material of this course, therefore missing the study tour will not result in a failure. (Max. marks in such cases is 65 for theory+ 5 for Viva= 70 Marks)

References

- Chand, M. (2007). Travel agency management: an introductory text. New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- Fletcher, J. (2018). Tourism: principles and practice. Harlow, Essex, England: Pearson Education Limited.
- Lalita Sharma. (2010). Travel agency and tour operations: concepts and principles. New Delhi: Centrum Press.
- Negi, J. (2006). Travel Agency and Tour Operation. New Delhi: Kanishka Publication.

• Sampad Kumar swain, & Jitendra Mohan Mishra. (2012). Tourism: principles and practices. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

CO's		Progra	amme Ou	utcomes (PO's)	
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	1	1	-	2
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	2
CO4	3	3	3	-	-	3

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type	Marks
	Semester Evaluation	65
Cont	inuous Evaluation	35
a)	Viva-Voce and Presentation	5
b)	Tour Report	20
c)	Involvement in tour planning and execution	5
d)	Discipline during the tour	5
	Total	100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3

KU3DSCTTM203

TOURISM LAW AND ADMINISTRATION

Programme	BTTM				
Course Code	KU3DSCTTM2	.03			
Course Title	TOURISM LAV	W AND ADM	INISTRATIO	DN	
Type of Course	MINOR-B3				
Semester	3				
Academic Level	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60

Course Summary	This cou	rse explores I	ndia's	travel ge	ography, focusii	ng on its	dive	rse features,
	cultural	landscapes,	and	tourism	development,	aiming	to	understand
	compreh	ensively how	geogra	aphy shape	es travel experie	nces.		

Course Outcomes	(CO):
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CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understanding legal frameworks impacting the industry	U	С	
CO2	Examine Legal principles related to contracts in the industry and specific contractual issues	An	Р	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
CO3	Identify the legal requirements in hotel operations and determine the guest needs, liabilities, and implementing strategies for exceptional service	A, An	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/ Seminar Presentation / Technology-based assessment
# - Fac	nember I, understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze tual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge I Pro edge (M)			etacognitive

Module	Unit	Introduction to Tourism Laws
Ι	1.	Overview of tourism and hospitality industry
	2.	Legal framework in tourism and hospitality
	3.	Key legal principles and concepts
	4.	Ethical considerations in the industry
	5.	Formation and elements of a contract
	6.	Contractual relationships in the industry
	7.	Liability and contractual disputes
	8.	Contract termination and remedies
		Tourism Business and Laws
II	9.	Registration of tourism business in India
	10.	Government regulations impacting the industry -Licensing, permits, and compliance requirements
	11.	Health and safety regulations

IV		Teacher Specific Content-(12 Hrs)
	20.	Liability for accidents, injuries, and property damage
	19.	Duty of care towards guests
	18.	Policies & Procedures for International Tourists
III	17.	Guest rights and responsibilities
		Tourists and legislation
	16.	International Regulations for Hotels & Guests, International Laws for Food Safety, Quality & Security
	15.	Laws related to Planning & Designing
	14.	Laws Relating to Hotel Premises
	13.	Legal requirements in hotel operations- Foreigners Registration Act- Customs and Currency Regulations- Health Certificates
		Act, Wildlife Act etc.
	12.	Environmental laws and their implications-CRZ-Environmental Protection Act, Forest

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Case study of Kerala tourism with special preference to tourism laws.
- 2. Case study of Indian tourism with special preference to tourism laws.

References

- Anolik, A. (1995). Travel, tourism, and hospitality law. A. Anolik.
- Barth, S. C., & Barber, D. S. (2017). Hospitality law: managing legal issues in the hospitality industry. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Barth, S., & Hayes, D. K. (2005). Hospitality Law: Managing Legal Issues in the Hospitality Industry, 2nd Edi. John Wiley & Sons.
- Mohanty, P. (2008). Hotel Industry and Tourism in India. APH Publishing.
- Malik S. (2011) Ethical & Legal & Regulatory Aspects Tourism Business
- Albuquerque. D. (2011), Business Ethics- Principles and Practices, Oxford: New Delhi
- Tulsain P.C (2007), Business Laws, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Goadwin R John (2014) Hotel Hospitality and Tourism Law

Mapping of COs with PSOs

PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4	PSO	PSO6
1	2	3		2	

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2024 admission onwards

CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	2
CO 3	2	-	1	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

E	valuation Type	Marks
End Sem	ester Evaluation	70
Continuo	us Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Case Study	15
c)	Seminar	5
	Total	100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3

KU3DSCHMT204

HOUSEKEEPING OPERATIONS

Programme	BTTM				
Course Code	KU3DSCHMT204				
Course Title	Housekeeping Operations				
Type of Course	Minor-C3				
Semester	3				
Academic Level	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total
Course Details	Crouit	per week	per week	per week	Hours
	4	4	-	-	60
Course	This course covers housekeeping operations, cleaning techniques,				
Summary	inventory management, guest satisfaction, sustainability, technology, and				
	practical training. Students learn about the role of housekeeping in the				
	hospitality and tourism industry and gain hands-on experience in				
	housekeeping tasks and procedures.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO			Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Develop an understanding of the Role	U	С	Instructor-created

	of Housekeeping Management in tourism industry.			exams / Quiz
CO2	Understand Housekeeping department organization and structure.	U	Р	Practical Assignment / Observation of Practical Skills
CO3	Practice the in-housekeeping department and day today life.	Ар	Р	Seminar Presentation / Group Tutorial Work
CO4	Demonstrate the ability to efficiently manage inventory related to effective housekeeping management.	Ар	Р	Instructor-created exams / Home Assignments
(E), C # - Fa	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 			

Module	Unit	Content			
Ι		Fundamentals of Housekeeping Operations			
	1	Overview of the role and importance of housekeeping in the hospitality and tourism			
		industry			
	2	Attributes of Housekeeping personnel, Key duties, and responsibilities of			
		housekeeping staff-Staff allocation & Duty Roaster in Housekeeping Departments			
	3	Layout of room and standard supplies- Amenities & Facilities for Standard & VIP			
		Guest Rooms- Guest room features for differently abled.			
	4	Bed making, second service and turn down service - Lost and Found Procedure, Lost			
		Found Register			
	5	Records of Housekeeping Department: Room occupancy report, Guest room			
		inspection form, Check list Floor register, Work order, Logbook, Room boys report/			
		Maids report, Guest special requisite register. Baby sitting and its records			
II		Cleaning Techniques			
	6	Cleaning Agents: Basic cleaning agent, Classification, their uses, care, storage			
		Cleaning methods for different areas of a hotel - Identification of cleaning equipment			
		- Cleaning of rooms, bathroom, public area – Lobby, Lounge, Corridors, Pool Area,			
		Elevators, Health club, F&B outlet, Office area.			
		Room inspection- Check List -Public Area cleaning,			
		Room Status Reporting and Setting the priority for cleaning different areas of a hotel.			
	7	Replenishment of supplies & Linen, Inspection, Deep Cleaning, Second Service, Turn			
		down service.			
	8	Planning the linen and uniform room, storage of linen, linen exchange procedure,			
		functions of uniform and uniform room, linen control			

~			
9	Laundry process and stages in Wash cycle -Dry cleaning procedure and handling of		
	guest laundry -Different types of stains, stain removal agents -Safety precaution while		
	handling chemicals.		
Housekeeping Management			
10	10 Floor Operations: Key Handling Procedure – types of keys		
11	1 Inventory control and stock management in housekeeping		
12	Interior Decoration, Color Scheme, Lighting, Furniture Arrangements, Floor and Wall		
	Covering		
13	Paging systems and methods, Handling of Guest Requests, General operations of		
	control desk.		
Guest Satisfaction			
14	14 Common Indoor plants, Tools and equipment's needed, Styles of flower		
	arrangements		
15	Environment Friendly Housekeeping Practices		
16	Importance of sustainable practices in housekeeping operations, Energy and water		
	conservation in housekeeping activities, Waste management and recycling initiatives		
	in housekeeping.		
	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)		
	11 12 13 14 15		

Note: Compulsory Learning Activities:

1. Role Plays on Housekeeping, Desk Management- Telephone Etiquettes, Handling Guest demands and Unruly Guests (Situation Handling).

2. Visit to a hotel or accommodation unit(Primary or supplementary) to understand Housekeeping Operations including cleaning techniques and inventory management,

Hands-on training in housekeeping tasks and procedures

References:

Hotel Hostel and Hospital Housekeeping - Joan C Branson & Margaret Lennox (ELBS).

Managing Housekeeping Operations - Margaret Kappa & Aleta Nitschke

Hotel House Keeping - Sudhir Andrews Publisher: Tata McGraw Hill.

The Professional Housekeeper – Tucker Schneider, Publisher: VNR.

Professional Management of Housekeeping Operations- Martin Jones, Publisher: Wiley & sons

Housekeeping Management" by Matt A. Casado (Pearson, 2015)

"Hotel Management and Operations" by Michael J. O'Fallon and Denney G. Rutherford (Wiley, 2018)

Hotel Hostel and Hospital Housekeeping – Joan C Branson & Margaret Lennox Publisher: ELST.

Managing Housekeeping Operations - Margaret Kappa & Aleta Nitschke

Hotel House Keeping – Sudhir Andrews (Publisher: Tata McGraw Hill).

The Professional Housekeeper – Tucker Schneider, Publisher: VNR.

Professional Management of Housekeeping Operations, Martin Jones, Publisher: Wiley & sons

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	-	2	2	-	-	2
CO 4	_	2	2	_	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

I	Marks	
End Sem	70	
Continuo	30	
a)	Practicum	15
b)	Field visit	15
	100	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3	KU3VACTTM 201	CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM	BTTM					
Course Code	KU3VACTTM 20	KU3VACTTM 201					
Course Title	Customer Relation	Customer Relationship Management					
Type of Course	VAC-1	VAC-1					
Semester	3	3					
Academic Level	200 - 299						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours		

3	3		-	45
This course focuse productivity, profe	essionalism,	communicati	on skills, an	d personality
development, aiming to streamline processes, enhance cross-functiona collaboration, and prepare students for a business environment.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation			
		Level*	Category#	Tools used			
CO1	Make the students groom their	Ap	С	Quiz/ Practical			
	personality towards a hospitality and			Assignment			
	tourism profession.			/Observation of			
CO2	Examine the importance of customer	U	Р	Practical Skills/			
	service management operations			Seminar			
CO3	To prepare students to promote quality	Ap	Р	Presentation /			
	customer service management,			Technology-			
	effectively handling consumer			based assessment			
	Behavior and client relations.						
CO4	Identify customer service principles	Ар	Р				
	that drive internal and external						
	customer satisfaction and						
	organizational success.						
CO5	Demonstrate an in-depth knowledge of	Ар	Р				
	how effective customer service relates						
	to different types of customers in the						
	organization.						
* - Re	emember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (A	n), Evaluate (E), Create (C)			
# - Fa	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P)						
Metao	cognitive Knowledge (M)						

Module	Unit	Content				
Ι		Customer Service				
	1.	Customer Service- Customer Relationship Management, Stages of relationship				
	2.	CRM cycle, Stakeholders in CRM, Types of CRM, Success Factors in CRM, Opportunities in CRM				
	3.	E-CRM in Business, Technologies of e-CRM, Voice Portals, Web Phones, bots, Virtual				

	Customer Representatives						
	4. Customer Relationship Portals- Challenges of Customer Service- Coping with						
	Challenging Customers						
II	Customer Satisfaction						
	5. Customer Satisfaction: Components, Models, Measuring Customer Satisfaction						
	6. Service Quality Dimensions, Service Quality Gaps, Measuring Service Quality						
	7. Customer loyalty -Factors affecting customer loyalty						
	8. Cross-Selling and Up-Selling						
	9. Customer Retention- Strategies to influence customer perceptions and expectations						
	10. Tourist Behavior: concepts, process, Tourist's Codes of behavior.						
	11. Transactional analysis: Analysis of Strokes, Decision-Making Skills- Arbitration and Adjudication						
	12. KBO-Knowledge Based Organization, Performance Management.						
III	Factors that Affect Customer Relationships						
	13. Personality: types of personality						
	14. Concepts of success and failure: Factors responsible for success, hurdles in achieving success, overcoming hurdles, and causes of failure.						
	15. SWOC analysis - Attitude: Factors affecting attitudes, Positive attitude, Advantages, Negative Attitude, Disadvantages, Ways to develop a positive attitude						
	16. Significance of motivation, Internal and external motives, Importance of self-motivation						
	17. Self-esteem: Advantages - Do's and Don'ts to develop positive self-esteem						
	18. Factors leading to de-motivation-Defining the difference between aggressive, submissive, and assertive behaviors – Lateral thinking						
IV	Needs of Every Customer						
	19. Five Needs of Every Customer						
	20. Barriers to Excellent Customer Service - Understanding Expectations - Techniques for Exceeding Customer Expectations						
	21. Role of Problem solving in Customer Service						
	22. Professional Approaches to Apologizing & Conveying Bad News- Communications in Customer Service - Words to Use or Avoid (Practical Sessions)						
V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)						

Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Case study of companies with best customer care strategies.

2. Screening of videos for learning customer care in the modern hospitality industry.

References:

- Harris, E. K. (2002). Customer service: A practical approach. Prentice-Hall, Inc.
- Bhat, G. (2013). Customer Relationship Management, Himalaya Publishing House: New Delhi.
- Daffy, C. (2011). Once a customer, always a customer: How to deliver customer service that creates customers for life. Oak Tree Press.
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- Pizam, A., & Mansfeld, Y. (1999). *Consumer behavior in travel and tourism*. Psychology Press.
- (PDF) Customer Satisfaction in Tourism Service Quality (researchgate.net)
- (PDF) Customer Satisfaction in Tourist Destination: The Case of Tourism Offer in the City of Naples (researchgate.net)
- The-role-of-customer-care-in-a-customer-experience-transformation-vf.pdf (mckinsey.com)

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	2	3	-	-	2
CO 2	2	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	2	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	2	2	2	_	-	2
CO 5	2	2	2	-	-	1

Mapping of COs with PSOs

Assessment Rubrics:

KANNUR UNIVERSITY

	Evaluation Type	Marks
End S	Semester Evaluation	50
Contii	nuous Evaluation	25
a)	Case study	15
b)	Role play	10
	Total	75

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 4

SEMESTER 4

KU4DSCTTM204

HERITAGE TOURISM MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM					
Course Code	KU4DSCTTM204					
Course Title	Heritage Tourism	Managemen	nt			
Type of Course	DSC-A5					
Semester	4					
Academic Level	200 - 299					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours	
	per week per week					
	4	4		1	75	
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites r	needed for th	e course			
Course Summary	No prerequisites needed for the course This course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the World Heritage tourism sector. Students will gain in- depth knowledge about UNESCO World Heritage sites, their significance, and the challenges and opportunities associated with managing and promoting these sites as tourist destinations. The program emphasizes sustainable tourism practices, heritage interpretation and stakeholder management for World Heritage tourism products. Through a blend of theoretical knowledge and practical applications, students will be prepared for careers in the tourism industry, heritage site management, cultural					

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	To provide students with a			Quiz/ Practical
	comprehensive understanding of the	U	С	Assignment
	concept of World Heritage and its			/Observation of

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

2024 admission onwards	
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	significance in the tourism industry.			Practical Skills/			
GOO	а С						
CO2	To explore the challenges and opportunities associated with managing and promoting World Heritage sites as tourist destinations.	Ар	Р	Seminar Presentation / Technology- based assessment			
CO3	To develop skills in sustainable tourism planning, heritage interpretation, and stakeholder management for World Heritage sites.	Ap	Р				
CO4	To equip students with the knowledge and tools necessary for effective marketing and management of World Heritage tourism products.	An	Р				
CO5	To familiarize students with major World Heritage destinations in India and other continents, their unique features, and tourism potential.	U	Р				
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)						
	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive						
	ledge (M)		C	-			

Module	Unit	Content							
Ι		Introduction to World Heritage Tourism							
	1.	Understanding Heritage- Definition of World Heritage site- Importance of World Heritage							
		in Tourism							
	2.	Criteria for selection as a World Heritage site							
	3.	Categories of World Heritage sites (cultural, natural, and mixed)							
	4.	Importance of World Heritage sites in preserving cultural and natural heritage							
II		Indian World Heritage Sites-Cultural and Natural (In Brief)							
	5.	Introduction to World Heritage sites in India-Types of World Heritage sites in India							
		(cultural, natural, mixed)-Distribution of World Heritage sites across different states and							
		regions							
	6.	Cultural World Heritage Sites in India:							
		Architectural Wonders (e.g., Taj Mahal, Qutub Minar, Red Fort, Fatehpur Sikri,							
		Humayun's Tomb)							
		Religious and Spiritual Sites (e.g., Khajuraho Group of Monuments, Elephanta Caves,							
		Ellora Caves, Ajanta Caves, Mahabodhi Temple Complex, South Indian Temples (Belur,							
		Halebid, Mahabalipuram, Goan Churches)							
		Toy Trains of India and its tourism significance.							
	7.	Historic Cities (e.g., Ahmedabad, Jaipur, Kolkata)							

of Monuments) life Sanctuaries (brief)
life Sanctuaries (brief)
life Sanctuaries (brief)
al Park)
a Devi)
ief)
), Angkor Wat (Cambodia),
e Compounds (Indonesia)
(Italy), Acropolis (Greece),
stein Castle (Germany)
iza (Egypt), Robben Island
Ruins of Great Zimbabwe
en Itza (Mexico), Statue of
istoric Sanctuary of Machu
nia: (Sydney Opera House
olomon Islands), Tongariro
a)
s (In Brief)
urism (e.g., overcrowding,
takeholder engagement and

Compulsory Learning Activity:

1. Case studies: Sustainable tourism practices at World Heritage sites (e.g., Petra in Jordan, Galapagos Islands in Ecuador, Chitwan National Park in Nepal)

2. Visit local or regional Heritage sites to understand their management and tourism aspects

3. Cultural Exchange program with University/ Colleges / Institutions which provide hospitality education

References:

- UNESCO World Heritage Centre. (2019). Operational Guidelines for the Implementation of the World Heritage Convention.
- Pedersen, A. (2002). Managing Tourism at World Heritage Sites: A Practical Manual for World Heritage Site Managers. UNESCO World Heritage Centre.
- Shackley, M. (Ed.). (1998). Visitor Management: Case Studies from World Heritage Sites. Routledge.

- Harrison, D., & Hitchcock, M. (Eds.). (2005). The Politics of World Heritage: Negotiating Tourism and Conservation. Channel View Publications.
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- Pedersen, A. (2002). Managing Tourism at World Heritage Sites: A Practical Manual for World Heritage Site Managers. UNESCO World Heritage Centre.
- Fyall, A., & Garrod, B. (Eds.). (2005). Tourism Marketing: A Collaborative Approach. Channel View Publications.
- Newsome, D., Moore, S. A., & Dowling, R. K. (2012). Natural Area Tourism: Ecology, Impacts and Management (2nd ed.). Channel View Publications.
- Timothy, D. J., & Boyd, S. W. (2003). Heritage Tourism. Pearson Education.
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- Singh, R. B. (Ed.). (2009). World Heritage Sites in India: Conservation and Management. Sundeep Prakashan.
- Pant, M. (2005). World Heritage Sites in India: Tourism and Conservation. Kanishka Publishers.
- Sharma, J. (Ed.). (2019). World Heritage and Tourism in India. Routledge.
- Shackley, M. (Ed.). (1998). Visitor Management: Case Studies from World Heritage Sites. Routledge.

CO-PSO Mapping:

Correlation	CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						Levels:
		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
	CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1	
	CO2	1	2	1	2	-	-	
	CO3	1	1	1	2	-	-	
	CO4	2	3	3	1	1	1	

Assessment Rubrics:

Correlation Levels

E	Marks	
End Sen	70	
Continuo	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Field Visit Report	20
	Total	100

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 4	KU4DSCTTM205	TOURISM DESTINATION MAPPING

Programme	BTTM	BTTM					
Course Code	KU4DSC	KU4DSCTTM205					
Course Title	TOURISM	1 DESTINA	ΓΙΟΝ MAPP	ING			
Type of Course	DSC-A6						
Semester	4						
Academic Level	200 - 299						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total		
		per week	per week	per week	Hours		
	4	4 4 1 75					
Pre-requisites							
Course Summary	This course provides an in-depth exploration of the principles and practices of destination mapping in the context of the travel and tourism industry and analyze, plan, and map destinations, considering geographical, cultural, economic, and sustainability factors.						

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowled	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	ge	used
			Categor	
			y#	
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of continents and	U	С	
	countries along with their key geographical			
	features			
CO2	Apply time calculation skills, including flying	Ap	Р	
	time calculation with a basic understanding of			
	time zones, standard time, Coordinated Universal			
	Time (UTC), and the International Date Line.			
CO3	Understand the tourist destinations, attractions,	An	Р	Quiz/ Practical
	and accessibilities of major countries in Europe			Assignment
	and America			/Observation of
CO4	Understand the tourist destinations, attractions,	An	Р	Practical Skills/
	and accessibilities of major countries in Asia and			Seminar Presentation
	Africa			/ Technology-based
CO5	Apply geographical concepts and principles to	Ap	Р	assessment
	analyze, plan and map destinations.			
* - Re	emember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze	(An), Evalua	te (E), Creat	te (C)
	ctual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Pro			
Know	ledge (M)			

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content		
Ι		Basics of World Geography		
	1	Earth, Latitude and Longitude		
	2	Time Zones, GMT and IST, International Date Line		
	3	Earth Movements – Rotation, Revolution, Day and Night, Seasons		
	4	Atmospheric Layers and Importance		
	5	Weather and Climate, Climatic Regions of the World (Brief)		
	6	Major Landforms – Mountains, Plains, Plateaus; Physiographic Regions of the		
		World and Continents (vegetation, people, culture, economy, tourism – in brief)		
	7	Natural Wonders of the World (Brief:(Ancient and New)		
	8	Maps and its use: Cartography, scale, Types of maps, Online/Digital map		
		Uses of Maps with focus on Travel and Tourism-Important Digital Maps or Apps.		
	9	Toposheets – Signs and Symbols-Use of GIS, GPS, Remote Sensing, 3 D Mapping		
II		Travel Geography of Europe		
	10	Tourist Destinations, and accessibilities of UK, Italy, and Spain (Brief)		
	11	Tourist Destinations, Attractions and Accessibilities of France, Germany, and		
		Switzerland (Brief)		
	12	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the		
		above)		
III	Travel Geography of Americas			
	13	Major Tourist Destinations, Accessibilities of Canada and USA (Brief)		
	14	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Mexico and Caribbean Islands		
		(Brief)		
	15	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Brazil and Argentina (Brief)		
	16	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the		
		above)		
IV		Travel Geography of Africa and Asia		
	17	Major Tourist Destinations, and accessibilities of South Africa, Egypt, Mauritius,		
	10	and Seychelles (Brief)		
	18	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of China, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri		
	10	Lanka, and Maldives (Brief)		
	19	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Japan, and Vietnam, Malaysia,		
	20	Thailand, Indonesia and Singapore (Brief)		
	20	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Australia, New Zealand (Brief)		
	21	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of UAE, Egypt, Israel, and Saudi		
	22	Arabia (Brief) Manning of important destinations in the man using 3 latter sity codes (of the		
	22	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the		
V		above) Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)		
v		reacher specific Content (12 fills)		

Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Problems on Time calculation and elapsed flying time

2. Case study report of destinations from all the continents (any one destination from one continent)

References

- Husain, Majid, World geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2016
- Ashok K, Ghosh, physical geography A landscape Appreciation, PHI Learning Private Limited, M-97, Connaught Circus, Newdelhi-11001,2011
- Anon, World geography, Haughton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing company, Orlando, Florida, 2016
- Hudman, E Lloyd and Jackson H Richard, Geography of Travel and Tourism, Delmar Cengage Learning, USA, 2003
- S.A Qazi, Principles of Physical Geography, APH Publishing, 2009
- Richard H. Bryant, Physical Geography Made Simple, Elsevier Science · 2013
- <u>R.B. Bunnett</u>, <u>Seema Mehra Parihar</u>, <u>Pearson Education India</u>, ISBN 9789353940614, 9353940613
- <u>World Health Organization</u>, <u>United Nations Environment Programme</u>, <u>World Health</u> <u>Organization</u>, 1991, ISBN 9789241544160, 9241544163
- Robert Broadbent Matkin, Dalesman, 1997, ISBN:9781855680968, 1855680963

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	-	3	-	-	1
CO 3	3	-	_	_	-	-
CO 4	3	_	1	1	_	-
CO 5	3	2	1	1	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type	Marks
	Semester Evaluation	70
Cont	inuous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Case study	15
	Seminar	5
	Total	100

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMIESTER 4 KU4DSCITMI200 TOUR LEADERSHIP AND GUIDING	SEMESTER 4	KU4DSCTTM206	TOUR LEADERSHIP AND GUIDING
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Program	BTTM	BTTM					
Course Code	KU4DSCTTM	KU4DSCTTM206					
Course Title	TOUR LEAD	ERSHIP & G	UIDING				
Type of Course	DSC-A7						
Semester	4						
Academic Level	200 - 299	200 - 299					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total		
		per week	per week	per week	Hours		
	4	4	-	2	90		
Pre-requisites							
Course Summary	Course Summary The course teaches students about tour operation busine						
	procedures, an	procedures, and operations, focusing on creating itineraries and					
	packages for to	packages for tourists. It covers administrative aspects, setting up a					
	business, and p	providing bet	ter tourist exp	periences.			

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understand the various	U	С	Quiz/ Practical
	concepts related to tour			Assignment
	operation business.			/Observation of
CO2	Learn and practice various	U	Р	Practical Skills/
	techniques used by the tour			Seminar Presentation
	operator's pre-post phases			/ Technology-based
	and during the tour's conduct.			assessment
CO3	Apply various procedures to	Ap	Р	
	conduct successful tours and			
	how one can emerge as a			
	leader in the process.			
CO4	Demonstrate the significance	Ap	Р	
	of travel consultancy			
	handling procedures and			
	protocols.			
* - Re	emember (R), Understand (U), A	pply (Ap), Anal	yze (An), Evaluat	e (E), Create (C)
# - Fa	ctual Knowledge(F) Conceptual	Knowledge (C)	Procedural Know	vledge (P)
Metac	cognitive Knowledge (M)			

Module	Unit	Content

Ι		Tour Planning
	1.	Tour Operation Business- A brief account of TAAI and IATO
	2.	Licenses required for guiding in India at various levels (Regional, State and
		Local)- Essential Requirements for Starting Tour Operation Business-
		Procedures for Obtaining Recognition from Authorities
	3.	Fiscal and nonfiscal incentives available to travel agencies and tour
		operators' business.
	4.	Travel Documentation (PASSPORT/VISA); Tour Documentation: Passport, Visa and other travel documents
	5.	Package tour formulation process: Market research, Itinerary preparation,
	5.	Identification of mode of transportation and accommodation, Contract
		signing with service providers,
	6.	Tour Negotiation: Commitment, Allocation and Ad-hoc basis
	7.	Tour Promotion- Preparation of brochure
II	,.	Tour Costing
	8.	Tour costing and Pricing: Fixed costs and variable costs- pricing of package
		tours- Factors influencing Tour Costing- Components of Tour Costing-
		Preparation of Cost Sheet — Advantage of Tour Cost Sheet – Quotation.
	9.	Tariff: Confidential Tariffs, Commission, Mark-up Service charges & other
		remuneration for Tour operation
	10.	Tour Pricing and Pricing Strategies marketing of tour package: Stages in
		production of the package brochure
III		Tour Operation
	11.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour,
	11.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with
		Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers
	11.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with
		Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet
	12.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager
	12. 13.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet
	12. 13.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger-
	12. 13.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour
	12. 13. 14.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger
	12. 13. 14.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities
	12. 13. 14.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of
	12. 13. 14. 15.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportation0- other responsibilities
IV	12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportation0- other responsibilities
	12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportation0- other responsibilities Closing the tour Travel Information Manual (TIM). Tour Guiding Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour
	12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportationO- other responsibilities Closing the tour Travel Information Manual (TIM). Tour Guiding Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour guide
	12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportation0- other responsibilities Closing the tour Travel Information Manual (TIM). Tour Guiding Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour guide Techniques of commentary
	12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportationO- other responsibilities Closing the tour Travel Information Manual (TIM). Tour Guiding Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour guide Techniques of commentary Practices to be a successful tour guide: before the start of trip, during the
	12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients Need. Confirmation of Tour, Creation of Docket/ File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with Service Providers Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest Comment Sheet Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for A Tour Manager Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manger- familiarization with a destination- liaison with local suppliers – pre tour documentation-travel essential for a tour manger On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of transportation0- other responsibilities Closing the tour Travel Information Manual (TIM). Tour Guiding Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour guide Techniques of commentary

		dealing with the group-handling grievances -handling emergency situations
	22.	Types of overseas representatives and their duties
	23.	Principles of Effective Communication in Tour Guiding- Interpretation
		Techniques and Storytelling- Presentation Skills and Public Speaking-
	24.	Licenses required for guiding in India at various levels (Regional, State and
		Local)
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Note: Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Mock tour guiding

2. Assignments: Preparation of 10 different types of itineraries on major themes/ destinations (inbound and outbound)

3. Exercises on Travel Documentation (PASSPORT/VISA) Tour Documentation: Passport, Visa and other travel documents

References:

- Tour leadership and management shailja Sharma and Nimit Chowdhary (2018)-Sage
- J. Negi, J., & Manoher, G. (2009). Hospitality Management. Laxmi Publications Ltd...
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- Weiler, B., & Ham, S. H. (2001). Tour guides and interpretation. In *The encyclopedia of ecotourism* (pp. 549-563). Wallingford UK: CABI publishing.
- Pond, K. L. (1993). The professional guide: Dynamics of tour guiding. (No Title).
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- Weiler, B., & Black, R. (2015). Tour Guiding Research: Insights, Issues and Implications. Channel View Publications.
- Rabotić, B. (2010). Tour Guide training. Ross Publishing.
- Cohen, E. (1985). The Tourist Guide: The Origins, Structure and Dynamics of a Role. Annals of Tourism Research, 12(1), 5-29.

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

2024 admission onwards

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	2
CO 2	2	2	-	-	-	2
CO 3	3	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	2	3	-	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type				
End	End Semester Evaluation				
	tinuous Evaluation		30		
a)	Test Paper- 1		10		
b)	b) Role play-mock guiding				
c)	c) Travel Documentation-Assignment				
	Tot		100		
S	SEMESTER 4 KU4SECTTM20				

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU4SECTTM201				
Course Title	Business Commun	ication			
Type of Course	SEC-1				
Semester	4				
Academic Level	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	3	3	-	-	45
Course Summary	This paper aims to equip the students with a wider overview of the general communication skills required at the managerial level in the hospitality industry, both at the conceptual and application level. It aims to enhance the presentation and other skills that eventually enhance students' employability for their future jobs and endeavors in the corporate world to gain a cutting edge over their counterparts within the country and across the globe.				

	Course	Outcomes (CO).	
CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Prepare students themselves for the job	U	С	Quiz/ Practical
	market with excellent presentation and			Assignment
	communication skills.			/Observation of
CO2	To establish and articulate presentations	U	Р	Practical Skills/
	with clear goals and objectives.			Seminar Presentation /
CO3	Practice Business English in practical	Ар	Р	Technology-based
	situations.			assessment
CO4	Analyse and explain the importance of	Ар	Р	7
	soft skills required for corporate culture			
	and professionalism in the service			
	industry.			
* - Re	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), A	Analyse (An)	, Evaluate (E), Cro	eate (C)
# - Fao	ctual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge	(C) Procedu	ral Knowledge (P)) Metacognitive
Know	ledge (M)			

Course Outcomes (CO):

Module	Unit	Unit Content			
Ι		Communication			
	1.	Communication: 7 Cs of communication Layout of a Business Letter; Emails, Job Applications; Personal Letters –Sales Letters; Business Letters, Types of Business Letter, Layout of Business Letter,			
	2.	Reports: Types of Business Reports, Reports Writing			
	3.	Meetings: Need, Planning of Meetings, Drafting of Notice, Agenda, Minutes & Resolutions of Meeting			
	4.	Writing Memorandum, Press Release, Press Conference- Use of MS Office in Business Communication – Layout Options and Illustrations			
	5.	Effective E-Mail Writing – Travel Blogs – Podcasts and Vodcasts			
II		Employability Quotient			
	6.	Techniques for effective presentation - Designing a presentation- Resume building- Group Discussion			
	7.	Facing the Interview: Frequently Asked Questions - Mock Interview			
	8.	Public Speaking; Types, developing a relationship with the audience, Adapting to Special Occasions, Development of Self-Confidence-Body Language			
	9.	Work Ethics- Business etiquettes – netiquettes, telephonic & table etiquettes			

	10.	General Do's and Don'ts
III		Business English
	11.	Business English: Salutations in the hospitality Industry & analyzing grammatical errors in spelling & punctuation
	12.	Common errors in spoken and written English often confused; one-word substitution, phrases, idioms
	13.	Spoken English: formal English and business-related conversations
	14.	Difference between British and American English- Vowels- Common mistakes in English pronunciation
	15.	Vocabulary pertaining to tourism and allied subjects alone need be taught.
IV		Conversational English
	16.	Conversational English: English in different situations-Making enquiries, expressing various emotions-agreement-disagreements, happiness, anger etc.
	17.	Expressing gratitude, apologizing-explaining- giving orders, how to start a conversation
	18.	How to end a conversation-building conversation
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)

Note: Compulsory Learning Activities:

1. Role Plays, and Presentations,

2. Listening exercises with the help audio-visual aids for understanding formal English and business-related conversations.

2. Production of Newsletters, in-house journals, Preparation of press releases, writing features on tourism, writing advertisement/preparing brochures for tourism/hospitality

- 3. Prepare resume
- 4. GD sessions
- 5. Mock Interviews

References:

• Chaturvedi, P. D. (2011). Business communication: Concepts, cases, and applications. Pearson Education India.

• Sharma, R. C., & Mohan, K. (2016). Business Correspondence and Report Writing: A practical approach to business & technical communication.

- Parvathi, V. Suggestive Techniques for Better Performance in Group. 21.-V.-Parvathipaper-final-libre.pdf (d1wqtxts1xzle7.cloudfront.net)
- Kumar, R. (2010). Basic business communication. Excel Books India.

Mapping of COs with PSO:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO 4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	2	2	-	-	2
CO 2	2	1	2	-	-	1
CO 3	2	2	1	1	-	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	-	1

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type		
End Sen	nester Evaluation	50	
Continuo	ous Evaluation	25	
a)	a) Test Paper- 1		
b)	Role Plays	5	
c)	Any one from the Compulsory Learning Activities:	10	
	Total	75	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER	KU4VACTTM202	BASICS OF FOOD SCIENCE AND NUTRITION
4		

Program	BTTM					
Course Code	KU4VACTTM202					
Course Title	Basics of Food Scie	ence and Nuti	rition			
Type of Course	VAC-2					
Semester	4	4				
Academic Level	200 - 299	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Credit Lecture Tutorial Practical Total				
		per week	per week	per week	Hours	
	3	3	-	-	45	
Pre-requisites						
Course Summary	This course helps to understand the biological, chemical, and physical					

structures of foods. It also helps the students to acquire the knowledge
of food at a micro-level like its nutritive value, causes of food
contamination etc.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitiv	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools	
		e Level*	Category#	used	
CO1	Obtain knowledge of different food	U	С		
	groups and their contribution to			Quiz/ Practical	
	nutrition.			Assignment	
CO2	Acquire knowledge of beverages and	U	Р	/Observation of	
	its uses with attention to the			Practical Skills/	
	preservation of their nutritive value -			Seminar Presentation	
	oriented to Traditional Indian			/ Technology-based	
	beverages			assessment	
CO3	Understand the food additives and	Ар	Р		
	food laws and standards governing				
	the food				
	adulteration				
* - Remen	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - Factua	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive				
Knowledg	ge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content							
Ι		Introduction to Food Production							
	1.	Kitchen Equipment-Cooking Fuel -Rules for Reheating of food/ réchauffé							
		cooking							
	2.	Various Methods of cooking (Moist, Dry, Frying, microwave cooking)							
		Microwave cooking advantage & Disadvantages -Time and temperature, Effect							
		of cooking on food items & nutrients, Care & Precautions to be taken,							
	3.	Basic preparation techniques (e.g., chopping, slicing, dicing)- Foundation							
		Ingredients-Fats& oils-Salt -Raising Agents-Liquids-							
	4.	Principles of Flavorings and seasonings – Sweetening – Thickenings							
II		Introduction to Food and Nutrition (Brief)							
	5.	Stock -components, Types, and use of stock-Sauces- thickening agent used in							
		sauces, Classification of sauces. Soups- types, preparation, garnishing for soup-							
		Accompaniment and garnishes							
	6.	Milk and Milk Products - Nutritive Value- Processing-Micro-organisms-							
		Processing of Milk-Pasteurization-Homogenization-Types of Milk. Yoghurts:							
		Varieties of Yoghurts-Creams: Types of Cream- Storage of Cream. Cheese:							
		Types of Cheese-Basics of Cheese Making- Storage of Cheese- ButterTypes							
		of Butter.							
	7.	Cereals-Types, Structure-Composition and Nutritive Value							

	8.	Nuts and Oils- Types, Nutritive value- Toxins				
	9.	Pulses-Types, Nutritive Value-Processing- Storage- Infestation				
	10.	Herbs: Uses and Varieties of Herbs- Spices uses and Varieties - Condiments:				
	Uses and Varieties - Salads types of salad salad dressing					
	11.	Vegetable and Fruit- Types, Composition-Nutritive Value				
	12.	Beverages- classification Alcoholic Beverages- Non-Alcoholic Beverages				
		Beverages-Coffee -Tea-Cocoa- Fruit Beverages and Milk-based Beverages				
III		Introduction to Food Science				
	13.	Meat-Structure-Composition-Nutritive Value				
	14.	Egg- Composition - Preservation				
	15.	Fats and Oils Composition -Nutritive Value				
	16.	Fungi and Algae as Foods				
	17.	Beverages- classification Alcoholic Beverages- Non-Alcoholic Beverages -				
		Coffee -Tea-Cocoa- Fruit Beverages and Milk-based Beverages				
IV		Food Preservation and Presentation				
	18.	Food additives-Food Adulteration- Types of Food adulterants -Intentional				
		Adulterants- Metallic Contamination-Incidental Adulterants				
	19.	Food Preservation-Methods.				
	20.	Food quality- Sensory Evaluation-Objective Evaluation- Evaluation Card- Types				
		of Tests.				
	21.	Menu Planning: Principles of menu planning and design- Nutritional				
		considerations in menu planning				
	22.	Basic plating and presentation techniques (Practical)- Trends in food				
		presentation and gastronomy (Practical)				
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)				

Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Filed visit to a hotel or any accommodation unit to understand the basics of food production.

2. Identify the food preservation methods used by various companies for their products by examining its products.

References:

- Food Science B. Srilakshmi
- Food Science and Nutrition Malathi
- Nutrition Science B. Srilakshmi Food
- And Nutrition -P.K.Jas

Mapping of COs with PSOs and POs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-

2024 admission onwards

Rubrics:

CO 2	2	1	_	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	-	-	-	-

Assessment Correlation Levels

Ε	valuation Type	Marks
End Sen	nester Evaluation	50
Continuo	us Evaluation	25
a)	Practicum/Viva-Voce	10
b)	Field Visit Report	15
	Total	75

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 4	KU4VACTTM203	EVENT MANAGEMENT & HOSPITALITY

Programme	BTTM				
Course Code	KU4VACT	TM203			
Course Title	EVENT MA	ANAGEMENT	TAND HOSP	ITALITY	
Type of Course	VAC-3				
Semester	4				
Academic Level	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	3	3		-	45
Pre-requisites		·			
Course Summary	This course	e offers a co	omprehensive	overview of	event management,
	covering event functions, host facilities, operations, budgeting, and best				
	practices of event planners worldwide, focusing on global meeting				
	planners.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation
		Level*	Category#	Tools used
CO1	Enrich the knowledge level of managing	U	С	
	different types of events.			
CO2	Comprehend various technologies	U	С	Instructor-
	adopted by meetings and exhibition			created exams
	planners.			/ Practical
CO3	Apply knowledge and skills in the event	Ap	Р	Assignment /
	business.			Practical

CO4	Understand different event laws and	U	С	Assignment /		
	regulations.			Seminar		
CO5	Acquire budgeting skills specific to	Ар	Р	presentation/		
	MICE.					
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - Fa	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P)					
Metac	Metacognitive Knowledge (M)					

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content			
Ι		Event Business			
	1	Introduction to Events: Scope - Nature - Types of Events			
	2	Five C's of Event Management- Trends of Event Business			
	3	Roles and Functions of Event Manager - Attributes of Technical Staff			
	4	Preparation of Operation Manual - Developing Record Keeping Systems.			
II		MICE Tourism			
	5	MICE Tourism, features, criteria required for a MICE destination.			
	6	Players in event business – ICPB, ICCA; the relationship between events & tourism			
		industry; Travel marts -ITB, WTM, FITUR, KTM, etc., shopping festivals,			
		Biennale etc.			
	7	Selection of Event Site: Individual events & Corporate events, conference &			
		convention centers			
	8	Types of venues- Layouts and Designs.			
III	Event Laws & Regulations				
	9	Event Laws & Regulations - Permissions Required for Holding an Event: Police			
		Permissions			
	10	Performing License - Entertainment Tax			
	11	Permissions for Open Ground Events			
	12	License for Serving Liquor			
	13	Waste Management & Green Certification			
	14	Traffic Police - Ambulance			
	15	Fire and safety			
	16	Permission from Municipal Corporation			
	17	Indian Performing Rights Society (IPRS).			
IV		Planning and Scheduling Events			
	18	Planning and Scheduling Events: Corporate Events - Trade Shows			
	19	Planning and Scheduling Events- Exhibitions - Events in Educational Institutions			
	20	Budgeting of MICE - Use of Budget Preparation			
	21	Estimating Fixed and Variable Costs - Cash Flow -Sponsorship and Subsidies			
	22	Ethical Behavioral Practices in MICE industry.			
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

Compulsory Learning Activity:

- 1. Conduct an Event incorporating all learning.
- 2. Case Study of an event management company.

References:

- Fenich, G.G. (2014). *Production and Logistics in Meeting, Expositions, Events and Conventions*. Edinburgh: Pearson.
- Robincon, P., Wale, D., & Dickson, G. (2010). Events Management 'Ed'. London: CABI.
- Editorial Data Group USA (2018). *Exhibition & Conference Organizers United States: Market Sales*: United States Kindle Edition.
- Johnson, N. (2014). Event Planning Tips: *The Straight Scoop on How to Run a Successful Event* (Event Planning, Event Planning Book, Event Planning Business), MCJ Publishing. Kindle Edition.
- Mittal, S. (2017). Event Management: Ultimate Guide to Successful Meetings, Corporate Events, Conferences, Management & Marketing for Successful Events: Become an event planning pro & create a successful event series. Alex Genadinik Publication. Kindle Edition

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	2	3	-	-	2
CO 3	2	-	1	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	-	3	2	-	-	2

Assessment Correlation Levels:

Ε	valuation Type	Marks
End Semester Evaluation		50
Continuous Evaluation		25
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
	Case Study	15
	Total	75

Rubrics:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 5

SEMESTER 5

KU5DSCTTM301

EMPLOYABILITY AND LEADERSHIP IN

HOSPITALITY

Program	BTTM					
Course Code	KU5DSCTTM301					
Course Title	Employability and Leadership in Hospitality					
Type of Course	DSC-A8	DSC-A8				
Semester	5					
Academic Level	300 - 399					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture p	erTutorial	Practical	Total Hours	
		week	per week	per week		
	4	4		1	75	
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites	needed for t	he course			
Course Summary	The Employability and Leadership in Hospitality course prepares students for dynamic careers in the hospitality industry by combining theoretical knowledge with practical skills. Through a blend of lectures, interactive. activities, and real-world applications, students develop the competencies needed to excel in leadership roles and meet the evolving demands of the industry.					

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools		
		Level*	Category#	used		
CO1	Understanding personality development	R		Quiz/ Practical		
		К	С	Assignment		
CO2	Analyze ones' own personality	U		/Observation of		
		U	Р	Practical Skills/		
CO3	Understand about working with others	A		Seminar		
	and adapting to the situations	Ар	Р	Presentation		
CO4	Apply persuasive speaking and	A m		/ Technology-		
	presentation skills	An	Р	based assessment		
X	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - F	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
	Knowle	dge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content		
Ι		The concept of personality		
-	1.	The concept of personality- Dimensions of personality –Types of personality- introverts and extroverts		
-	2.	Self-analysis- SWOT Analysis		
	3	Who am I, Attributes, Importance of Self-confidence, Self Esteem, aggressive		
	4.	Submissive and assertive behaviors - Out of box thinking, Lateral Thinking		
	5.	Intrinsic & Extrinsic Motivators.		
II		Leadership qualities		
-	6.	Leadership qualities of a successful leader - Group behavior; leadership in a group; Perception-Perceptual pitfalls- Attribution		
-	7.	Conflict- reasons -conflict Management-		
-	8.	Causes of Stress and its impact, how to manage & distress, Circle of control, Stress Busters.		
-	9.	Value of time, Weekly Planner To do list, Prioritizing work. Time Management- Team work		
III	I Emotion			
-	10.	Emotional Intelligence- emotional quotient -Emotion Scales.		
-	11.	Managing EmotionsAttitude - Concept - Significance - Factors affecting attitudes - Positive attitude –Advantages –Negative attitude		
-	12.	Differences between personalities having positive and negative attitude- Attitude Change		
IV		Leadership Orientation		
-	13.	Persuasive Speaking and Presentation Skills- The concept of success and failure - Overcoming hurdles - Factors responsible for success –Causes of failure-managing failures		
_	14.	Types of Body Language, Role of Body Language- group discussion (Practical Sessions)		
F	15.	Interview techniques, Frequently Asked Questions - Business Etiquette, telephone etiquette-dress codes- Work ethics (Practical Sessions)		
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)		

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Mock Interview Sessions
- 2. Presentation and Public Speaking Exercises

References:

Books for Study:

1. Hurlock, E.B (2006). Personality Development, 28th Reprint. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.

2. Stephen P. Robbins and Timothy A. Judge (2014), Organizational Behavior 16th Edition: Prentice Hall.

Reference Books:

3. Andrews, Sudhir. How to Succeed at Interviews.21st (rep.) New Delhi. Tata McGraw-Hill 1988.

4. Hindle, Tim. Reducing Stress. Essential Manager series. Dk Publishing, 2003

5. Lucas, Stephen. Art of Public Speaking. New Delhi. Tata - Mc-Graw Hill. 2001

6. Mile, D.J Power of positive thinking. Delhi. Rohan Book Company, (2004).

7. Pravesh Kumar. All about Self- Motivation. New Delhi. Goodwill Publishing House. 2005.

8. Smith, B. Body Language. Delhi: Rohan Book Company. 2004

9.SOFT SKILLS, 2015, Career Development Centre, Green Pearl Publications.

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks	
End Se	mester Evaluation	70	
Continu	ious Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper-1	10	
b)	Presentation	10	
c)	Practical (Module IV)	10	
	Total	100	

SEMESTER 5 KU5DSCTTM302

TOURISM ECONOMICS

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU5DSCTTM302
Course Title	TOURISM ECONOMICS
Type of Course	DSC-A9
Semester	5
Academic Level	300 - 399

Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course				
Course Summary	The Tourism Economics course equips students with a thorough understanding of the economic aspects of tourism, emphasizing analytical skills and practical applications. Through a mix of theoretical learning and practical analysis, students gain the knowledge needed to assess the economic impact of tourism and contribute to the sustainable development of the industry.				

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools	
		Level*	Category#	used	
CO1	Understand the basic concept of	R		Quiz/ Practical	
	economics for tourism studies	K	С	Assignment	
CO2	Understand the demand and supply in	TT		/Observation of	
	tourism	rism U P			
CO3	Analyse the impact of seasonality on	Е		Seminar	
	tourism demand and supply	E	Р	Presentation	
CO4	Understand the economic impacts of	A		/ Technology-	
	Tourism	An P		based assessment	
×	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - F	actual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledg	ge (C) Procee	dural Knowledge	e (P) Metacognitive	
	Knowle	dge (M)			

Module	Unit Content				
Ι	Business Economics				
-	1.	Business Economics – introduction and importance-Micro and Macro Economics			
-	2.	Basic Economic Problems - Concept of Demand –Types of demand-Elasticity of Demand and Their types.			
-	3	Accounting Costs and Economic Costs – Fixed, Variable and Total Cost;			
-	4.	Competition – monopoly, oligopoly			
II		Demand			
	5.	Tourism Demand: Elasticity of demand, Types, determinants; measurement and			

		forecast of tourism demand.			
-	6.	Tourism supply: Determinants of tourism supply; Law of supply- Elasticity of supply, tourism supply forecasting.			
_	7.	Tourism and seasonality, types of seasonality, Managing Tourism Business during Economic Slowdown, and off season			
III		Tourism Statistics			
-	8.	Tourism Statistics: measurement of tourist statistics – volume, expenditure, and profile; tourism barometer			
-	9.	Tourists spending spenders and earners in international tourism-			
		Kerala tourism statistics- Comparison of important states in India in terms of Foreign Tourist Arrivals (FTA).			
-	10.	Critical evaluation of Indian tourism in terms of Foreign Tourist Arrivals (FTA)			
IV	Economic Impacts of Tourism				
	11.	Economic impacts of tourism – Foreign exchange, Balance of Payments, employment generation			
_	12.	multiplier effect – types of multipliers; regional development; Displacement			
		effect and tourism, tourism as an invisible export			
	13.	Negative economic impacts of tourism, Leakage effect, inflation and price rise, enclave tourism			
	14.	Impact of economic recession on tourism.			
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

References:

- 1. P.L. Mehta; Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems and Cases
- 2. Varshney and Maheshwari; Managerial Economics
- 3. D. Salvatore; Managerial Economics
- 4. Pearson and Lewis; Managerial Economics
- 5. G.S. Gupta; Managerial Economics
- 6. Krishnan Kamra; Economics of Tourism
- 7. Ashif Iqbal Fazil, S. Husain Ashraf; Tourism in India (planning & development)

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type	Marks
End Semester Evaluation	70
Continuous Evaluation	30

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a)	Test Paper-2	10
b)	Assignment	5
c)	Seminar	5
d)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

HOSPITALITY MARKETING

Program	BTTM					
Course Code	KU5DSCTTM303					
Course Title	Hospitality Marke	ting				
Type of Course	DSC-A10					
Semester	5					
Academic Level	300 - 399					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours	
		week	per week	per week		
	4	4			60	
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites n	eeded for the	e course		1	
Course Summary	The course will provide insights into both theoretical and applied knowledge in the field of marketing. Students will be getting knowledge of the marketing strategies that will be required for the business to be successful. It will also introduce to the students the essentials of marketing, like what are the methods of attracting tourists which will benefit the firms and strategies as well as methods that will help them to successfully market in today's dynamic world. The emphasis on the tourism marketing mix and digital marketing as applied in contemporary times is the hallmark of the course.					

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 admission onwards

CO1	Identify effective marketing strategies for tourism development.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment		
CO2	Recognize the significance of customer orientation in tourism marketing.	U	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/		
CO3	Explain how promotional tourism, hospitality, and leisure campaigns can appeal to multiple target markets.	E	Р	Seminar Presentation / Technology-		
CO4	Create, apply, and evaluate various marketing strategies for tourism destinations and organizations.	An	Р	based assessment		
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 					

Module	Unit	Content						
I	Marketing							
	1. Marketing for Hospitality and Tourism: Meaning, Definition, Core Cor Marketing Philosophies							
	2.	Selling Vs. Marketing, Differences between Products and Service Marketing- Specific features of Tourism Marketing						
	3.	Role of Marketing in Tourism and Hospitality-Strategic Marketing in Tourism: Global Marketing, Direct Marketing, Target Marketing, Relationship Marketing, Experiential Marketing, E-Marketing, Green Marketing						
	4. Issues in Marketing -Social Responsibility and Marketing Ethics, Consumeri and Legal Issues							
II	Marketing Environment							
	5.	Marketing Environment-Marketing Planning -Developing Marketing Opportunities and Strategies: Marketing Information Systems and Marketing Research						
	6.	6. Consumer Markets and Consumer Behavior, Factors Affecting Tourist Behavior						
	7.	STP Process- Developing the Tourism Marketing Mix: Ps of Marketing						
	8.	Managing the Product / Service, Product Decisions, Product Line, Product Mix, Product Life Cycle						
	9.	New Product Development process, Branding and Packaging Decisions, Destination Branding						

2024 admission	onwards
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	10.	Strategies adopted in various stages of the Destination Life Cycle			
III	Pricing Products				
	11.	Pricing Products - Pricing Considerations and Approaches, Pricing Strategies and Methods -			
	12.	Integrated marketing communication-Mass Media- Distribution Channel			
	13.	Promotion Mix: Public Relations, Advertising, Sales Promotion, Personal Selling, and Publicity.			
IV		Digital Marketing			
	14.	Digital Marketing- Importance, Key forms of Digital Marketing- Creativity in digital marketing; - Social media marketing			
	15.	Design of marketing materials/ promotional tools (brochures, folders, pamphlets etc)-			
	16.	Destination Marketing by Tourism Boards-Case Studies -Digital Technologies in Marketing- Online Marketing Domains-B2C-B2B-C2C-C2B-CRM-			
	17.	Setting up Online Marketing presence Ads and Promotions Online, Types of ads, Digitalization of Word of Mouth- Internet Banner Ads, Online Video Content, Pay Per Click (PPC) Advertising, Email marketing, Websites & SEO content, Blogs,			
	18.	Types of digital marketing-Push & Pull; Digital advertising - Digital marketing strategy of Airbnb (case study).			
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

References:

- 1. Philip Kotler, Bowens, and James Makens Marketing for Tourism and Hospitality
- 2. Kotler, Philip and Armstrong Philip, Principle of Marketing, 1999, Prentice-Hall, India
- 3. Holloway and Robinson, Marketing for tourism, Longman publisher
- 4. Ravi Shankar Service Marketing
- 5. Nimit Chaudhary Service Marketing

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluat	ion Type	Marks
End Se	mester Evaluation	70
Continu	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper-2	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 5 KU5DSCTTM304

MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU5DSCTTM304				
Course Title	Management Principles and Hospitality				
Type of Course	DSC-A11				
Semester	5				
Academic Level	300 - 399				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	rTutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course				
Course Summary	This course teaches learners basic management principles, competencies for good managers, employee processes, ethical conduct, corporate social responsibility, and the impact of unethical practices on performance and existence in the tourism, travel, and hospitality industries.				

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools	
		Level*	Category#	used	
CO1	Demonstrate an understanding of the	R		Quiz/ Practical	
	fundamental management concepts.	К	С	Assignment	
CO2	Analyze the roles and responsibilities of			/Observation of	
	managers in different organizational		Р	Practical Skills/	
	settings. Illustrate the basic planning,	U		Seminar	
	decision-making, and organizing skill			Presentation	
	sets.			/ Technology-	
CO3	Analyse and infer how individual factors			based assessment	
	influence the dynamics of employee	Е	Р		
	behavioral processes.				
CO4	Analyse and infer how group factors and				
	organizational practices influence the	An	Р		
	dynamics of employee behavioral	All			
	processes.				
;	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
	Knowledge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content			
Ι		Introduction to Management			
	1	Introduction to Planning: Definition and Importance of Planning-Types of Plans (Strategic, Tactical, Operational, Contingency)			
	2	Management Functions (Planning, Organizing, Leading, and Controlling)			
		Levels of Management (Top, Middle, and Lower)			
	3	Management Skills and Competencies-Management Roles and Responsibilities-MBO			
	4	Evolution of Management Theories (Brief): Classical Theories (Scientific Management, Administrative Management), Behavioral Theories (Human Relations, Behavioral Science), Contemporary Theories (Contingency Theory, Systems Theory)			
	5	Strategic Planning Process: Mission, Vision, and Objectives			
		Environmental Scanning and Analysis (SWOT, PESTEL), Strategy Formulation and Implementation			
II	Motivation and Leadership				
	6	Motivation: Need and Importance			
	7	Important theories: Maslow's need hierarchy, Alderfer – ERG, McClelland, Herzberg's			
		two-factor theory, Theory X and Theory Y, Expectancy Theory,			
	8	Leadership: significance, types			
	9	Important theories: Trait Theory of Leadership, Behavioral Theories, Managerial Grid, Fiedler's Contingency Model, Great Man Theory- Transformational Leadership.			
III		Organizing and controlling			
	10	Organizing and Organizational Structure-Principles of Organizing			
		Types of Organizational Structures (Functional, Divisional, Matrix), Departmentation and Span of Control.			
	11	Decision-Making Process: Rational and Non-rational Decision Models			
		Decision-Making Techniques (Decision Trees, Payoff Matrices: Meaning – elements – fundamental concepts			
	12	Introduction to Control: Definition and Importance of Control-Control Process (Establishing Standards, Measuring Performance, Taking Corrective Action)-Control Techniques and Tools-Financial Controls (Budgeting, Cost-Benefit Analysis)-Quality			

		Control (Total Quality Management, Six Sigma)
		Performance Appraisal Systems
IV		Ethics
	13	Business Ethics and CSR: Meaning and significance
	14	ethical and unethical behavior – nature/characteristics – objectives —levels of ethics
	15	CSR –meaning – importance of CSR – stakeholders involved in CSR – Responsibility to each stakeholder –
	16	Managing stakeholders - CSR reporting and audit
	17	Relationship between ethics and CSR
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

References:

1. Chuck Y. Gee, James C. Makens & Dexter J. L. Choy (1989), The Travel Industry, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.

- 2. Page J. Stephen & Brunt Paul (2007), Tourism- A Modern Synthesis, Thomson Pub, London.
- 3. Ray Youell (1998), Tourism-An Introduction, Addison Wesley Longman, Essex.
- 4. Sunetra Roday, et al (2009), Tourism Operations and Management, Oxford

Assessment Rubrics:

Correlation Levels:

Evalu	ation Type	Marks		
End S	Semester Evaluation	70	Level	Correlation
Contin	nuous Evaluation	30	-	Nil
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	1	Slightly / Low
b)	Case study	10	2	Moderate / Medium
c) Seminar		5	3	Substantial / High
Total		100		•

SEMESTER	KU5DSCTTM305	TRANSPORTATION	SYSTEMS	AND
5		TOURISM		

Programme	BTTM
Course Code	KU5DSCTTM305
Course Title	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS AND TOURISM
Type of Course	DSC-A12
Semester	5
Academic Level	300 - 399

Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		per week	per week	per week	
	4	5			75
Pre-requisites				-	
Course Summary	and their vital r concepts, operation	ole in the toons, regulations is a significance	tourism indu	stry. The co stainability as	transportation systems urse covers essential spects of each mode, enhancing the overall

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	K. Cat.	Evaluation
		Level*		Tools used
CO1	Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of	U	F	Instructor-
	transportation systems and their role in the			created exams /
	tourism and hospitality sector.			Quiz
CO2	Evaluate the advantages and limitations of	An	С	Practical
	different transportation systems in the context of			Assignment /
	tourism.			Observation of
				Practical Skills
CO3	Describe the types of road transportation	An	Р	Instructor-
	systems, including highways, public and private			created exams /
	transportation services, and documentation			Home
	requirements.			Assignments
CO4	Explain the air, rail, and water transport systems,	An	М	Instructor-created
	including luxury tourist trains, mountain			exams / Quiz
	railways, cruise liners, and national waterways.			
CO5	Understand the importance of transportation	U	С	
	documentation, regulations, and safety measures			
	in facilitating travel and ensuring a seamless			
	tourism experience.			
* - Re	member (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse	(An), Evalua	te (E), Cre	ate (C)
# - Fa	actual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C)	Procedural K	Inowledge	(P) Metacognitive
Know	ledge (M)			

Module	Unit	Content				
	Introduction to Transportation Systems					
		Definition of transportation and its components: Importance of transportation in				
	1	various sectors (e.g., tourism, hospitality, trade, commerce, logistics), Advantages				
Ι	1	of transportation systems (economic development, connectivity, efficiency, safety,				
		comfort)				
	2	Ancient modes of transportation (e.g., walking, animal-powered transport,				
		waterways)- Development of roads and wheeled vehicles-				

		Emergence of reilways and their impact on travel and trade. Advent of automobiles					
	3	Emergence of railways and their impact on travel and trade- Advent of automobiles					
		and the rise of road transport systems					
	4	- Aviation and the birth of air travel- Modern transportation systems (e.g., high-					
		speed rail, electric vehicles, ride-sharing)					
		Surface Transportation					
		Types of surface transportation (roads, highways, railways), Modes of surface					
	5	transportation (buses, cars, trucks, motorcycles), Advantages and limitations of					
		surface transportation					
		Public Road Transportation Systems: Public bus transportation services (municipal,					
		state, and intercity), Operations and services of public transport corporations (e.g.,					
II	6	KSRTC), Scheduled and non-scheduled bus services, Ticketing, and fare systems					
	0	Private Road Transportation Systems: Taxis and ride-sharing services (e.g., Uber,					
		Ola), Limousine and luxury car services, Car rental agencies and procedures,					
		Caravans, and recreational vehicles (RVs), Tour coaches and charter buses					
		Types of Roads and Highways: National highways and interstate highway systems,					
	7	State and local roads, Rural and urban road networks, Toll roads and expressways,					
		Highway infrastructure and maintenance (Brief)					
		Road Transportation Documentation: Driver's licenses and vehicle registration,					
	8	Insurance and liability coverage, Road taxes and toll payments, Safety regulations					
		and traffic laws, Travel documents and permits (for international travel)					
		Air and Rail Transport system					
	0	Major rail transport systems in the world- British Rail, Euro Rail, Amtrack,					
	9	Japanese Rail. Major metro rails in India -IRCTC, special packages for tourists					
TTT	10	Indian Rail Transport- general information about Indian railway – Types of trains,					
III	10	classes of journey, luxury tourist trains, mountain railways in India- high-speed rail					
	-	Classes of service in India- Ticket Booking and cancellation and refund rules of all					
	11	classes including Tatkal- Codes of different classes- Different types of coaches-					
		Groups Booking, Concessional Tickets-Booking train tickets					
		Air and Water Transport system					
IV	10	Water transport network & categories of water transport -Major Water ways of the					
	12	world					
	10	Cruise transport, types of cruise liners, cruise packages of India and abroad –					
	13	Cruise Packages to Islands of India- National waterways of India					
		Modes of air transport: Major Airlines, Air taxis, Custom channels- Ministry of					
	14	transport.					
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)					

References

Lumsdon, L. M., & Peeters, P. M. (2019). Transport and Tourism: Global Perspectives (4th Edition). Routledge.

Page, S. J. (2019). Transport and Tourism: Global Perspectives (4th Edition). Pearson Education. Rodrigue, J.-P., Comtois, C., & Slack, B. (2017). The Geography of Transport Systems (4th Edition). Routledge. Holloway, J. C., & Humphreys, C. (2019). The Business of Tourism (11th Edition). SAGE Publications Ltd.Rodrigue, J.-P., Comtois, C., & Slack, B. (2017). The Geography of Transport Systems (4th Edition). Routledge.

Knowles, R., Shaw, J., & Docherty, I. (Eds.). (2014). Transport Geographies: Mobilities, Flows and Spaces. John Wiley & Sons.

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	ation Type	Marks		
	Semester Evaluation	70		
Contir	uous Evaluation	30		
a)	Test Paper- 1	10		
b)	Case study	10		
c)	Seminar	5		
Total		100		

SEMESTER 5

KU5SECTTM301

AVIATION MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM							
Course Code	KU5SECTTM301							
Course Title	Aviation Management							
Type of Course	SEC							
Semester	5							
Academic Level	300 - 399							
Course Details	Credit	Lecture pe week	rTutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours			
	3	3			45			
Pre-requisites	No prerequisite	es needed for th	e course					
Course Summary	This course is expected to deliver an understanding of airline operations and airport management. Students will be able to obtain a basic knowledge of airline operations and management, understand both the technical and business sides of the airline industry, and develop skills for most tasks in airline management.							

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools				
		Level*	Category#	used				
CO1	To understand air transport and its management and regarding the technical terms and codes associated with airline operations.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment /Observation of Practical Skills/				
CO2	Exhibit the significance of airport handling procedures and protocols.	U	Р	Seminar Presentation				
CO3	Communicate the developments and formalities related to airport handling.	Е	Р	/ Technology- based assessment				
CO4	CO4 Familiarize with airport and airline An P							
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 							

Module	Unit	Content							
Ι	Civil aviation								
	1.	Airline Terminology -Origin of civil aviation - History of Civil Aviation in India							
	2.	IATA, ICAO, AAI and DGCA							
	3. Air Transport regulations: Bilateral Regulations- -Multilateral regulations- and Chicago conventions – Freedoms of Air- Open Sky policy								
	4.	Types of Airlines- Classes of Service and aircraft configuration -aircraft manufacturers.							
	5.	5. In-flight services							
	6.	6. Job Opportunities in airlines- Cabin Crew - Services- Job Specifications and Qualifications							
II		Airlines Management							
	7. IATA Areas -2 letter Codes of Airlines -3 letter city codes of major airports.								
	8.	8. Types of journeys (OW, CT, RT, OJ, RTW)							
	9.	E-tickets & its advantages-International Sale Indicators - Global Indicators							
	10.	Types of fare: Normal Fare - Special fares - Discounted Fares- ticket validity-refund- cancellation							

	11.	Insurance coverage-types of insurance for travel- Airline planning and operations: hub						
		and spoke systems - Code sharing CRM and Frequent Flyer Programmes (FFPs).						
III	Airport Management							
	12.	Cabin Crew – Airport Terminals—formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers						
	13.	Airport facilities: Check-in facilities, types –Landing facilities for departing passengers – In-flight services — Emergency equipment for disembarkation - Minimum connecting time						
	14.	Passengers requiring special handling- Baggage and Excess baggage - Checked and unchecked baggage – piece and weight concept – pooling of baggage						
	15.	Carry-on items – carriage of live animals - classification of dangerous goods						
IV		Operations Control						
	16.	Airline operations Control-Flight planning and Dispatch - Load control planning- Crew Operations Control						
	17.	Maintenance Control-types of maintenances-Station Operations Control -Passenger processing and flight operation -Airline Disruptions and Irregular Operations-Safety and security operations by airlines-On-board safety measures						
	18.	Airline Key personnel and organization structureIATA&UFTAA fare formula (only theoretical aspects).						
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)						

1. Graham. A-Managing Airport an International Perspective –Butterworth Heinemann, Oxford-2001

2. Richard H.Wood Aviation Safety Programs A Management Hand Book-– Jeppesen Sanderson Inc.

3. IATA course material for Foundation in Travel and Tourism 4. IATA course material for Passenger Ground Services

Evaluation	Туре	Marks	
End Semest	ter Evaluation	50	
Continuous	Evaluation	25	
a)	Test Paper-2	10	
c)	Case Study	15	
	Total	75	

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SEMESTER 6

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR IN TOURISM SEMESTER 6 KU6DSCTTM306

Program	BTTM								
Course Code	KU6DSCTTM	KU6DSCTTM306							
Course Title	Organizational	Organizational Behavior in Tourism							
Type of Course	DSC-A13	DSC-A13							
Semester	6								
Academic Level	300 - 399								
Course Details	Credit	Lecture pe week	r Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours				
	4	4			60				
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course								
Course Summary	To make the student capable to become a tourism entrepreneur and to equip the students to prepare the Tourism business project.								

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools				
		Level*	Category#	used				
CO1	Explain the Concept of Organizational	U		Quiz/ Practical				
	Behavior	U	С	Assignment				
CO2	Illustrate the Organizational Culture and	U		/Observation of				
	Ethics	U	Р	Practical Skills/				
CO3	Demonstrate the Individual Behavior and			Seminar				
	Personality Traits, Group behavior,	А	Р	Presentation				
	Theories of Motivation			/ Technology-				
CO4	Analyze the Concept of Organizational	A m		based assessment				
	Change, Conflict, and power	An	Р					
2	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)							
# - F	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive							
	Knowled	dge (M)						

Module	Unit	Content					
Ι		Introduction to Organizational Behavior					
-	1.	Concept of Organizational Behavior (OB): Nature and characteristics					
-	2.	Importance -Management roles, skills, and activities					
-	3.	Concept of organizational culture: elements of organizational culture in tourism, factors affecting tourism organizational culture					
	4.	Impact of tourism organizational culture (functions and liability); Creating and sustaining tourism organizational culture					
II		Group Dynamics:					
	5.	Group Dynamics: Concept of group, Types of groups. Stages of Group Development -Factors Influencing Group Behavior					
	6.	Group norms, Group and teams; Types of teams; Creating team players from individuals building and team-based work (TBW)					
-	7.	Team Roles and Responsibilities, Teamwork -Team Building-Team Management					
-	8.	Conflict- types, stages of conflict-Conflict Management and Resolution					
III	Concept of Individual Behavior:						
	9.	Components of individual behavior, factors affecting individual behavior - Learning, Concept of learning, conditioning, shaping and reinforcement.					
	10.	Attitude: Concept of attitude in tourism organization, components, behavior, and attitude Job satisfaction in tourism organization					
	11.	Personality and Values: Concept of personality; Relevance of values; Big Five model of personality: Theories of personality - Trait theory - psychoanalytic theory - social learning theory					
_	12.	Perception, Decision Making and Emotions (Tourism): Perception and Judgements; Factors; Linking perception to individual decision making					
IV		Organizational Change					
	13.	Concept of organizational change, Forces of change; Planned change; Resistance, and resistance to change: Learning organization					
	14.	Managing Change and Innovation-Forces for Change (External and Internal) Resistance to Change and Overcoming Resistance					
	15.	Change Management Models (Lewin's Change Model, Kotter's 8-Step					

	Model)-Innovation and Creativity in Organizations
V	Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)

- 1. Kinicki, Angelo, and Mel Fugate. "Organizational Behavior: A Practical, Problem-Solving Approach." 2nd ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2018.
- 2. Luthans, Fred. "Organizational Behavior: An Evidence-Based Approach." 13th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2015.
- 3. Nelson, Debra L., and James Campbell Quick. "Organizational Behavior: Science, the Real World, and You." 9th ed., Cengage Learning, 2018.
- 4. Newstrom, John W. "Organizational Behavior: Human Behavior at Work." 15th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2019.
- 5. Greenberg, Jerald. "Behavior in Organizations." 11th ed., Pearson Education, 2017.
- 6. McShane, Steven L., and Mary Ann Von Glinow. "Organizational Behavior." 8th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2018.
- Colquitt, Jason A., Jeffery A. LePine, and Michael J. Wesson. "Organizational Behavior: Improving Performance and Commitment in the Workplace." 6th ed., McGraw-Hill Education, 2019.
- 8. Schermerhorn, John R., James G. Hunt, Richard N. Osborn, and Mary Uhl-Bien. "Organizational Behavior." 13th ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2017.
- 9. Hitt, Michael A., C. Chet Miller, and Adrienne Colella. "Organizational Behavior." 5th ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc.,
- 10. Dwivedi, R. S. (2001). Human relations and organizational behaviour. Macmillan Publishers India Limited.
- 11. Robbins, Stephen P., and Timothy A. Judge. "Organizational Behavior." 18th ed., Pearson Education, 2019.

	Evaluat	tion Type		Marks	
	End Semester Evaluation			70	
	Continuous Evaluation		30		
	a)	Test l	Paper-1	10	
	b)	Assignme	ent/Seminar	5	
	c)	Case	Study	5	
		Total		100	
SEMESTER 6 KU6DSCTTM307		HUMA	N RESOURCE MANA TOURISM	GEMENT AND	
	-				
Program	BTTN	1			

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

Course Code	KU6DSCTTM307							
Course Title	Human Resource Management and Tourism							
Type of Course	DSC-A14	DSC-A14						
Semester	6							
Academic Level	300 - 399							
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours			
	4	4			60			
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites	needed for the	e course					
Course Summary	Upon completion of this course, students will be prepared for various HR roles within the tourism industry, including HR manager, recruitment specialist, . training and development coordinator, employee relations manager, and compensation and benefits analyst. The course also lays a foundation for further studies and specialization in HRM or tourism management.							

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools	
		Level*	Category#	used	
CO1	Understand the concept, importance, and scope of human resource management.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment	
CO2	Analyze the roles and responsibilities of the human resource department.	U	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/	
CO3 Develop skills in workforce planning and talent management		Е	Р	Seminar Presentation / Technology- based assessment	
CO4	Develop skills in designing and implementing effective compensation and performance management programs.	An	Р		
CO5	Develop skills in managing employee grievances, disputes, and disciplinary actions.	An	Р		
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 				

Module	Unit	Content		
Ι		Introduction to Human Resource Management		
	1	Definition and Evolution of Human Resource Management: Scope and Functions of HRM		
	2 Strategic Human Resource Management-Features and benefits of SHRM - Barrie SHRM - Difference in traditional HRM and SHRM.			
		The Factories Act, 1948 The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923-The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961		
	4	The Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provision		
		Act, 1952- The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972- Trade Union Act, 1926-Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation Act, 1986)		
II		Recruitment and Selection		
		Job Analysis and Job Description- Recruitment Sources (Internal and External)-Selection Methods (Applications, Interviews, Tests)-Onboarding and Orientation		
		Training and Development: Training Needs Assessment-Training Methods (On-the-Job, Off-the-Job)-Career Development and Succession Planning- Career life cycle, Process, Factors affecting Career Planning and Development		
		Talent Management: Workforce Planning and Forecasting-Talent Acquisition and Retention-Employee Engagement and Motivation		
III	Compensation Management			
		Job Evaluation and Pay Structures-Internal and External Equity-Incentive and Variable Pay Plans-Benefits and Perquisites		
		Performance Management: Performance Appraisal Methods (Ratings, 360-degree, Self- appraisal)-Performance Management Systems-Feedback and Coaching-Rewarding and Recognizing Performance		
	1	Employee Relations in Tourism: Employee Engagement and Communication-Grievance and Discipline Management- Employee Separation: Retirement, VRS, Suspension, Termination, Resignation		
		Future of Work and HRM in Tourism: Gig Economy and Non-traditional Work Arrangements-Artificial Intelligence and Automation-Workforce Upskilling and Reskilling		
IV		Industrial Relations:		
		Trade Union and Industrial Dispute: functions and role of Trade union -Unfair labour practices by employers & Trade Unions, Strikes, Layoff, Retrenchments, Closures /Lockouts, Collective Bargaining Agreements, Wage Agreements, Violations, Bonus		

V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)
	India-Employee Counselling: Methods and types of Employee Counselling
	Participative Management, Worker's Participative Management (WPM) in
	1 Participative Management and employee counselling: Importance, Forms of
	1 Collective Bargaining: process and types- Grievance and Disciplinary Actions: Grievance: causes, Discovery of grievance, effects of grievance,
	1 A very brief overview of Acts: The Factories Act, 1948 The Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923-The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961-The Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provision -Act, 1952- The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972- Trade Union Act, 1926-Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation Act, 1986)
	 Industrial dispute: Forms and Causes, Machinery for settlement of Industrial dispute
	gratuity, Grievances Handling Procedure(process), Weekly offs

- Tripathi & Reddy, Principles of Management, Tata Mcgraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008
- Steven W. Schmidt. Training and Development for the Workplace"
- Human Resource Management by Gupta C.B (Publisher: Sultan Chand & Sons)
- Bernadin, Human Resource Management, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 8th edition 2012
- Shashi.K.Gupta And Rosy Joshi, Human Resource Management
- https://www.accountingnotes.net/human-resource/type-of-incentive-plans/type-ofincentive-plans/17317)
- https://www.economicsdiscussion.net/industries/industrial-relations/32249
- <u>https://www.managementstudyguide.com/job-description-specification.htm</u>

	Evaluat	tion Type		Marks	
	End Semester Evaluation Continuous Evaluation			70 30	
	a)	Test F	Paper-2	10	
	b)	Assignme	nt/ Seminar	10	
	c)	Case	Study	10	
		Total		100	
SEMESTER 6	KU6DSCTTM308 AIR		AIRPO	ORT MANAGEMENT AND GROUND HANDLING	

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU6DSCTTM308

Course Title	Airport Management and Ground Handling				
Type of Course	DSC-A15				
Semester	6				
Academic Level	300 - 399				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4		1	75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course				
Course Summary	Equip the students with the basic knowledge and skills required for airport operations. Enhance the student for further study and Professional Development.				

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools used		
		Level*	Category#			
CO1	Understand the structure and components		С	Quiz/ Practical		
	of an airport, including terminals, aprons,			Assignment		
	runways, taxiways, and air navigation	R		/Observation of		
	services.			Practical Skills/		
				Seminar Presentation		
CO2	Analyse the importance of airports for		Р	/ Technology-based		
	tourism and identify the different types	U		assessment		
	of airport customers, including tourists.					
CO3	Describe the various components and		Р			
	operations involved in airport ground	Е				
	handling.					
CO4	Explain the roles and responsibilities of					
	ground handling agents and service	An	Р			
	providers.					
CO5	Develop problem-solving skills and		Р			
	decision-making abilities in handling	An				
	operational challenges.					
	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# -	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
	Knowledge (M)					

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Introduction to Airport
	1	Concept of Airport – Airport and Air transport – Major Airports
	2	Structure of the Airport – Terminal, Apron, Runway, Taxiway etc.
	3	Importance of Airport for Tourism – Airport customers and tourists
	4	Classification of Airport – Modern Airports
	5	Privatization – Types of Privatizations
	6	Airport Operators and Investors
II		Airport Management
	7	Airport Classification - Airport Ownership- Public-Private Partnership (PPP) - Modern Airports
	8	Structure of the Airport-The Airside-Runway-Taxi ways- Apron/RampHangar-Air Navigation Services (ANS) and Air Traffic Control (ATC)- Terminal
	9	Structure and components of a terminal- Landside-Physical components
III	,	
111		Overview of Airport Ground Handling
	10	Definition and scope of ground handling services
	11	Ground Handling Operations: Passenger handling (check-in, boarding, deplaning), Baggage handling (loading, unloading, sorting, transfer), Cargo and mail handling
	12	Safety and Security in Ground Handling: Ramp safety procedures, Dangerous goods handling, Security screening and access control
		Customer Service in Ground Handling, Passenger assistance and special needs handling, Complaint management and conflict resolution
IV		Ground Handling
	13	Ground Handling Operations Planning and Scheduling: Flight schedules and ground time calculations, Resource allocation and staff rostering, Contingency planning for disruptions and delay
	14	Aircraft handling (marshalling, loading, unloading, cleaning), Ramp operations and equipment, aircraft parking, Loading, and unloading procedures, Aircraft cleaning and catering services
	15	Passenger Handling Procedures: Check-in and boarding processes, Baggage handling

	and reconciliation, Passenger assistance and special needs handling
	Ground Support Equipment (GSE): Types of GSE (passenger stairs, baggage carts, belt loaders, etc.), GSE maintenance and safety procedures
	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

- Ashford, N. J. (2013). Airport operations. McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
- Dileep, M. R., & Kurien, A. (2021). Air Transport and Tourism. Routledge.
- Budd, L., & Ison, S. (2017). Air Transport Management: An International Perspective. Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group.
- Graham, A. (2014). Managing Airports: An International Perspective. Routledge. Ashford, N. J. (2013). Airport Operations. McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
- IATA Airport Handling Manual (AHM)
- IATA Ground Operations Manual (IGOM)
- Norman Ashford, et al".
- Airport Operations" by
- Dimitrios Dimitriou "Ground Handling Operations"

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluat	ion Type	Marks
	mester Evaluation	70
Continu	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper-2	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU6DSCTTM309
Course Title	Logistics Management
Type of Course	DSC-A16
Semester	6
Academic Level	300 - 399

Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites no	eeded for the	e course		
Course Summary	This course builds logistics and differ	•	-	egarding sup	ply chain management,

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools		
		Level*	Category#	used		
CO1	Familiarize with the concept of logistics	R		Quiz/ Practical		
	and supply chain management.	К	С	Assignment		
CO2	Understand the process and procedures	II		/Observation of		
	of logistics operations.	U	Р	Practical Skills/		
CO3	Learn the process of supply chain	Е		Seminar		
	management.	E	Р	Presentation		
CO4	To familiarize demand forecast and	miliarize demand forecast and		/ Technology-		
	managing economies in the process.	An	Р	based assessment		
2	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - F	actual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledg	ge (C) Procee	lural Knowledge	e (P) Metacognitive		
	Knowle	dge (M)				

Module	Unit	Unit Content				
Ι	Concept of Logistics					
	1.	Concept of Logistics: Introduction, Types, Logistics Management, Role of Logistics in an Economy				
	2.	2. Difference between Logistics and Supply Chain Management, Logistics ar competitive advantage, Logistics Mix, organized retail in India				
	3.	Logistics process: Concept of Integrated Logistics, inventory, and information flow				
	4.	Operational objectives of integrated logistics; barriers to integration, organization structure, measurement system, inventory ownership.				
	5.	logistics performance cycle, manufacturing support performance cycle, procurement performance cycle				
II	Supply chain management					

	6. Supply chain management: Introduction, Supply chain Performance, drivers, and distribution network, network design	metrics
	 Role of demand forecasting in the supply chain, aggregate planning in the suppl chain, sales, and operations planning, managing predictable variability, cycle inventory 	ly
	 Managing uncertainty in a supply chain: safety inventory, sourcing decisions, an Bullwhip effect. 	nd
III	Containerization	
	9. Containerization: Concept, classification, benefits, and constraints; Inland Co Depot (ICD	ontainer
	10. Role and functions; CFS, export Clearance at ICD; CONCOR; ICDs under CC etc	ONCOR
	11. Warehousing and Distribution Centers: Concepts, elements, and functions of Warehousing– Types of Warehouses– Warehousing Strategy– Warehouse Design Operational Mechanism of Warehouse	gn–
	12. Warehousing Network in India - Central Warehousing corporation in India	
IV	Transportation Mix	
	13. Transportation infrastructure and network in India	
	14. Impact of the transport system on the supply chain	
	 15. Factors that determine the choice of transport mode – Transportation Costs - To techniques for reducing costs - Fleets – Fleet sizing and configuration – Routing Scheduling. 	
V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)	

- Chopra, S., & Meindl, P. (2007). *Supply chain management. Strategy, planning & operation* (pp. 265-275). Gabler.
- Leenders, M. R., & Fearon, H. E. (1997). Purchasing and supply management. (*No Title*).
- Stock, J. R., & Lambert, D. M. (2001). Strategic logistics management (Vol. 4). Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill/Irwin.

Evaluation Type		Marks	
End Semester Evaluation		70	
Continuous Evaluation		30	
b)	Test Paper-2	10	

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 admission onwards

c)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 6KU6DSCTTM10ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN TOURISM INDUSTRY

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU6DSCTTM310	KU6DSCTTM310			
Course Title	Entrepreneurship	Entrepreneurship in Tourism Industry			
Type of Course	DSC-A17	DSC-A17			
Semester	6	6			
Academic Level	300 - 399				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4	1		75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites r	needed for the	e course		
Course Summary	This course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of finance management and entrepreneurship, particularly for new tourism entrepreneurs, focusing on planning, execution, and resource utilization in the tourism industry.				

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Familiarize with the fundamental	R		Quiz/ Practical
	principles of financial management.	K	С	Assignment
CO2	Identify various methods for financial			/Observation of
	management in tourism and get	U	Р	Practical Skills/
	entrepreneurial skills.			Seminar
CO3	Formulate ideas for start-ups.	Е	Р	Presentation
CO4	To demonstrate a learning system that	A m		/ Technology-
	inspires entrepreneurial motivation	An	Р	based assessment

	among students, providing a platform for creativity and innovation.			
* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive				
Knowledge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Introduction to Financial Management
	1.	Finance: Meaning, Functions; Importance, and typologies of Finance – Role of financial management, Break-even analysis,
	2.	Financial Management: Functions and steps in Financial Planning-Factors Affecting Financial Planning in the tourism industry-
	3.	Working Capital Management: Financing current assets, Cash Management, Receivables, and inventory management -
	4.	Management of Fixed Assets; Importance of Capital Budgeting. Analytical Techniques – Non – discounted, Discounted Techniques- Difference between financial and capital structures. Determinants of Financial Structure-
	5.	Types of budgets, preparation of budget, and zero-based budgeting, Working Capital Management, Cash management-
	6.	Contract Act,1872 –-Offer& Acceptance-Consideration-Free Consent-Mistake of law & fact-Legality of object- Breach of Contract – Performance & discharge of Contract –Consumer Protection Act 2019- Key highlights -Rights & duties of consumers- Product Liability-Consumer Disputes Redressal Forums.
II		Finance and Assessment
	7.	Sources of Finance and Assessment of Requirements: Financial leverage and financial planning- Break-even analysis for financial leverage-
	8.	Dividend Policy, types of dividend policies- Sources of Finance of Tourism Business: Long-Term Sources of Finance- Equity shares- Features, Pros & Cons, Preference shares- Debentures - Retained Earnings -
	9.	Public Deposits; Sources of short-Term Finances: Personal Investment, Venture capital, Angel Investor, Business Incubators, Government Grants and Subsidies, Bank Loans, Crowd Funding.
	10.	FDI in Tourism Sector in India-Overview of financial institutions in India, Central level, and state level institutions, DIC, NABARD, SIDBI, IDBI, SIDCO, Indian Institute of Entrepreneurship, TFCI,

	11.	Single Window, Industrial Policy of Government of India, Government of India		
		Initiatives under Make in India		
III	Tourism Entrepreneurship			
-	12.	Tourism Entrepreneurship: Concept and definition, Functions of an Entrepreneur,		
-	13.	Types of Entrepreneurs, Intrapreneur, Entrepreneurial Culture; Stages ir entrepreneurial process. Ethical and social responsibility challenges for entrepreneurs in tourism- Social entrepreneurship, Woman Entrepreneurship		
-	14.	Entrepreneurship opportunities in Tourism, Tourism entrepreneurial competencies- Elements of business planning,		
	15.	Preparation of project plans, Components of an ideal business plan: Market plan – Financial plan -Operational plan -Site selection-		
	16.	Feasibility analysis: – aspects and method. Economic analysis, financial analysis, Market, and technological feasibility, Feasibility report.		
IV		Legal Issues		
-	17.	Ownership patterns in India, Legal issues related to emerging ventures – Registrations, Licenses		
-	18.	Fees and Permits regarding the tourism industry- Potential Capital and Start-Up Costs,		
-	19.	Starting a New Business vs Purchasing an Existing Business- Rules, regulations, and procedures relevant for small-scale industries and small-scale businesses.		
	1.	Financing by UNWTO, ITDC, and MOT towards different projects.		
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)		

- 1. Vasant, Desai, "Entrepreneurship", Himalaya Publishing House, 2003.
- 2. Taneja& Gupta S.L., "Entrepreneurship Development", 2003.
- 3. Pandey, I.M., "Venture Capital The Indian Experience", Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 4. Tandon B.C., "Environment and Entrepreneur", Chug Publications, Allahabad.

Evaluat	ion Type	Marks		
End Se	mester Evaluation	70		
Continu	ous Evaluation	30		
a)	Test Paper- 1	10		
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10		
c)	Case Study	10		
	Total	100		

SEMESTER 6	KU6SECTTM302	TECHNOLOGY AND TOURISM

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU6SECTTM302				
Course Title	Technology and Tourism				
Type of Course	SEC				
Semester	6				
Academic Level	300 - 399				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture pe week	erTutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	3	3			45
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course				
Course Summary	This course explores the integration of information technology in the tourism industry, focusing on its operational and managerial applications in tourism enterprises.				

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	To learn how the advances in			Quiz/ Practical
	information technology affect tourism	R	С	Assignment
	businesses.			/Observation of
CO2	To familiarize students with digital	U		Practical Skills/
	applications in the Tourism Industry.	U	Р	Seminar
CO3	Preparing students for the use of digital	Е		Presentation
	tools in the tourism industry	E	Р	/ Technology-
CO4	To analyze the impact and trends of IT	A		based assessment
	among travel intermediaries.	An	Р	
* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				(E), Create (C)
# - F	actual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledg	ge (C) Procee	dural Knowledge	e (P) Metacognitive
	Knowle	dge (M)		

Ι		Introduction to Computer:
	1	MS Office: MS Word, MS Excel, MS PowerPoint-, Email and mail merge
	2	Internet of Things (IoT), Artificial Intelligence & chatbots, Role of ChatGPT and BARD in tourism
	3	Tourism apps- advantages & features of mobile applications
	4	Mobile apps as a marketing tool; role of travel apps in post covid scenario.
II		Impact of digitization
	5	Smart destination- digital tourist; digital touch points
	6	Virtual and augmented reality, voice on search
	7	Online payment modes – internet & mobile banking, cards, wallets, payment interface
	8	Location-based services; 3D modelling' Biometrics, Robotics in tourism- smart travel facilitation.
III		Digital economy in Tourism;
	9	Types of digital platforms – accommodation, transport, dining, travel experiences
	10	E – Intermediaries
	11	Infomediaries
	12	Metamediaries
	13	Digitization in hotels post covid scenario
	14	Concept of smart hotels
	15	technology solutions used by hotels
	16	Property Management Systems (PMS)
	17	Challenges faced by hotels in adopting digital technology.
IV		Air transport and use of information technology
	18	Technology solutions at airports- baggage and cargo handling systems
	19	Departure control and passenger processing systems
	20	Gate management
	21	Geo location applications-airline applications
	22	Airline Reservation Systems.

V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)			
	1	1 Case studies			
		Real-World Applications			
		Open-Ended Exploration and Assessment:			
	Presentation and discussion of findings				
		Group Assignment			

- Belén Vidal, Tourism and Technology: How Tech is Revolutionizing Travel (https://www.wearemarketing.com/blog/tourism-and-technology-how-tech-is-revolutionizing-travel.html)
- Impact of technology on travel and tourism statistics & facts by Statista Research Department(https://www.statista.com/topics/7844/impact-of-technology-on-travel-and-tourism/)
- Technology in tourism by World Tourism Organization (UNWTO), (https://www.e-unwto.org/doi/epdf/10.18111/9789284414567)
- Digital Transformation by UNWTO, (https://www.unwto.org/digital-transformation)
- Revfine, 15 Key Technology Trends Emerging in the Travel Industry in 2024, (https://www.revfine.com/technology-trends-travel-industry/)
- Gretzel, et.al, (2015) Smart tourism: foundations and developments, Journal of Electronic Markets(https://www.researchgate.net/publication/280719315_Smart_tourism_foundation s_and_developments)

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
End Semester Evaluation		50
Continu	ous Evaluation	25
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	5
c)	Case Study	10
Total		75

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SEMESTER 7

SEMESTER 7	KU7DSCTTM401	SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT & CRISIS
		MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU7DSCTTM401				
Course Title	Sustainable Development & Crisis Management				
Type of Course	DSC-A18				
Semester	7				
Academic Level	400 - 499				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	rTutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	5			75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites	s needed for the	e course		
Course Summary	This course is expected to deliver an understanding of the basics of tourism and aviation industries. Students will be able to obtain the basic knowledge of airline operations and management; understand both the technical side and business side of airline industry; and develop skills for majority of tasks in airline management.				

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools	
		Level*	Category#	used	
CO1	Illustrate types of crises that could arise	R		Quiz/ Practical	
	in tourism.	K	С	Assignment	
CO2	Create a pre-preparedness plan	U		/Observation of	
	anticipating likely problems.	U	Р	Practical Skills/	
CO3	Develop skills to use crisis management	Б		Seminar	
	plans during the actual disaster.	E	Р	Presentation	
CO4	Develop a communication plan for the	A		/ Technology-	
	media and public during the crisis.	An	Р	based assessment	
;	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# - F	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive				
	Knowledge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content

Ι		Tourism Risk Management	
	1.	Tourism Risk Management: concept, issues, phases	
		Culture and Practical Process of Risk Management, Risk Encounter, Risk Contextualization, Phases of Risk Management, Safety guidelines	
	3.	Physical and geographic features of India: Mountains, islands, coastal areas, deserts	
		Types and characteristics of disaster management, pre-disaster plan, limitations of disaster management	
		Sustainable development: The role of stakeholders, Central Government, State Government, District Administration	
	6.	Sustainable development: Armed Forces, Paramilitary Forces, Fire Services.	
II		Tourism Crisis	
		Tourism Crisis; Types, causes, and Consequences, Vulnerability of Tourism Industry to Crisis,	
	8. Types of Crisis in Tourism: Economic, Environmental and Political, Socio-Cultural Conflicts, Terrorism, global warming, and its impacts		
		Tourism and Health Crisis, Technological Failure, Disaster Response Mechanism in India	
		legislation: National Disaster Management Act -2005National Policy on Disaster Management – 2009, National Plan on Disaster Management – 2016	
III		Disaster and Risk Preparedness	
	11.	Tourism Disaster and Risk Preparedness and Planning: Disaster Preparedness	
	12.	Emergency Planning, Contingency Plans and Simulation Exercises	
	13.	Hazard mapping, Development of Crisis Plans, Crisis management systems and tools	
	14.	Tourism Crisis Planning and Preparation	
IV		Recovery and rebuilding	
	15.	Recovery and rebuilding strategies of tourism, Case Study	
	16.	Disaster and risk response: Coordination, Control and Resource Allocation	
		Crisis Communication in the Emergency, Long-term Recovery, and Resolution, Master Plan for Future.	
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)	

- Piekarz, M., Jenkins, I., & Mills, P. (2015). *Risk and safety management in the leisure, events, tourism, and sports industries.* CABI.
- Alexander, D. (2018). Natural disasters. Routledge.
- Ritchie, B. W. (2009). *Crisis and Disaster Management for Tourism*. Channel View Publications: United Kingdom
- Tourism Crisis and Disaster Management in the Asia-Pacific. (2014). CABI: United Kingdom
- Ritchie, B. W. (2009). *Crisis and disaster management for tourism*. Channel View Publications.
- Henderson, J. C. (2007). *Managing tourism crises*. Routledge.
- Pforr, C., & Hosie, P. J. (2008). Crisis management in tourism: Preparing for recovery. *Journal of Travel & Tourism Marketing*, 23(2-4), 249-264.

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks	
End Ser	mester Evaluation	70	
Continu	ous Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10	
c)	Case Study	10	
	Total	100	

SE	EMESTER 7	KU7DSCTTM402	PRODUCT DESIGN
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RODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

Program	BTTM	BTTM					
Course Code	KU7DSCTTM	KU7DSCTTM402					
Course Title	Product Desig	n and Developn	nent				
Type of Course	DSC-A19	DSC-A19					
Semester	7	7					
Academic Level	400 - 499						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture pe week	er Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours		
	4	4		1	75		
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course						

Course Summary	This course makes students aware of the role of sustainable tourism in the						
	changing global scenario. This course provides students with the necessar						
	skills and know-how to develop their own plans and design and create						
	sustainable tourism products considering environmental, social, political, and						
	legal considerations while enhancing the quality of visitor experiences. It also						
	aims to ensure a high standard of services and amenities to generate long-term						
	demand.						

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools		
		Level*	Category#	used		
CO1	Understand tourism planning process,	R		Quiz/ Practical		
	strategy, and policies.	К	С	Assignment		
CO2	Design and development of new tourism	TT		/Observation of		
	products and travel circuits	U	Р	Practical Skills/		
CO3	Create, apply, and evaluate various	Б		Seminar		
	tourism product designs.		Presentation			
CO4	Create confidence in students' own	A		/ Technology-		
	abilities to create a new product. An P base					
;	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - F	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive					
	Knowled	dge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content						
Ι		Product development						
	1.	Defining tourism product development- Components, levels, and characteristics of a tourist product						
	2.	5 product levels of Philip Kotler-Developing new tourism products- Smith (1994) model of a generic tourism product						
	3.	Lumsdon framework (1997) of tourism offering- Tourism Systems- Leiper's Geospatial Model,						
	4.	Mill-Morrison, Butler's Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) – Doxey's Irridex Index – Demonstration Effect						
	5.	Crompton's Push and Pull Theory, Stanley Plog's Model, Gunn's Model.						
II		Tourism Product Development						
	6.	Variables Influencing Tourism Product Development- Principles of Tourism Product						

		Development planning
	7.	Destination Strategy for Tourism Product Development: Resources and Attributes, Market Opportunity, Factors of Production and Investment Potential, Policies and Systems
	8.	Product Formulation View: Zeithaml and Bitner (1996) Framework- stage-gate model (Cooper), Agile-stage-gate model
	9.	innovative service development models: Booz, Allen, and Hamilton (BAH) model,
	10.	Diamond Model of Sustainable Tourism Development.
III		Principles of Tourism Product Development Planning
	11.	Market Research, Stakeholder Consultation and Collaboration, Market: Product Matching
	12.	Development, Clusters, Circuits and Events, Product Portfolio, Investment Plan and Funding, Human Resource Development.
	13.	Successful and Sustainable Developments: Establishing Present Situation Analysis: PEST Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) Analysis, Ansoff Matrix, Boston Consulting Group Matrix
	14.	Identifying the opportunities: Tourism Product Development Checklist -Prioritizing the destination's own tourism sector's objectives: Categorizing tourism destinations, Putting the Plan into Action.
IV		New Service Development
	15.	Innovation in services- disconfirmation theory-Idiosyncratic Service Experience (ISE)-
	16.	Cultural mapping: -The Resource-Process Framework (RPF) of New Service Development; Intellectual Resources, Organizational Resources, Physical Resources-
	17.	NSD process- Core Resources Needed for New Tourism Product Development- Transformative Tourism Experiences- the importance of 'co-creation' in a destination
	18.	- The impact of transformative learning theory in experiential tourism- Müller and Scheurer model on tourism experiences.
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)

• McNulty, P., & Cleverdon, R. (2011). *Handbook on tourism product development*. World Tourism Organization.

- Haid, M., & Albrecht, J. N. (2021). Sustainable tourism product development: An application of product design concepts. *Sustainability*, *13*(14), 7957.
- New Product Development Workbook, Government of Northwest Territories.
- Campos, A. C., Mendes, J., Valle, P. O. D., & Scott, N. (2018). Co-creation of tourist experiences: A literature review. *Current Issues in Tourism*, 21(4), 369-400.
- Froehle, C. M., & Roth, A. V. (2007). A resource-process framework of new service development. *Production and operations management*, *16*(2), 169-188.
- Bitran, G., & Pedrosa, L. (1998). A structured product development perspective for service operations. *European Management Journal*, *16*(2), 169-189.
- Komppula, R. (2001, October). *New-product development in tourism companies-case studies on nature-based activity operators.* In 10th Nordic Tourism Research Symposium (Vol. 18, p. 20).
- Booz, E., Allen, J., & Hamilton, C. (1968). Management of new products Booz.

	tion Type	Marks
End Se	mester Evaluation	70
	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 7	KU7DSCTTM403	DESTINATION PLANNING AND
		MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM						
Course Code	KU7DSCTTM403	KU7DSCTTM403					
Course Title	Destination Planni	ng and Mana	agement				
Type of Course	DSC-A20						
Semester	7						
Academic Level	400 - 499						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		week	per week	per week			

	4	4		1	75	
Dra raquisitas	No monoquisitos n	adad far tha				
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course					
	sustainability, stak	ceholder col owledge and	laboration, a	and responsi	lopment, emphasizing ble tourism practices. , case studies, group	

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools		
		Level*	Category#	used		
CO1	Familiarize with the sustainable tourism initiatives and their significance in tourism.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment /Observation of		
CO2	Plan and develop tourism destinations on a sustainable approach to understand tourism planning, design, and innovations.	U	Р	Practical Skills/ Seminar Presentation / Technology-		
CO3	Interpret levels, types, and new approaches to planning in their own destinations.	Е	Р	based assessment		
CO4	Develop a Master Plan for Destination Development	An	Р			
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 					

Module	Unit	Unit Content	
Ι		Concept of Destination Development	
	1.	Destination Management Systems–Destination Planning Guidelines	
	2.	2. Destination Zone, Planning	
	3.	3. Model- Destination Life cycle and Tourism Area Life cycle	
	4.	Environment Impact Assessment (EIA).	
II		Destination Competitiveness	
	5.	5. 10 As of successful destinations	
	6. Stakeholders involved in destination management- Destination governance		

7.	Public Private Partnership Model in Tourism- Tourism PPPs in India-
8.	Diversification of Tourism Products: Importance and strategies of Tourism Product
	Diversification – creating trip circuits and routes-providing variety of experiences-
	Controlling tourist activities and levels: controlling use intensity, managing events.
	Tourist Destination Planning
9.	Visitor management plans and systems- 'over-tourism'- Strategies and measures to
	address visitors' growth in cities
10.	Managing 'new' visitors
11.	Risk management plans, Sustainable destinations management.
12.	Techniques for managing visitor impact strategies for coping with the temporality of visitor attractions
13.	Tourism Planning and its Characteristics, Types, elements, Stages, Process, and approaches
14.	Six A's Framework for Tourism Destinations Project
15.	Feasibility Study-Carrying Capacity Analysis
16.	Developing Tourism Plans: Goals – components- Designing Plan Documents- Techniques, Surveys & Area Characteristics- Stages of Formulation.
	Destination Image Development
17.	Destination Marketing Mix-Destination Image-Dimensions of Tourist Destination Image
18.	Formation of Destination Image-Factors Influencing the Formation of Destination Image
19.	Attributes of Destination- Measurement of Destination Image
20.	Destination Branding, Difficulties in Destination Branding- Critical Success Factors
21.	Web-based Destination Branding: Basics of Internet Marketing, the Impact of internet marketing on destination branding, collaboration between destination branding and internet marketing
22.	Role of DMOs in destination marketing strategies-FAM Tours
	Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)
	8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21.

• Fyall, A., Garrod, B., Leask, A., & Wanhill, S. (Eds.). (2022). *Managing visitor attractions*. Routledge.

- WTO. (2004). Indicators of Sustainable Development for Tourism Destinations A Guidebook (English version).
- Gunn, C. A., & Var, T. (2002). *Tourism planning: Basics, concepts, cases*. Psychology Press.
- Ritchie, J. B., & Crouch, G. I. (2003). *The competitive destination: A sustainable tourism perspective*. Cabi.
- Inskeep, E. (1991). *Tourism planning: An integrated and sustainable development approach.* John Wiley & Sons.
- Mowforth, M., & Munt, I. (2008). *Tourism and sustainability: Development, globalization, and new tourism in the third world.* Routledge.
- Middleton, V. T., & Hawkins, R. (1998). *Sustainable tourism: A marketing perspective*. Routledge.
- Hall, C. M. (2014). Competitiveness and tourism, by Geoffrey Crouch and JR Brent Ritchie: Cheltenham, Edward Elgar, 2012, 2 Volumes, Vol. 1, xx+ 497 pp., Vol. 2, xi+ 565 pp, £ 360 (hardback), ISBN 978-1-84980-927-6.
- Al-Masroori, R. S. (2006). Destination Competitiveness: Interrelationships between destination planning and development strategies and stakeholders' support in enhancing Oman's tourism industry. *Unpublished doctoral dissertation*). *Griffith University, Australia*.
- <u>'Overtourism'? Understanding and Managing Urban Tourism Growth beyond Perceptions,</u> <u>Executive Summary (e-unwto.org)</u>
- Seth, P. N. (1978). Successful tourism: planning and management. *Successful tourism: planning and management.*

	tion Type	Marks	
	mester Evaluation	70	
Continu	ous Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10	
c)	Case Study	10	
	Total	100	

SEMESTER 7	KU7DSCTTM404	TOURISM PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU7DSCTTM404
Course Title	Tourism Project Management
Type of Course	DSC-A21
Semester	7
Academic Level	400 - 499

Course Details		Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4		1	75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites no	eeded for the	e course	1	
Course Summary	To discuss the project life cycle and build a successful project from pre- implementation to completion. To introduce different project management tools and technique				

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools used
		Level*	Category#	
CO1	Appraise the selection and initiation of			Quiz/ Practical
	individual projects and its portfolios in	R	С	Assignment
	an enterprise.			/Observation of
CO2	Analyze the project planning activities			Practical Skills/
	that will predict project costs, time	U	Р	Seminar Presentation
	schedule, and quality.			/ Technology-based
CO3	Develop processes for successful			assessment
	resource allocation, communication, and		Р	
	risk management.			
CO4	Evaluate effective project execution and			
	control techniques that results in	An	Р	
	successful project completion			
	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply	(Ap), Analy	yse (An), Evalua	te (E), Create (C)
#	- Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowle	edge (C) Proc	cedural Knowled	ge (P) Metacognitive
	Know	ledge (M)		

Module	Unit	Content
Ι	Ι	
	1.	Verities of project, Project Features, Project Life Cycle
	2. Project Selection: Project Identification and Screening	
	3. New ideas, Vision, Long-term objectives, SWOT Analysis (Strength, Weak Opportunities, Threats).	
	4.	Project Appraisal – Market Appraisal, Technical Appraisal, Economic Appraisal,

		Ecological Appraisal, and Financial
II		
	5.	Appraisal – Payback, Net Present Value (NPV), Internal Rate of Returns (IRR).
	6.	Project Selection – Decision Matrix, Technique for Order Preference using Similarity to Ideal Solution (TOPSIS), Simple Additive Weighting (SAW)
	7.	Gant Chart, Critical Path Method (CPM), Project Evaluation & Review Technique (PERT).
III		
	8.	Linear time cost trade-offs in project – Direct cost, indirect cost
	9.	Project crashing Resource Consideration – Profiling, Allocation, Levelling.
	10.	Project Execution: Monitoring control cycle, Earned Value Analysis (EVA)
IV		
	11.	Project Control – Physical control, Human control, financial control.
	12.	Organizational and Behavioral Issues: Organizational Structure, Selection-Project Manager, Leadership Motivation, Communication, Risk Management
	13.	Project Termination: Extinction, Addition, Integration, Starvation.
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)

Textbook(s)

- Jack R. Meredith and Samuel J. Mantel, Jr. 'Project Management- A Managerial Approach' Eighth Edition John Wiley & Sons Inc 2012.
- Arun Kanda 'Project Management-A Life Cycle Approach' PHI Learning Private Limited 2011

Reference(s)

- 'A Guide to Project Management Body of Knowledge' PMBOK GUIDE, Sixth edition, Project management Institute – 2017
- Ted Klastrorin 'Project Management, Tools, and Trade-Offs' John Wiley 2011
- https://www.amrita.edu/course/project-managemen

Evaluati		Marks
1	nester Evaluation	70
Continuc	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 admission onwards

b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
Total		100

SEMESTER 7	KU7DSCTTM405	TOURISM PLANNING

Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU7DSCTTM40	KU7DSCTTM405			
Course Title	Tourism planning	Tourism planning			
Type of Course	DSC-A22	DSC-A22			
Semester	7				
Academic Level	400 - 499				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture j week	per Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4		1	75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites 1	needed for	the course		
Course Summary	•	ng and the	-		s about the basic concept of national and regional

Course Outcomes (COs):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Explain the concept and importance of	R	G	Quiz/ Practical
	planning in tourism.		С	Assignment
CO2	Describe the planning process principles			/Observation of
	and techniques and identify the various	U	Р	Practical Skills/
	factors influencing tourism planning.			Seminar Presentation
CO3	Study the various models for tourism	Е		/ Technology-based
	policies	E	Р	assessment

CO4	Assess National and Kerala tourism	۸n			
	planning framework	An	Р		
	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				
# -	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive				
	Knowledge (M)				

Module	Unit	Content			
Ι		INTRODUCTION TO TOURISM PLANNING			
-	1.	Concept of planning			
-	2.	Importance of Planning			
-	3.	Planning in Tourism Sector			
	4.	Consequences of Unplanned Tourism Development			
-	5.	Reasons for Tourism Planning in Destination Areas			
II		TOURISM PLANNING PROCESS			
	6. Principles and Techniques of Tourism Planning, Factors influencing Tourism Planning				
-	7. National and Regional Tourism Planning;				
-	8. Co- ordinated Tourism Planning				
-	9.	Environmental Planning in Tourism			
III		MODEL OF TOURISM PLANNING AND POLICY FORMULATION			
-	10.	Establishing a Tourism Policy			
-	11.	Various Models for Tourism Policy			
-	12.	Policy and Plan Formulation			
	13.	New Challenges in Tourism Policy			
	14.	Future World Tourism Policy Issues			
IV		TOURISM PLANNING FRAMEWORK IN INDIA AND KERALA			
	15.	An outline of L.K. Jha Committee-1963, National Committee on Tourism1988			
	16.	National Tourism Policy - 1982, National Action Plan on Tourism - 1992, National			

		Tourism Policy- 2002, National Tourism Policy 2015
	17.	The latest policy document on tourism
	18.	Tourism and Five-Year Plans in India. Introduction of Neethi Ayog in India
	19.	Tourism policies at the state level – Kerala
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)

- 1. Mill, Robert Christle & amp; Morrison, Alastair M. (1992): 'The Tourism System an Introductory Text: Hall
- 2. Clare A. Gunn: (2002) fourth Edition, 'Tourism Planning' Routledge
- 3. J.K Sharma (2004), Tourism Planning and Development a new perspective, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi
- 4. Prabhat Chaudhary, (2009) 'Tourism Policy and Planning'. Adeline Books
- 5. National Tourism Policy documents
- 6. Kerala Tourism Policy documents

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
	mester Evaluation	70
	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c) Case Study		10
Total		100

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SEMESTER 8

	SEMESTER 8	KU8DSCTTM406	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
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Program	BTTM				
Course Code	KU8DSCTTM406				
Course Title	Research Methodology				
Type of Course	DSC-A23				
Semester	8				
Academic Level	400 - 499				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4		1	75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisite	s needed for the	e course		
Course Summary	This course provides students with the skills to conduct research in social sciences, covering topics, literature review, and strategy selection. It introduces various research philosophies, strategies, and techniques, helping students develop research proposals, analyze data, and solve managerial problems through applied research and project writing.				

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools used
		Level*	Category#	
CO1	Learn research methodologies and get			Quiz/ Practical
	involved in areas such as data handling		С	Assignment
	and novel research processes so that they	R		/Observation of
	can mold their future scholarly			Practical Skills/
	endeavors.			Seminar Presentation
CO2	Demonstrate the stages of the research			/ Technology-based
	process, and the principal activities,	U	Р	assessment
	skills and ethics associated with this	U		
	process.			
CO3	Involvement in social development			
	through research activities on the socio-	Е	Р	
	economic and political domains.			
CO4	Identify research problems and			
	questions, keeping in mind the social and	An	Р	
	ethical issues in business.			
	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply	(Ap), Analy	vse (An), Evalua	te (E), Create (C)
# -	- Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowle	edge (C) Proc	cedural Knowled	ge (P) Metacognitive
	Know	ledge (M)		

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Research
-	1.	Research: Meaning, Objectives and Significance of Research- Types of research – Phiolosophical considerations of research(brief)
-	2.	Research process, Criteria of good research
-	3.	Social Science Research - Ethics in Social science research
-	4.	Research Process: Identifying the problem/gap in knowledge -Writing the problem statement
-	5.	Formulating the research questions and objectives.
II		Review of Literature
-	6.	Review of Literature, Research Hypothesis-research design- Basic features of a good design, Types of Research Designs
-	7.	variables and constructs - Sampling, types of sampling, sampling errors
-	8.	Methods of data collection, Difference between Questionnaires and Schedules - development of schedules and questionnaires.
-	9.	Quantitative vs. qualitative research techniques- mixed methods
-	10.	Grounded Theory, Ethnography, Case studies, Content Analysis, Phenomenology, Narrative research, Bibliometric analysis.
III		Data Collection
-	11.	Collection of Primary Data, methods, Collection of Secondary data - Data Processing, Editing, Coding-
-	12.	Academic writing:(Discussion on conceptual and empirical papers published in SCOPUS/ UGC listed journals)
-	13.	Plagiarism- Paraphrasing, quoting, and writing summary, vocabulary, conciseness, correct paper formatting
	14.	Referencing styles- Paragraph Structure -Report writing, types of report-Structure and steps of preparing research proposal
	15.	Types of project proposals, difference between proposal and report (Emphasize on practical sessions).
IV		Statistics

	16.	Statistics: Measures of central tendency- mean, median, mode; measures of dispersion- range, standard deviation, variance, etc.;
	17.	Skewness and kurtosis; Distributions- discrete and continuous; Normal distribution - correlation and regression- scatter plots, lines of best fit,
	18.	Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients; Regression- bivariate and multivariate multiple regression-
	19.	Hypothesis testing – parametric vs. non-parametric tests, t-tests, ANOVA, Chi-square tests, Run Test, sign tests, Wald- Wolfowitz Test, Kruskal Walis Test, Komogrov-Smirnov Test, Factor analysis, discriminant analysis, conjoint analysis (Introduce analysis using SPSS)
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)
	1	

Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Each student must prepare a research paper and present it in seminars/ conferences and produce certificates

References:

- Veal, A. J. (2006). *Research Methods for Leisure and Tourism*: A Practical Guide Essex.
- Kothari, C. (2017). research methodology methods and techniques by CR Kothari. *Published by New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, 91.*
- Saunders, M., Lewis, P., & Thornhill, A. (2009). *Research methods for business students*. Pearson education.
- Cooper, D. R., Schindler, P. S., Cooper, D. R., & Schindler, P. S. (2003). Business research methods.

Assessment Rubrics:

SEMESTER 8

Evaluation Type			Marks	
End Semester Evaluation			70	
	ous Evaluatio	30		
a) Test Paper- 1		aper- 1	10	
b)	b) Assignment/Semina		10	
c)	c) Case Study		10	
Total			100	
KU8DSCTTM407 ACADI			EMIC WRITING A	ND I

Program	BTTM
Course Code	KU8DSCTTM407

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management

Course Title	Academic Writing and Publishing				
Type of Course	DSC-A24				
Semester	8				
Academic Level	400 - 499				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	4	4		1	75
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites needed for the course				
Course Summary	The course will emphasize philosophical reasoning, and the ability to articulate and justify philosophical stances in research. Research proposals, analyze data, attending conferences and seminars, preparing and presenting research papers and solve managerial problems through applied research and project writing are the expected outcomes.				

Course Outcomes (COs):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used		
CO1	Understand the purpose, importance, and characteristics of academic writing.	R	C	Quiz/ Practical Assignment /Observation of Practical		
CO2	Identify and differentiate between various types of academic writing.	U	Р	Skills/ Seminar Presentation		
CO3	Develop a clear and concise writing style suitable for academic contexts.	Е	Р	/ Technology-based assessment		
CO4	Effectively use academic vocabulary and maintain an appropriate tone.	An	Р			
CO5	Apply philosophical concepts to evaluate and justify research methodologies and methods.	An	Р			
CO6	Demonstrate an understanding of academic integrity and plagiarism avoidance.	An	Р			
#	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M) 					

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Introduction to Research Philosophy(brief)
	1.	Definition and significance of research philosophy-The role of philosophy in research
	2.	Ontology: The nature of reality and existence- Ontological positions: realism, idealism, and relativism- Implications of ontological assumptions for research
	3.	Epistemology: The nature and sources of knowledge- Epistemological positions: objectivism, constructionism, and subjectivism- The relationship between the knower and the known
	4.	Axiology: The role of values and ethics in research-Axiological considerations: value- free vs. value-laden research- Ethical principles and guidelines in research
	5.	Philosophical Paradigms and Research Approaches: Positivism, post-positivism, and empiricism, Interpretivism and constructivism- Critical theory and transformative paradigms- Pragmatism and mixed methods
II		Introduction to Academic Writing
	6.	The Importance of Academic Writing- Types of Academic Writing (Research Papers, Literature Reviews, Essays, etc.)
	7.	Developing an Academic Writing Style-Using Academic Vocabulary and Tone- Organizing Ideas and Constructing Arguments
	8.	Plagiarism and Academic Integrity- Software to check plagiarism
	9.	Artificial intelligence in academic writing- popular tools and applications
III		Presenting Literature Review and Data Analysis in Academic writing
	10.	Presenting literature review in academic writing (Brief): Conducting Literature Searches- Critical Analysis and Evaluation of Literature- Synthesizing Information and Identifying Research Gaps-Formulating Research Questions and Hypotheses-Writing a Literature Review-Presenting Research Methodology
	11.	Presenting Quantitative and Qualitative Data Analysis in academic writing (Brief): Interpreting and Reporting Statistical Results- Qualitative Data Analysis Methods (Coding, Thematic Analysis, etc.)-
	12.	Presenting and Discussing Research Findings-Addressing Limitations and Future Research
IV		Writing and Publishing Academic Papers
	13.	Structuring and Formatting Academic Papers (IMRaD Format)

	14.	Writing an Effective Abstract
	15.	Writing an Engaging Introduction and Compelling Conclusion-Using Figures, Tables, Reference Management
	16.	Adhering to Journal Guidelines and Conventions- Responding to Peer Review and Revising Manuscripts
V		Teacher Specific Content(12 Hrs)
	1	

Compulsory Learning Activity

1.Preparation of manuscripts for publication- Attending and presenting seminar/ conference papers.

References:

Scotland, J. (2012). Exploring the philosophical underpinnings of research: Relating ontology and epistemology to the methodology and methods of the scientific, interpretive, and critical research paradigms. English Language Teaching, 5(9), 9-16.

Slife, B. D., & Williams, R. N. (1995). What's behind the research? Discovering hidden assumptions in the behavioral sciences. SAGE Publications.

Swales, J. M., & Feak, C. B. (2012). Academic writing for graduate students: Essential tasks and skills (3rd ed.). University of Michigan Press.

Craswell, G., & Poore, M. (2012). Writing for academic success (2nd ed.). SAGE Publications.

Graff, G., & Birkenstein, C. (2018). They say/I say: The moves that matter in academic writing (4th ed.). W.W. Norton & Company.

Ridley, D. (2012). The literature review: A step-by-step guide for students (2nd ed.). SAGE Publications.

Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2018). Research design: Qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approaches (5th ed.). SAGE Publications.

Booth, W. C., Colomb, G. G., & Williams, J. M. (2008). The craft of research (3rd ed.). University of Chicago Press.

Field, A. (2018). Discovering statistics using IBM SPSS statistics (5th ed.). SAGE Publications.

Saldaña, J. (2016). The coding manual for qualitative researchers (3rd ed.). SAGE Publications.

Belcher, W. L. (2009). Writing your journal article in twelve weeks: A guide to academic publishing success (2nd ed.). SAGE Publications.

Gastel, B., & Day, R. A. (2016). How to write and publish a scientific paper (8th ed.). Cambridge University Press.

Rosenfeldt, F. L., Dowling, D. A., Pepe, S., & Fullerton, M. J. (2019). How to get your academic papers published: Navigating the publication process. British Journal of Surgery, 106(9), 1082-1085.

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
	mester Evaluation	70
Continu	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Preparation of a paper for publication/	20
b)	Conference Presentation/ Public presentation	10
	Total	100

KU8DSCTTM408

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT IN TOURISM

Program	BTTM					
Course Code	KU8DSCTTM408					
Course Title	Financial Management in Tourism					
Type of Course	DSC-A25	DSC-A25				
Semester	8					
Academic Level	400 - 499					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours	
	4	5		1	75	
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites n	needed for the	e course			
Course Summary	This course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of finance management and entrepreneurship, particularly for new tourism entrepreneurs, focusing on planning, execution, and resource utilization in the tourism industry.					

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used

BTTM – Bachelor of Tourism & Travel Management 2024 admission onwards

CO1	Familiarize with the fundamental principles of financial management.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment			
CO2	Identify various methods for financial management in tourism and get entrepreneurial skills.	U	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/ Seminar Presentation			
CO3	To demonstrate a learning system that inspires entrepreneurial motivation among students providing a platform for creativity and innovation.	Е	Р	/ Technology-based assessment			
CO4	Estimate financial funds requirement for tourism entrepreneurship.	An	Р				
	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)						
# -	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive						
	Knowledge (M)						

1.	Introduction to Financial Management Finance: Meaning; Functions; Importance; and typologies of Finance
	Finance: Meaning; Functions; Importance; and typologies of Finance
2.	
	Role of financial management, Break – even analysis
3.	Financial Management: Functions and steps in Financial Planning-Factors Affecting Financial Planning in tourism industry
4.	Working Capital Management: Financing current assets, Cash management, Receivables, and inventory management
	Capital Management
5.	Management of Fixed Assets; Importance of Capital Budgeting. Analytical Techniques – Non – discounted, Discounted Techniques
6.	Difference between financial and capital structures. Determinants of Financial Structure
7.	Types of budgets, preparation of budget, and zero-based budgeting
8.	Working Capital Management, Cash management- Contract Act,1872 –-Offer& Acceptance-Consideration-Free Consent
	Leegal Aspects and Financial Planning
9.	Mistake of law & fact-Legality of object- Breach of Contract – Performance & discharge of Contract
	4. 5. 6. 7. 8.

	10.	Consumer Protection Act 2019- Key highlights -Rights & duties of consumers- Product Liability-Consumer Disputes Redressal Forums.
	11.	Sources of Finance and Assessment of Requirements: Financial leverage and financial planning- Break-even analysis for financial leverage
	12.	Dividend Policy, types of dividend policies
	13.	Sources of Finance of Tourism Business: Long-Term Sources of Finance- Equity shares- Features, Pros & Cons, Preference shares- Debentures - Retained Earnings
IV		Financial Operations
	14.	Public Deposits; Sources of short Term Finances: Personal Investment, Venture capital, Angel Investor, Business Incubators
_	15.	Government Grants and Subsidies, Bank Loans, Crowd Funding.
_	16.	FDI in Tourism Sector in India-Overview of financial institutions in India, Central level and state level institutions, DIC, NABARD, SIDBI, IDBI, SIDCO, Indian Institute of Entrepreneurship,
	17.	TFCI, Single Window, Industrial Policy of Government of India, Government of India Initiatives under Make in India.
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

References:

- Durkin, C., & Gunn, R. (Eds.). (2016). *Social entrepreneurship: A skills approach*. Policy Press.
- Gordon, E., Natarajan, K., & Arora, A. (2009). *Entrepreneurship development*. Himalaya publishing house: Mumbai, India.
- Janakiram, D. B., & Rizwana, M. (2011). *Entrepreneurship development: Text and cases*. Excel Books India.
- Gupta, G. (2022). *Financial Management*. Pearson India, 2021
- Gilding, C. (2002). Financial management for hospitality decision makers. Routledge
- Kumar, A. (2012). *Entrepreneurship: Creating and leading an entrepreneurial organization*. Pearson Education: India.

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
End Semester Evaluation		70
Continuous Evaluation		30
a) Test Paper- 1		10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10

c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 8	KU8DSCTTM409	Digital and Social Media Communication in
		Tourism

Program	BTTM						
Course Code	KU8DSCTTM409						
Course Title	Digital and Soc	Digital and Social Media Communication in Tourism					
Type of Course	Major-Elective						
Semester	8	8					
Academic Level	400 - 499	400 - 499					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week		Practical	Total Hours		
	4	4	per week	per week	60		
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites	s needed for the	e course				
Course Summary	The course offers an introduction to the field of E-tourism reflects and provides information on intensive information applications for the tourism industry and describes the development of e-tourism as well as the motives, benefits, and challenges of the latest trends.						

Course Outcomes (COs):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used		
CO1	Explain the concepts of e-tourism, travel intermediaries and travel websites.	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment		
CO2	Identify the E-business linkage with the tourism sector	U	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/		
CO3	Examine the entrepreneurial and managerial aspects of electronic business in tourism.	Е	Р	Seminar Presentation / Technology- based assessment		
	 * - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive 					

Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Introduction to E- Tourism
-	1.	Introduction to E- Tourism – Stages of ICT revolution – ICTs and new business tools- Strategic and operational use of IT in tourism –
	2.	The internet and tourism A powerful combination – Networks for intermediaries- Travel Trade intermediaries – Features of a travel trade website-Implementing a travel trade website
-	3.	Online travel intermediaries, E - business for Destination Management organizations – Principles and concepts – Positioning
II		E- Tourism
	4.	DMOs in value net – destination e business system model – e business partnership for DMOs
_	5.	Global Distribution System: History & Evolution –CRS, HRS, GDS, Hotel Distribution System
	6.	Cases of Amadeus, Galileo, Sabre, Abacus -Changing Business models of GDS, NDC
III		E- Commerce in Travel Industry
-	7.	E-Commerce in travel industry – Framework for E-Commerce –Classification of EC by nature of transaction.
_	8.	Feature of EC-Typologies of E tourism: Business models – Business to Business (B2B) –Business to Consumer (B2C) – Consumer to Business (C2C)
_	9.	Consumer to Consumer (C2C) – Business to Employees (B2E) – Business to Government (B2G), Payment Systems in E-tourism
	10.	Electronic Credit Card system – Debit Card – Smart Card and E – Check System
IV		Launching a successful Online business
	11.	Launching a successful Online business – Introduction of business formation and the process
	12.	Classification of websites – Building the websites and its process and evaluation –
	13.	Website Hosting (options, contract, domain name and its features) – Content creation –AI in Tourism -

	14.	Delivery and Management – Website Design – Website Construction – Website promotion.
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

References:

- Buhalis, D. (2003) *E-Tourism: Information Technology for Strategic Tourism Management*. Gosport: Prentice Hall
- Gary Schneider. (2008), *Electronic Commerce*, 8th Edition, Course Technology, 8th edition
- Zongqung Zhou. (2003), *E-Commerce and information Technology in Hospitality and Tourism*, Delmar Cengage Learning
- Annie Becker. (2008), *Electronic Commerce: Concepts, Methodologies, Tools and Applications*, Information Science Reference.
- Dana V Tesone. (2005), *Hospitality Information Systems and E Commerce*, Wiley
- M.R Dileep. (2014), *Information Systems in Tourism*, Excel Books

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
End Semester Evaluation		70
	ous Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10
c)	Case Study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 8 KU8DSCTTM410

CARGO MANAGEMENT

Program	BTTM	BTTM				
Course Code	KU8DSCTT	KU8DSCTTM410				
Course Title	Cargo Manag	Cargo Management				
Type of Course	Major-Electiv	Major-Elective				
Semester	8	8				
Academic Level	400 - 499					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per Tutorial Practical Total Hours week per week per week				

	4	4			6	0	
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites ne	eded for the	e course				
Course Summary	This course aims Airports and Cargo	-	the knowled	ge of the m	nanagement	aspects	of

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools			
		Level*	Category#	used			
CO1	To understand the structure and	R		Quiz/ Practical			
	functioning of the airport management	К	С	Assignment			
CO2	Learn about the cargo industry and the	U		/Observation of			
	operations of cargos.	U	Р	Practical Skills/			
CO3	Understand the international regulations			Seminar			
	and formalities of travel and travel	Е	Р	Presentation			
	documents	E		/ Technology-			
				based assessment			
* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)							
# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive							
Knowledge (M)							

Module	Unit	Content
Ι		Introduction to Aviation Industry
	1.	Role of air transportation in tourism – major entry points in India – history of air transportation
-	2.	Major airports in India (domestic & international)
-	3.	Role of AAI and DGCA.
	4.	A brief account of IATA/ICAO- Three letter city codes and airport codes.
	5.	Major world cities and airports and identifying cities and countries on the map
II		Introduction to Airports
	6.	Guidelines for airport management – airport facilities – the check-in formalities– Baggage and excess baggage checking –
	7.	registered and unregistered baggage– piece & weight concept – excess baggage ticket (EBT) – pooling of baggage– free carryon

	8.	Dangerous goods- Introduction, classification, and Packaging Dangerous Goods		
III	Travel Formalities and documents			
	9.	Labelling, marking, and handling live animal regulations– Billing and Settlement Plan		
-	10.	Travel formalities, travel documents required for a tourist to visit India and northeastern states –documents required to get a passport in India –		
-	11.	TIM, types of information in TIM.		
IV	Cargo Transportation			
-	12.	Cargo, meaning definition - Cargo transportation – the scope of the cargo business, the structure of cargo industry		
-	13.	Movement of cargo, airway bill preparation, cargo insurance and clauses.		
-	14.	Cargo terminology- Trucking, RFS, Warehousing, Trade Free Zone, Charters.		
V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

References:

- Introduction to Airline Industry: IATA Study KIT
- Jagmohan Negi: Travel Agency & Tour Operation Concepts and Principles. (Kanishka Pub, New Delhi)
- Jagmohan Negi: Air Travel and Fare Construction. Kanishka Pub, New Delhi 2004
- Dennis. L. Foster: The Business of Travel Agency Operations and Administration (Mc. Graw Hill)
- Study Kit for IATA/UFTAA
- Stephen Shaw, Airline Marketing and Management, Ashgate
- Airport, aircraft and airline security, Kenneth C Moore, Butterworth-Heinemann
- Airline Business in 21st Century, Regas Doganis, Routledge

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluat	tion Type	Marks 70	
End Ser	mester Evaluation		
Continu	ous Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Assignment/Seminar	10	
c)	Case Study	10	
	Total	100	