

(Abstract)

M.Sc. Applied Zoology Programme in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus - Revised Scheme and Syllabus (I st semester only) - Approved- Implemented w.e.f. 2023 admission--Orders issued

ACADEMIC C SECTION

ACAD C/ACAD C1/494/2024

Dated: 24.01.2024

Read:-1. U. O. No. ACAD C/ACAD C3/22373/2019 dtd.12.09.2023

- 2. Circular No. dated ACAD C/ACAD C3/22373/2019 dated 12/09/2023
- 3. Email dated 08.01.2024 from the Head, Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus.
- 4. Remarks furnished by the subject expert, Dr P Girish Kumar, Scientist, Zoological Survey of India.
- 5. Minutes of the meeting of the Department Council held on 11.10.2023

ORDER

- 1.The revised Regulations for Post Graduate Programmes under Choice Based Credit and Semester System in the University Teaching Departments/Schools were implemented w.e.f. 2023 admissions vide paper read(1) above.
- 2. As per paper read (2) above, Heads of all Teaching Departments were requested to submit the revised Syllabus in accordance with the approved regulations along with a copy of the Department Council Minutes
- 3. As per paper read (3) above, the Head, Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus submitted the Scheme & Syllabus (I st semester only) of M. Sc. Applied Zoology Programme, verified by the subject expert (Paper read 4) for approval.
- 4. Department Council vide the paper read (5) above approved the aforementioned Scheme & Syllabus of M. Sc. Applied Zoology programme to be implemented in the Department of Zoology of the University w. e. f. 2023 admission.
- 5.The Vice Chancellor after considering the matter in detail, and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council conferred under section 11(1), Chapter III of Kannur University Act 1996, approved the Scheme & Syllabus(Ist semester only) of M.Sc. Applied Zoology Programme and accorded sanction to implement the same in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus of the University w.e.f. 2023 admissions, subject to report to the Academic Council.
- 6.The Scheme & Syllabus (Ist semester only) of M. Sc. Applied Zoology Programme, under Choice Based Credit Semester System implemented in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus w. e. f. 2023 admission, is appended and uploaded in the University Web Site.(www.kannuruniversity.ac.in)

7. Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

Narayanadas K DEPUTY REGISTRAR (ACAD)

For REGISTRAR

2. Convener, Curriculum Committee.

Copy To: 1. The Examination branch (through PA to CE)

- 2. PS to VC/ PA to PVC/PA to R
- 3. DR/AR1/AR II (Acad), EXCI, EP IV
- 4. Web Manager (for uploading in the website)
- 5. Computer Programmer
- 6.SF/DF/FC

Forwarded / By Order
SECTION OFFICER







KANNUR UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI FOR M. Sc. APPLIED ZOOLOGY PROGRAMME

Choice-Based Credit and Semester System (CBCSS)

(w. e. f. 2023 Admission)

KANNUR UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

Vision: Envisions inculcating the highest values of life, science education, respect for nature and concern for ethical values among students through good scientific educational practices.

Mission: The Mission of the Department of Zoology is to impart education to graduates in Zoology to equip them to:

interpret the ecosphere around local communities and students.

apply themselves meaningfully in any activity requiring zoological expertise solve the problems in conservation biology.

and to combine theoretical knowledge and practical skills to equip the students to take up active research in the areas of conservation Biology.

Programme Outcome

PO1: Generate an interest in the subject and help students explore the new developments in Biochemistry

PO2: Analyze the different type of data using appropriate statistical software. Demonstrate a good understanding of descriptive statistics and graphical tools

PO3: Understand and analyse the ecological and evolutionary significance of different taxa of animals .

P04: Study and involve in biodiversity conservation programs; understand the concepts and approaches in conserving biodiversity

PO5: Identify key threats to biodiversity. Develop appropriate policy options for conserving biodiversity through research and field studies.

PO6: Effectively apply basic principles of the natural and social sciences to current issues of natural resources and the environment

PO7: Students will be able to apply knowledge to solve problems related to conservation biology and Biodiversity conservation and management

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO1: Prepare students to have a good understanding of cellular and organism. Gain Biochemistry practical skills animal structures, taxonomy and Biosystematics.

PSO2: Equip students to identify Biological taxa of Western Ghats and involve them in doing research in different different aspect related to animal biodiversity conservation and management

PSO3: Students will be able to identity, classify and differentiate major groups of organisms and understand their phylogenetic relationships.

PSO4: Students will be able to relate the physical features of ecology and environment to the structure of population, communities and ecosystems. This will make them recognize the dire and urgent need to conserve the ecosystems and its components worldwide.

PSO5: The students will get wide range of bio statistical skills, including problem solving, project work and presentation; they may enable to take prominent roles in a wide spectrum of employment and research

PSO6: Developed knowledge and understood of living organisms at several levels of Zoological and Biological

organization from the molecular, through to cells and whole organisms and ecosystems all organs of evolutionary perspectives.

ELIGIBILITIES: ■ B.Sc. Degree in Zoology with 50% marks.

ADMISSION: • The selection of the candidate is based on Admission test. The admission test will cover the topics in Zoology at the undergraduate level.

SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSE, MARKS, CONTACT HOURS AND CREDITS

First Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Discipline Sp	ecific Co	re Cou	rses (DS	C)			
MSZOO01DSC01	Chemistry for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC02	Physics for Biologists and Statistics for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC03	Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Ethology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC04	Practical – I (Biochemistry)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO01DSC05	Practical – II (Biophysics & Biostatistics)	6			60	40	100	3
Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)								
MSZOO01DSE01	Philosophy of Science and History of Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Total				360	240	600	21

Second Semester

COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/	Week		Marks		Credits
Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
Discipline Sp	ecific Co	ore Cou	rses (DS	C)			
Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
Biotechnology & Microbiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
Comparative Animal Physiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology)	6			60	40	100	3
Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology)	6			60	40	100	3
Discipline Specif	fic Elect	tive Co	urses (D	SE)			•
Immunology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
Ability Enhancement Course	e (AEC) offere	d for otl	ier depa	rtments		1
Science Communication and Popularization Dietetics Intellectual Property Right	2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	Course details/marks Discipline Sp Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology Comparative Animal Physiology Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology) Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology) Discipline Special Immunology Ability Enhancement Course Science Communication and Popularization	Course details/marks Discipline Specific Co Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 Comparative Animal Physiology Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology) Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology) Discipline Specific Elect Immunology Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) Science Communication and Popularization	Discipline Specific Core Cou Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 1 Comparative Animal 4 1 Physiology Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 Microbiology Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology Bractical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology) Discipline Specific Elective Co Immunology 4 1 Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) offered Science Communication and Popularization	Course details/marks Discipline Specific Core Courses (DS) Molecular Biology and 4 1 4 Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 1 4 Comparative Animal 4 1 4 Physiology Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology) Practical – IV (Animal Physiology) Discipline Specific Elective Courses (D Immunology 4 1 4 Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) offered for other science Communication and Popularization	Course details/marks L T/S P End Sem Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC) Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 1 4 60 Comparative Animal A 1 4 60 Physiology Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology A 60 Microbiology) Practical – IV (Animal A 60 Physiology and Parasitology) Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE) Immunology A 1 4 60 Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) offered for other department of the course of th	Course details/marks L T/S P End Sem Internal Sem Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC) Molecular Biology and 4 1 4 60 40 Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 1 4 60 40 Comparative Animal 4 1 4 60 40 Physiology Practical – III (Molecular 6 6 60 40 40 80) Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology 8 Microbiology 9 60 40 80 Practical – IV (Animal 6 60 40 40 80) Practical – IV (Animal 6 60 40 40 80) Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE) Immunology 4 1 4 60 40 Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) offered for other departments Science Communication and 2 1 - 60 40	Course details/marks L T/S P End Sem Internal Total Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC) Molecular Biology and 4 1 4 60 40 100 Bioinformatics Biotechnology & Microbiology 4 1 4 60 40 100 Comparative Animal 4 1 4 60 40 100 Physiology Practical – III (Molecular 6 6 60 40 100 Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology & Microbi

		2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	Skill Enhancement Cour	se (SEC) offer	ed for ot	her dep	artments		
							1	
MSZOO02SEC 01	Public Health and Hygiene	2	1	-	60	40	100	2
MSZOO02SEC 02	Preventive medicine							
MSZOO02SEC 03	Bee keeping							
Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) To be obtained from other departments								
		2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	Total				480	320	800	25

Third Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Discipline Sp	ecific Co	re Cou	rses (DS	C)			
MSZOO03DSC11	Developmental Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MSZOO03DSC12	Ecology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MSZOO03DSC13	Conservation Biology –I	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03DSC14	Practical – V (Developmental Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03DSC15	Practical – VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
	Discipline Speci	fic Elect	ive Co	urses (D	SE)			-1
MSZO O 03 DSE 03	Research Methodology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Multidisciplinary Elective (MDC)	offered	for othe	er depar	tments		1
MSZOO03MDC01 MSZOO03MDC02	Statistics for Biologists Health And Nutrition	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
M	ultidisciplinary Elective (MDC	C) To be	obtair	ed from	other d	epartmen	ts	•
		4	1	4	60	40	100	4
	FI	ELD VISI	Γ(FV)			ı		<u>I</u>
MSZOO03DSC16	Field study	4	1	4	60	40	100	2
	Value Ad	lded Co	urse (V	AC)				'
MSZOO03VAC01 or	Biodiversity conservation							2 (not included in GPA)
MOOC Course	Total				480	320	800	24

Fourth Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Contact Hrs/Week			Marks	Credits		
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)								
MS ZOO04DSE04	Conservation Biology –II	4	1	4	60	40	100	3

MS ZOO04DSE05	Parasitology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO04DSE06	Primatology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO04DSE07	Forest Entomology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Pr	oject (I	P)					
MS ZOO04DSC17	Project work	4	1	4	60	40	100	12
	Total				180	120	300	18

^{*}Discipline specific Elective paper - choose any two in fourth semester

FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. APPLIED ZOOLOGY PROGRAMME

MSZOO01DSC01 - CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGISTS 90 hrs

Course outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the chemistry behind life forms, also connect biochemistry to their own lives on a variety of levels.
- Understand the fundamental biochemical principles thereby get to know how biochemistry works in the body and under different conditions.
- This course features the laws of thermodynamics, concept of enthalpy, entropy and free energy changes and their application to biological systems and reactions.
- Through this course the students learn about the classification, structure and function of biomolecules such as carbohydrates, proteins, lipids etc.
- The students will able to acquire the basic concepts of bioenergetics and oxidative metabolism. Thus become aware with the metabolic pathways of biomolecules, their regulation, and the importance of high energy compounds.
- The students will become aware of the fundamental knowledge on Enzymes and biocatalysis. They
 may acquire basic principles to analyze the enzyme kinetics and learn to estimate the activity of
 enzymes. Studying the enzyme inhibition mechanism introduces the area of treatment strategies
 for various diseases such as cancer and AIDS.
- Students in the Biochemistry will learn the chemical nature and functions of vitamins.
- The students will develop skills to determine the structure and nature of amino acids.
- This course provides the structure, biosynthesis and degradation of nucleic acids. Students will learn about the structure of DNA and RNA.
- The practical biochemistry course acquire through getting knowledge in biochemical techniques and applying biochemical calculations.

- Students will learn the qualitative and quantitative analysis of constituents of biological fluids such as urine, blood and their estimation using standard methods.
- In this course students will undertake experiments and thus understanding the role of enzymes in clinical diagnosis and industrial applications as well.
- At the end of this course students are able to appreciate the importance of biochemistry in living systems.
- This course facilitates in employability in diagnostic sector and R &D institutes.

Module outcome

The intended subject specific learning outcomes.

On successfully completing the module students will be able to:

Demonstrate an understanding of the principles of the protein structure/folding and an ability to explain their functions in general.

Describe the key principles of static enzyme Biochemistry, enzyme classification and basic principles of enzyme functioning.

Explain the basic principles of the nucleic acid structure and their disparate cellular roles and its practical applications.

Explain the principles of carbohydrate Biochemistry and the biological functions of the carbohydrates.

Demonstrate a knowledge of the principles of lipid classification, structure and functions. Understand basic mechanisms of static integration of biologically active compounds into biological membranes.

Demonstrate an ability to link this knowledge to everyday activities in the bioscience workplace.

MODULE I:	2:	1 hrs

1. Introduction: 6hrs

Biochemistry and organization of cells

Molecular logic of life

Chemical unity and biological diversity

Biopolymers

The physical roots of the biochemical world

Laws of thermodynamics in biological system: entropy, enthalpy and concept of free energy

2. Carbohydrates: 6hrs

Structure of monosaccharides, disaccharides, oligosaccharides and polysaccharides (chitin, bacterial cell wall and glycogen)

Physical and chemical properties of monosaccharides

3. Lipids: 9hrs

Classification of lipids, classification of fatty acids

Physical and chemical properties of lipids

Structural lipids in membranes; Phospholipids, sphingolipids and cholesterol.

Prostaglandins

MODULE II: 12 hrs

4. Amino acids and proteins:

12hrs

Structure of different amino acids in proteins. Classification of amino acids. Peptide bonds; Zwitter ions.

Classification of proteins; glycoproteins and proteoglycans Structure of proteins; Ramachandran plot Nitrogen excretion and urea cycle

MODULE III: 30 hrs

5. Bioenergetics & oxidative metabolism:

30hrs

Introduction to metabolism

Carbohydrate metabolism- Glycolysis; fate of pyruvate; gluconeogenesis; HMP pathway; glycogenolysis; glycogenesis, Regulation of glycogen metabolism. Citric acid cycle; electron transport chain; oxidative phosphorylation; redox potential; chemi-osmotic hypothesis; uncouplers; inhibitors of electron transport chain. High-energy compounds; role of ATP in the biological system

Lipid metabolism-Oxidation of fatty acids (saturated, unsaturated and odd carbon).

Ketone bodies; Biosynthesis of fatty acids; biosynthesis of cholesterol; Regulation of cholesterol biosynthesis.

Amino acid metabolism- transamination, decarboxylation and deamination reactions in the biological system; inborn errors in metabolism.

MODULE IV 27 hrs

6. Enzymes: 13hrs

Introduction- Classification and nomenclature. Specificity, various factors influencing velocity of enzyme catalyzed reactions

Michaelis-Menten equation & Kinetics, Line weaver-Burk plot

Enzyme inhibition-reversible and irreversible (competitive and non-competitive) with examples.

- 6.4 Regulatory enzymes-Allosteric enzymes
- 6.5. Zymogens, isozymes

7. Nucleic acids: 8hrs

Chemistry, biosynthesis and degradation of nucleic acids Structure of DNA and RNA.

8. Vitamins: 6hrs

Chemical nature and functions of vitamins Role of B-complex vitamins as coenzymes.

Chemistry for biologists (References)

- 1. Alberts, Johnson, Lewis, Raff Roberts Walter- 2008- Molecular
- 2. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. (2002) Biochemistry, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
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- 13. Guptha, R C and S. Bhargav, 2006. Practical Biochemistry (4th ed.). CBS Publ.
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- 16. Keith Wilson and John Walker, 2008. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Mol. Biol. (6th Ed). Cambridge. Univ. Press.
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- 21. Narayanan, P. (2000) Essentials of Biophysics. New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi
- 22. Pattabhiraman, T. N 2008. Laboratory manual and Practical Biochemistry (4th ed). AllIndia Publ.
- 23. Rober K murrey, Daryl K Granner, Victor W Rodwell, 2006. Harpers IllustratedBiochemistry (27th ed) McGraw Hill.
- 24. S P Singh, 2007. A Text Book of Biochemistry (4th ed) CBS.
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- 26. Sathyanarayana, U and Chakrapani, U 2008, Biochemistry (3rd ed.). Uppala Author Publ.
- 27. Westhead, D.R., and Parish, J.H (1998) *Instant Notes* in Biochemistry, Bios ScientificPublishers Ltd., U.K.
- 28. L Veerakumari, 2007, Biochemistry, MJP Publishers.
- 29. William J Marshal, Stephan K Bangert, 2008. Clinical Biochemistry, Metabolic & Clinical Aspects (2nd ed). Churchil Livingstone.
- 30. William J Marshal, Stephen K Bangert, 2008. Clinical Biochemistry (6th ed)

MSZOO 01DSC02 - PHYSICS FOR BIOLOGISTS & STATISTICS FOR BIOLOGISTS

90 hrs

Course outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the methods of analysis of biomolecules using UV/visible, fluorescence, circular dichroism, NMR and ESR spectroscopy
- Know the processes of determination of the structure of biomolecules using spectroscopic methods.

- Gain knowledge in the field of radio isotopy, its related techniques and instruments.
- Learn about biophysical and electrophysiological methods used mainly for medical applications
- Gain insights into biostatistics, data collection and representation
- Apply and use descriptive, inferential and correlational statistics.
- Learn about probability theory, and identify and recognize theoretical probability distributions.

MODULE-1

1. Biophysical methods:

Analysis of biomolecules using UV/visible, fluorescence, circular dichroism, NMRand ESR spectroscopy.

Structure determination using X-ray diffraction and NMR, analysis using lightscattering; Different types of mass spectrometry and surface plasma resonance methods. Laser and its application in Biology

2. Radiation biology:

Properties of different types of radioisotopes normally used in biology, their detection and measurement.

Autoradiography,

G.M. counter

Incorporation of radioisotopes in biological tissues and cells

Applications of tracer techniques.

Radiation protection and therapy; safety guidelines.

3. Bioacoustics:

Physical basis of hearing Physical aspects of sound transmission in the ear; Echocardiography Ultrasonography.

4. Biophysics of vision:

Eye as an optical instrument; Formation of image.

MODULE-2

1. Electrophysiological methods for biophysics:

Single neuron recoding Patch clamp recording

ECG

EEG

PET

MRI

2. Biophysical methods and their applications:

Microscopy

Bright field

Phase contrast

Fluorescence

SEM

TEM

STEM

Colorimetry;

Spectrophotometry

Flow cytometry

Gel-filtration

TLC

HPLC

Gel electrophoresis

Centrifugation

Differential

Density gradient

Ultracentrifugation.

MODULE-3

1. Introduction to biostatistics

Data

Collection of Data

Classification of data

Tabulation of data

2. Diagrammatic and graphical presentation of data:

Bar diagram

Pie diagram

Histogram

Frequency polygon

Frequency curve

3. Measures of central tendency:

Mean

Median

Mode.

4. Measures of dispersion:

Range

Mean deviation

Standard deviation

Quartile deviation

MODULE-4

1. Probability:

Basic concepts
1.2.Laws of probability
Probability distributions
Binomial distribution
Poisson distribution
Normal distribution

2. Statistical inference:

Testing of hypothesis
Null and alternate hypotheses
Testing of significance
Z-test
t-test
X2 test

3. Analysis of variance (ANOVA):

One way analysis Two way analysis

4. Correlation analysis

Kinds of correlation
Pearson coefficient of correlation
Scatter plots

5. Regression analysis

Regression equations Regression lines

REFERENCES

Module-1 and 2

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- 2. Daniel, M. (2002) Basic Biophysics for Biologists. Agro Botanica, Bikaner
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Module-3 and 4

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MODULE-1

Module outcomes

- Describe the methods of analysis of biomolecules using UV/visible, fluorescence, circular dichroism, NMR and ESR spectroscopy
- Distinguish the processes of determination of the structure of biomolecules using spectroscopic methods.

- Explain the field of radio isotopy, compare its related techniques and identify functioning of instruments.
- To identify safety guidelines associated with radio isotopes.

MODULE-2

Module outcomes

- Describe electrophysiological methods used mainly for medical applications
- Describe biophysical methods used mainly for biological applications

MODULE-3

Module outcomes

- Practice biostatistics, data collection and representation
- Apply and use descriptive statistics

MODULE-4

Module outcomes

- Apply and use correlational statistics
- Apply regression for ecological modelling
- Decribe probability theory, and identify and recognize theoretical probability distributions.
- To identify statistical tests, given a data, and analyse and interpret it.
- Apply statistics using statistical software's

MSZOO 01DSC03 – BIOSYSTEMATICS, TAXONOMY & ETHOLOGY (90 hrs)

Course outcomes

After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Develop acknowledge base in the field of Animal Behavior especially of basic terms, key concepts, principles and comprehensive themes in animal behavior
- Develop skills in observing behavior of various groups of animals
- Understand and identify behaviors in a variety of taxa
- Understand fascinating range and complexity of behaviors in animals
- Recognize the relevance of animal behavior, both as a biologist and a human being
- Become familiar with the approaches used in the laboratory and field settings to obtain knowledge about animal behavior
- Understand the importance of fixed and plastic behaviors
- Competently discuss the basic ecological and evolutionary processes that shape various animal behaviors
- Learn to reason scientifically and learn to interpret and design studies in animal behavior and cognition.

- Apply knowledge of behavioral theory to new situations
- Exhibit quantitative research skills
- Demonstrate ability to communicate scientific information in both oral and written formats
- Further develop, the ability to apply critical thinking and logic to the solving of biological problems relating to animal behavior
- Understand basic concept of Taxonomy and its relevance.
- Understand the relevance of Biosystematics and its importance in resolving classical and applied research problems.
- Knowledge of the principles of animal nomenclature and terminology
- Acquire the knowledge of various taxa and understand the importance and applications of various species concept in Systematics
- Understand the merit and demerits of various schools of biological classification.
- Become familiar the basic principles of ICZN and their interpretations in resolving various taxonomic problems.

MODULE I

- A. Biosystematics and taxonomy (45 hrs)
- **1. Definition and basic concepts:** Systematics and taxonomy its importance and goals; History of Systematics; Levels of taxonomy-alpha, beta and gamma taxonomy **(6 hrs)**
- **2. Classification:** Purpose and functions of classification; Types of classification Artificial, Natural, Downward, Hierarchial, Phylogenetic, Evolutionary. (6 hrs)
- **3. Species Concepts** Typological, Nominalistic, Biological, Evolutionary; Intraspecific categories-Variety, Race, Cline, Subspecies. (3 hrs)
- **4.Taxonomic Procedure:** Collecting, Labeling, Curating, Cataloguing, Identification, Description, Redescription, Taxonomic key-Types of key. (7 hrs)

MODULE II

- **5.Taxonomic Characters:** Definition; Diagnostic value of taxonomic characters; Kinds of characters Morphological, Anatomical, Embryological, Cytological, Ethological, Ecological, Biochemical, Geographical, Molecular. (7hrs)
- **6. Zoological Nomenclature:** History of Zoological Nomenclature; International Code of Zoological Nomenclature Operative principles and important Codes. **(6 hrs)**
- **7. Current trends in Systematics:** Biochemical systematics, Cytotaxonomy, Numerical taxonomy, Molecular systematics, Cladistics. **(6 hrs)**
- **8. Taxonomic Publications:** Form and Style of Taxonomic paper Title, Authors'name, Abstract, Introduction, Acknowledgements, Methods used and materials studied, Body of the text, Summary. Kinds of taxonomic publications Description of new taxa, Synopses and Reviews, Catalogues and Checklists,

Revisions, Monographs, Faunal Works, Atlases, Handbooks and Manuals. (4 hrs)

MODULE III (22 hrs)

B. Ethology

1. Introduction (3 hrs)

Definition and concepts; History; Ethology and its relation to other schools studying behaviour-Behaviourism; Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour.

2. Instinctive and Learning behaviours

(5 hrs)

Instinctive behavior: Fixed action pattern, Sign stimuli, Types of sign stimuli, Supernormal stimuli. Learning: Categories of learning- habituation, classical conditioning, operant conditioning, latent learning, insight learning, imprinting, social learning.

3 Complex Behaviour

(4 hrs)

Orientation and Navigation in birds

Ritualization

Raw materials for ritualization (Intention movements and Displacement activities)

3 Physiology of behaviour

(5 hrs)

Neural basis of behaviour

Brain and behaviour

Hormones and behaviour

Hormonal impact on various behavioural patterns

4 Genetics of behavior

(5 hrs)

Hybridization

Single or multiple gene effect

Gene mutations which influence behavior

Relationship between genes and environment in the control of behavior

MODULE IV (23 hrs)

5 Biological Communication

(6 hrs)

Components of communication system

Functions; Costs and benefits of signaling

Channels for communication (vision, audition, chemical senses, touch and electrical fields) Complex communication systems (Honey bee dance)

6 Sociobiology (4 hrs)

Types of social groups (Pair, Family, Harem, Matriarchy, Oligarchy, Arena and Hierarchy)

Social Dominance Determinants of dominance

Cost and benefits of dominance

Cost and benefits of subordination

7. Reproductive Behaviour

(9 hrs)

Evolution of sex and reproductive strategies

Mating systems (Monogamy, Polygamy, Promiscuity)

Sperm competition

Sexual selection

7.5 Parental behavior

7.6.1Types of parental care

General features of parental behavior

Factors affecting parental care

Parent -offspring conflict

8. Evolution of Behaviour

(4 hrs)

Adaptiveness of behavior

Cultural transmission of behavior

Kin selection and inclusive fitness; Altruism and reciprocal altruism.

Module I

- Identify basic concepts and theories of Taxonomy.
- Apply biosystematics in resolving classical and applied research problems.
- Outline the functions of classification and summarize the merits and demerits of various types of zoological classification
- Explain the knowledge of various taxa and illustrate the importance and applications of various species concept in Systematics
- Practise and apply the steps of taxonomic procedure
- Prepare and construct a simple dichotomous key for the identification of taxa Module II
- Identify various kinds of taxonomic characters in taxa
- Practice principles of animal nomenclature and terminology
- Compare the merit and demerits of various schools of biological classification.
- Apply the basic principles of ICZN and their interpretations in resolving various taxonomic problems.
- Explain the recent trends in systematics
- Outline the structure of different taxonomic publications

Module III

- Identify the basic terms, key concepts, principles and comprehensive themes in animal behavior
- Practice the skills of observing behavior of various groups of animals
- Classify simple and complex behaviors in animals
- Apply different techniques to study animal behaviour under the laboratory and field settings
- Explain the importance of fixed and complex behaviors
- Explain the neural and hormonal control of various behavioural patterns
- Identify and enlist, what causes differences among individuals (both genetic and environmental factors)

Module IV

- Enlist the adaptive value of various complex behaviors
- Test quantitative research skills in animal behaviour
- Learn to reason scientifically and learn to interpret and design studies in animal behavior and cognition.
- Apply behavioral theories to new situations
- Competently discuss the basic ecological and evolutionary processes that shape

various animal behaviors

- Learn and communicate scientific information in both oral and written formats
- Apply critical thinking and logic to the solving of biological problems relating to animal behavior

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MSZOO01DSC04 - PRACTICAL I (BIOCHEMISTRY)

- 1. Quantitative estimation of carbohydrates:
 - a. Estimation of blood glucose by colorimetric methods (Nelson-Somoyi or Arsenomolybdate or by Folin-Wu method).
 - b. Estimation of total carbohydrate by phenol-sulphuric acid method.
- 2. Quantitative estimation of proteins:
 - a. Estimation of serum proteins by colorimetric method (Biuret method).
 - b. Estimation of total proteins from liver by Lowry's method.
 - c. Isolation of casein from milk.
- 3. Quantitative estimation of lipids
 - a. Estimation of serum cholesterol by Ferric chloride or Carr-Drekter method.
 - b. Saponification value of fat.
 - c. Estimation of total lipids in the serum (using phosphovanillin method).
- 4. Enzyme assays
 - a. Determination of salivary amylase activity-effect of substrate concentration.
 - b. Determination of salivary amylase activity effect of pH.
- 5. Buffers and pH:
 - a. Comparison of the capacities of two buffers of the same pH.

MSZOO01DSC05 - PRACTICAL II (BIOPHYSICS & BIOSTATISTICS)

Biophysics

- 1. Absorption spectrum of potassium permanganate.
- 2. Determination of absorption coefficient and concentration of unknown solutions by calibration as well as by absorption coefficient.
- 3. Separation of mixtures of sugars and amino acids by paper/thin layer chromatography.
- 4. Micrometry
- 5. Phase contrast microscope, camera Lucida, Photomicrography equipment.
- 6. Determination of coefficient of viscosity.
- 7. Determination of pH of various biological fluids using pH meter.

Biostatistics

- 1. Preparation of frequency distribution for the data of a group of people according to height.
- 2. Diagrammatic presentation of census data in Kerala in the form of bar diagrams and pie diagrams.
- 3. Graphic presentation of a population distribution according to age in the form of histogram, frequency polygon and frequency curve.
- 4. Computation of measures of central tendency and dispersion in anthropometric data of school children.
- 5. Simulation of binomial and poison distributions.
- 6. Estimation of population of birds in the University campus.
- 7. Design an experiment for the comparison of efficacy of diets of different types animals by the method of ANOVA.
- 8. Regression analysis and correlation analysis of a data of heights and weights of a group of students.
- 9. Estimation of organisms in water by Dilution Method.

MSZOO01DSE01 - Philosophy of Science and History of Biology

Course outcome: After the completion of this course, the students will be able to:

Understand what science is and in what ways science differs from non science and pseudoscience subjects.

Get a clear picture about what philosophy science is.

Understand the different methods of reasoning in Science.

Get an idea about the modes of scientific explanations.

Understand the role of paradigm shifts in various branches of scientific research; also get an idea about the scientific revolutions in various branches of science

Understand the value, its acceptance and the criticism to Science.

Understand the historical milestones in the evolution of scientific thoughts and research.

Distinguish between different centuries with respect to growth of science and scientific thoughts.

Understand the ups and downs in the history of science, pace of scientific research during 17th to 20th Centuries and contributions made by scientists in the past centuries.

Module-specific outcomes:

After the completion of Module I, the students will be able to:

Understand what science is.

In what ways science differs from non science and pseudoscience subjects.

Get a clear picture about the role of philosophy in science and scientific research.

Understand the different methods of reasoning in Science.

Understand why do science still follow inductive reasoning.

Get an idea about the modes of scientific explanations.

After the completion of Module II, the students will be able to:

Understand the role of paradigm shifts in various branches of scientific research.

Get an idea about the scientific revolutions and their frequencies in science.

Understand the significance of historic learning systems.

Understand the value, its acceptance and the criticism to Science.

After the completion of Module III, the students will be able to:

Understand the historical milestones in the evolution of scientific thoughts and research.

Distinguish between different centuries with respect to growth of science and scientific thoughts.

After the completion of Module IV, the students will be able to:

Understand the ups and downs in the history of science, pace of scientific research during 17th to 20th Centuries.

Contributions made by scientists in the past centuries.

Frequency of scientific revolutions in different centuries.

A. Philosophy of science 50 hrs

MODULE I:

What is Science?
Origins of modern science.

Philosophy of Science- definition, scope.

Science and pseudo-science.

Scientific Reasoning

9 hrs

Deduction and induction

Hume's problem

Probability and induction

1. Explanation in science

12 hrs

11 hrs

4 hrs

Hempel's covering law model of explanation

The problem of symmetry

Explanation and causality

Can science explain everything?

Explanation and reduction

MODULE II:

Scientific Change and Scientific Revolutions

Logical positivist philosophy of science

The structure of scientific revolutions

Incommensurability and theory ladenness of data

Kuhn and the rationality of science

2. Philosophical problems in Biology

The problem of biological classification

Science and its Critics 9 hrs

Scientism.

Science and religion

Is Science value free?

B. History of biology 40 hrs

MODULE III:

An account on history of science

3 hrs

Ancient Greek philosophers.

History of biology:

History of Biology during Seventeenth century: Anatomists, Microscopists 5

History of Biology during Eighteenth century: Great chain of being; Carl Linnaeus; Lamarck; Precursors to

modern evolutionary theory. 8 hrs

MODULE IV: 12 hrs

History of Biology during Nineteenth century: Birth of associations and societies to promote science; Charles Darwin; Pre-Darwinian evolution; Origin of species; The emergence of biological disciplines;

Experimental physiology; Cell theory, cell pathology and germ theory. History of Biology during twentieth century:

12 hrs

First half of 20th century: Growth of microbiology and Biochemistry; Genetics and heredity

Second half of 20th century: The architects of life - proteins, DNA and RNA; The origins and borderlines of

life; Growth of genetic engineering; Growth of Biotechnology; Growth of Genomics; Growth of Recombinant DNA.

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(Abstract)

M.Sc. Applied Zoology Programme in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus - Modified Scheme, II nd, III rd and IV th Semester Syllabi - Approved - Implemented w.e.f. 2023 admission- Orders issued

ACADEMIC C SECTION

ACAD C/ACAD C1/494/2024

Dated: 17.08.2024

Read:-1. U. O. No. ACAD C/ ACAD C1/ 494/2024 dated 24.01.2024

- 2. Circular No. ACAD C/ACAD C3/22373/2019 dated 01/02/2024
- 3. Email dated 11.06.2024 from the Head, Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus
- 4. Minutes of the meeting of the Department Council held on 03.06.2024
- 5. Minutes of the meeting of the Academic Council held on 25.06.2024

ORDER

- 1.The Scheme & Syllabus (Ist Semester only) of the M.Sc.Applied Zoology programme under Choice Based Credit and Semester System at the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus of the University, was implemented w.e.f. 2023 admissions vide paper read (1) above.
- 2. As per the paper read (2) above, Heads of Teaching Departments who have not submitted the complete syllabus of PG Programmes were requested to submit the syllabi of remaining Semesters, prepared in tune with the approved Regulations/Scheme/ Credit distribution table along with a copy of the Department Council Minutes.
- 3. As per the paper read (3) above, the Head, Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus submitted the Syllabuses of the IInd, III^{r d} & IVth Semester of the M.Sc. Applied Zoology Programme, approved by the Department Council, vide paper read as 4 above. 4. The Department Council recommended to incorporate certain modifications in the Scheme, which was approved earlier.
- 4. The Vice Chancellor after considering the matter in detail, ordered to place the same before the Academic Council, for consideration.
- 5. The XXVIII th Meeting of the Academic Council held on 25/06/2024 considered the matter and approved the modified Scheme and Syllabuses of the IInd, IIIrd& IVth Semesters of the M.Sc.Applied Zoology programme to be implemented in the in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus of the University w.e.f. 2023 admission in principle and permitted to publish the same, considering the urgency of the matter.
- 6. The Minutes of the Academic council has been approved and published.
- 7. Hence, the Modified Scheme & Syllabuses of the IInd III rd and IVth Semesters of the M.Sc.Applied Zoology programme, under Choice Based Credit Semester System, implemented in the Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus of the University w.e.f. 2023 admission, is appended with this U.O. and uploaded in the University website, www.kannuruniversity.ac.in.

Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

ANIL CHANDRAN R
DEPUTY REGISTRAR (ACADEMIC)

For REGISTRAR

To:

1. The Head, Department of Zoology, Mananthavady Campus

2. Convener, Curriculum Committee

Copy To: 1. The Examination branch (through PA to CE)

2. PS to VC/ PA to PVC/PA to R

3. DR/AR1/AR II (Acad), EXCI, EP IV

4. Web Manager (for uploading in the website)

5. Computer Programmer

6.SF/DF/FC

Forwarded / By Order

5PA



SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION OF COURSE, MARKS, CONTACT HOURS AND CREDITS

First Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/\	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Discipline Sp	ecific Co	ore Cou	rses (DS	C)			
MSZOO01DSC01	Chemistry for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC02	Physics for Biologists and Statistics for Biologists	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC03	Biosystematics, Taxonomy and Ethology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO01DSC04	Practical – I (Biochemistry)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO01DSC05	Practical – II (Biophysics & Biostatistics)	6			60	40	100	3
	Discipline Spe	cific Elec	ctive Co	urses (D	SE)			
MSZOO01DSE01	Philosophy of Science and History of Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Total				360	240	600	21

Second Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	act Hrs/\	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Discipline Sp	ecific C	ore Cou	rses (DS	ic)			
MSZOO02DSC06	Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02DSC07	Biotechnology & Microbiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02DSC08	Comparative Animal Physiology	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
MSZOO02DSC09	Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology)	6			60	40	100	3
MSZOO02DSC10	Practical – IV (Animal Physiology and Parasitology)	6			60	40	100	3
	Discipline Speci	ific Elec	tive Co	urses (E	OSE)	•		•
MSZOO02DSE02	Immunology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Ability Enhancement Cours	se (AEC) offere	d for ot	her depa	rtments		
MSZOO02AEC01	Scientific Writing	2	1	-	60	40	100	2
MSZOO02AEC02	Intellectual Property Right							
	IDC/MDC/AEC/SEC (To	be obta	ined fro	m othe	r departi	nents)		1
		2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	Skill Enhancement Cour	rse (SEC	C) offer	ed for o	ther depa	artments		
MSZOO02SEC 01 MSZOO02SEC 02	Public Health and Hygiene Histology and Histochemistry	2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	IDC/MDC/SEC/AEC (To b	e obtai	ned fro	n other	departm	ents)		
		2	1	-	60	40	100	2
	Total				480	320	800	25

Third Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
	Discipline Sp	ecific Co	ore Cou	rses (DS	C)			
MSZOO03DSC11	Developmental Biology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MSZOO03DSC12	Ecology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MSZOO03DSC13	Conservation Biology –I	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03DSC14	Practical – V (Developmental Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
MS ZOO03DSC15	Practical – VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)	6			60	40	100	3
	Discipline Speci	fic Elect	tive Co	urses (D	SE)			
MSZOO03DSE03	Research Methodology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Multidisciplinary Elective	(MDC)	offered	for othe	r depart	ments		
MSZOO03MDC01 MSZOO03MDC02	Statistics for All Health And Nutrition	4	1	4	60	40	100	4
	MDC/IDC (To be obt	tained fr	om oth	er depa	rtments)		•
		4	1	4	60	40	100	4
	F	IELD VISI	T (FV)	ı				· L
MSZOO03DSC16	Field study	4	1	4	60	40	100	2
	Value Ac	dded Co	urse (V	AC)				•
MSZOO03VAC01 or	Biodiversity conservation							2 (not included ir GPA)
MOOC Course					400	220	000	
	Total				480	320	800	24

Fourth Semester

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Conta	ct Hrs/\	Week		Marks		Credits
	Course details/marks	L	T/S	Р	End Sem	Internal	Total	
Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)								
MS ZOO04DSE04	Conservation Biology –II	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO04DSE05	Parasitology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
MS ZOO04DSE06	Primatology	4	1	4	60	40	100	3
	Pi	roject (P)	•				•
MS ZOO04DSC17	Project work	4	1	4	60	40	100	12
	Total				180	120	300	18

^{*}Discipline specific Elective paper - choose any two in fourth semester

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE

Course Code & Title	MSZOO02DSC06- Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics	
Course Outcome	 The course enables the students to acquire knowled molecular level. They will learn about DNA, RNA at mutations, DNA repair mechanism, transcription, protein regulation 	and their replication,
	This course teaches the evolution and organization authorization and organization	of prokaryotic and
	eukaryotic genomes.	hads of saguance
	 Become familiar with algorithms and different met alignments as well asexecute alignments to address rese 	
	Become familiar with a wide variety of bioinformatics too	
Modules	Content	Module Outcome
Module I	1.1 Genes and genomes:	In this module they
Molecular biology (15 hrs)	Genomes of prokaryotes and eukaryotes Organelle genomes 1.2 Characteristic features of eukaryotic genome: Chromosomal content and C-value paradox	will learn about DNA, RNA and their replication, mutations, DNA
	Cot value and complexity of the genome 1.3 Chemistry and Structure of nucleic acids Topology of nucleic acids Supercoiling and topoisomerases Different forms of DNA (A, B, C & Z). 1.4 Replication of DNA: Models of DNA replication Okazaki fragments and semi-discontinuous synthesis. Enzymes and accessory proteins involved in DNA replication. Excision repair, mismatch repair light dependent repair and SOS response	repair mechanism, transcription, protein synthesis, and gene regulation.
Module II Molecular biology (15 hrs)	 2.1 Cell signalling: Hormones and their receptors, cell surface receptor, signalling through G-protein coupled receptors, signal transduction pathways, second messengers, and regulation of signalling pathways. Bacterial and plant two-component signalling systems, bacterial chemotaxis and quorum sensing. 2.2 Transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: Initiation of transcription, elongation, termination and anti-termination. Promoter, enhancer and silencer sites 2.3 The genetic code: Characteristic features of the genetic code. Deciphering the code, Degeneracy of the code: Wobble hypothesis, Reading frame and frame shift. 2.4 Regulation of gene expression in bacteria and eukaryotes: The operon model. : Lac operon, lac repressor, negative and positive control Basic features of tryptophan operon. Regulation at transcriptional level; Regulation at translational level. 	By learning advanced techniques in RNA editing and antisense RNA strategies through this module, students get a platform for understanding the advanced techniques and their applications in current research programs
Module III Molecular evolution (15 hrs)	3.1 Molecules and origin of life Origin of basic molecules – origin of organized structures (coacervates, microspheres): RNA world – evolution of protein synthesis - evolution of genetic code; prokaryotes and eukaryotes-evolution of eukaryotic organelle. 3.2 Genetic constancy and variability Chromosomal variation, gene mutation, gene duplication; evolutionary history of haemoglobin, cytochrome C, pseudogenes, genetic polymorphism, eukaryotic clock; genetic drift and gene flow. 3.3 Microevolution. Macroevolution, Punctuated equilibrium, anagenesis and cladogenesis.	The module will provide concepts of Molecular Evolution, building upon the fundaments of genetics.

	3.4 The evolution of genome: DNA alterations- genome size- gene diversification introns- repeat sequences.	
Module IV	4.1. Biological databases – Primary, secondary and composite	Become familiar
Bioinformatics	database.	with algorithms and
(15 hrs)	4.2 Database and search tool- Computational tools and biological	different methods
	databases National Centre for Biotechnology Information (NCBI),	of sequence
	European Bioinformatics Institute (EBI), EMBL Nucleotide	alignments as well
	Sequence Database, DNA Data Bank of Japan (DDBJ), Swiss-Prot.	as execute
	4.3 Sequence alignment and database searching - The	alignments to
	evolutionary basis of sequence alignment, Database similarity	address research
	searching, and Sequence Similarity search tools: BLAST FASTA and	problems
	CLUSTAL.	
	4.4 Computational tools for DNA sequence analysis- Database	
	submission Data retrieval, Molecular Phylogeny, Application of	
	bioinformatics.	

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Course code & Title	MSZOO02DSC07 Biotechnology and Microbiology		
Course outcomes	 Identify the basic terms, principles and practices in Biotechnology Explain the tools and techniques in genetic engineering List gene manipulation techniques, transfer techniques, expression systems and methods of selection Describe basic methods of establishing animal cell cultures Discuss the applications of animal cell culture technologies Outline the applications of biotechnology in the different areas like medical, microbial, environmental, bioremediation, agricultural, plant, animal and forensic sciences. Apply technical background knowledge needed to support biotechnology research activities. Apply biotechnological principles, methods and models to solve biotechnological tasks. Utilize theoretical knowledge and technical skills to seek a job in the field of biotechnology. Identify the basic terms in microbiology Identify the types of microorganisms and differentiate the major characteristics of each group of organisms Describe the methods of identifying microorganisms Summarize the structure of various microorganisms Identify the principal portals of entry of various parasites List the causative agent, mode of transmission, clinical symptoms, and treatment of various microbial diseases List the microbes that produce antibiotics Identify and comment on the mode of action of various antibacterial and antifungal drugs Describe the mechanisms of dug resistance Critically discuss the practice of antibiotic misuse Design and explain the strategies that can adopt to prevent development of antibiotic 		
Modules	resistance Contents	Module outcomes	
Module I Biotechnology 15 hrs	1. Biotechnology: An Overview 1.1 Scope and importance of biotechnology 1.2 Biotechnology in India. 2. Chimaeric DNA, Molecular Probes and Gene Libraries 2.1 Restriction enzymes for cloning 2.1.1 Techniques of restriction mapping 2.2 Construction of chimaeric DNA 2.3 Molecular probes (production, labeling and uses) 2.4 Southern, northern and western blotting 2.5 Dot and slot blots 2.6 Construction and screening of genomic and cDNA libraries 3. Cloning and Expression Vectors: 3.1 Cloning vectors for recombinant DNA (plasmids, phages, cosmids, transposons, YAC, MAC, etc.) 3.2 Expression vectors for high level of expression of cloned genes (use of promoters and expression cassettes including baculovirus) 3.3 Binary vector	Identify and point out the scope of Biotechnology in various fields of science Make a list of major biotechnology sectors in India Explain the types and uses of restriction enzymes used in molecular cloning Design the basic genetic elements of cloning and expression vectors	
Module II Biotechnology 15 hrs	4. Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and Gene Amplification: 4.1 Gene amplification 4.1.1 Basic PCR and its modifications (inverse PCR, anchored PCR, asymmetric PCR, Real time PCR) 4.1.2 Application of PCR in biotechnology and genetic engineering 4.1.3 DNA polymorphism and molecular marker techniques-(RFLP, RAPDs, VNTRs, SSRs	Identify the basic steps in PCR Compare and describe the uses of various PCR modifications Identify and explain the recent innovations in DNA sequencing methods Explain the basic requirements	

	4.1 Gene tagging	for animal cell tissue culture
	4.2 DNA microarray.	method
	5. Sequencing and Synthesis of Genes:	Identify and design the basic
	5.1 DNA sequencing- (First generation, Second generation and	components of culture
	Third generation sequencing techniques)	medium
	5.2 Synthesis of genes	Define the production of
	5.2.1 Gene synthesis machines.	recombinant antibodies
	5.2.2 The Phosphoramidite method	Explain the current methods in
	5.2.3. Use of synthesized oligonucleotides	recombinant antibody
	6. Animal Cell and Tissue Culture:	production
	6.1 Laboratory facilities	
	6.2 Scope of animal cell and tissue culture	
	6.3 Advantages and disadvantages of tissue culture	
	6.4 Culture media for cells and tissues	
	6.5 Culture procedures	
	6.5.1 Primary Culture,	
	6.5.2 Cell Lines and Cloning:	
	6.5.2.1 Disaggregation (enzymatic and mechanical) of tissue.	
	6.5.2.2 Artificial skin	
	7. Hybridoma and Monoclonal Antibodies:	
	7.1 Hybridoma technology and the production of monoclonal	
	antibodies	
	7.2 Antibody engineering using genetic manipulations (Fv, Fab,	
	Fc)	
	7.3 Uses of monoclonal antibodies (diagnosis, imaging, therapy,	
	vaccines, enzymes, etc.).	
Module III	8. Biotechnology in Medicine:	Design and explain the basic
Biotechnology	8.1 Animal and human health care (vaccines, diagnosis and cure	steps involved in the
15 hrs	of diseases including	production of various types of
	gene therapy)	vaccines. Identify the
	8.2 Genetic counselling (antenatal diagnosis, foetus sexing)	procedure and uses of genetic
	8.3. DNA fingerprinting	counselling and plan a meeting
	8.4 Nucleic acids as therapeutic agents	with a genetic counsellor and
	8.5 Transgenic animals	record your observations
	8.5.1 Transgenic mice: Methodology (DNA microinjection	Explain the principles and
	method and Retroviral vector method)	methods of transgenic mice
	8.5.2 Transgenic mice applications (Transgenic disease model,	technology. Outline the uses of
	transgenic mice as test systems)	biotechnology in medical filed
	9. Use of Microbes in Industry and Agriculture:	Explain the uses of microbes in
	9.1 Production of organic compounds by microbial fermentation	industry and agriculture
	(ethanol)	Identify, learn, and describe
	9.2 Production of enzymes by micro-organisms (amylases)	the types and features of
	9.3. Single cell proteins (SCP) from micro-organisms	intellectual property rights
	9.4 Biohydrometallurgy and biomineralization	
	9.5 Biofertilizers	
	9.6 Bioinsecticides	
	9.7 Microbial Biosensors	
	9.7 Applications of genetically engineered bacteria.	
	10. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	
	10.1 Intellectual property	
	10.1.1 Intellectual property rights (patents, trade secrets,	
I	and while the describe.	
	copyright, trademarks);	
	10.2 Plant breeder's rights (PBRs)	
Module IV	10.2 Plant breeder's rights (PBRs)	Identify the basic terms in
Module IV Microbiology	10.2 Plant breeder's rights (PBRs) 10.3 Genetic use restriction technology (GURT)	Identify the basic terms in microbiology. Identify the
	10.2 Plant breeder's rights (PBRs) 10.3 Genetic use restriction technology (GURT) 1. History and scope of microbiology	I

1.2 Microbes and human welfare

2. Classification of microorganisms, structure and organization

2.1 Bacteria

2.1.1 Structure of bacterial cell

2.2Viruses

- 2.2.1General characteristics of virus
- 2.2.2. Viral structure (Nucleic acid, capsid & envelope and general morphology)
- 2.2.3 Animal viruses
- 2.2.4 Viruses and cancer
- 2.2.5 Viroids and Prions

2.3 Fungi

- 2.3.1 Characteristics of fungi
- 2.3.2 Structure
- 2.3.3 Fungal growth
- 2.3.4 Fungal reproduction

3 Microbial diseases and their control: (Self study)

3.1 Bacterial diseases:

Bacterial diseases- Tuberculosis, diphtheria, cholera, Tetanus, leptospirosis, Lyme disease

3.2 Viral diseases:

SARS, chicken pox, dengue, yellow fever, rabies, poliomyelitis.

3.3 Fungal diseases:

Fungal diseases- candidiasis, cryptococcosis, dermatophytosis

4. Antimicrobial drugs (5)

- 4.1 Anti-bacterial and antifungal drugs
- 4.2 Resistance to antibiotics (Mechanisms of resistance, antibiotic misuse)
- **4.3** Future of chemotherapeutic agents (self-study)

differentiate the major characteristics of each group of organisms. Summarize the structure of various microorganisms. List the causative agent, mode of transmission, clinical symptoms, and treatment of various microbial diseases List the microbes that produce antibiotics Identify and comment on the mode of action of various antimicrobial drugs Describe the mechanisms of dug resistance Critically discuss the practice of antibiotic misuse Design and explain the strategies that can adopt to prevent development of antibiotic resistance. Critically analyze, point out and explain the future of antibiotic,

antiviral and antifungal drugs

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Course code & Title	MSZOO02DSC08 Comparative animal physiology	
Course outcomes	 Explain the different physiological systems in animals including respiratory system, circulatory system etc. Compare the physiological activities in invertebrate and vertebrate animals and analyse how their different physiological systems evolved. Compare how different environments result in differences in physiological systems/activities Describe the basic principles and protocols of techniques and methods in physiological experiments Explain nutrition and analyse the role of different enzymes in digestion and food absorption Assess the diseases and disorders caused due to irregular functioning of physiological systems Explain the neural transmission and functions associated with it Explain muscle movement and its physiology Evaluate the role of endocrine glands and hormones in regulating body 	
Modules	functions, including reproduction Contents	Module outcomes
Module I Comparative animal physiology 15 hrs	1. Physiology: Past and present 1.1 Physiology before 20 th century 1.2 Modern physiology 1.3 Sub-disciplines of physiological research 1.4 Importance of integrating systems 2. Circulation 2.1 Circulation of body fluids Cytoplasm, hydrolymph, haemolymph, lymph and blood, respiratory pigments structure and function of pigments 2.1.1 Circulatory mechanisms and fluid compartments, movement of body fluids open systems, closed system, lymph channel 2.2 Heart 2.2.1 Types of hearts, chambered hearts, tubular heart, ampular heart, lymph heart, neurogenic and myogenic heart 2.2.2 Pace makers and specialized conducting	 Analyze the history of modern physiology Identify the various disciplines of physiological research Assess circulatory and respiratory system and its mechanism Identify several cardiac and respiratory diseases

	fibres	
	2.2.3 Cardiac cycle and cardiac output	
	2.2.4 Blood pressure - Neural and Chemical	
	regulation	
	2.2.5 Myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis	
	2.2.6 Cerebral circulation, blood brain barrier	
	and cerebrospinal fluids	
	2.2.7 Placental circulation	
	3. Respiration	
	3.1 Comparison of respiration in different animal groups	
	[brief account only]	
	3.2 Anatomical considerations	
	3.3 Neural and chemical regulation of respiration	
	2.3.1 Respiratory centres	
	2.3.2 Factors regulating respiration	
	3.4 Periodic breathing	
	3.5 Metabolic rate	
	2.5.1 Basic metabolic rate and its	
	measurement, R.Q and calculation based on it	
	3.6 Respiratory adjustments	
	3.7 Hypo ventilation, hypoxia, oxygen therapy, dyspnea,	
	hyper ventilation, hypercapnia, respiratory buffering	
	systems	
	3.8 Respiratory system in exercise	
	3.9 Oxygen toxicity, increased pressure of gas,	
	decompression, inert gas narcosis	
	3.10 Respiration in unusual environment	
	3.10.1 Foetal and neonatal respiration	
	•	
	3.10.2 High altitude diving	
	3.10.2 High altitude diving	
Module II		Compare digestive
Module II	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption:	Compare digestive and excretory
Comparative animal	Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory	and excretory
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of	and excretory systems of different
Comparative animal	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat	and excretorysystems of differentinvertebrates andvertebratesIdentify different
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system	 and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional	 and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake	 and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst.	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders
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Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation 1.8 Nutritional disorders	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and
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Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation 1.8 Nutritional disorders 1.8.1 Obesity, starvation, anorexia, vitamin deficiency 2. Excretion 2.1 Comparison of excretion in different animal groups [brief account only].	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and organ systems in digestion and
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and organ systems in digestion and
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Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation 1.8 Nutritional disorders 1.8.1 Obesity, starvation, anorexia, vitamin deficiency 2. Excretion 2.1 Comparison of excretion in different animal groups [brief account only]. 2.1.1 Osmoregulation, contractile vacuole, coelomoducts, flame cells, green glands, malpighian tubules, invertebrate nephridia 2.2 Vertebrate kidney	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and organ systems in digestion and
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation 1.8 Nutritional disorders 1.8.1 Obesity, starvation, anorexia, vitamin deficiency 2. Excretion 2.1 Comparison of excretion in different animal groups [brief account only]. 2.1.1 Osmoregulation, contractile vacuole, coelomoducts, flame cells, green glands, malpighian tubules, invertebrate nephridia 2.2 Vertebrate kidney 2.2.1 Mechanism of tubular reabsorption and	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and organ systems in digestion and
Comparative animal physiology	1. Nutrition, Digestion and Absorption: 1.1 Ruminant and non ruminant herbivory 1.2 Biochemistry of digestion and absorption of 1.2.1 Carbohydrate 1.2.2 Protein 1.2.3 Fat 1.3 Liver and biliary system 1.4 Neuronal and hormonal regulation of nutritional intake 1.5 Secretion of digestive enzymes 1.6 Hunger drive and thirst. 1.7 Physiology of gastro-intestinal disorders 1.7.1 Ulcer, Constipation 1.8 Nutritional disorders 1.8.1 Obesity, starvation, anorexia, vitamin deficiency 2. Excretion 2.1 Comparison of excretion in different animal groups [brief account only]. 2.1.1 Osmoregulation, contractile vacuole, coelomoducts, flame cells, green glands, malpighian tubules, invertebrate nephridia 2.2 Vertebrate kidney	and excretory systems of different invertebrates and vertebrates Identify different gastro-intestinal disorders and nutritional disorders Identify different kidney disorders Describe the role of different organs and organ systems in digestion and

	2.2.2 Counter current mechanism 2.2.3 Regulation of urine formation 2.2.4 Concept of plasma clearance 2.3 Excretory products 2.4 Waste elimination, micturition 2.5 Regulation of water balance, electrolyte balance and acid base balance 2.6 Kidney disorders 2.6.1 Acute renal failure, chronic renal failure-glomerulonephritis and pyelonephritis 2.7 Artificial kidney 2.8 Diuretic hormones.		
Module III Comparative animal physiology 15 hrs	1. Nerve physiology: 1.1 Neurons, action potential; 1.2 Gross neuroanatomy of brain and spinal chord 1.3 Peripheral nervous system 1.4 Neurotransmitters and Neurohormones 1.5 Synaptic transmissions 1.6 Electrical and chemical transmission 1.7 Drug modified transmission and synaptic junction 1.8 Neural disorders 1.8.1 Parkinson's disease, Epilepsy, Schizophrenia, Alzheimer's syndrome, Dyslexia 2. Sensory and Effecter physiology: 2.1 Structural and functional classification, modality, intensity, exteroceptors, interceptors, secondary sense cells, transduction and sensory coding 2.2 Chemical senses 2.2.1 Taste and smell 2.2.2 Mechanism of reception 2.3 Mechanoreceptors 2.3.1 Hair cell, organ of equilibrium 2.4 Vertebrate ear 2.4.1 Structure; physiology of hearing 2.5 Vertebrate eye 2.5.1 Structure; physiology of image formation 2.6 Electro and thermoreceptors 2.7 Somatic sensations 2.7.1 Pain receptors; headache; pain suppression (analgesia) system in the brain and spinal cord 3. Muscle physiology 3.1 Skeletal muscle 3.1.1 Ultrastructure and molecular organization 3.1.2 Protein components of muscle (mechanism and theory) 3.1.3 Contraction and relaxation of muscle 3.1.4 Energetics of muscle contraction 3.1.5 Muscle twitch, summation, tetanus, catch muscle, fibrillar muscle		Evaluate the evolution of nervous system in different organisms Differentiate types of nervous systems Describe neuronal conduction Identify different neural disorders Explain the mechanisms of different sensory systems Identify the structure and function of muscles Identify different muscular disorders
Module IV Comparative animal physiology 15hrs	1. Reproductive physiology: 1.1 General pattern of reproduction 1.2 Role of hormones in reproduction in human male 1.3 Role of hormones in implantation, pregnancy, parturition and lactation in human female	•	Compare pattern of reproduction among different organisms Identify major

2. Hormones and Cell Signalling:

- 2.1 Endocrine glands
- 2.2 Biochemical basis and signal transduction pathways
- 2.3 Signal transduction pathways
- 2.4 Systems for cell signalling
- 2.5 Basic mechanism of hormone action
- 2.6 Neuro-endocrine regulation
- 2.7 Pheromones

hormones involved in male and female reproduction

- Compare structure and function of male and female reproductive systems
- Identify the hormones in humans and other organisms involved in cell signalling

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- 17. Pat Willmer, Graham stone and Ian Johnston, 2005.Environmental physiology of Animals. (2nd edition) Black well publishing.
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- 20. Randall, D., Burgrenn, W. and French, K. (1997), Animal Physiology, W. H. Freeman & Co., New York.
- 21. Schiemdt-Neilsen, K.K. (1994) Animal Physiology, Adaptation and Environment, Cambridge.
- 22. Sperelakis, N. and Banks, R.O. eds. (1993) Physiology, Little, Brown & Co., London.
- 23. Strand, F. L. (1978) Physiology: A regulatory Systems Approach, 4th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co., New York.
- 24. Stuart Ira fox, 2006 Human physiology. (9th edition). McGraw hill higher education press.
- 25. William S hoar, 2004. General and Comparative Physiology. (3rd edition). Prentice halland India Private Limited.
- 26. Moyes, CD & Schulte, P.M., 2021, Principles of Animal Physiology (3 rd edition), Pearson.
- 27. Richard W. Hill, Gordon A. Wyse, Margaret Anderson., 2012, Animal Physiology (3rd Edition), Sinauer Associates.

Course Code & Title MSZOO02DSC09- Practical – III (Molecular Biology and Bioinformatics, Biotechnology & Microbiology)

- 1. Chiasma frequency studies using grasshopper testes squashes.
- 2. Preparation of human karyotype from photographs (Xerox copies would be sufficient) of chromosome spreads Normal and abnormal
- 3. Identification of human blood cell types and demonstration of drumstick on neutrophils, employing any suitable stain.
- 4. Staining of human buccal epithelial smear to demonstrate Barr body.
- 5. Preparation and analysis of salivary gland polytene chromosomes of Drosophila larvae.
- 6. Maintenance of *Drosophila melanogaster* culture. Demonstration of sex-linked inheritance by means of suitable crosses e.g., wild type with white eye color mutant.
- 7. Gene mapping of *Drosophila melanogaster*, using textbook problems.
- 8. Sequence Databases: NCBI
- 9. Search tools against Databases: i. BLAST ii. FASTA
- 10. Pair wise alignment: Global and Local alignment methods
- 11. Multiple sequence alignment: Clustal
- 12. Construction of Phylogenetic analysis using bioinformatics tools.
- 13. Preparation of bacterial culture media.
- 14. Culture techniques- agar plate, agar deep tube and agar slant preparation.
- 15. Isolation of discrete colonies from a mixed cultures (Four way streak plate method)
- 16. Preparation of bacterial smears
- 17. Simple staining of bacterial smears
- 18. Gram staining of bacterial smears
- 19. Effect of temperature on bacterial growth and pigmentation
- 20. Study of extracellular enzymatic activities of microorganisms

Animal Physiology

- 1. Detection of digestive enzymes in the hepatopancreas of crab.
- 2. Determination of Effect of temperature, on salivary amylase activity.
- 3. Determination of Effect of pH on salivary amylase activity.
- 4. Determination of Effect of substrate concentration on salivary amylase activity.
- 5. Diffusion of substances through intestine of frog.
- $6. \ \ Determination \ of \ osmotic \ concentration \ of \ human \ RBC.$
- 7. Enumeration of human RBC.
- 8. Differential count of human WBC.
- 9. Determination of vertebrate haemoglobin using colorimetry.
- 10. Total and differential count of WBC
- 11. Effect of osmotic stress on rate of respiration.
- 12. Determination of salinity variations on volume/weight ratio. Nervous conduction in Arthropods

Parasitology

- 1. Preparation and uses of blood and tissue impression smears.
- 2. Staining blood films
- 3. Collection and preservation of Protozoan parasites.
- 4. Collection and preservation of trematode parasites.
- 5. Collection and preservation of vector arthropods.
- 6. Collection and study of intra-molluscan study of trematodes from freshwater gastropods.
- 7. Collection and study of metacercariae from freshwater fishes and other hosts.
- 8. Study of medically important larval forms of insect pests.
- 9. Study of prepared permanent slides of parasites.
- 10. Collection, Preservation and identification of snail hosts of Trematode parasites.
- 11. Macroscopic and microscopic examination of fecal specimens (Direct wet smear

and concentration method)

12. Parasite recovery and culture method (for intestinal protozoa)

Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)

Course code & Title		MSZOO02DSE02- Immunology	
Course Outcomes		 Understand about the cells and organs in system etc. Acquire an in depth knowledge on the strantibodies and the role of antigens in imit Compare how different chemical messent immune status Use and explore several techniques and reimmunological experiments Understand about story of somatic gene Understand different types of vaccines and understand the methods and issues in tratissues etc. Understand different types of autoimmuno 	ructure and functions of mune mechanism. Ingers function in different methods in conducting rearrangement and their applications ansplantation of organs,
Modules		Contents	Module outcomes
MODULE I: 15 hrs	Overview 1.2.1. Inr 2. Cells a Immune lymphoid lymphoid Cytokine Families 3.3. Cyto 4.1. Cha affecting haptens	rical background and scope of immunology 1.1. of the immune system 1.2 Types of immunity nate immunity 1.2.2. Acquired immunity and organs of immune system. 2.1. Cells of the system Haematopoiesis: Myeloid lineage; d lineage; cells of immune system. 2.2. Primary d organs: Bone marrow & thymus 2.3. Secondary d organs: Lymph node, spleen & MALT 3. s and Chemokines. 3.1. Biological functions 3.2. of cytokines and associated receptor molecules okine-related diseases 4. Antigens (Immunogens): aracteristic features of antigens 4.2. Factors antigenecity (immunogenecity) 4.3. Epitopes & 4.4. Adjuvants; role of adjuvants in enhancing genicity 4.5. Superantigens	Understand about the cells and organs involved in the human defense system and acquire an in depth knowledge on the structure and functions of antibodies and the role of antigens in immune mechanism.
MODULE II	immunogenicity 4.5. Superantigens 5. Antibodies (Immunoglobulins): 5.1. Structure of a typical antibody molecule 5.2. Different classes of immunoglobulins (IgA, IgD, IgG, IgM and IgE). 5.3. Hybridoma technology: Monoclonal antibodies and their applications. 6. Organization and expression of immunoglobulin genes: 6.1. Primary immunoglobulin gene rearrangement 6.2. Immunoglobulin genes 6.3. The mechanism of V(D)J recombination 6.4. V(D)J recombinase 6.6. Mechanisms that generate immunoglobulin diversity 7. Complement system: 7.1. Classical pathway 7.2. Lectin pathway 7.3. Alternate pathways of compliment activation 7.4. Formation of membrane attack complex (MAC) 7.5. Compliment control proteins 8. Major histocompatibility complex: 8.1. General organization MHC class I and MHC classII 8.2. Antigen processing and presentation: Endogenous & exogenous pathways 8.3. MHC genes 8.4. Regulation of MHC expression 8.5. Functions of MHC complex		In-depth understanding on antibodies and their mechanisms. Complement system and understanding on Major histocompatibility complex class and their functions.
	9. Hyper	sensitivity reactions: 9.1. Type I hypersensitivity	Understanding on

reactions (Allergy) 9.2. Antibody mediated (Type II) Hypersensitivity reactions hypersensitivity reactions 9.3. Immune complex-mediated and their types. Tolerance (Type III) hypersensitivity reactions 9.4. Delayed type and auto-immunity and (Type IV) hypersensitivity (DTH) reactions Factors that favour 10. Tolerance and auto-immunity 10.1. Making and susceptibility to autoimmune breaking of self tolerance 10.2. Organ specific autodisease. General immune disease: Hashimoto's Thyroiditis; Type 1 Diabetes immunosuppressive therapy Mellitus; Myasthenia Gravis 10.3. Systemic auto-immune diseases: Systemic Lupus Erythematosus; Rheumatoid Arthritis 10.4. Factors that favor susceptibility to autoimmune disease: Genetic and environmental factors. 11. Transplantation immunology 11.1. Graft rejection 11.2. Role of T cells in graft rejection 11.3. General immunosuppressive therapy 11.4. Specific immunosuppressive therapy 11.5. Organs amenable to clinical transplantation. 12. Vaccination 12.1. Requirements for an effective Understand different types of vaccines and their vaccine. 12.2. Different types of vaccines 12.2.1.Live attenuated vaccine 12.2.2. Inactivated polypeptides as applications Understand the methods and vaccines 12.2.3. Recombinant vaccines 12.2.4. DNA vaccines. issues in transplantation of Immunodeficiency diseases 13.1. Primary organs, tissues etc. 13. Immunodeficiencies 13.2. Secondary Immunodeficiencies Understand different types 14. Tumor Immunology 14.1. Tumor antigens: Tumor of autoimmune diseases specific antigens and tumor associated antigens 14.2. Immune responses to cancer

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Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) offered for other departments

Course code & Title	MSZOO02AEC01-Scientific Writing
	 Identify different type of scientific writings
	 Prepare research articles
Course outcomes	 Test writing skills
	 Describe different reports

		tice report writing tice project proposal writing
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes
Module I Scientific Writing 15hrs	 Layout of research reports/thesis Types of reports: Research papers, popular science articles; dissertation/thesis Open access publishing 	 Define different types of research reports Review some scientific writings based on different types Assess open access publication-advantages and disadvantages
Module II Scientific Writing 15hrs	 Different steps in scientific writing How to write a research paper-basic ru and structure Pre-requisites for writing a research paper Writing exercise. 	 Formulate structure of a research article Prepare a model research paper Test writing skills Interpret different steps in scientific writing

References

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- 2. Mensh, B., & Kording, K. (2017). Ten simple rules for structuring papers. *PLOS Computational Biology*, 13(9), e1005619.
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- 5. Garrard, J. (2020). Health sciences literature review made easy, Jones and Bartlett learning, MA.
- 6. Boland A, Cherry M J, Dickson R. (Eds., 2017) Doing a Systematic Review: a Student's Guide. SAGE, London
- **7.** Markovac, J., Kleinman, M., Englesbe, M.J.,(2018). *Medical and scientific publishing: Author, editor, and reviewer perspectives*, Academic Press, London.
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- **10.** Schneider, Z. M. (2018). Writing research proposals in the health sciences: A step-by-step guide. SAGE Publications.
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- **14.** Hofmann, A. H. (2017). Scientific writing and communication: Papers, proposals, and presentations. Oxford University Press.
- **15.** Roldan, L. (2016). Writing in biology: A brief guide. Oxford University Press.

Course code & Title	MSZOO02AEC02-Intellectual Property Rights	
Course outcomes	Discuss about IPR and kinds of IPR Discuss the concept, types, and details of the procedure of registration of IPR Discuss the current developments, issues and challenges in IPR	
Module	Content Module outcomes	
Module I Intellectual property rights 15 hrs	1 Overview of intellectual property Introduction and need for intellectual property rights Kinds of intellectual property rights	Discuss about IPR and kinds of IPR Detail the elements of patentability

Major International Instruments concerning Identify and point out non-Intellectual Property Rights: Paris patentable subject matter Convention, 1883, the Berne Convention, List out copyrightable matters 1886, the Universal Copyright Convention, Work out the procedure for 1952, the WIPO Convention, 1967, the registration of copyright Patent Co-operation Treaty, 1970, the TRIPS Agreement, 1994 2 Patents and copyrights Elements of patentability Non-patentable subject matter Registration procedure, rights and duties, infringement, remedies and penalties Copyright subject matter, registration procedure, terms of protection, ownership of copyright, infringement, remedies and penalties 3. Trade marks and other forms of IP Module II Discuss the concept of trademark Intellectual property rights Concept of trademarks Explain the types of trademarks 15 hrs Different trademarks, non-registrable Detail the procedure of registration trademarks of trademarks Registration of trademarks, rights, Detail the importance of design and infringement, remedies and penalties geographical indication Design and geographical indication Discuss the current developments, 4. Current developments, issues, and issues and challenges in IPR challenges in intellectual property rights India's New National IP Policy, 2016 National innovation and startup policy, 2019 Public health and intellectual property; Case study—Novartis Pharmaceuticals Biopiracy, Cybersquatting

REFERENCES

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- 2. P. Narayanan (Eastern Law House), Intellectual Property Law
- 3. Dr. B.L. Wadhera, Law Relating to Patent, Trademarks, Copyright & Designs
- 4. W. Cornish (Universal Publication), Intellectual Property Law
- 5. Merges, Patent Law and Policy: Cases and Materials, 1996
- 6. Brinkhof (Edited), Patent Cases, Wolters Kluwer
- 7. K.C. Kankanala, A.K. Narasani, and V. Radhakrishnan. 2012. Indian patent law and practice. Oxford University Press.

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC) offered for other departments

Course code & Title		MSZ00025	SEC 01- Public Health and Hygiene
Course outcomes			be well-versed in programs related lealth, implementation & evaluation ervices
Modules	Contents		Module outcomes
Module I	Introduction, History of public health. Community		

Public health and Environment	health, community medicine.	Get basic knowledge on public health and health issues related to
15hrs	Water, Air, and Noise in relation to health & diseases; Industrialization & health; Radiation & health; Safe Disposal of Municipal waste. Epidemiology and environment	environment in the public aspects.
Module II Public health management 15hrs	National Anti-Malaria Programme, National Filarial Control Programme, National water supply & sanitation Programme, National mental health Programme, Universal Immunization Programme, National AIDS and cancer control Programme, National Family Welfare Programme.	Get inputs on knowledge, skills & advances of public health for the prevention, control, and elimination of diseases of public health importance.
	Management methods & techniques (PERT, CPM), Principles of planning of health services at district/PHC level.	

- 1. Challi Jira, Amsalu Feleke, Getnet Mitike (2003) Health Science Management for Health Science Students. Lecture Note Series. Jimma University: Faculty of Public Health.
- 2. G. P. Ranken, R. Amonoo Laptaskan, G.J. Ebrahim, H.H. Lovel: District Health Care Challenges For Planning, Organization, And Evaluation for Developing Countries; Macmillan 2nd Edition 1996
- 3. Getnet Mitike (2003), Health Education for Health Science Students. Lecture Note Series. Addis Ababa University-Department of Community Health.
- 4. Green, Anderson. Community Health, 4th edition.
- 5. Gupta. Essential Preventive Medicine 6. Health and Health Related indicators 2003/2004. By the Federal Ministry of Health

Course code & Title	MSZOO02SEC 02 -Histology and Histochemistry	
Course outcomes	Identify and evaluate different hazards in laboratory Describe the procedure of tissue processing Explain the general theory of staining Describe the procedure of histochemical methods List out the applications of histochemical methods	
Module	Content	Module outcomes
Module I Histology & Histochemistry 15 hrs	1.Safety in the laboratory Risk management Control of chemical, biological and physical hazards to health and the environment (be brief) Hazards and handling of common histological chemicals (be brief) 2. Fixation and fixatives Theoretical aspects of fixation Main factors involved in fixation Practical aspects of fixation 3. Tissue processing and microtomy Principles and procedure of tissue processing Microtomy	Identify and evaluate different hazards in laboratory Explain various hazards of handling histological chemicals Classify the available fixatives used in tissue processing Compare the factors involved in tissue fixation Formulate the composition of fixatives Describe the procedure of tissue processing Classify the types of microtomes
Module II Histology and Histochemistry 15 hrs	Theory of staining and Hematoxylin and Eosin General theory of staining (be brief) Hematoxylins- types and preparation methods (be brief) Eosin Hematoxylin eosin staining procedure (HE staining) 5.Histochemical methods	Explain the general theory of staining Summarize the composition of various Hematoxylin types Describe the procedure of HE staining method Describe the procedure of

Introduction Histochemical methods for Proteins, carbohydrates	histochemical methods List out the applications of
and nucleic acids staining	histochemical methods
Histochemistry of pigments (be brief) Applications of histochemical methods	

- 1. John D Bancroft and Marilyn gamble. 2007. Theory and practice of Histological techniques. 5th ed Elsevier
- C F A Culling. 1974. Handbook of histopathological and histochemical techniques. Elsevier
 John Alan Kiernan. 2008. Histological and Histochemical Methods: Theory and Practice. Scion.

Third semester Discipline Specific Core Courses (DSC)

Course code &Title	MSZOO03DSC11-Developmental Biology		
Course outcomes	 Identify the basic concepts, approaches, methods, and models in animal development. Explain the molecular and cellular mechanisms behind the early development of organisms. List the strategies of cell commitment Classify the differentiated cell types, their major products, and specialized functions. Summarize the paracrine factors which are important in the development of organisms and draw the paracrine and juxtacrine signaling pathways of gene activation Describe the early developmental mechanisms and the genetics of axis specification involved in the development of genetic model organism, <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>. Outline the early development and axis formation in amphibians such as <i>Xenopus laevis</i> Summarize the conserved set of developmental mechanisms that lead to limb development in tetrapods Describe how the sex of an individual is determined and its importance in sexual reproduction Outline the molecular bases of metamorphosis in insects and amphibians and regeneration in various groups of animals List the agents that cause disruptions in human fetal development Explain how embryonic and adult stem cells and their alternatives can be used in medical treatments. Prepare developmental stages of chick embryo and the histological preparations of different invertebrate larvae 		
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes	
Module I Development al Biology 15 hrs	 Developmental dynamics of cell specification: 1.1 Autonomus specification 2.2 syncitial specification 3. Conditional specification Cell fate, Potency, Morphogenetic gradient, Determination and Differentiation. Genomic equivalence and Cytoplasmic determinants, Genomic imprinting. Cell communication in development: 1 Induction and Competence: 1.1 Cascade of induction – reciprocal and sequential inductive events; instructive and permissive interactions; epithelial- mesenchymal interactions. 2 Paracrine factors.	Identify the basic concepts, approaches, methods, and models in animal development. Learn and discuss the idea of generalizable animal life cycle. List out and explain different types of specifications in animal development Tabulate some differentiated cell types and their major products. Explain the process of induction and competence in the stages of animal development Draw and explain the signal transduction cascades in stages of animal development	
Module II Development al Biology 15 hrs	Gametogenesis, fertilization and early development: 5.1 Production of gametes 5.2 Fertilization (Recognition of egg and sperm) 5.3 Slow block polyspermy (mammals) 5.4 Fast block polyspermy (sea urchin) 5.5 Patterns of cleavage 5.6 Types of cell movements during gastrulation 5.7 Blastula formation in sea urchin development	Draw and explain the structure of gametes Detail the major events in the process of external fertilization Learn and summarize the main patterns of embryonic cleavage Identify and explain the process of blastulation and gastrulation in	

	 5.8 Gastrulation of avian embryo (Primitive streak formation and axis specification) 6. Genetics of axis specification in Drosophila: 6.1 Early Drosophila development 6.2 Genes that pattern the Drosophila body plan 6.3 Primary axis formation during oogenesis 6.4 Generating dorsal-ventral pattern in the embryo 6.5 Segmentation and anterior-posterior body plan 6.6 Segmentation genes; homeotic selector genes. 	various invertebrate and vertebrate embryos Describe the process of development of <i>Drosophila</i> and about genes that pattern <i>Drosophila</i> body plan
Module III Development al Biology 15 hrs	7. Early development and axis formation in amphibians: 7.1 Primary embryonic induction 7.2 Mechanism of axis determination in amphibians 7.3 Functions of the organizer 7.4 The regional specificity induction 7.5 Specifying the left right axis 8. Later embryonic development: 8.1 Eye Induction 8.2 Limb Development in Vertebrates 8.3 Neural tube formation and patterning (Primary neurulation, secondary neurulation and patterning the central nervous system [Briefly discuss]) 9. Sex Determination 9.1 Chromosomal sex determination in Drosophila & mammals 9.2 Environmental sex determination	Explain the early amphibian development Detail the process of determination of amphibian axes Learn the normal structure of vertebrate eye and further gain knowledge about the dynamics of optic development of vertebrate eye and the learner is expected to explain knowledge about the induction cascade in the eye development with the help of proper illustrations Discuss and summarize the development of tetrapod limb Explain the proximal-distal, anterior-posterior and dorsal-ventral axis generation in vertebrate limb development Explain the neural tube formation and patterning in vertebrate development Detail chromosomal sex determination mechanisms in Drosophila and mammals and critically analyze these mechanisms
Module IV Development al Biology 15 hrs	 10. Post embryonic development: 10.1 Metamorphosis in amphibians and Insects 10.2 Regeneration 10.3 Aging and senescence genes (DNA repair enzymes, Insulin signaling cascade, mTORC1, Sirtuin gene) 10.4 Aging and reactive species 11 Teratogenesis 11.1 Alcohol and Retinoic acid as teratogens 12. Endocrine disruptors- DES and Bisphenol A as endocrine disruptors 13. Stem cells 13.1 The stem cell concept (Briefly discuss) 13.2 Stem cell in the embryo 13.3 Adult stem cell niche (ex: Adult intestinal stem cell niche), 13.4 Induced pluripotent stem cells; Applying iPSCs to cure human disease (ex: use of iPSCs to cure humanized sickle cell anaemia mouse model) 	Explain the morphological, biochemical changes associated with the amphibian metamorphosis Tabulate some metamorphic changes in anurans Detail the hormonal control of amphibian metamorphosis Define the concept of imaginal disc in insect metamorphosis Explain the process of specification and differentiation in insect metamorphosis Identify and point out the general pattern of hormonal action in insect metamorphosis Explain the regeneration mechanisms in various species of animals Decode the genetics of aging mechanisms in animals (learner

should achieve) Read and discuss various developmental anomalies in human fetuses Explain teratogenesis, identify and explain about some agents thought to cause disruptions in human fetal development Critically analyze the human exposure to various endocrine disruptors List out and name various endocrine disrupting chemicals in our daily used products List out the strategies to avoid exposure to endocrine disrupting chemicals Explain the stem cell concept and explain the applications of stem cell types

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- 9. Twyman, R M (2001). Instant notes in Developmental Biology. Bios Sci. Oxford.
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Course code &Title	MSZOO03DSC12-ECOLOGY	
Course outcomes	 Comprehensive understanding of the basic terms, the ecological science Becoming familiar with the ecological relationship environment Understanding how earth's major ecosystems fund Developing an understanding of the differences in different types of ecosystems. Understanding the value of these ecosystems to human the differentiating properties of terms and the accompanying communities; Having a futuristic attitude: Ability to recognize an scenarios, scientific and technological progress, life Developing research aptitude in Ecology 	os between organisms and their tion in the structure and function of simans and to animals and plants restrial, aquatic and marine diaddress current environmental
Modules	Contents Module outcomes	
MODULE I	1 Ecosystem	Understanding of ecosystem
	1.1 Concept of the ecosystem	and energy flow and their

15 hrs	1.2 Properties of Ecosystem	concept in the ecosystem
	1.2.1 Biomagnifications	
	1.2.2 Ecological efficiency	
	1.2.3 Ecological niche	
	1.2.4 Edge Effects & Ecotones	
	1.2.5 Ecocline & Ecotype	
	1.2.6 Ecological Equivalents.	
	2 Energy Concepts	
	2.1 Energy flow within the Ecosystem	
	2.2 Laws of thermodynamics	
	2.3 Concept of productivity: Primary productivity;	
	Measurement of primary production; Secondary	
	productivity; Energy partitioning in food chains and	
	food webs; Metabolism and size of Individuals	
	2.4 Decomposition	
	2.5 Ecological footprint	
	2.6 Carbon footprint	
MODULE II	3 Population Ecology	The student will come to know
MODULL II	3.1 Life table	about the properties of
15 hrs	3.2 Survivorship curves	• •
131113	3.3 Dispersion	population and interaction of
	3.4 Concept of carrying capacity	organism in the Population
	3.5 Population fluctuation and cyclic oscillations	Ecology.
	3.6 Population Growth curves: Sigmoid growth	Also he will understand about
	curve; J-shape growth curve.	
	3.7 Regulation of population: Density independent	the community interaction and
	and density dependent mechanisms of Population	specialised species in the
		community. He will know to
	regulation	calculate all diversity studies.
	3.8 r- and k- selection	
	3.9 Population interactions: Mutualism, Predation;	
	Competition	
	4 Community Ecology	
	4.1 Keystone Species,	
	4.2 Umbrella Species	
	4.3 Flagship species	
	4.4 Ecosystem Engineers	
	4.5 Diversity indices: Dominance indices; Shannon	
	index; Simpson's index;; Rank Abundance; Jaccard	
_	Coefficient; Sorensen Coefficient.	1100
MODULE III	5 Ecosystem Studies	Knowing different habitats and
451	5.1 Ecology of wetlands functions, threats and	understanding the changes
15 hrs	management	happening in them.
	5.2 Ecology of coral reefs: functions, threats and	
	management	
	5.3 Ecology of tropical rainforest, vegetation	
	structure, productivity and nutrient cycling,	
	functions, threats and management	
	6 Climate change Ecology	
	6.1 Definition	
	6.2 Human mediated global climate change	
	6.3 Climate change and ecosystem	
MODULE IV	7 Ecological Modeling	Get valuable insights into the
	7.1 Introduction	complex interactions between
15 hrs	7.2 Statistical models	people and their different
	7.3 Non-statistical models	environments.
	7.3.1 Analytical model	
	7.3.2 Simulation model	Students gain insight into the
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

7.3.3 Validation of models	use of common molecular
8 Molecular Ecology	methods, their strengths and
8.1 Concept of molecular ecology	limitations for ecological
8.2 Emergence of molecular ecology	coupling
8.3 Application of molecular ecology	
9 Environmental Biotechnology	
9.1 Bioremediation- Bioreactors for liquid waste	
management, biofilters, biomethanation, removal	
of oil spill	
9.2 Ecological impacts of genetically modified	
organisms	

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- 45. Jorgensen SE and BD Faith. 2011. Fundamentals of Ecological Modeling. Elsevier BV

Course code &Title	MSZOO03DSC13 -Conservation Biology –I	
Course outcome	 Learn about conservation science theory and prin field. Identify and understand the current threats to the deforestation, fragmentation and global climate of lidentify and evaluate the present in-situ conservations strategies Analyse threats to biodiversity using molecular tee Gain insights into fundamentals of conservation goes as a tool for conserving and managing population. Identify the current problems in conservation and solutions to the problems. Understanding the importance of including social problem solving. Analyse recent publications in conservation and described skills in conservation. Identify the current conservation issues in the Weatherstand developing skills to taskle them. 	e biodiversity such as change ation and ex-situ conservation chniques genetics and how it can be used as devaluate/explore the science in conservation developing complex problem
Madulas	hotspot and developing skills to tackle them.	Bandula autonina
Modules MODULE I	Contents Conservation and its Importance	Module outcomes
MODULE II 15 hrs	Conservation and its Importance 1.1 Meaning of conservation 1.2 Approaches to conservation 1.3 Conservation biology-principles 1.4 Categories for conservation status 1.5 Economic Evaluation of conservation: Cost benefit analysis; Safe minimum standard criteria Threats to Biodiversity 2.1 Extinction: Current human caused mass extinction; Secondary Extinction; Extinction vulnerability	Students will be able to apply knowledge to solve problems related to ecology conservation and management. To date, the most significant causes of extinctions are habitat loss, introduction of exotic species. and
	2.2 Anthropogenic impacts 2.2.1 Habitat destruction, degradation, fragmentation and loss 2.2.2 Overexploitation: Types of exploitation; Consequences of exploitation. Commercial harvesting, International Wildlife Trade 2.2.3 Global Climate Change 2.2.4 Pollution 2.3 Exotic/ Invasive species: Impacts; Success rates 2.4 Genetically Modified Organisms	overharvesting.
MODULE III 15 hrs	Conservation of Biodiversity 3.1 Conservation strategies 3.1.1 In-situ conservation: Protected Areas, IUCN protected area categories, Protected area network in India 3.1.2 Ex-situ conservation: Gene banks; Germplasm banks; Seed banks; Botanical gardens; Zoos 3.2 Conservation in Captivity: Problems of captive breeding; Adaptations to captivity; Reintroduction & release.	Understand and apply the concept of species of conservation interest/concern. Identify ecological requirements and maintaining factors for priority species and ecosystems
MODULE IV	Molecular techniques in Conservation	To understand the ecological

15 hrs	4.1 PCR for genotyping endangered species	process shaping earths
	4.2 RAPD as a tool of taxonomic assessment	biodiversity and the
	4.3 DNA Fingerprinting – the use of satellite markers	underlying factors for its
	4.4 RELP for assessment of genetic variation among	decline and conventional as
	individuals	well as new strategies of
	Conservation Genetics	conservation such as
	5.1 Effective population size	rewilding, reintroduction and
	5.2 Small populations	restoration.
	5.2.1 Genetic threats to small populations: Genetic drift;	
	Inbreeding depression; Mutational meltdown.	

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tourse code & rice wis 20003D3C14- Fractical - V (Developmental Biology)	Course code &Title M	MS ZOO03DSC14- Practical – V (Developmental Biology)
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- 1. Induced ovulation in fish/frog
- 2. Effect of bilateral eyestalk ablation on moulting in the crab *Barytelphusa cunicularis*.
- 3. Ovarian index under de-eye stalking of a crustacean.
- 4. Collection, preservation and permanent preparation of invertebrate larval forms (any five)
- 5. Rearing of amphibian embryo & larvae and identification of different developmental stages.

- 6. Vital staining of chick embryo.
- 7. Histological preparation of chick embryo (any two stages).
- 8. Preparation of permanent/temporary stained whole mounts of chick embryo.
- 9. Sperm count of frog
- 10. Regeneration study on amphibian tadpole

Course code &Title	MS ZOO03DSC15- Practical – VI (Ecology and Conservation Biology)

- 1. Identification of marine plankton.
- 2. Separation and Identification of soil micro arthropods applying Berlese funnel
- 3. Sampling methods: Pitfall traps, Line transect, Quadrate sampling, Point quarter sampling
- 4. Intertidal studies: rocky shores, sandy (marine) shore, muddy shore and estuaries.
- 5. Estimation of salinity, pH, phosphates, chlorides and silicates in water samples.
- 6. Estimation of dissolved oxygen
- 7. Determination of dissolved Carbon dioxide

FIELD VISIT (FV)

Course code &Title		MSZOO03DSC16- FIELD STUDY
Studen	Student may acquire field knowledge in zoology by visiting and conducting survey.	
1.	1. Visit to natural museum of scientific importance	
2.	Visit to different habitats	s of ecological significance

- Learning different methods adopted in survey and collection of different taxa.
- Wildlife survey technique (line transect, point count, distance count)
- Camera traps
- Acoustic survey
- Insects light trapping and collection methods
- 4. Tiger census, Elephant census will be studied in field
- Study tour and report submission

Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)

Course code &Title	MSZOO03DSE03- Research Methodology	
Course outcome	 Underline what research is and identify how research Evaluate remote sensing techniques and its ecology and behaviour studies Apply GIS and identify its applications in ani studies Practice scientific writing and communication Identify the Ethical, Legal, Social and Scienting Research Identify literature for scientific article, report Appraise open access publishing Analyse using open-source software like R, Identify how to prepare and preserve muse Use taxidermy and museology 	applications in animal mal ecology and behaviour on. fic Issues in Biological rt, thesis preparation etc. Python, Q GIS etc.
Modules	Contents	Module
ivioudies	Contents	outcomes
Module I	1. Introduction	Underline what
Research methodology	1.1 Meaning of research	research is and identify
15hrs	1.2 Motivation for research	how to go ahead in

	1.3 Types of research	scientific research
	1.4 Approaches in research	
	1.5 Research methods and research	
	methodology	
	1.6 Research process	
	1.7 Problems encountered by researchers	
	in India.	
	2. Defining Research Problem	
	2.1 What is a research problem?	
	2.2 Selecting research problem	
	2.3 Techniques in defining research	
	problem.	
Module II	Research Design	Study about Research
Research methodology	1.1 Meaning of research design	Design
15hrs	1.2 Features of a good research design	Design
151113	1.3 Important concepts relating to	
	research design	
	1.4 Different research designs	
	1.5 Basic principles of experimental	
	designs.	
Module III	Scientific Writing and publishing	
	Scientific writing and publishing	Study about scientific
Research methodology 15hrs	1.1 Different stone in scientific writing	writing skills and Ethical,
151115	1.1 Different steps in scientific writing	
	1.2 Layout of research reports/thesis	Legal, Social and Scientific
	1.3 Types of reports: Research papers,	Issues in Biological
	popular science articles;	Research
	dissertation/thesis	
	1.4 Oral presentation.	
	1.5 Open access publishing	
	1.6 Open source software	
	Ethical, Legal, Social and Scientific Issues in	
	Biological Research	
	1.1 Guidelines for biosafety	
	1.2 Functioning of Institution Animal	
	Ethics Committee and Institutional Ethics	
	Committee	
	1.3 CPCSEA guidelines for experimentation	
	1.4 DBT guidelines for biosafety practices.	
	1.5 Research Project Proposals and	
	Funding Agencies	
	1.6 Preparation of research poject	
	proposal	
	1.7 Project funding agencies –	
	DST,UGC,DBT,CSIR,KSCSTE,KFRI and KSBB	
Module IV	 Remote sensing: Applications; GIS 	Use and apply remote
Research methodology	 Digital photography and Videography; 	sensing, Digital
15hrs	photomicrography.	photography Taxidermy
		Land Missalamsia
	 Taxidermy and Museology 	and Museology in biodiversity conservation

References

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Multidisciplinary Elective (MDC) offered for other departments

Course code &Title	MSZOO03MDC01- Statistics for All	
Course outcomes	 Practice biostatistics, data collection and representation Apply and use descriptive, inferential and correlational statistics. Apply regression for ecological modelling Describe probability theory, and identify and recognize theoretical probability distributions. To identify statistical tests, given a data, and analyse and interpret it. Apply statistics using statistical softwares Practice R software Practice MS Excel software 	
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes
Module I Statistics for all 15hrs	 Probability Theoretical probability distributions A brief introduction to descriptive, inferential and correlational statistics Statistical testing 	 Describe probability theory, and identify and recognize theoretical probability distributions. To identify statistical tests, given a data, and analyse and interpret it. Differentiate different type of statistics
Module II Statistics for all 15hrs	 Introduction to data science Introduction to SPSS software Data entry, structure and manipulation Descriptive statistics in SPSS Mean Median Mode Standard deviation Standard error Range Test for normality in SPSS 	 Practice data entry in SPSS Perform descriptive statistics in SPSS Test normality of data in SPSS
Module III Statistics for all 15hrs	 Inferential statistics in SPSS Parametric statistical tests One sample T-test Two sample T-test Paired T-test 	 Practice data entry in SPSS Perform inferential statistics in SPSS Perform correlational

	1.1.4 Chi-squared test	statistics in SPSS.
	1.1.5 ANOVA (Analysis of variance)	
	1.2 Non-parametric statistical tests	
	1.2.1 Mann-Whitney U test	
	1.2.2 Kolmogrov-Smirnov test	
	1.2.3 Wilcoxons signed rank test	
	1.2.4 Kruskal-Wallis H test	
	1.2.5 Friedman test	
	2. Correlational statistics in SPSS	
	2.1 Correlation	
	2.2 Linear regression	
	2.3 Logistic regression	
Module IV	Introduction to R software	Practice data entry in R
Statistics for all	2. Data entry and data formats	software and MS excel
15hrs	3. Data structure and manipulation	 Analyse data in R
	4. Statistical packages and its application	software and MS excel
	in R	
	5. Graphical representation of data in MS	
	excel and R	
	5.1 Bar plot	
	5.2 Clustered plots	
	5.3 Scatter plot	
	5.4 Histogram	
	5.5 Box plots	

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- **12.** https://cran.r-project.org/
- **13.** https://rstudio.com/
- **14.** https://github.com/

Course code &Title	MSZOO03MDC02- Health And Nutrition
Course outcomes	Understanding the role of food and nutrients in health and disease processes. Provide nutrition counseling and education to individuals, groups, and communities throughout the lifespan using a variety of communication strategies. Evaluate nutrition information based on scientific reasoning for clinical, community, and food service application. Perform food management functions in business,

	health-care, community, and institutional arenas		
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes	
Module I 15hrs	Basic terms used in study of food and nutrition. Understanding relationship between food, nutrition and health, Carbohydrates, lipids and proteins • Fat soluble vitamins-A, D, E and K • Water soluble vitamins – thiamin, riboflavin, niacin, pyridoxine, folate, vitamin B12 and • vitamin C • Minerals – calcium, iron and iodine	Provide nutrition counseling and education to individuals, groups, and communities throughout the lifespan using a variety of communication strategies.	
Module II 15hrs	Nutrition during different life stages • Growth and development, growth reference/ standards, RDA, nutritional guidelines, nutritional concerns and healthy food choices • Infants • Preschool children • School children • Adolescents Physiological changes, RDA, nutritional guidelines, nutritional concerns and healthy food choices • Adult • Pregnant woman • Lactating mother • Elderly	Provide culturally competent nutrition services for individuals and communities.	
Module III Statistics for all 15hrs	Therapeutic nutrition Etiology, clinical features and nutritional management of Infections and Fevers Diarrhea, Constipation Fevers: acute and chronic, Obesity, Diabetes, Heart Disease	Study nutrition during different diseases Recognize the disease and prevention of the disease	
Module IV Statistics for all 15hrs	Food Adulteration and Labelling, Food Laws and Food standards: a) Food Adulteration and Labelling Common Adulterants, Effects of Food Adulteration, simple tests to detect adulterants in foods, prevention of food adulteration, Nutritional Labelling (Importance, effective labelling) b) Food Laws and Food standards	Understand about food safety and its law and regulations	

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Value Added Course (VAC) MSZOO03VAC01 BIODIVERSITY CONSERVATION

Biodiversity - Concept and definition

Scope and Constraints of Biodiversity Science, Composition and Scales of Biodiversity: Genetic Diversity, Species/Organismal Diversity, Ecological/Ecosystem Diversity, Landscape/Pattern Diversity, Agrobiodiversity, Bicultural Diversity, and Urban Biodiversity.

Values and threat to biodiversity

Field ecology and methodology in biodiversity: Collection methods and Field Techniques: For invertebrates and vertebrates Line/belt transects, Quadrat sampling, point count, Scan sampling, and Focal sampling.

Measuring Biodiversity

Getting familiar with different diversity software; Estimating diversity by employing similarity measures like the Jaccard measure and Sorenson measure and species diversity by Simpsons Index. Study of community structure and assessment of cover and basal area of species present and determine the IVI (Importance Value Index) of the species.

GIS in biodiversity conservation

Basics of GPS, satellite generation, and positioning services. Geographic Information System (GIS) Basic, principles and components of GIS, spatial information, and spatial data types.

Biodiversity Act and Patent

The Biological Diversity Act, 2002; Biological Diversity Rules, 2003; PBR. A brief idea of Patent. Copyright, Trade Mark and Trade-related aspects of Intellectual Property (TRIPS); The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights (PVPFR) Act, 2001,2007;

Biodiversity and Traditional Health Systems

Indigenous people and conservation, Significance of traditional ways of life, Ethno-biology and Ethno-pharmacology.

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Stork, Nigel E. "Biodiversity: Conservation." In *Terrestrial Ecosystems and Biodiversity*, 35–43. Second edition. | Boca Raton: CRC Press, [2020] | Revised edition of: Encyclopedia of natural resources. [2014].: CRC Press, 2020. http://dx.doi.org/10.1201/9780429445651-5.

Fourth semester

Discipline Specific Elective Courses (DSE)

Course code & Title	MS ZOO04DSE04- Conservation Biology-II	
Course outcomes	 Apply conservation biology with emphasis on its legal foundations. Evaluate the National laws relating to Biological Diversity Devise new conservation biology frameworks Choose Conservation biology as vocation through GOs and NGOs Describe and apply the values and ethics of conservation Identify the emerging trends in conservation biology Describe on the major issues in forest the borders- Man-animal conflict management. Manage invasive populations. Devise specific conservation requirements and management guidelines Practice the methods of conservation of Habitats and Landscapes Practice of conservation and sustainable development at the local and national level Evaluate and apply the restoration protocols and procedures for ecological restoration Identify the current conservation issues in the Western Ghats biodiversity hotspot and developing skills to tackle them. 	
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes

Module I Conservation biology-II 15 hrs	1. The Legal Foundations of Conservation Biology 1.1 UN conferences on Environment 1.1.1 UN Conference on Environment and Development (Rio summit) 1992 1.1.2 Glasgow climate change conference 2021 1.1.3 Recent conference of parties on climate change 1.1.4 IPCC climate change scenarios 1.2 Major international conservation laws and treaties 1.2.1 Necessity of International cooperation 1.2.2 Convention on Biological Diversity 1.2.3 Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS) 1.2.4 International protection of migratory species; Bonn convention 1.2.5 International protection of endangered species; CITES, International Whaling Commission (IWC) 1.2.6 International protection of habitats and ecosystems; Ramsar Convention, World Heritage Convention, CAMLR, UNESCO Man and Biosphere Reserve Programme 1.3 National laws relating to Biological Diversity 1.3.1 The Biological Diversity Act 2002 1.3.2 Regulation of access to biological diversity (NBA, SBB, BMC) 1.3.3 Biological Diversity Rules, 2004 1.3.4 Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 and	 Examine climate change conferences Evaluate role of international treaties for conservation Evaluate national laws and treaties for conservation
Madula II	1.3.5 Forest Conservation Act, 1980	• Evamina current trands in
Module II Conservation biology-II 15 hrs	1.1 People as agents of conservation 1.2 Conservation biology as vocation 1.3 Values and ethics of conservation 1.2 Emerging trends in conservation biology 2. Conservation of Population 1.3 Managing populations 1.3.1 Providing resources 1.3.2 Controlling threats 1.3.3 Direct manipulations; Case study of Black robin (Petroica traversi) 2.2 Managing meta-populations of spatially disjunct subunits; meta-population models, meta-population dynamics, conservation 2.3 Man-animal conflict management 2.4 Managing invasive populations	 Examine current trends in conservation biology Evaluate values and ethics of conservation Evaluate the job prospects in conservation Devise population management strategies Manage man-animal conflict and invasive populations

Conservation	Taxon	conservation and
biology-II		
	1.2 Specific conservation requirements and	management of
15 hrs	management guidelines	specific taxon
	1.2.1 Invertebrates: Insecta –	representing
	honeybees & Arachnida – spiders	different orders
	1.2.2 Fishes: Cyprinids – Sahyadria	 Evaluate major
	denisonii & Selachimorpha — Sharks	conservation
	1.2.3 Amphibians: Anura –	projects in India
	Nasikabatrachus sahyadrensis &	 Manage and
	Gymnophiona – Caecilians	conserve habitats
	1.2.4 Reptiles: Cheloniidae – Olive	and landscapes
	ridley turtles & Gavialidae – Gharial	
	1.2.5 Birds: Bucerotidae – hornbills &	
	Accipitridae – <i>Gyps</i> vultures	
	1.2.6 Mammals: Rhinoceros unicornis	
	(Indian rhinoceros) & Dugong (Dugong dugon)	
	1.3 Major Wildlife conservation projects in	
	India: Project Tiger, Gir Lion Project, Crocodile	
	breeding project, Project Elephant	
	breeding project, rroject Elephant	
	2. Conservation of Ecosystems	
	2.1 Conservation of Habitats and	
	Landscapes: Preservation and	
	conservation of	
	habitats; Landscape management;	
	Reserve design	
	2.2 Conservation of terrestrial	
	Ecosystems: Forests; Grass lands; Deserts	
	2.3 Conservation of freshwater habitats	
	2.4 Conservation of marine habitats	
Madula IV	2.5 Conservation of wetlands	Francisco vala of
Module IV Conservation	Conservation and Human Societies	 Evaluate role of traditional societies
biology-II	1.1 Conservation and sustainable	in conservation
15hrs	development at the local and national level	
131113	·	Compare
	1.2 Nongovernmental organizations in	conservation at
	conservation: Regional, National and	local, national and
	International	international level
	1.3 Traditional societies, conservation	Analyze restoration
	and sustainable use	in different habitats
	2. Restoration Ecology	
	1.1 Definition and development	
	1.2 Restoration protocols and	
	procedures for ecological restoration	
	1.3 Restoring terrestrial and aquatic	
	ecosystem	
	1.4 Restoration in urban areas	
1	1.5 Biocultural restoration	

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Course code & Title	MS ZOO04DSE05-Parasitology		
Course outcomes	technical terms used in Parasitology, the role of parasitology etc. Understand the modes of parasitic transmission Understand the mechanisms involved in parasitic Become familiar with the ecology and evolution of Understand the importance of vectors in the transm Apply the knowledge of treating parasites as indicato Understand the basic concept of biosystematics of dif Understand the relevance of learning the life cycles of control measures. Acquire the knowledge of molecular systematic techni Become familiar with the arthropods of medical an Identify common human parasites.	Understand the modes of parasitic transmission Understand the mechanisms involved in parasitic adaptation Become familiar with the ecology and evolution of animal parasites Understand the importance of vectors in the transmission of zoonotic parasites Apply the knowledge of treating parasites as indicators of animal diversity Understand the basic concept of biosystematics of different groups of parasites. Understand the relevance of learning the life cycles of parasites to formulate control measures. Acquire the knowledge of molecular systematic techniques to identify parasites. Become familiar with the arthropods of medical and veterinary importance.	
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes	
Module I General Parasitology 20 hrs	 Introduction to Parasitology 5 hours 1.1 Relationship of parasitology to other branches of science 1.1. Parasitology and human and animal welfare 1.2. Types of parasites and hosts 1.3 Transmission of parasites Parasitic adaptations 1.1 Morphological 2.2 Physiological 2.3. Biochemical 2.4 Immunological Ecology and evolution of parasites 8 hours 3.1 Parasite ecology	Acquire a knowledge base in the field of Parasitology especially of the technical terms used in Parasitology, the role of parasites in human welfare, human and veterinary parasitology etc. Understand the modes of parasitic transmission Understand the mechanisms involved in parasitic adaptation Identify and describe the molecular evolution of parasites Explain the effects of parasites on hosts	
	Effects of parasites on hosts 4.1 Parasite induced modifications of host		

	4.2 Growth factors4.3 Parasitic castration4.4 Effects of toxins, poisons and secretions4.5 Immunology of parasitic infections	
Module II 10 hrs Protozoology	 5. Morphology, life cycle, pathology and prophylaxis of the following protozoan parasites 5.1 Phylum Mastigophora- Leishmania 5.2 Phylum Sarcodina – Entamoeba 5.3 Phylum Ciliophora – Balantidium 5.4 Phylum Apicomplexa – Plasmodium 5.5 Phylum Myxozoa – Myxosoma 5.6 Phylum Microspora – Nosema Check for classification 6. Recent trends in protozoology research (brief account only) 	Understand the basic concept of biosystematics of different groups of protozoan parasites. Understand the relevance of learning the life cycles of parasites to formulate control measures. Identify and discuss the recent trends in protozoology research
Module III Helminthology 10 hrs	 Morphology, life cycle, pathology and prophylaxis of the following Trematode, Cestode and Nematode parasites 7.1 Digenetic trematodes: Schistosoma, Fasciola, Paragonimus,. (an account on larval trematodes with emphasis on classification of cercariae) 7.2 Cestodes: Diphyllobothirum, Taenia, Echinococus 7.3 Nematodes: Ancylostoma, Ascaris, Enterobius, Wuchereria Freshwater gastropod molluscs as intermediate hosts of trematode parasites 9. Recent trends in Helminthology research (brief account only) 	Understand the basic concept of biosystematics of different groups ofhelminths Understand the relevance of learning the life cycles of helminthic parasites to formulate control measures
Module IV General Parasitology 20 hrs	Arthropods of Medical and Veterinary importance 10. Morphology, life cycle, medical & veterinary importance and control measures of the following arthropods: 10.1 Insects: Phlebotomus, Anopheles, Culex, Aedes, Ctenocephalides, Xenopsylla, Pediculus 10.2 Arachnids: Boophilus, Sarcoptes 11. Myiasis: Definition, types and medical & veterinary importance 12. Molecular taxonomy of parasites	Become familiar with the arthropods of medical and veterinary importance. Identify common human parasites. Become familiar with the basic laboratory techniques in Parasitology.

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- 2. Elling Ulvestad (2007) Defending Life -The nature of host-parasite relations. Springer
- 3. Michel Serres (2007) The Parasite. University of Minnesota Press
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- 25. Roberts, LS and J Janovy (2006): Foundations of Parasitology (McGraw Hill) Bush A O, et al. (2001): Parasitism The diversity and ecology of Animal Parasites

Course code & Title	MS ZOO04DSE06 - Primatology	
Course outcomes	 Analyse causes of primate decline Evaluate conservation status of primates Propose solutions for primate decline Produce maps of primate habitats Produce maps of primate species distribution's Design conservation corridors and high-resolution habitats of primates Assess socio-ecology of primates Identify how socio-ecological studies can be applied for primate conservation 	
Modules	Contents	Module outcomes
Module I Primate conservation 15hrs	1.1 Causes of primate decline 1.1.1 Habitat loss 1.1.2 Hunting and illegal trade 1.1.3 Human-primate conflict issues 1.1.4 Diseases 1.2 IUCN assessment of primates 1.3 Mitigation of these threats 1.3.1 Population management in-situ and ex-situ 1.3.2 Intervention Education	 Analyse threats to various primate species around the world Assess IUCN status of various primate species around the world Formulate population management strategies for different primate species
Module II Primate conservation 15hrs	1. Assessment of primate habitats using GIS and remote sensing 1.1 Basics of mapping of high-resolution primate habitats (vegetation type mapping) using remote sensing and GIS 1.2 Sources for getting important environmental factors for mapping of primate habitats including past, present and future	 Assess primate habitats in Western Ghats Produce remote sensing maps of primate habitats Identify sources of environment factors Use fragstats for habitat determination of primates.

	climate layers. 1.3 An introduction to fragstats- for deriving patch, class and landscape metrics to assess the habitats of primates	
Module III Primate conservation 15hrs	1. Modelling habitats of primates 1.1 An introduction to species distribution modelling in primates 1.2 Modelling of high-resolution habitats of primates using computer simulations 1.3 Creating conservation corridors using the species distribution model 1.4 An introduction to agent-based modelling for mitigation of human-primate conflict	 Produce species distribution models of various primate species Design conservation corridors for primates Produce habitat simulations of primates Explain agent-based models for primatology research
Module IV Primate conservation 15hrs	1. Primate behavioural ecology 1.1 Introduction to behavioural ecology 1.2 Primate social systems and evolution 1.3 Primate life-histories 1.4 Feeding ecology and seed dispersal 1.5 Sexual selection and parental care 1.6 Social learning and culture	 Evaluate primate social systems and evolution Evaluate primate life histories Assess feeding ecology and seed dispersal by primates Distinguish social learning and culture in primates

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 Chivers, D.J. (1991). Species differences in tolerance to environmental change. In H.O. Box (Ed.), Primate Responses to Environmental Change. Chapman and Hall, New York, pp. 5-37.
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MS ZOO04DSC17-PROJECT WORK

The main objective of introducing a project work in the curriculum is that the student who completes this course should get hands on experience in independent research work in the field of biodiversity conservation and management. He/she should equip himself/herself to face challenges in Conservation Biology and should be able to provide trained manpower in the field. A topic in the optional subject — Biodiversity: Conservation and Management shall be assigned to each student.

The research work related to this topic will be carried out by each student under the supervision of a teacher. The report of the findings shall be submitted by each student in the form of a dissertation which shall be submitted for evaluation a day prior to the date of viva voce examination of the fourth semester. A declaration by the student to the effect that the dissertation submitted by him/her has not previously formed the basis for the award of any degree or diploma and a certificate by the supervising teacher to the effect that the dissertation is an authentic record of work carried out by the student under his supervision are to be furnished in the dissertation.

Assessment of different components of project may be taken as below:

Internal evaluation: 40 marks

Internal evaluation should be done by the Internal supervising teacher on the basis of the involvement of student at various stages of the project work including collection of data in a time bound manner, submission of dissertation as per the time schedule and on the sincerity and punctuality in carrying out the dissertation work

External evaluation: 60 marks

External evaluation of the dissertation and the conduct of Viva Voce examination should be done by two examiners of which one should be an expert from an Academic or research institute from a panel of experts submitted to University by the Head of the Department and the other should be a permanent faculty member nominated by the Head of the Department.

Out of the 60 marks 40 marks may be earmarked for the dissertation, 15 marks for the presentation and 05 marks for the interaction

Pass conditions. The students shall declare to pass the project report course if she/he secures a minimum of 40% marks (internal and external put together). In an instance of inability of obtaining a minimum of 40% marks, project work may be redone and the report may be resubmitted along with subsequent exams through parent department. There shall be no improvement chance for the marks obtained in the project report.